

# 1 Equations

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial t} = P - ET - R - \nabla \cdot Q \quad (1)$$

$$R_{net} = LH + SH + G \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{F}_v = \rho q \mathbf{v} \quad (3)$$

where  $\rho$  is the density;  $q$  is the specific humidity; and  $\mathbf{v}$  is the velocity vector.

$$\mathbf{F}_v = \mathbf{i}F_{vx} + \mathbf{j}F_{vy} + \mathbf{k}F_{vz} \quad \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i}u + \mathbf{j}v + \mathbf{k}w \quad (4)$$

where  $\mathbf{i}$ ,  $\mathbf{j}$ , and  $\mathbf{k}$  are the unit vectors.

$$\overline{F_{vx}} = \rho(\overline{u} \overline{q} + \overline{u'q'}) \quad \overline{F_{vy}} = \rho(\overline{v} \overline{q} + \overline{v'q'}) \quad \overline{F_{vz}} = \rho(\overline{w} \overline{q} + \overline{w'q'}) \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{\partial \overline{q}}{\partial t} + \overline{u} \frac{\partial \overline{q}}{\partial x} + \overline{v} \frac{\partial \overline{q}}{\partial y} + \overline{w} \frac{\partial \overline{q}}{\partial z} = -[\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\overline{u'q'}) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\overline{v'q'}) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\overline{w'q'})] \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{\partial \overline{q}}{\partial t} = 0 \quad and \quad (\frac{\partial}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial}{\partial y}) = 0 \quad and \quad \overline{w} = 0 \quad (8)$$

$$F_{vz} = \rho \overline{w'z'} \equiv LH \quad (9)$$

$$F_{mz} = \rho \overline{w'u'} \equiv \tau = \tau_0 \quad F_{hz} = \rho c_p \overline{w'\theta'} \equiv SH \quad (10)$$

for the momentum  $\tau_0$  and sensible heat flux  $SH$ , respectively.

Shear stress

$$u_* = (\tau_0/\rho)^{1/2} \quad u_*^2 = \overline{\rho w' w'} = F_{mz} \quad (11)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{w' q'} &= -C_e(\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1})(\overline{q_4} - \overline{q_3}) \\ \overline{w' \theta'} &= -C_h(\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1})(\overline{\theta_4} - \overline{\theta_3}) \\ \overline{w' u'} &= -C_e(\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1})^2 \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{u_*}{(z - d_0)(d\overline{u}/dz)} = k\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1} = \frac{u_*}{k} \ln\left(\frac{z_2 - d_0}{z_1 - d_0}\right) \overline{u} = \frac{u_*}{k} \ln\left(\frac{z - d_0}{z_0}\right) C_d = k/\ln[(z - d_0)/z_0] \quad (13)$$

Monin-Obukhov length

$$L = \frac{-u_*^3 \rho}{kg[\frac{H}{T_a c_p} + 0.61E]}$$

Steady turbulent kinetic energy equation

$$\overline{u' w'} \frac{\partial \overline{u}}{\partial z} - \frac{g}{T_{VS}} [\overline{w' \theta'} + 0.61 \overline{T} \overline{w' q'}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\overline{w' e_t} + \frac{\overline{w' p'}}{\rho}) = -\epsilon \quad (14)$$

where the first term on the left hand side is the mechanical production of turbulence; the second term is the contribution due to buoyancy forces,  $\frac{1}{\rho} \nabla p$ ; and the third is the divergence of the turbulent flux of the total turbulent energy. All the production terms are balanced by  $\epsilon$  representing viscous effects that are dissipating the energy constituting the sink.

Rewriting  $L$

$$Lkg[\frac{H}{T_a c_p} + 0.61E] = -u_*^3 \rho \quad (15)$$

$$\overline{w'q'} = -C_e(\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1})(\overline{q_4} - \overline{q_3})$$

$$\overline{w'\theta'} = -C_h(\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1})(\overline{\theta_4} - \overline{\theta_3})$$

$$\overline{w'u'} = -C_e(\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1})^2$$

$$\frac{u_*}{(z - d_0)(d\overline{u}/dz)} = k$$

$$\overline{u_2} - \overline{u_1} = \frac{u_*}{k} \ln\left(\frac{z_2 - d_0}{z_1 - d_0}\right)$$

$$\overline{u} = \frac{u_*}{k} \ln\left(\frac{z - d_0}{z_0}\right)$$

$$C_d = k/\ln[(z - d_0)/z_0]$$

Darcy's law

$$q = K \frac{\Delta h}{\Delta l} = \frac{dh}{dl} \quad (16)$$

$$Q = Aq \quad (17)$$

Linear velocity

$$\overline{v} = \frac{q}{\phi} = \frac{K}{\phi} \frac{dh}{dl} \quad (18)$$

$$A_{eff} = A\phi \quad (19)$$

Hydraulic conductivity

$$K = \frac{k\rho g}{\mu} [L/T] \quad (20)$$

Potential

$$\oint \mathbf{F} ds = 0 \quad (21)$$

$$\int_a^b \mathbf{F} ds = W \quad (22)$$

Elevation potential

$$\Phi_e = \int_0^{z'} mg ds = mgz' \quad (23)$$

Pressure/matric potential

$$\Phi_p = V \int_0^{p'} dp = Vp' \quad (24)$$

$$p' = \frac{\mathbf{F}}{A} \quad (25)$$

Elevation head

$$z = mgz' \frac{1}{mg} = z' \quad (26)$$

Pressure/matric head

$$\psi = V \frac{\mathbf{F}}{A} \frac{1}{mg} = \psi A \frac{mg}{A} \frac{1}{mg} \quad (27)$$

Shallow water equation

$$\frac{\partial \psi_s}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{v} \psi_s) \quad (28)$$

Mannings equation

$$v = \frac{\sqrt{S_f}}{n_m} \psi_s^{2/3} \quad (29)$$

Overland flow boundary condition

$$K_{zz} k_r \frac{\partial(z + \psi_s)}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial \psi_s}{\partial t} - \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{v} \psi_s) \quad (30)$$

Continuity equation

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot \mathbf{q} + \Gamma \quad (31)$$

Specific storage

$$\frac{\partial \phi S_r}{\partial t} = \phi \frac{\partial S_r}{\partial t} + S_r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} \quad (32)$$

$$S_r \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \psi} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = S_r S_s \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \quad (33)$$