MAE3134: Homework 3

Due date: 22 February 2018

Problem 1. For each system below, analytically find the output response c(t) for a step input. Also find the time constant, rise time and settling time for each case. Generate a plot with the responses.

$$R(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{s+5} \end{bmatrix} C(s)$$

Figure 1: Block Diagram

(a)

$$R(s)$$
 $C(s)$

Figure 2: Block Diagram

(b)

Problem 2. For each of the transfer functions below, find the locations of the poles and zeros. Plot the poles and zeros on the complex plane and write an expression for the general form of the response for a step input, **WITHOUT** using the inverse Laplace transform. State the nature of the response, i.e for second order systems overdamped, underdamped etc.

(a)
$$T(s) = \frac{2}{s+2}$$

(b)
$$T(s) = \frac{5}{(s+3)(s+6)}$$

(c)
$$T(s) = \frac{10(s+7)}{(s+10)(s+20)}$$

(d)
$$T(s) = \frac{20}{s^2 + 6s + 144}$$

$$T(s) = \frac{s+2}{s+9}$$

(f)
$$T(s) = \frac{s+5}{(s+10)^2}$$

Problem 3. The system shown in Fig. 3 has a unit step input. Find the analytical output response as a function of time. Assume the system is underdamped, $\zeta < 1$. The result will match that what we have seen in class.

Figure 3: Block Diagram

Problem 4. A low pass filter is modeled using using the following transfer fuction:

$$\[s + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1 R_2 C} \] V_{out}(s) = \frac{1}{R_1 C} V_{in}(s) + V_{out}(0), \tag{1}$$

where $R_1 = 40 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega, R_2 = 200 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega, C = 5 \,\mathrm{\mu F}.$

- (a) Find the analytical output voltage from the low pass filter assuming an input of $V_{in}(t) = 2 \text{ V}$ and zero initial conditions.
- (b) Use the initial and final value theorems to validate your solution.
- (c) Determine the rise and settling time for this system response.
- (d) Generate a plot of the response and mark on the plot the values of rise time and settling time.
- (e) Your boss tells you that you actually need a different low pass filter with a rise time of $0.3 \,\mathrm{s}$. Your boss failed their previous linear systems class and wants to buy a new filter instead of modifying the already existing filter. Pick a value of R_2 such that the rise time meets the specification.

Problem 5. A single axis accelerometer is modeled using the following transfer function:

$$\left(s^2 + s \frac{b}{m_{pm}} + \frac{k}{m_{pm}}\right) X(s) = \frac{F(s)}{m_c} + sx(0) + \left(\dot{x}(0) + \frac{b}{m_{pm}} x(0)\right),\tag{2}$$

with the following parameters:

$$m_c = 1 \,\mathrm{kg}$$
 $m_{pm} = 0.01 \,\mathrm{kg}$ $b = 0.2 \,\mathrm{N \, s \, m^{-1}}$ $k = 1 \,\mathrm{N \, m^{-1}}$

- (a) Find the analytical output response, x(t), if $f(t) = 30 \,\mathrm{N}$ and the initial conditions are zero.
- (b) How does the response change if $x(0) = 0.1 \,\mathrm{m}$ and $\dot{x}(0) = 0$?
- (c) Use the initial and final value theorems to validate your solutions to the previous questions.
- (d) You discover that you'd like a different response so you naively modify the system parameters:

$$m_c = 1 \,\mathrm{kg}$$
 $m_{pm} = 0.01 \,\mathrm{kg}$ $b = 0.02 \,\mathrm{N \, s \, m^{-1}}$ $k = 0.1 \,\mathrm{N \, m^{-1}}$.

What is the analytical output response if $f(t) = 30 \,\text{N}$ and zero initial conditions? Find the rise time, settling time, peak time, and percent overshoot for this response.

- (e) Generate a plot with all three output responses.
- (f) Discuss the differences between the responses from part A and part D. Which response is more acceptable for an accelerometer?

Problem 6. You're trying to "tune" a high pass filter, by simply guessing no less! The filter is defined by

$$\[s + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1 R_2 C}\] V_{out}(s) = sV_{in}(s) + V_{out}(0), \tag{3}$$

where $R_1 = 40 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega, R_2 = 200 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega, C = 5 \,\mathrm{\mu F}.$

- (a) Find the analytical output response for $v_{in}(t) = 10 \sin 0.6t$ with zero initial conditions.
- (b) Find the analytical output response for $v_{in}(t) = 10 \sin 60t$ with zero initial conditions.
- (c) Generate a plot with both responses and discuss how effective this design is for a HIGH pass filter.



Figure 4: Submersible Vehicle

Problem 7. The transfer function relating the pitch angle, $\theta(s)$, to the elevator deflection angle, $\delta e(s)$, for an Unmanned Free-Swimming Submersible, shown in Fig. 4, is given by

$$\frac{\theta(s)}{\delta e(s)} = \frac{-0.125(s + 0.435)}{(s + 1.23)(s^2 + 0.226s + 0.0169)}.$$
(4)

- (a) Using only the second order poles from the transfer function predict the percent overshoot, rise time, peak time and settling time.
- (b) Using the Laplace transform, find the analytical expression for the pitch angle response to a step input of the elevator.
- (c) Evaluate the effect of the additional pole and zero on the validity of the second order approximation.
- (d) Plot the step response of the vehicle dynamics and verify your conclusions on the effect of the additional pole and zero.

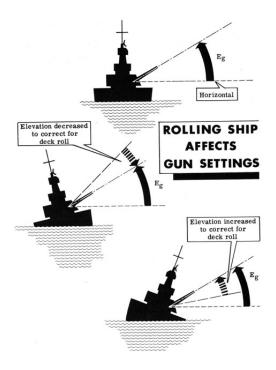


Figure 5: Rolling Ship on Gun accuracy

Problem 8. Ships at sea undergo motion about their roll axis, as demonstrated in Fig. 5. Fins called stabilizers are used to reduce this rolling motion. The stabilizers can be positioned by a closed-loop roll control system that consists of actuators, such as fins or thrusters, and sensors, such as gyroscopes or accelerometers, as well as a model of the ship dynamics. Assume the roll dynamics, which relates the roll angle output, $\theta(s)$ to a disturbance torque input, $T_D(s)$, is given by

$$\frac{\theta(s)}{\mathsf{T}_D(s)} = \frac{2.25}{s^2 + 0.5s + 2.25}.\tag{5}$$

Accomplish the following:

- (a) Find the natural frequency, damping ratio, peak time, settling time, rise time, and percent overshoot.
- (b) Find the analytical expression for the output response to a unit step input.
- (c) Use a computer tool to verify your solutions and plot the response to a step input.
- (d) Plot the location of the poles on the complex plane. In addition, mark the values of damping ratio and natural frequency on your plot.
- (e) Do you believe this roll response is acceptable for a ship in response to an input disturbance?
- (f) Find values for ζ, ω_n such that the response satisfies the following specifications:
 - $T_p \leq 5 \,\mathrm{s}$
 - $T_s \le 10 \,\mathrm{s}$
 - $\%OS \le 20\%$

What is your new system, where are the poles? Generate a plot of your modified system and show that it meets the specifications?