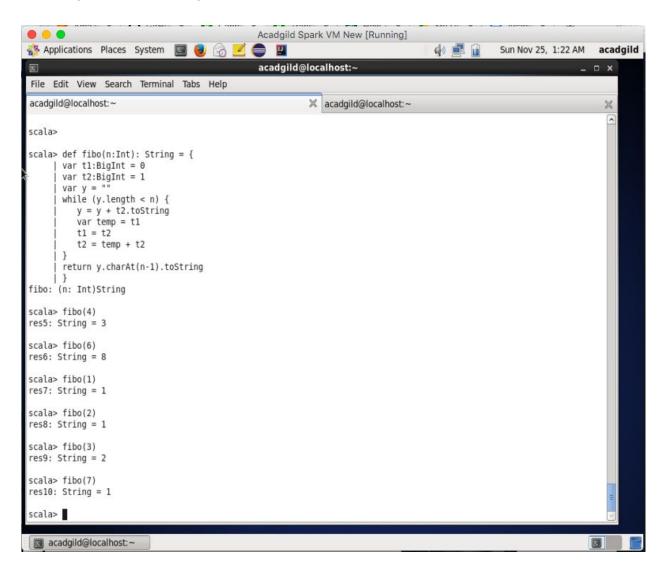
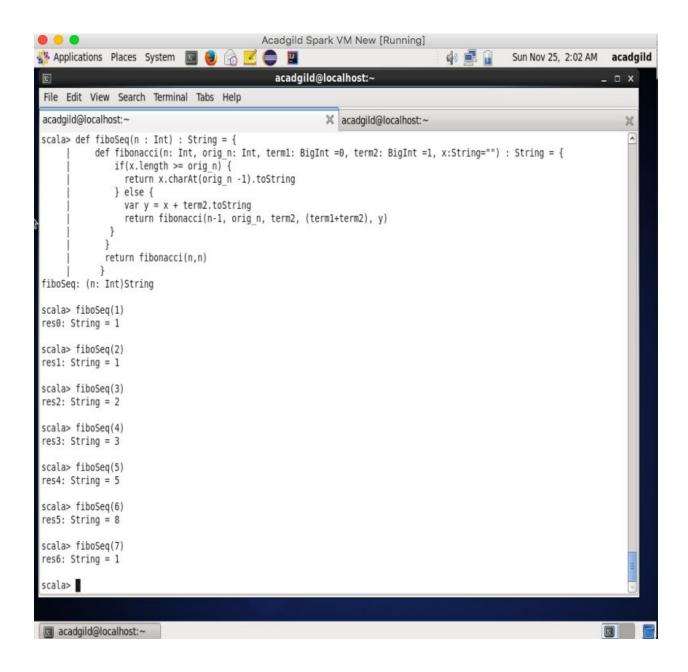
Task 1
A Fibonacci series (starting from 1) written in order without any spaces in between, thus producing a sequence of digits.



B: Write a Scala application to find the Nth digit in the sequence. Write the function using using recursion



Task 2:

Create a calculator to work with rational numbers.

Requirements:

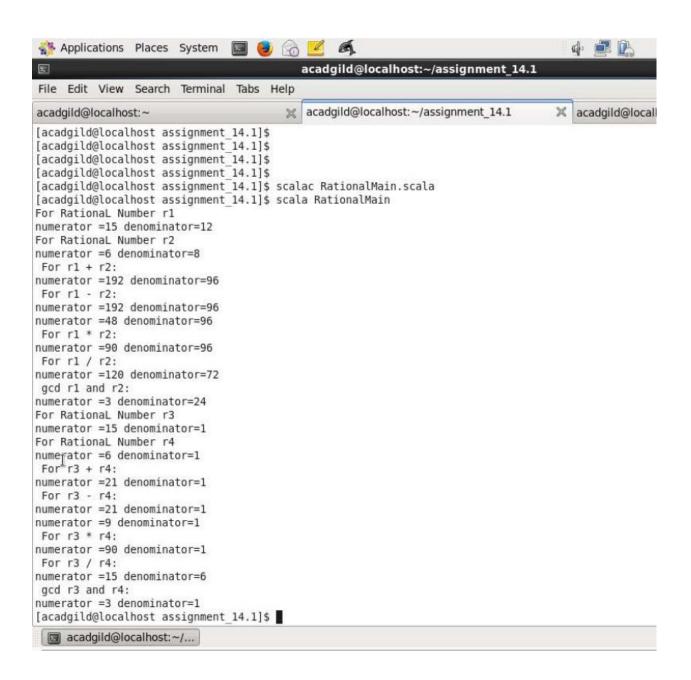
- o It should provide capability to add, subtract, divide and multiply rational numbers
- o Create a method to compute GCD (this will come in handy during operations on rational)

RationalMain.scala:

```
class Rational (x:BigInt, y:BigInt) {
private val numerator:BigInt = x
private val denominator:BigInt = y
def this(a:BigInt) = this(a, 1)
def sum(b: Rational):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator * b.denominator + denominator * b.numerator, denominator *
b.denominator)
}
def sum(b: BigInt):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator + b, 1)
def subtract(b: Rational):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator * b.denominator - denominator * b.numerator, denominator *
b.denominator)
}
def subtract(b: BigInt):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator - b, 1)
def multiply(b: Rational):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator * b.numerator, denominator * b.denominator)
def multiply(b: BigInt):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator * b, 1)
def divide(b: Rational):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator * b.denominator, denominator * b.numerator)
def devide(b: BigInt):Rational = {
return new Rational(numerator / b, 1)
}
def compute_lcm(m: BigInt, n:BigInt):BigInt = {
var a = m
var b = n
while ( a != b) {
if (a < b) a = a + m
else b = b + n
}
return a
def compute_gcd(a:BigInt, b:BigInt) : BigInt = {
var first number:BigInt = 0
var second_number:BigInt = 0
```

```
if (a>b) {
first_number = a
second_number = b
} else {
first number = b
second_number = a
var remainder:BigInt = 1
while (remainder != 0) {
remainder = first_number % second_number
first_number = second_number
second_number = remainder
}
return first_number
def gcd(b:Rational) : Rational = {
val x:BigInt = compute_gcd(numerator, b.numerator)
val y:BigInt = compute_lcm(denominator, b.denominator)
return new Rational(x, y)
}
def gcd(b:BigInt) : Rational = {
val z:Rational = new Rational(b, 1)
return gcd(y)
def printObject = println("numerator =" + numerator + " denominator=" + denominator)
object RationalMain {
def main(args: Array[String]):Unit = {
val r1 = new Rational(15,12)
println("For Rational Number r1")
r1.printObject
val r2 = new Rational(6,8)
println("For Rational Number r2")
r2.printObject
val sum_r1_r2 = r1.sum(r2)
println(" For r1 + r2: ")
sum_r1_r2.printObject
val subtract_r1_r2 = r1.subtract(r2)
println(" For r1 - r2: ")
sum_r1_r2.printObject
subtract_r1_r2.printObject
val multiply_r1_r2 = r1.multiply(r2)
println(" For r1 * r2: ")
```

```
multiply_r1_r2.printObject
val divide_r1_r2 = r1.divide(r2)
println( " For r1 / r2: ")
divide_r1_r2.printObject
val gcd_r1_r2 = r1.gcd(r2)
println (" gcd r1 and r2: ")
gcd_r1_r2.printObject
val r3 = new Rational(15)
println("For Rational Number r3")
r3.printObject
val r4 = new Rational(6)
println("For Rational Number r4")
r4.printObject
val sum_r3_r4 = r3.sum(r4)
println(" For r3 + r4:")
sum_r3_r4.printObject
val subtract_r3_r4 = r3.subtract(r4)
println(" For r3 - r4: ")
sum_r3_r4.printObject
subtract_r3_r4.printObject
val multiply_r3_r4 = r3.multiply(r4)
println(" For r3 * r4: ")
multiply_r3_r4.printObject
val divide_r3_r4 = r3.divide(r4)
println(" For r3 / r4: ")
divide_r3_r4.printObject
val gcd_r3_r4 = r3.gcd(r4)
println(" gcd r3 and r4: ")
gcd_r3_r4.printObject
}
}
```



Task 3

1. Write a simple program to show inheritance in scala.

```
abstract class Shape {
def printArea()
}
```

```
class Rectangle(val param1:Float, val param2:Float) extends Shape {
val length:Float = param1
val breadth:Float = param2
override def printArea() = println("Area of Rectangle =" + (length * breadth))
}
class Triangle(val param1:Float, val param2:Float) extends Shape {
val base:Float = param1
val height:Float = param2
override def printArea() = println("Area of Triangle =" + (0.5 * base * height))
}
class Circle(val param:Float) extends Shape {
val radius:Float = param
override def printArea() = println("Area of Circle =" + (3.14 * radius * radius))
}
p.printArea
p= new Triangle(4,3)
p.printArea
p= new Circle(4)
p.printArea
Screenshot:
```

```
Applications Places System
                                                  acadgild@localhost:~
File Edit View Search Terminal
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acadgild@localhost:~
                                                             acadgild@localhost:~
scala> abstract class Shape {
          def printArea()
defined class Shape
scala> class Rectangle(val param1:Float, val param2:Float) extends Shape {
           val length:Float = param1
           val breadth:Float = param2
           override def printArea() = println("Area of Rectangle =" + (length * breadth))
defined class Rectangle
scala> class Triangle(val param1:Float, val param2:Float) extends Shape {
          val base:Float = param1
          val height:Float = param2
           override def printArea() = println("Area of Triangle =" + (0.5 * base * height))
defined class Triangle
scala> class Circle(val param:Float) extends Shape {
          val radius:Float = param
           override def printArea() = println("Area of Circle =" + (3.14 * radius * radius))
defined class Circle
scala> var p: Shape = new Rectangle(4, 3)
p: Shape = $iwC$$iwC$$iwC$$iwC$Rectangle@7bb5fcb9
scala> p.printArea
Area of Rectangle =12.0
scala> p= new Triangle(4,3)
p: Shape = $iwC$$iwC$Triangle@62aac517
scala> p.printArea
Area of Triangle =6.0
 acadgild@localhost:~
```

2. Write a simple program to show multiple inheritance in scala.

```
trait BaseTrait {
  def print() { println("Trait: BaseTrait") }
}
trait A extends BaseTrait {
  override def print() { println("Trait: A") }
}
```

```
trait B extends BaseTrait{
override def print() { println("Trait: B") }
}

class BaseClass {
  def print() { println("Class: BaseClass") }
}

class C extends BaseClass with A with B {
  override def print() { println("Class: C") }
}

(new C).print()
Screenshot:
```

```
Applications Places System
                                                   acadgild@localhost:-
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs
acadgild@localhost:~

    acadgild@localhost: ~

scala> trait BaseTrait {
           def print() { println("Trait: BaseTrait") }
defined trait BaseTrait
scala> trait A extends BaseTrait {
           override def print() { println("Trait: A") }
defined trait A
scala> trait B extends BaseTrait{
           override def print() { println("Trait: B") }
     13
defined trait B
scala> class BaseClass {
           def print() { println("Class: BaseClass") }
     1 }
defined class BaseClass
scala> class C extends BaseClass with A with B {
           override def print() { println("Class: C") }
defined class C
scala> (new C).print()
Class: C
scala>
scala>
```

3. Write a partial function to add three numbers in which one number is constant and two numbers can be passed as inputs and define another method which can take the partial function as input and squares the result.

```
def sum(a:Int, b:Int, c:Int) = a + b + c
def modifiedSum = sum(5, _:Int, _:Int)
def modifiedSquare(callback : (Int, Int) => Int, x:Int, y:Int):Int = {
val z = callback(x,y)
z * z
}
val p = modifiedSquare(modifiedSum, 7, 8)
println(p)
val q = modifiedSquare(modifiedSum, 3, 4)
println(q)
Screenshot is as below:
4. Write a program to print the prices of 4 courses of Acadgild: Android-12999, Big Data
Development-17999, Big Data Development-17999, Spark-19999 using match and add a
default condition if the user enters any other course
def findPrice(subject: String):Int = {
val price:Int = subject match {
case "Android" => 12999
case "Big Data Development" => 17999
case "Advanced Big Data Development" => 17999
case "Spark" => 19999
case _ => -1
```

return price

}

Step2: Call the method with various subjects than Android, Big Data Development, Advanced Big Data

Development, Spark, Java and return the corresponding price.

```
val p = findPrice("Android")
val p = findPrice("Big Data Development")
val p = findPrice("Advanced Big Data Development")
val p = findPrice("Spark")
val p = findPrice("Java")
```

Screenshot:

```
Applications Places System
2
                                                   acadgild@localhost:~
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help
acadgild@localhost:~
                                                             acadgild@localhost: ~/assignment_15.2
scala> def sum(a:Int, b:Int, c:Int) = a + b + c
sum: (a: Int, b: Int, c: Int)Int
scala> def modifiedSum = sum(5, :Int, :Int)
modifiedSum: (Int, Int) => Int
scala> def modifiedSquare(callback : (Int, Int) => Int, x:Int, y:Int):Int = {
           val z = callback(x,y)
           Z*Z
modifiedSquare: (callback: (Int, Int) => Int, x: Int, y: Int)Int
scala> val p = modifiedSquare(modifiedSum, 7, 8)
p: Int = 400
scala> println(p)
scala> val q = modifiedSquare(modifiedSum, 3, 4)
q: Int = 144
schla> println(q)
144
scala>
scala>
scala>
```

4.Write a program to print the prices of 4 courses of Acadgild: Android-12999,Big Data Development-17999,Big Data Development-17999,Spark-19999 using match and add a default condition if the user enters any other course

```
def findPrice(subject: String):Int = {
  val price:Int = subject match {
  case "Android" => 12999
  case "Big Data Development" => 17999
  case "Advanced Big Data Development" => 17999
  case "Spark" => 19999
  case _ => -1
  }
  return price
}

val p = findPrice("Android")
 val p = findPrice("Big Data Development")
 val p = findPrice("Advanced Big Data Development")
 val p = findPrice("Spark")
 val p = findPrice("Java")
```

Screenshot:

