

# Taxonomy of Programming Languages

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# Motivation

## Critical view of language features

# Classification of Programming Languages

## Style

- Imperative (Procedural)

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- Declarative



# Evolution of Programming Languages

- The original (circa 1955) concern was efficiency

$$y = 2 * (y + 5y^2) + \sin(y) \cos(y) \quad (1)$$

$$dx = \frac{x - y}{step} \quad (2)$$

$$dy = \sin(y)dx \quad (3)$$

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- Only in the most critical cases is assembly language programming used.

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- Strength of awk, sed, grep, bash, Tcl,
- Use of SQL for declarative database programming

The goal of this course is to give an introduction to the above

# Outline of this course

Lecture	Content	Lab	HW
4/2	Chap 1-2	C language	HW1
4/9	Chap 3-4	C language	HW2
4/16	Chap 5-6	Fortran	HW3
4/23	Chap 7-8	Common Lisp	HW4
4/30	Chap 9-10	C++	HW5
5/7	Chap 11	C++	HW6
5/14	Chap 12	C++	HW7
5/16	Chap 13	Erlang	HW8
5/21	No class	-	-
5/28	Chap 14	Python	HW9
6/4	Chap 15	Various	HW10
6/11	Chap 16	Various	Final

Each class may have a in-class quiz