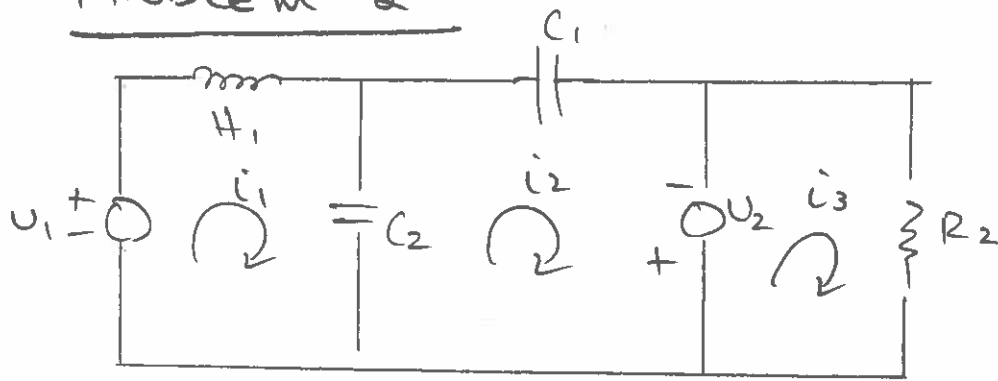


PROBLEM 2



$$(1) +U_1 - H_1 \frac{di_1}{dt} - \frac{1}{C_2} (q_1 - q_2) = 0$$

$$(2) -\frac{1}{C_2} (q_2 - q_1) - \frac{1}{C_1} q_2 + U_2 = 0$$

$$(3) -U_2 - \dot{q}_3 R_2 = 0$$

STANDARD FORM $\dot{q} = \frac{dq}{dt} = \dot{q}$

$$U_1 - H_1 \ddot{q}_1 - \frac{1}{C_2} (q_2 - q_1) = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{C_2} (q_2 - q_1) - \frac{1}{C_1} q_2 + U_2 = 0$$

$$-U_2 - \dot{q}_3 R_2 = 0$$

$$\ddot{q}_1 = \frac{1}{H_1 C_2} (q_2 - q_1) - \frac{1}{H_1} U_1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{C_2} + \frac{1}{C_1}\right) q_2 = \frac{1}{C_2} q_1 + U_2 \rightarrow \text{SOLVE FOR } q_2$$

$$\dot{q}_3 = -\frac{1}{R_2} U_2$$

$$\ddot{q}_2 = \left(\frac{C_1 + C_2}{C_1 C_2} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{C_2} \dot{q}_1 + u_2 \right)$$

$$\ddot{q}_2 = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} \left(\frac{1}{C_2} \dot{q}_1 + u_2 \right)$$

$$\ddot{q}_2 = \frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2} \dot{q}_1 + \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} u_2 \rightarrow \text{REMOVE } \ddot{q}_2 \text{ AS STATE}$$

$$\ddot{q}_1 = \frac{1}{H_1 C_2} \left(\frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2} \dot{q}_1 + \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} u_2 \right) - \frac{1}{H_1 C_2} \dot{q}_1 - \frac{1}{H_1} u_1$$

$$= \frac{C_1}{H_1 C_2 (C_1 + C_2)} \dot{q}_1 + \frac{C_1}{H_1 (C_1 + C_2)} u_2 - \frac{1}{H_1 C_2} \dot{q}_1 - \frac{1}{H_1} u_1$$

$$\ddot{q}_1 = \left(\frac{C_1}{H_1 C_2 (C_1 + C_2)} - \frac{1}{H_1 C_2} \right) \dot{q}_1 + \frac{C_1}{H_1 (C_1 + C_2)} u_2 - \frac{1}{H_1} u_1$$

$$\ddot{q}_3 = -\frac{1}{R_2} u_2$$

STATE

$$x_1 = q_1$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = \dot{q}_1$$

$$x_2 = \dot{q}_1$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = \ddot{q}_1 = a x_1 - \frac{1}{H_1} u_1 + \frac{C_1}{H_1 (C_1 + C_2)} u_2$$

$$x_3 = q_3$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = -\frac{1}{R_2} u_2$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$

$$a = \frac{C_1}{H_1 C_2 (C_1 + C_2)} - \frac{1}{H_1 C_2}$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$

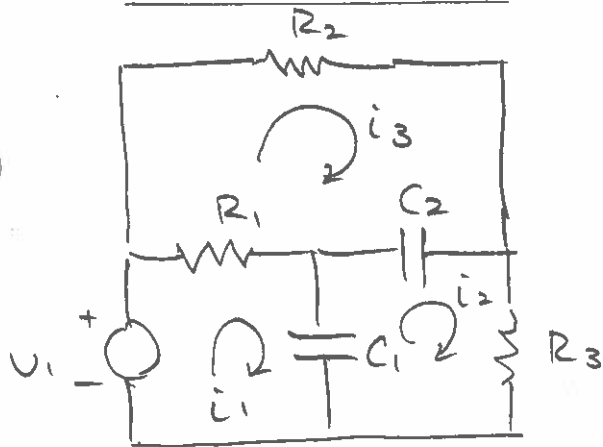
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ R & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{H_1} & \frac{C_1}{H_1(C_1 + C_2)} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{R_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{1}{R_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

PROBLEM 3



$$(1) +V_1 - R_1(i_1 - i_3) - \frac{q_1 - q_2}{C_1} = 0$$

$$(2) - \frac{q_2 - q_1}{C_1} - \frac{q_2 - q_3}{C_2} - R_3 i_2 = 0$$

$$(3) - R_2 i_3 - \frac{q_3 - q_2}{C_2} - R_1(i_3 - i_1) = 0$$

STANDARD FORM

$$i = \frac{dq}{dt}$$

$$V_1 - R_1(\dot{q}_1 - \dot{q}_3) - \frac{q_1 - q_2}{C_1} = 0$$

$$- \frac{(q_2 - q_1)}{C_1} - \frac{(q_2 - q_3)}{C_2} - R_3 \dot{q}_2 = 0$$

$$- R_2 \dot{q}_3 - \frac{(q_3 - q_2)}{C_2} - R_1(\dot{q}_3 - \dot{q}_1) = 0$$

SOLVE FOR $[\dot{q}_1 \ \dot{q}_2 \ \dot{q}_3]^T$

$$-R_1 \dot{q}_1 + R_1 \dot{q}_3 = -U_1 + \frac{q_1 - q_2}{C_1}$$

$$-R_3 \dot{q}_2 = \frac{q_2 - q_1}{C_1} + \frac{q_2 - q_3}{C_2}$$

$$R_1 \dot{q}_1 - (R_2 - R_1) \dot{q}_3 = \frac{q_3 - q_2}{C_2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -R_1 & 0 & R_1 \\ 0 & -R_3 & 0 \\ R_1 & 0 & R_1 - R_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \dot{q}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{q_1 - q_2}{C_1} - U_1 \\ \frac{q_2 - q_1}{C_1} + \frac{q_2 - q_3}{C_2} \\ \frac{q_3 - q_2}{C_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{\text{adj}(A)}{\det(A)} = \frac{\text{COFACTOR}(A)^T}{\det(A)} = \frac{\text{MINOR}(A) \cdot (-1)^{i+j}}{\det(A)}$$

$$\text{MINOR}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} -R_3 R_1 + R_3 R_2 & 0 & +R_1 R_3 \\ 0 & -2R_1^2 + R_1 R_2 & 0 \\ R_1 R_3 & 0 & R_1 R_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{COFACTOR}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} -R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3 & 0 & R_1 R_3 \\ 0 & R_1 R_2 - 2R_1^2 & 0 \\ R_1 R_3 & 0 & R_1 R_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = -R_1(-R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3) + R_1(R_1 R_3)$$

$$= +R_1^2 R_3 - R_1 R_2 R_3 + R_1^2 R_3$$

$$\det(A) = 2R_1^2 R_3 - R_1 R_2 R_3$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{2R_1^2 R_3 - R_1 R_2 R_3} \begin{bmatrix} -R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3 & 0 & R_1 R_3 \\ 0 & R_1 R_2 - 2R_1^2 & 0 \\ R_1 R_3 & 0 & R_1 R_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{R_2 - R_1}{2R_1^2 - R_1 R_2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2R_1 - R_2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{R_3} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2R_1 - R_2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2R_1 - R_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & 0 & a_{13} \\ 0 & a_{21} & 0 \\ a_{31} & 0 & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{q}_1 = a_{11} \left(\frac{q_1 - q_2}{c_1} - v_1 \right) + a_{13} \left(\frac{q_3 - q_2}{c_2} \right)$$

$$\dot{q}_2 = a_{21} \left(\frac{q_2 - q_1}{c_1} + \frac{q_2 - q_3}{c_2} \right)$$

$$\dot{q}_3 = a_{31} \left(\frac{q_1 - q_2}{c_1} - v_1 \right) + a_{33} \left(\frac{q_3 - q_2}{c_2} \right)$$

STATE

$$x_1 = q_1$$

$$x_2 = \dot{q}_2$$

$$x_3 = q_3$$

$$x_4 = \dot{q}_3$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = \frac{a_{11}}{c_1} x_1 + x_2 \left(-\frac{a_{11}}{c_1} - \frac{a_{13}}{c_2} \right) - a_{11} u_1$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -\frac{a_{21}}{c_1} x_1 + x_2 \left(\frac{a_{21}}{c_1} + \frac{a_{21}}{c_2} \right) - \frac{a_{21}}{c_2} x_3$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = \frac{a_{31}}{c_1} x_1 + x_2 \left(-\frac{a_{31}}{c_1} - \frac{a_{33}}{c_2} \right) + \frac{a_{33}}{c_2} x_3 - a_{31} u_1$$

$$\dot{x}_4 = 0$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a_{11}}{c_1} & \frac{-c_2 a_{11} - c_1 a_{13}}{c_1 c_2} & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{a_{21}}{c_1} & \frac{c_2 a_{21} + c_1 a_{21}}{c_1 c_2} & -\frac{a_{21}}{c_2} & 0 \\ \frac{a_{31}}{c_1} & \frac{-c_2 a_{31} - c_1 a_{33}}{c_1 c_2} & \frac{a_{33}}{c_2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -a_{11} \\ 0 \\ -a_{31} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

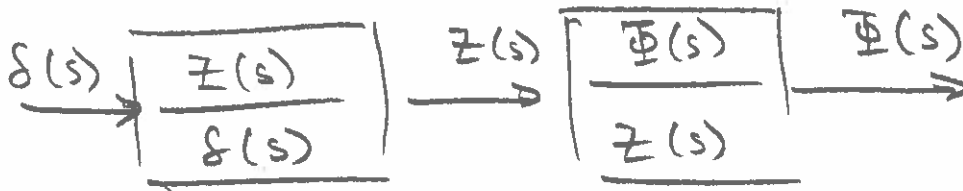
$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

PROBLEM 2

$$\frac{\Phi(s)}{\delta(s)} = \frac{K_a s + K_b}{K_3 s^3 + K_2 s^2 + K_1 s + K_0}$$

INPUT DERIVATIVES



$$\frac{1}{K_3 s^3 + K_2 s^2 + K_1 s + K_0} \quad \frac{K_a s + K_b}{1}$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$K_3 \ddot{\ddot{z}} + K_2 \ddot{\ddot{z}} + K_1 \dot{\ddot{z}} + K_0 \ddot{z} = \delta \quad \phi = K_a \dot{z} + K_b z$$

STATE

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= z & \dot{x}_1 &= x_2 \\ x_2 &= \dot{z} & \dot{x}_2 &= x_3 \\ x_3 &= \ddot{z} & \dot{x}_3 &= -\frac{K_0}{K_3} x_1 - \frac{K_1}{K_3} x_2 - \frac{K_2}{K_3} x_3 + \frac{\delta}{K_3} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \phi = K_a x_2 + K_b x_1$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = Ax + Bu \\ y = Cx + Du \end{cases}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{K_0}{K_3} & -\frac{K_1}{K_3} & -\frac{K_2}{K_3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{K_3} \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} K_b & K_a & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

PROBLEM 3

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{a}_n \\ \dot{q} \\ \dot{\delta}_e \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.702 & 50.72 & 263.38 \\ 0.22 & -1.418 & -31.99 \\ 0 & 0 & -14 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_n \\ q \\ \delta_e \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -272.06 \\ 0 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} \delta_{com}$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu \rightarrow sX(s) = AX(s) + BU(s)$$

$$X(s) = [(sI - A)^{-1} B] U(s)$$

$$(sI - A) = \begin{bmatrix} s + 1.702 & -50.72 & -263.38 \\ -0.22 & s + 1.418 & 31.99 \\ 0 & 0 & s + 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(sI - A)^{-1} B = \begin{bmatrix} - \frac{(10112.19s + (s+14)(929.9s + 1582.7) + 17210.97)}{(s+1.702)(s+14)(3.418s - 5.34)} \\ - \frac{(507.71s + 788.9)}{(s+14)(3.418s - 5.34)} \\ \frac{14}{s+14} \end{bmatrix}$$

$G_1 = \frac{A_n(s)}{\delta_{com}(s)}$

$$G_2(s) = \frac{Q(s)}{\delta_{com}(s)}$$

PROBLEM 4

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$y = Cx$$

$$x = [\omega \quad z \quad \theta]^T$$

$$y = [z \quad \theta]^T$$

$$u = [\delta_B \quad \delta_S]^T$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -0.038 & 0.896 & 0 & 0.0015 \\ 0.0017 & -0.092 & 0 & -0.0056 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -3.086 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} -0.0075 & -0.023 \\ 0.0017 & -0.0022 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$sX(s) = AX(s) + BU(s)$$

$$Y(s) = CX(s)$$

$$Y(s) = [C(sI - A)^{-1}B]U(s)$$

$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{z(s)}{\delta_B(s)} & \frac{z(s)}{\delta_S(s)} \\ \frac{\theta(s)}{\delta_B(s)} & \frac{\theta(s)}{\delta_S(s)} \end{bmatrix}$$

USING

PYTHON \rightarrow

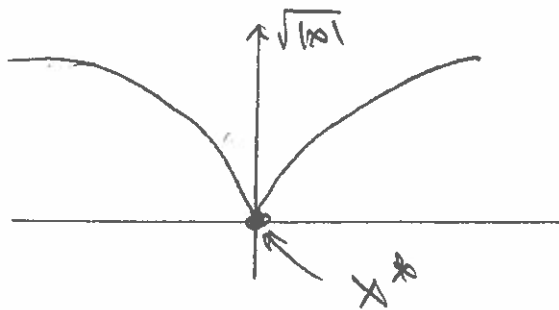
PROBLEM 5

A $\dot{x} = x^3 = F(x)$ EQ PT $F(x^*) = 0 \rightarrow x^* = 0$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} F(x) = 3x^2 \Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial x} F(x^*) = 0$$

$$| \delta \dot{x} = 0 \rightarrow \dot{x} = A x \quad A = [0] |$$

B $\dot{x} = \sqrt{|x|} = F(x)$ $0 = F(x^*)$ $0 = \sqrt{|x^*|}$



$x^* = 0$ IS ONLY
EQ. PT.

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x} & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 0 & x = 0 \\ \sqrt{-x} & \text{for } x < 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial x} F(x) = \begin{cases} 1/2\sqrt{x} & x > 0 \\ \text{None} & x = 0 \\ -1/2\sqrt{-x} & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} F(x^*) = \frac{\partial F}{\partial x}(0) \text{ DOES NOT EXIST AT } x^* = 0$$

CANNOT BE LINEARIZED ABOUT $x^* = 0$

D ATTITUDE DYNAMICS ($I_1 \neq I_2 \neq I_3$)

$$I_1 \dot{\omega}_1 = (I_2 - I_3) \omega_2 \omega_3$$

$$I_2 \dot{\omega}_2 = (I_3 - I_1) \omega_3 \omega_1$$

$$I_3 \dot{\omega}_3 = (I_1 - I_2) \omega_1 \omega_2$$

$$\bar{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \omega_1 \\ \omega_2 \\ \omega_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- RIGID BODY
DYNAMIC

- EULER'S EQNS

REDEFINE ω TERMS OF STATE

$$\dot{x}_1 = \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} x_2 x_3 = F_1(\bar{x}, u)$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} x_3 x_1 = F_2(\bar{x}, u)$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} x_1 x_2 = F_3(\bar{x}, u)$$

EQ. PT

$$0 = \dot{x}_1 = F_1(\bar{x}^*, u^*)$$

$$0 = \dot{x}_2 = F_2(\bar{x}^*, u^*)$$

$$0 = \dot{x}_3 = F_3(\bar{x}^*, u^*)$$

\Rightarrow

$$x_2^* x_3^* = 0$$

$$x_3^* x_1^* = 0$$

$$x_1^* x_2^* = 0$$

SPINNING
ROCKET
✓ SATELLITE
!

4 EQ. PT \rightarrow CONSTANT ANG. VEL ABOUT EACH
AXIS.

(1)

$$\bar{x}^* = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2)

$$\bar{x}^* = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ c \end{bmatrix}$$

(3)

$$\bar{x}^* = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ c \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(4)

$$\bar{x}^* = \begin{bmatrix} c \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

WHERE c IS A CONSTANT. $\neq 0$

PARTIAL DERIVATIVES

$$\left. \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial x_1} \right|_* = 0 \quad \left. \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial x_2} \right|_* = \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} x_3^* \quad \left. \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial x_3} \right|_* = \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} x_2^*$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x_1} \right|_* = \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} x_3^* \quad \left. \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x_2} \right|_* = 0 \quad \left. \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x_3} \right|_* = \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} x_1^*$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial F_3}{\partial x_1} \right|_* = \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} x_2^* \quad \left. \frac{\partial F_3}{\partial x_2} \right|_* = \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} x_1^* \quad \left. \frac{\partial F_3}{\partial x_3} \right|_* = 0$$

LINEARIZED SYSTEM

$$\delta \dot{x}_1 = \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} x_3^* \delta x_2 + \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} x_2^* \delta x_3$$

$$\delta \dot{x}_2 = \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} x_3^* \delta x_1 + \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} x_1^* \delta x_3$$

$$\delta \dot{x}_3 = \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} x_2^* \delta x_1 + \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} x_1^* \delta x_2$$

AT EACH EQUILIBRIUM POINT.

$$x^* = [0 \ 0 \ 0]^T$$

$$(1) \quad \delta \dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \delta x \quad \leftarrow \text{OKAY}$$

$$(2) \quad x^* = [c \ 0 \ 0]^T$$

$$\delta \dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} c & 0 \\ \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} c & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \delta x$$

$$(3) \quad x^* = [0 \quad c \quad 0]^T$$

$$s_x^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{I_2 - I_3}{I_1} c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} c & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} s_x$$

$$(4) \quad x^* = [c \quad 0 \quad 0]^T$$

$$s_x^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{I_3 - I_1}{I_2} c \\ 0 & \frac{I_1 - I_2}{I_3} c & 0 \end{bmatrix} s_x$$

PROBLEM 6

A $F(y, \dot{y}, \ddot{y}) = \ddot{y} + (y^2 - 1)\dot{y} + y = 0$ EQ PT $\dot{y} = \ddot{y} = 0$

$$y^* = 0 \quad \text{ONLY EQ. PT.} \quad * = (y^*, 0, 0)$$

$$F(y, \dot{y}, \ddot{y}) = \ddot{y} + \dot{y}y^2 - \dot{y} + y = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \Big|_* = 2y^* \dot{y}^* + 1 = 1 \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial \dot{y}} \Big|_* = 2y^{*2} - 1 = -1$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \ddot{y}} \Big|_* = 1$$

$$\delta \ddot{y} + \delta y - \delta \dot{y} = 0$$

$$\boxed{\delta \ddot{y} = -\delta y + \delta \dot{y}}$$

$$\boxed{\delta \vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \delta x}$$

$$x_1 = \delta y$$

$$x_2 = \delta \dot{y}$$

B

$$\ddot{y} + \dot{y} + y - y^3 = 0 = F(y, \dot{y}, \ddot{y})$$

$$\text{AT EQ. PT } \dot{y} = \ddot{y} = 0$$

$$y^* - (y^*)^3 = 0 \rightarrow y^*(1 - (y^*)^2) = 0$$

$$\text{EQ. PT. } y^* = 0, y^* = 1, y^* = -1$$

$$(*) = (y^*, 0, 0)$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \Big|_x = 1 - 3(y^*)^2 \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial \dot{y}} \Big|_x = 1 \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial \ddot{y}} \Big|_x = 1$$

LINEARIZING EQ. $\delta \ddot{y} = [3(y^*)^2 - 1] \delta y - \delta \dot{y}$

$$x_1 = \delta y \quad x_2 = \delta \dot{y}$$

$$x_1 = x_2$$

$$x_2 = (3(y^*)^2 - 1) x_1 - x_2 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3(y^*)^2 - 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

AT $y^* = (0)$

$$\delta \ddot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \delta x$$

AT $y^* = 1$

$$\delta \ddot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \delta x$$

AT $y^* = -1$

$$\delta \ddot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \delta x$$

PROBLEM 6c

$$F_1(y, \dot{y}, \ddot{y}, \theta, \dot{\theta}, \ddot{\theta}) = (M+m)\ddot{y} + m l \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - m l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta + k y = 0$$

$$F_2(y, \dot{y}, \ddot{y}, \theta, \dot{\theta}, \ddot{\theta}) = m l \ddot{y} \cos \theta + m l^2 \ddot{\theta} + m g l \sin \theta = 0$$

AT EQ. $\dot{y} = \dot{\theta} = \ddot{y} = \ddot{\theta} = 0$

$$k y^* = 0$$

$$m g l \sin \theta^* = 0$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} y^* = 0 \\ \theta^* = n\pi \end{array}}$$

EQ. PT.

n IS AN INTEGER

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial y} \Big|_* = k$$

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial \dot{y}} \Big|_* = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial \ddot{y}} \Big|_* = M+m$$

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial \theta} \Big|_* = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \Big|_* = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial \ddot{\theta}} \Big|_* = m l \cos \theta^*$$

$$\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial y} \Big|_* = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \dot{y}} \Big|_* = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \ddot{y}} \Big|_* = m l \cos \theta^*$$

$$\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \theta} \Big|_* = m g l \cos \theta^*$$

$$\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \Big|_* = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \ddot{\theta}} \Big|_* = m l^2$$

LINEARIZED EQ.

$$(M+m) \delta \ddot{y} + m l \cos \theta^* \delta \ddot{\theta} + k \delta y = 0$$

$$m l \cos \theta^* \delta \ddot{y} + m l^2 \delta \ddot{\theta} + m g l \cos \theta^* \delta \theta = 0$$

TWO POSSIBLE EQ. STATES

$$y^* = 0$$

(1) n IS EVEN

$$\theta^* = n\pi$$

(2) n IS ODD

CASE 1 n IS EVEN

$$(M+n) \delta \ddot{y} + ml \delta \ddot{\theta} + k \delta y = 0$$

$$ml \delta \ddot{y} + ml^2 \delta \ddot{\theta} + ngl \delta \theta = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \delta \ddot{y} \\ \delta \ddot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} M+n & ml \\ ml & ml^2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} -k \delta y \\ -ngl \delta \theta \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{(M+n)ml^2 - m^2 l^2} \begin{bmatrix} ml^2 & -ml \\ -ml & M+n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -k \delta y \\ -ngl \delta \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{Mnl^2} \begin{bmatrix} -kml^2 \delta y + m^2 gl^2 \delta \theta \\ kml \delta y - (M+n)ngl \delta \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\delta \ddot{y} = -\frac{k}{m} \delta y + \frac{mg}{m} \delta \theta$$

$$x_1 = \delta y$$

$$\delta \ddot{\theta} = \frac{k}{ml} \delta y - \frac{(M+n)g}{ml} \delta \theta$$

$$x_2 = \delta \dot{y}$$

$$x_3 = \delta \theta$$

$$x_4 = \delta \dot{\theta}$$

$$\delta \ddot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -k/m & 0 & mg/m & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ k/ml & 0 & -(M+n)g/ml & 0 \end{bmatrix} \delta x$$

CASE 2 $y^* = 0$, $\theta^* = n\pi$ n IS ODD

$$(M+m) \delta \ddot{y} - ml \delta \ddot{\theta} + k \delta y = 0$$

$$-ml \delta \ddot{y} + ml^2 \delta \ddot{\theta} - mgl \delta \theta = 0$$

DECOUPLE

$$\delta \ddot{y} = -\frac{k}{M} \delta y + \frac{mg}{M} \delta \theta$$

$$\delta \ddot{\theta} = -\frac{k}{ml} \delta y + \frac{M+m}{ml} g \delta \theta$$

$$x_1 = \delta y$$

$$x_2 = \delta \dot{y}$$

$$x_3 = \delta \theta$$

$$x_4 = \delta \dot{\theta}$$

$$\delta \ddot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{k}{M} & 0 & \frac{mg}{M} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{k}{ml} & 0 & \frac{M+m}{ml} g & 0 \end{bmatrix} \delta x$$

PROBLEM 7 FIND TRANSFER FCN. $G(s)$

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{y}_1 + \ddot{y}_2 + y_1 + y_2 = u_1 + \dot{u}_2 \\ 2\ddot{y}_1 + 3\ddot{y}_2 + y_1 - y_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$s^2 Y_1 + s^2 Y_2 + Y_1 + Y_2 = U_1 + s U_2$$

$$2s^2 Y_1 + 3s^2 Y_2 + Y_1 - Y_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} s^2+1 & s^2+1 \\ 2s^2+1 & 3s^2-1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & s \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_1 \\ U_2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \begin{bmatrix} 3s^2-1 & 3s^3-s \\ -2s^2-1 & -2s^3-s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_1 \\ U_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(\quad) = s^4 - s^2 - 2 = \Delta$$

$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3s^2-1}{s^4-s^2-2} & \frac{3s^3-s}{s^4-s^2-2} \\ \frac{-(2s^2+1)}{s^4-s^2-2} & \frac{-(2s^3+s)}{s^4-s^2-2} \end{bmatrix}$$

PROBLEM 8 FIND $G(s)$

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{q}_1 + 3\ddot{q}_2 + \dot{q}_1 + 2\dot{q}_2 = \dot{u} + 4u \\ \ddot{q}_1 + 4\ddot{q}_2 + 3\dot{q}_2 = 0 \\ y = q_1 + q_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} s^2 Q_1 + 3s Q_2 + s Q_1 + 2Q_2 = s U + 4U \\ s^2 Q_1 + 4s Q_2 + 3Q_2 = 0 \\ Y = Q_1 + Q_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Q_1 \\ Q_2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{s(s^2+5s+3)} \begin{bmatrix} 4s+3 & -(3s+2) \\ -s^2 & s^2+s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s+4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} U(s)$$

$$= \frac{1}{s(s^2+5s+3)} \begin{bmatrix} 4(s+3)(s+4) - (3s+2) \\ -s^2(s+4) + s^2+s \end{bmatrix} U(s) =$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2+5s+3)} \begin{bmatrix} -s^3 + s^2 + 17s + 10 \end{bmatrix} U(s) \Rightarrow G(s) = \frac{-s^3 + s^2 + 17s + 10}{s(s^2+5s+3)}$$

PROBLEM 1 TRANSFER Fcn.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \dot{x} = -x + 2x(t-h) + u \\ y = x \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} sX = -X + 2e^{-hs}X + U \\ Y = X \end{array}$$

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s+1-2e^{-hs}} U(s)$$

TIME SHIFT

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+1-2e^{-hs}} U(s)$$

\uparrow $G(s)$.