



# KARATE FRAMEWORK

POWERFUL AND SIMPLE FRAMEWORK FOR REST API AUTOMATION TESTING



# DREAM BUSINESS SCENARIO

**Automation Done During Story Writing**

**Automation Done During Grooming Session**

**Developer Or Test Engineer Can Write Script**

**Automation Supports Continuous Integration**



# DREAM AUTOMATION SCENARIO

**Code Review Done In 5 Minutes**

**New Automated Script In 30 Minutes**

**Auto Generated Reports, Including Performance**

**Refactor Script To Accommodate Change In 10 Mints**

**Mock Service Up and Running In Less Than 10 Mints**



# CURRENT CHALLENGES

- Support BDD and CI/CD
- Easy, fast way to collaboratively write automation tests
- Writing automation test time consuming (Limited resource, learning curve)
- Shared space API request (Language challenge, single source of truth for API contract)
- Contributing to automation was little hard (Shared environment/Release candidate, Time to develop and review changes)

# IF YOU'VE NEVER FAILED, YOU'VE NEVER LIVED



# OBJECTIVES

- Small learning curve
- Support continuous integration,
- Able to maintain it, expand it easily and fast
- Produce reports, test coverage
- Give meaningful detail information when test failed and easy to debug
- Tool should support all requirements and support advance technologies
- Whole team should be able to contribute (Technical and Business People)

# OBJECTIVES...

- Open source
- Performance testing
- Easy to add mock/stubs
- Configure to run tests in parallel
- Able to cover majority positive, negative and boundary conditions
- Able to configure automation suite as per environment (staging/integration/prod)

# SOLUTION





# WHAT IS KARATE FRAMEWORK

If you are familiar with Cucumber / Gherkin, the big difference here is that **you don't need to write extra "glue" code or Java "step definitions" !**

**Scenario:** create and retrieve a cat

**Given** url 'http://myhost.com/v1/cats'

**And** request { name: 'Billie' }

**When** method **post**

**Then** status 201

**And** match response == { id: '#notnull', name: 'Billie' }

**Given** path **response.id**

**When** method **get**

**Then** status 200

JSON is 'native' to the syntax

Intuitive DSL for HTTP

Payload assertion in one line

Second HTTP call using response data

# LESS CODE == LESS BUGS

## Karate

```
Scenario: create, retrieve a pet
Given url 'http://mysite.io/v2/pet'
And request { name: 'Wolf' }
When method post
Then status 200
And match response ==
    { id: '#number', name: 'Wolf' }
```

and ... that's all :)

## Cucumber

```
Scenario: create, retrieve a pet
Given pet endpoint is up
And request where name is 'Wolf'
When we send post request
Then status is 200
And returned JSON with id, name
```

+ steps  
+ business logic  
+ pojos

# SIMPLER CODE == LESS BUGS

## Karate

```
Scenario: create, retrieve a pet
  Given url 'http://mysite.io/v2/pet'
  And request { name: 'Wolf' }
  When method post
  Then status 200
  And match response ==
    { id: '#number', name: 'Wolf' }
```

## REST-assured

```
public void createPetTest() {
    given()
        .contentType(ContentType.JSON)
        .body("{\"name\": \"Wolf\"}")
        .when()
        .post("http://mysite.io/v2/pet")
        .then().statusCode(200)
        .body("id",
            Matchers.instanceOf(Integer.class))
        .body("name", equalTo("Wolf"));
}
```

# IF YOU NEED MORE COMPLEXITY

genUserJson.js

```
function(id) {  
  var result = {};  
  Result.id = id;  
  result.name = 'MyPet' + id;  
  return result;  
}
```

**Scenario:** update the pet

\* def id = 5;

\* def petJson = call read('genUserJson.js') id

**Given** url 'http://mysite.io/v2/pet'

**And request** petJson

**When** method put

**Then** status 200

**And** match response == { id: '#(id)', name: '#(petJson.name)' }

# DRY

**Scenario:** update pre-defined pet

```
* def createdPet = call read('createPet.feature')
```

**Given** url 'http://mysite.io/v2/pet'

**And request** { id: '#(createdPet.response.id)', name: 'newPetsName' }

**When** method put

**Then** status 200

# ASSERTION CAPABILITIES

**Scenario:** create and retrieve a cat with ID

**Given** url `'http://petstore.mysite.io/v2/pet'`

**And request** { name: `'KORAT'`, id: `'a9f7a56b-8d5c-455c-9d13-808461d17b91'` }

**When** method `post`

**Then** status `200`

**And match response** == { name: `'#regex [A-Z]{5}'`, id: `'#uuid'` }

# SCHEMA VALIDATION

```
* def subNode = { price: '#string', name: '#regex[0-9X]' }
* def isValidTime = read('time-validator.js')
When method get
Then match response ==
    """
    {
      id: '#regex[0-9]+',
      odd: '#(subNode)',
      data: {
        countryId: '#ignore',
        countryName: '#string',
        status: '#number? _ >= 0',
        time: '#? isValidTime(_)'
      }
    }
    """
```

## Markers

```
#ignore
#null
#notnull
#present
#notpresent
#number
#uuid
#array
#object
#string
##string
#? EXPR
#[NUM] EXPR
#regex STR
```

# DDT

```
@regression
```

```
Scenario Outline: create <name> cat with age = <age>
```

```
Given url 'http://mysite.io/v2/pet'
```

```
And request { name: '<name>', age: '<age>' }
```

```
When method post
```

```
Then status 200
```

```
And match response == { id: '#number', name: '<name>', age: '<age>' }
```

```
# the single cell in the table can be any valid karate expression:
```

```
# csv, js, js function, json, variable, XPath or JsonPath.
```

```
Examples:
```

```
| read('kittens.csv') |
```

kittens.csv	
name	age
Bob	1
Wild	5
Nyan	3



# PARALLEL EXECUTION

```
@KarateOptions ( tags = { "@regression", "~@ignore" } )  
public class RegressionTests {  
    @Test  
    public void regressionTests() {  
        Results results = Runner.parallel(getClass(), 5, "target/reports");  
        assertTrue(results.getErrorMessages(), results.getFailCount() == 0);  
    }  
}
```

# REPORTING

	Steps						Scenarios			Features	
Feature	Passed	Failed	Skipped	Pending	Undefined	Total	Passed	Failed	Total	Duration	Status
pet-crud.feature	359	0	0	0	0	359	4	0	4	3:9.501	Passed
pet-ddt.feature	337	0	0	0	0	337	6	0	6	4:3.578	Passed
pet-create.feature	192	0	0	0	0	192	4	0	4	2:14.821	Passed
pet-get.feature	50	0	0	0	0	50	2	0	2	47.804	Passed
pet-update.feature	293	0	0	0	0	293	6	0	6	3:40.158	Passed
pet-negative.feature	278	1	0	0	0	279	3	1	4	2:44.472	Failed
pet-boundary.feature	181	0	0	0	0	181	6	0	6	1:58.102	Passed
	6416	3	1	0	0	6420	134	3	137	1:10:3.896	35
	99.94%	0.05%	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%		97.81%	2.19%			91.43%

## OTHER FEATURES

JsonPath, XPath expressions

Reused for perf. testing (Gatling)

Embedded UI for step-by-step debug

Websocket support, async capability

GraphQL API testing capability

Built-in environment switcher

Integration with CI pipelines

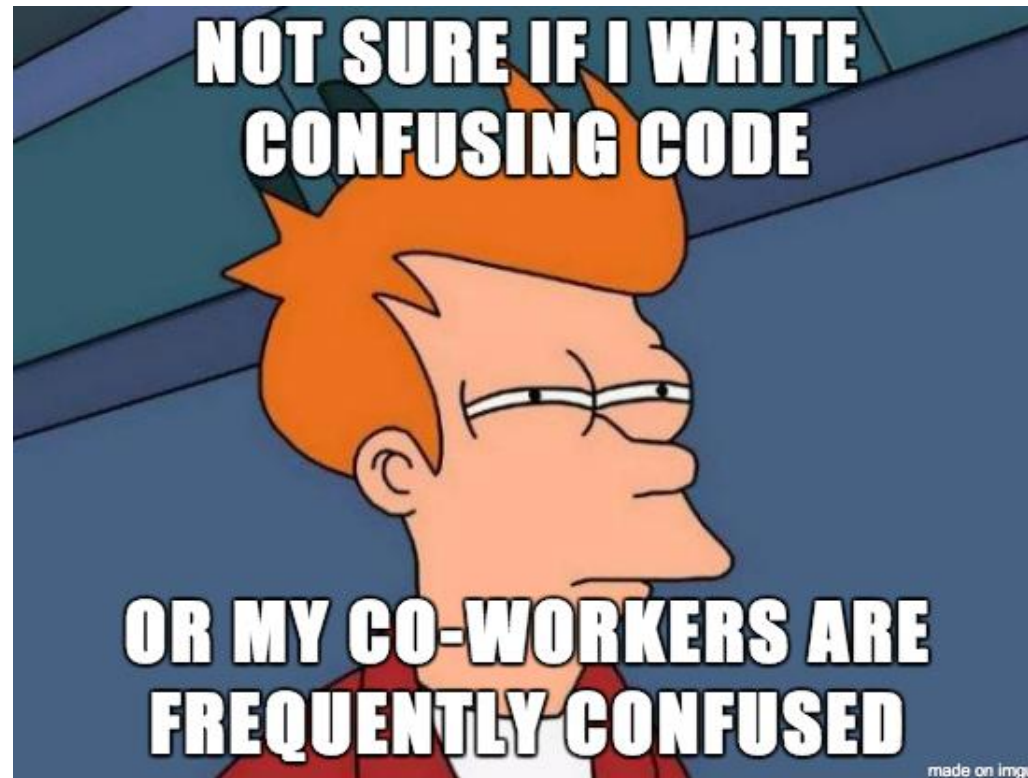
API mock or test-doubles

Allure reporting support

Postman import (exp.)

... and many others

AND DEMO...



# SUMMARY

- **Low entry barrier:** it's so simple to get started that I believe any manual tester or technical BA can use, easily.
- **Human readable:** no rocket science, just some self descriptive Karate DSL so everyone can understand WTH the test is doing
- **Speed to value:** test suite can be done, real fast! Indeed, I usually brief my automation tester about the API spec and he would finish his test suite & way before I can complete my APIs. When the API is done, he could tell me all the defects he found upon running the test **within an hour.**
- **Test report:** Karate is based on Cucumber so reporting is built in
- **Low maintenance:** this is like the summary of the above