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# Assignment: ASSIGNMENT 4
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## Load the ggplot2 package
library(ggplot2)
theme set(theme minimal())
## Load the `data/r4ds/heights.csv` to
heights df <- read.csv("data/r4ds/heights.csv")</pre>
# https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/geom boxplot.html
## Create boxplots of sex vs. earn and race vs. earn using `geom point()` and
`geom boxplot()`
## sex vs. earn
ggplot(heights df, aes(x=sex, y=earn)) + geom point() + geom boxplot()
## race vs. earn
ggplot(heights df, aes(x=race, y=earn)) + geom point() + geom boxplot()
# https://qqplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/geom bar.html
## Using `geom bar()` plot a bar chart of the number of records for each
`sex`
ggplot(heights df, aes(sex)) + geom bar()
## Using `geom bar()` plot a bar chart of the number of records for each race
ggplot(heights df, aes(race)) + geom bar()
## Create a horizontal bar chart by adding `coord flip()` to the previous
plot
ggplot(heights df, aes(race)) + geom bar() + coord flip()
# https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/ggplot2/versions/3.3.0/topics/
geom path
## Load the file `"data/nytimes/covid-19-data/us-states.csv"` and
## assign it to the `covid df` dataframe
covid df <- read.csv("data/nytimes/covid-19-data/us-states.csv")</pre>
## Parse the date column using `as.Date() ``
covid df$date <- as.Date(covid df$date)</pre>
## Create three dataframes named `california df`, `ny df`, and `florida df`
## containing the data from California, New York, and Florida
california df <- covid df[ which( covid df$state == "California"), ]</pre>
ny df <- covid df[ which( covid df$state == "New York"), ]</pre>
florida df <- covid df[ which( covid df$state == "Florida"), ]</pre>
## Plot the number of cases in Florida using `geom_line()`
ggplot(data=florida df, aes(x=date, y=cases, group=1)) + geom line()
## Add lines for New York and California to the plot
ggplot(data=florida df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +
  geom line(aes(y = cases)) +
  geom line(data=ny df, aes(y = cases)) +
  geom line(data=california df, aes(y = cases))
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## Use the colors "darkred", "darkgreen", and "steelblue" for Florida, New
York, and California
ggplot(data=florida df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +
  geom line(aes(y = cases), color = 'darkred') +
  geom line(data=ny df, aes(y = cases), color='darkgreen') +
  geom line(data=california df, aes(y = cases), color='steelblue')
## Add a legend to the plot using `scale colour manual`
\#\# Add a blank (" ") label to the x-axis and the label "Cases" to the y axis
ggplot(data=florida df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +
  geom line(aes(y = cases, colour = "Florida")) +
  geom line(data=ny df, aes(y = cases,colour="New York")) +
  geom line(data=california df, aes(y = cases, colour="California")) +
  scale colour manual ("",
                      breaks = c("Florida", "New York", "California"),
                      values = c('darkred', 'darkgreen', 'steelblue')) +
  xlab(" ") + ylab("Cases")
## Scale the y axis using `scale y log10()`
ggplot(data=florida df, aes(x=date, group=1)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = cases, colour = "Florida")) +
  geom line(data=ny df, aes(y = cases,colour="New York")) +
  geom line(data=california df, aes(y = cases, colour="California")) +
  scale colour manual ("",
                      breaks = c("Florida", "New York", "California"),
                      values = c('darkred', 'darkgreen', 'steelblue')) +
  xlab(" ") + ylab("Cases") + scale y log10()
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