

1. Which keyword is used to define a function in Python?

- A) func
- B) def
- C) function
- D) define

Answer: B

2. What is the default return value of a function that does not return anything?

- A) 0
- B) None
- C) False
- D) ""

Answer: B

3. Which of the following is correct syntax to call a function in Python?

- A) function[]
- B) function{}
- C) function()
- D) call function

Answer: C

4. What is the purpose of the return statement?

- A) Exit a loop
- B) Exit a function and optionally send a value back
- C) Print output
- D) Continue execution

Answer: B

5. Which of the following can be used to create an anonymous function?

- A) def
- B) func
- C) lambda
- D) declare

Answer: C

6. Which of the following is true about default arguments?

- A) They must appear before non-default arguments
- B) They must appear after non-default arguments
- C) They can be placed anywhere
- D) They are not allowed

Answer: B

7. Which symbol is used for variable-length positional arguments?

- A) \*\*
- B) \*
- C) #
- D) &

Answer: B

8. Which symbol is used for variable-length keyword arguments?

- A) \*\*
- B) \*
- C) ##
- D) &&

Answer: A

9. Which scope does a variable inside a function belong to by default?

- A) Global
- B) Local
- C) Class
- D) Module

Answer: B

10. What happens if two functions are defined with the same name?

- A) Both are executed
- B) Error occurs
- C) Last definition overwrites the first one
- D) Both definitions merge

Answer: C

11. Which built-in function returns the number of arguments a function accepts?

- A) count()
- B) args()
- C) inspect.signature()
- D) len()

Answer: C

12. Which statement is used to exit from a function?

- A) exit
- B) return
- C) break
- D) stop

Answer: B

13. Which of these is NOT a valid function name?

- A) my\_func
- B) func1
- C) 1function
- D) myFunction

Answer: C

14. Which keyword is used to access a global variable inside a function?

- A) public
- B) global
- C) scope
- D) extern

Answer: B

15. Which keyword is used to declare a function inside a class?

- A) def
- B) func
- C) classdef
- D) method

Answer: A

16. What will happen if a function has no return statement?

- A) It raises an error
- B) It returns None
- C) It returns 0
- D) It prints automatically

Answer: B

17. Which of the following allows a function to call itself?

- A) Recursion
- B) Iteration
- C) Looping
- D) Nesting

Answer: A

18. Which of the following is a correct lambda function?

- A) lambda x: x+2
- B) def x: x+2
- C) function(x) = x+2
- D) x=>x+2

Answer: A

19. Which built-in function gives the documentation of another function?

- A) help()
- B) doc()
- C) info()
- D) describe()

Answer: A

20. Which function is used to find the memory location of a function object?

- A) location()
- B) id()
- C) type()
- D) hash()

Answer: B

21. Functions inside functions are called:

- A) Nested functions
- B) Local functions
- C) Inner functions
- D) All of the above

Answer: D

22. Which statement about functions is true?

- A) A function can return multiple values
- B) A function must return exactly one value
- C) A function cannot return anything
- D) Functions always return a string

Answer: A

23. Which function can convert another function into a string of its source code?

- A) inspect.getsource()
- B) str()
- C) repr()
- D) toString()

Answer: A

24. Which built-in function tells the type of a function?

- A) id()
- B) type()
- C) isinstance()
- D) class()

Answer: B

25. What is the scope of a parameter passed into a function?

- A) Local to that function
- B) Global
- C) Persistent across all calls
- D) System-wide

Answer: A

26. Which keyword is used inside a function to return control without value?

- A) pass
- B) return
- C) break
- D) None

Answer: B

27. Which of these functions is predefined in Python?

- A) print()
- B) sum()
- C) len()
- D) All of these

Answer: D

28. Which of these can be a function argument?

- A) Variable
- B) Expression
- C) Another function
- D) All of these

Answer: D

29. Which of these is a higher-order function?
- A) A function that returns another function
  - B) A function that takes another function as argument
  - C) Both A and B
  - D) Neither A nor B

Answer: C

30. Which keyword is used to create generator functions?
- A) yield
  - B) return
  - C) generate
  - D) yieldfrom

Answer: A

31. What is the output of a function with yield instead of return?
- A) A single value
  - B) A generator object
  - C) An error
  - D) None

Answer: B

32. Which decorator is used to define a static method in a class?
- A) @staticmethod
  - B) @classmethod
  - C) @static
  - D) @method

Answer: A

33. Which decorator is used to define a class method?
- A) @staticmethod
  - B) @classmethod
  - C) @class
  - D) @def

Answer: B

34. Which function returns a list of all attributes and methods of an object?
- A) list()
  - B) dir()
  - C) getattr()
  - D) all()

Answer: B

35. Which built-in function executes a dynamically created function?
- A) eval()
  - B) exec()
  - C) run()
  - D) call()

Answer: B

36. Which keyword is used to specify optional function arguments with names?

- A) named
- B) kwargs
- C) \*\*
- D) optional

Answer: C

37. Which function converts a normal function into an iterator?

- A) iter()
- B) next()
- C) generator()
- D) yield()

Answer: A

38. Which built-in function returns the docstring of a function?

- A) doc()
- B) doc
- C) help()
- D) info()

Answer: B

39. A function inside a class is also called a:

- A) Variable
- B) Method
- C) Object
- D) Attribute

Answer: B

40. Which function allows checking if an object is callable?

- A) callable()
- B) isfunc()
- C) type()
- D) hasattr()

Answer: A

41. Which function is executed when a Python script runs?

- A) main()
- B) start()
- C) main
- D) run()

Answer: C

42. Which function can change the default recursion limit?

- A) sys.limit()
- B) sys.setrecursionlimit()
- C) recursion.set()
- D) limit()

Answer: B

43. Which function is used to get the number of arguments passed to a function at runtime?

- A) len()
- B) nargs()
- C) inspect.getfullargspec()
- D) args()

Answer: C

44. Which function is used to assign a function to a variable?

- A) aliasing
- B) First-class functions
- C) defvar
- D) bind()

Answer: B

45. Which of the following is NOT true about functions?

- A) Functions can be nested
- B) Functions can return multiple values
- C) Functions can be stored in data structures
- D) Functions cannot be passed as arguments

Answer: D

46. Which built-in function returns the hash value of a function object?

- A) hash()
- B) id()
- C) type()
- D) repr()

Answer: A

47. Which of the following will create a recursive error if not stopped?

- A) A function calling itself without base case
- B) A loop without break
- C) A function with return statement
- D) A function with pass

Answer: A

48. Which of the following is used to document a function?

- A) Inline comments
- B) Docstrings
- C) print statements
- D) return statements

Answer: B

49. What is the return type of map() function in Python 3?

- A) list
- B) dict
- C) map object (iterator)
- D) tuple

Answer: C

50. Which function can dynamically import another module and use its functions?

A) `importlib.import_module()`

B) `exec()`

C) `import()`

D) Both A and C

Answer: D