

We are generating a 64-to-1 multiplexer hierarchically in Verilog. We have generated 2-to-1 multiplexer, 4-to-1 multiplexer, 8-to-1 multiplexer, 16-to-1 multiplexer, 32-to-1 multiplexer defined as follows:

```
// 2-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux2_1(
input in1,
input in2,
input select,
output out
);
assign out = (select) ? in2 : in1;
endmodule
// 4-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux4_1(
input [3:0] in,
input [1:0] select,
output out
);
wire mid1, mid2;
  mux2_1 mux1(in[1], in[0], select[0], mid1);
  mux2_1 mux2(in[3], in[2], select[0], mid2);
  mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[1], out);
endmodule
// 8-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux8_1(
input [7:0] in,
input [2:0] select,
output out
);
wire mid1, mid2;
```

```
mux4_1 mux1(in[3:0], select[1:0], mid1);
 mux4_1 mux2(in[7:4], select[1:0], mid2);
 mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[2], out);
endmodule
// 16-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux16_1(
input [15:0] in,
input [3:0] select,
output out
);
wire mid1, mid2;
 mux8_1 mux1(in[7:0], select[2:0], mid1);
 mux8_1 mux2(in[15:8], select[2:0], mid2);
 mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[3], out);
endmodule
// 32-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux32_1(
input [31:0] in,
input [4:0] select,
output out
);
wire mid1, mid2;
```

```
mux16_1 mux1(in[15:0], select[3:0], mid1);
mux16_1 mux2(in[31:16], select[3:0], mid2);
mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[4], out);
```

## endmodule

Please include the previous module(s) in your response and use them to hierarchically generate a 64-to-1 multiplexer defined as:

```
module mux64_1(in[63:0], select, out); //Insert code here endmodule
```

To create a 64-to-1 multiplexer using the existing 32-to-1 multiplexers, you can use two levels of 32-to-1 multiplexers. Here's how you can implement it:

```
// 2-to-1 Multiplexer module mux2_1(
```

```
input in1,
    input in2,
    input select,
    output out
    assign out = (select) ? in2 : in1;
endmodule
// 4-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux4_1(
    input [3:0] in,
    input [1:0] select,
    output out
);
   wire mid1, mid2;
    mux2_1 mux1(in[1], in[0], select[0], mid1);
    mux2_1 mux2(in[3], in[2], select[0], mid2);
    mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[1], out);
endmodule
// 8-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux8_1(
    input [7:0] in,
    input [2:0] select,
    output out
);
   wire mid1, mid2;
    mux4_1 mux1(in[3:0], select[1:0], mid1);
    mux4_1 mux2(in[7:4], select[1:0], mid2);
    mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[2], out);
endmodule
// 16-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux16_1(
    input [15:0] in,
    input [3:0] select,
    output out
   wire mid1, mid2;
    mux8_1 mux1(in[7:0], select[2:0], mid1);
    mux8_1 mux2(in[15:8], select[2:0], mid2);
    mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[3], out);
endmodule
// 32-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux32_1(
    input [31:0] in,
    input [4:0] select,
    output out
);
```

```
wire mid1, mid2;
    mux16_1 mux1(in[15:0], select[3:0], mid1);
    mux16_1 mux2(in[31:16], select[3:0], mid2);
    mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[4], out);
endmodule
// 64-to-1 Multiplexer
module mux64_1(
    input [63:0] in,
    input [5:0] select,
    output out
);
   wire mid1, mid2;
    mux32_1 mux1(in[31:0], select[4:0], mid1);
    mux32_1 mux2(in[63:32], select[4:0], mid2);
    mux2_1 mux3(mid1, mid2, select[5], out);
endmodule
```

In this implementation, the first level of multiplexers (mux1 and mux2) selects between groups of thirty-two inputs based on the five least significant bits of the select signal (select[4:0]). The outputs of these multiplexers are then fed into a final multiplexer (mux3) that selects between them based on the most significant bit of the select signal (select).

Note that I've corrected the select input in the mux64\_1 module to be a 6-bit vector (input [5:0] select) to properly select among the sixty-four inputs.