

CURS #12

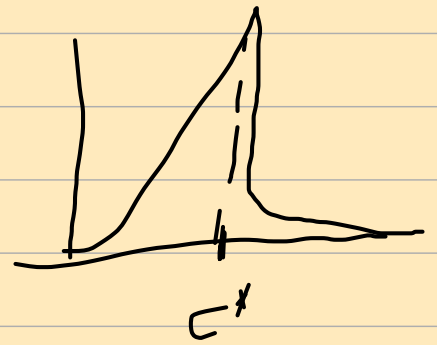
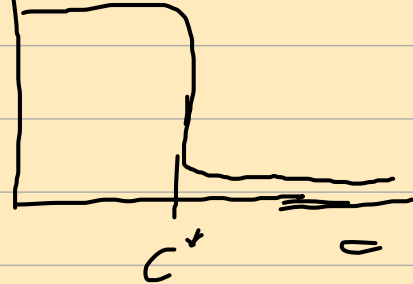
UNDE SUNTEM TRANZITII FAZA IN 3- SAT

Parametri $\ll \infty$

var = 1

clause = $C \cdot n$

$P\{SAT\}$

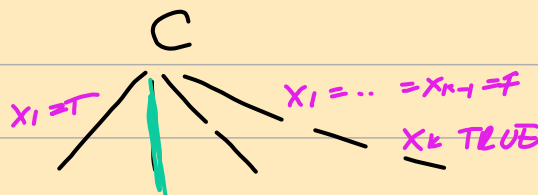


DPLL {Davis-Putnam-Loveland-Longman} Backtracking + unit clause prop.

Alg MONIEN-SPECKENMEYER (variant of DPLL)

Alg clause = C de lungime minima

$$C = x_1 \vee \dots \vee x_k$$

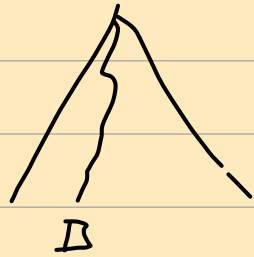


Dacă vreun A este autotark \Rightarrow setul var. conform lui A

CONFLICT-DRIVEN CLAUSE LEARNING (CDCL)

IDEA DE BAZA

$$\phi \rightarrow \phi \wedge C_1 \rightarrow \phi \wedge C_1 \wedge C_2$$



+ C changează
core într-o explicație contradiction

2. BACKJUMPING

backtracking mai multe variabile
SIMULTAN

CDCL

while (TRUE)

1. decide să dau o valoare unei var. nesignate.

2. efectuez propagare unitară.

3. când ajung la CONFLICT ($\perp \rightarrow$ change next)

↑
??

Exp	x	$x = \text{TRUE}$
	\bar{x}	\perp

analizez motivul pt conflict
învăț schimbare nouă

backjump

dacă SAT \Rightarrow STOP

altfel aleg var nouă (nivel nou)

Log (Trail)

$C = l_1 \vee \dots \vee l_k \vee l$
unit propagation $\rightarrow \text{TRUE}$

$x \xrightarrow{\text{DEC}} \dots \dots \dots l^c$

am selectat x
ca urmare a unei
decizii

BACKJUMPING

EXEMPLEU

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \bar{x}_1 \vee \bar{x}_2 & \bar{x}_3 \vee \bar{x}_4 & \bar{x}_5 \vee x_6 \vee \bar{x}_7 & \bar{x}_8 \vee \bar{x}_9 \\ \bar{x}_1 \vee x_3 & x_2 \vee x_4 \vee x_5 & x_2 \vee x_7 \vee x_8 & \bar{x}_8 \vee x_{10} \\ x_9 \vee \bar{x}_{10} \vee x_{11} & \bar{x}_{10} \vee \bar{x}_{12} & \bar{x}_{11} \vee x_{12} & \end{array}$$

$$x_1 = T$$

$$x_2 = F \text{ (u.p.)}$$

$$x_3 = T \text{ (u.p.)}$$

$$x_4 = F \text{ (u.p.)}$$

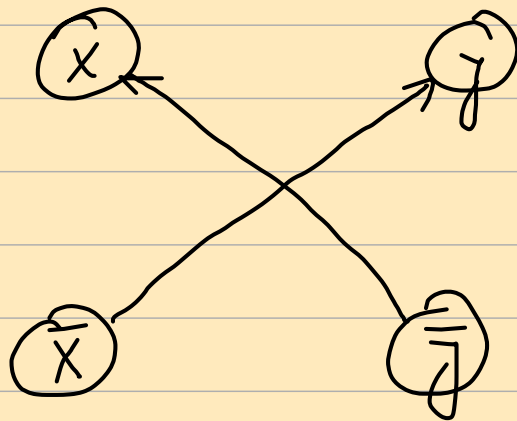
$$x_5 = T$$

$$x_1 \stackrel{\text{DEC}}{\leftarrow} \neg(\bar{x}_1 \vee \bar{x}_2) \quad x_3 \quad \bar{x}_1 \vee x_3$$

$$x_4 \quad \bar{x}_5 \vee \bar{x}_4 \quad x_5 \quad x_2 \vee x_4 \vee x_5$$

2-SAT (semibic)

FORMULA GRAPH $\phi = \{x \vee y\}$



$$x \vee y \equiv$$

$$\bar{x} \rightarrow y \equiv$$

$$\bar{y} \rightarrow x$$

IMPLICATION GRAPH - DAG

$$V = \{ \ell \mid \ell^r \in \pi \} \cup \{ 1 \}$$

$(1-g)$

conflict vertex

pp clar π C
este falsificat
de π

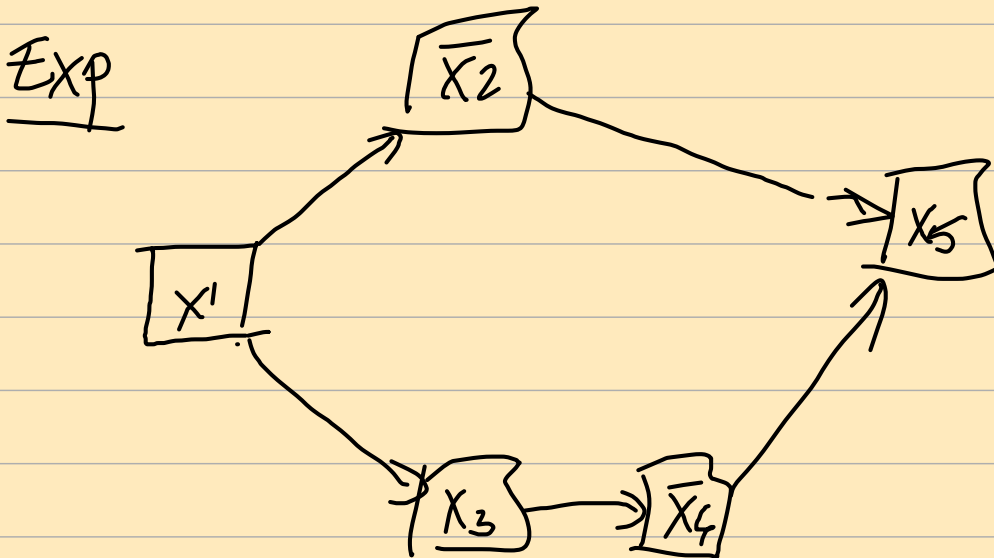
$$\Gamma = l_1 \vee l_2 \dots \vee l_k \vee l$$

$$\bar{l}_1, \dots, \bar{l}_k \in V$$

$$\boxed{\bar{l}_i \rightarrow l} \text{ muchii}$$

$$C = w_1 \vee \dots \vee w_r$$

$$\boxed{\bar{w}_i \rightarrow \perp} \text{ muchii}$$



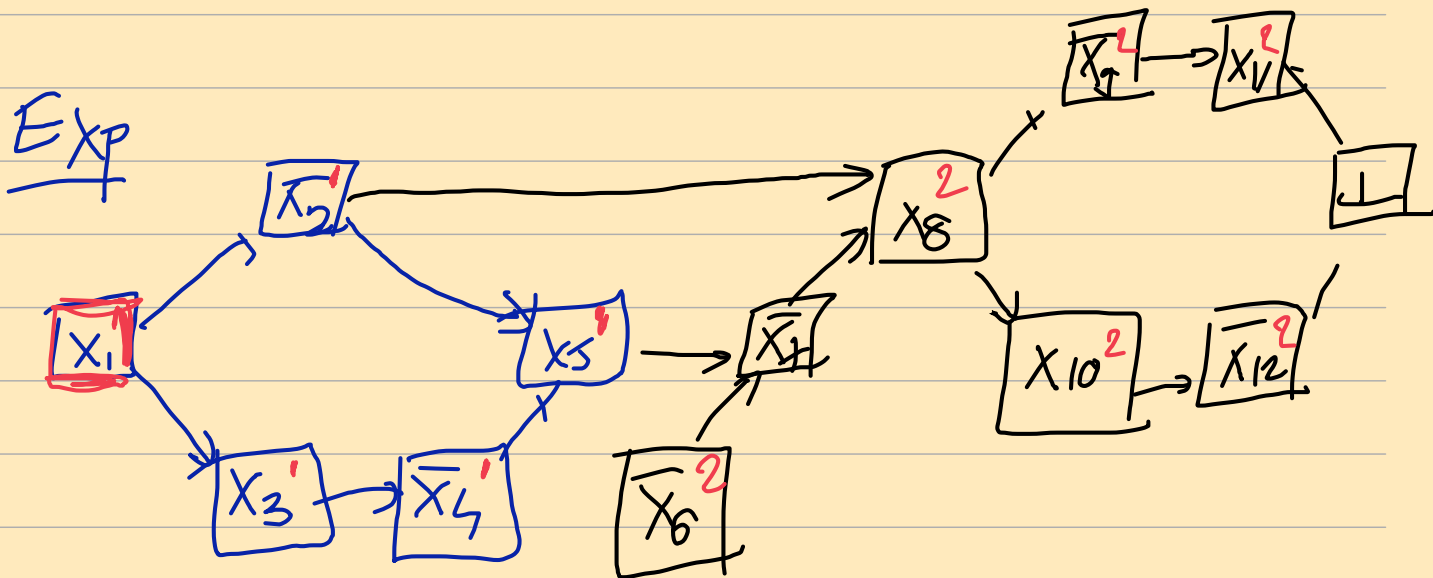
CONFLICT CUT $G=(V,E) \xrightarrow{\pi}$ falsificat π $\pi \models C$

$$W = (A, B) \text{ partitie a } V$$

$$(A \cup B = V, A \cap B = \emptyset)$$

- toate nodurile deciziei sunt în A

- $\perp \in B$



($x_6 = \text{FALSE}$ decizie)
restul propagare.

$$A = \{x_1, \overline{x_6}\}$$

$$A = \{x_1, \overline{x_6}, \overline{x_2}, x_3, \overline{x_4}, x_5\}$$

$$A = \{ \dots, \overline{x_7}, x_8 \}$$

LEARNED CLAUSE

$$G = (V, E)$$

$$V = A \cup B, A \cap B = \emptyset$$

$$R = \{ l \in A \mid \exists e' \in B \quad l \rightarrow e' \}$$

$$C_R = \bigvee_{l \in R} \bar{l}$$

