Pemerne: Dane: T=100°C) = 40,7 KDX 1) / = 5U +A, Haure: Un-Us Ar = PaV = SURT = 8,31.373~3100 Dx-> => All = 37,6 KD* Orber: Un-U6 = 37,6 "Dx evous Doute: $\frac{dP}{dT} = \frac{S_2 - S_1}{V_2 - V_1}; S_2 - S_1 = \frac{\lambda}{T} \frac{V_2 - V_1 = R_1^2}{P}$ P = 250 mm. pr. ct Do = 750 1 = 2,28 KDX/F $\frac{dP}{dT} = \frac{\lambda \cdot P}{PT} = \frac{\lambda P}{PT^2}$ To = 373 K Hautu: 1 $\frac{OP}{P} = \frac{OT}{T^2} \cdot \frac{\lambda}{R} \Rightarrow ln \frac{A}{F} = \left(\frac{1}{T_0} - \frac{1}{T}\right) \cdot \frac{\lambda}{R}$ $\frac{1}{To} - \frac{R \ln P}{Po} = 344u = 71^{\circ}$ => | = NIS Plenetine: $\Delta P = 6K, K = \frac{2}{d} + \frac{2}{d} = \frac{4}{d}$ $\Delta P = \frac{46}{d}$ $\Delta P = \frac{46}{d}$ $\Delta P = \frac{46}{d}$ Dario: 0=10-6 6=73.10-3 K/m DP= 46 T = 293K Martin AP

1 D= Bgh = 6 K => $=>h=\frac{6k}{pq}=\frac{46}{dpq}=$ $\Delta P = p_n gh = p_n g \cdot 46 = p_n 6 K$ May traconyer gue payroux nob-ent Pr.17 russe Pn. 11 Sousine P Dx diPT N11.2 Permerue: Q,2 = N11.34 Dario: Peurene: T= 273K dP = 52-S1 _ repubas pabriobecus P = 100 Outer

