



Important links - CH-261-A - An... Positive_Rea... - JupyterLab

hub.gke2.mybinder.org/user/skotssd-ch261new-r9yr7dnk/lab/tree/Positive_Real_Roots_Qu...

File Edit View Run Kernel Tabs Settings Help

Run Selected Cells Shift+Enter

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Run Selected Text or Current Line in Console

Run All Above Selected Cell

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Render All Markdown Cells

Run All Cells

Restart Kernel and Run All Cells...

3. click run all cells

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Weakacid_titration.ipynb a day ago

possible to solve for the roots (x values where y=0) using the quadratic equation. You can also solve numerically using this script. Input the values for a, b and c in the code below.

might be useful for doing assignments in CH261

```
10**-8; Kw=1e-14;
b=2*sqrt(c); c=-Kw;
pts=[a b c]; %finds the roots
roots(pts); %sets any imaginary roots to zero
% display the positive real root
t=t(t>0)

% take minus log in case that might be useful (pH for ex)
pt=-log10(t)

t = 9.0499e-0841
pt = 7.0434e+001

[6]: x=[0.01*t:t/10:t**5];
y=a*x.^2+b.*x+c;
plot(x,y,'b-','linewidth',2);
hold on
plot([t t],[min(y) max(y)],'r','linewidth',2)
plot(x,zeros(size(x)),'k','linewidth',2)
set(gca,'linewidth',2,'fontsize',14)
xlabel('x values','fontsize',15); ylabel('y values','fontsize',15)
axis([min(x) max(x) min(y) max(y)])
```

```
pt=-log10(t)
t = 9.0499e-08
pt = 7.0434e+001

[3]: x=[0.01*t:t/10:t**5];
y=a*x.^2+b.*x+c;

plot(x,y,'b-','linewidth',2)
hold on
plot([t t],[min(y) max(y)],'r','linewidth',2)
plot(x,zeros(size(x)),'k','linewidth',2)
set(gca,'linewidth',2,'fontsize',14)
xlabel('x values','fontsize',15); ylabel('y values','fontsize',15)
axis([min(x) max(x) min(y) max(y)])
```

4. here is the answer for "x" in the quadratic. (usually H or OH conc). -log of "x" is also given if that helps.

