Constants

$$\begin{split} \omega_{\oplus} &= 15\,^{\circ}\,\mathrm{sidereal\ hr^{-1}} \\ \omega_{\oplus} &= 0.000\,072\,921\,151\,467\,\mathrm{rad\,solar\ sec^{-1}} \\ \mu_{\oplus} &= 398\,600.5\,\mathrm{km^{3}\,s^{-2}} \\ R_{\oplus} &= 6378.137\,\mathrm{km} \\ e_{\oplus} &= 0.081\,819\,190\,842\,6 \\ J_{2} &= 1.082\,63\times10^{-3} \\ \rho_{o} &= 1.225\,\mathrm{kg\,m^{-3}} \end{split}$$

Satellites - Basics

$$0 = \ddot{\bar{r}} + \frac{\mu}{r^3}\bar{r} \qquad r = \frac{a\left(1 - e^2\right)}{1 + e\cos\nu}$$

$$h = rv\cos\phi = \sqrt{\mu a\left(1 - e^2\right)} \qquad \bar{h} = \bar{r} \times$$

$$a = \frac{r_a + r_p}{2} \qquad e = \frac{2c}{2a} = \frac{r_a - r_p}{r_a + r_p}$$

$$r_p = a\left(1 - e\right) \qquad r_a = a\left(1 + e\right)$$

$$p = a\left(1 - e^2\right) = \frac{h^2}{\mu} \qquad \bar{e} = \frac{\bar{v} \times \bar{h}}{\mu} - \frac{\bar{r}}{r}$$

$$P = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{a^3}{\mu}} \qquad \varepsilon = \frac{v^2}{2} - \frac{\mu}{r} = -\frac{\mu}{2a}$$

Time

$$\begin{split} \theta_g &= \theta_{g_0} + 1.00273790935 \times 2\pi * D \\ D &= \text{Day Num} - 1 + \frac{\text{HR}}{24} + \frac{\text{MIN}}{1440} \\ &+ \frac{\text{SEC}}{86400} \quad \text{where D is elapsed days} \\ \text{LST} &= \theta_g + \lambda_E \\ \text{EST} &= \text{UT} - 5 \qquad \text{EDT} = UT - 4 \end{split}$$

Preliminary Orbit Determination

$$x = \left| \frac{a_e}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 \sin^2 L}} + H \right| \cos L$$

$$z = \left| \frac{a_e \left(1 - e^2 \right)}{\sqrt{1 - e^2 \sin^2 L}} + H \right| \sin L$$

$$\bar{r}_s = x \cos LST \hat{i} + x \sin LST \hat{j} + z \hat{k}$$

$$\rho_s = -\rho \cos \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\rho_e = \rho \sin \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\rho_e = \rho \sin \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\rho_z = \rho \sin \beta$$

$$\dot{\rho}_s = -\dot{\rho} \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \rho \dot{\alpha} \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \rho \dot{\beta} \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\dot{\rho}_e = -\dot{\rho} \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \rho \dot{\alpha} \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \rho \dot{\beta} \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\dot{\rho}_z = \dot{\rho} \sin \beta + \rho \dot{\beta} \cos \beta$$
[IJK] = $ROT_3(-LST)ROT_2(-COLAT)$ [SEZ]

$$\begin{split} &\bar{r} = \bar{\rho} + \bar{r}_s \\ &\bar{v} = \dot{\bar{\rho}} + \bar{\omega}_{\oplus} \times \bar{r} \\ &\bar{v}_2 = -\Delta t_{32} \left(\frac{1}{\Delta t_{21} \Delta t_{31}} + \frac{\mu}{12r_1^3} \right) \bar{r}_1 \\ &+ (\Delta t_{32} - \Delta t_{21}) \left(\frac{1}{\Delta t_{21} \Delta t_{32}} + \frac{\mu}{12r_2^3} \right) \bar{r}_2 \\ &+ \Delta t_{21} \left(\frac{1}{\Delta t_{32} \Delta t_{31}} + \frac{\mu}{12r_3^3} \right) \bar{r}_3 \end{split}$$

Transfers

$$\Delta V_{OTB}^2 = V_1^2 + V_2^2 - 2V_1 V_2 \cos \Delta \phi$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{e \sin \nu}{1 + e \cos \nu} \qquad \Delta V_s = 2V_i \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$\Delta V_{COMB}^2 = V_1^2 + V_2^2 - 2V_1 V_2 \cos \Delta i$$

Rendezvous

$$\begin{aligned} \text{TOF} &= \pi \sqrt{\frac{a^3}{\mu}} & \omega = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{r_{circ}^3}} \\ \alpha_{lead} &= \omega_t \times \text{TOF} & \phi_f = \pi - \alpha_{lead} \\ \text{Wait time}_{coplanar} &= \frac{\phi_f - \phi_i \pm 2\pi n}{\omega_t - \omega_i} \\ \text{Wait time}_{noncoplanar} &= \frac{\phi_f - \phi_i \pm 2\pi n}{\omega_t} = \frac{\alpha_i - \alpha_f + 2\pi n}{\omega_t} \end{aligned}$$

Keplers Problem

$$n = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{a^3}} \qquad M_f = M_i + n \times \text{TOF} - 2k\pi$$

$$M = E - e \sin E$$

$$\cos E = \frac{e + \cos \nu}{1 + e \cos \nu} \qquad \cos \nu = \frac{\cos E - e}{1 - e \cos E}$$

$$E_{n+1} = E_n + \frac{M - E_n + e \sin E_n}{1 - e \cos E_n}$$

COEs to RV

$$\bar{r} = r \left[\cos \nu \hat{p} + \sin nu \hat{q} \right]$$

$$\bar{v} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{p}} \left[-\sin \nu \hat{p} + (e + \cos \nu) \hat{q} \right]$$

$$[IJK] = ROT_3(-\Omega)ROT_1(-i)ROT_3(-\omega) \left[PQW \right]$$

Perturbations

$$\bar{n} = n_0 \left[1 + \frac{3}{2} J_2 \left(\frac{R_{\oplus}}{p_0} \right)^2 \sqrt{1 - e_0^2} \left(1 - \frac{3}{2} \sin^2 i_0 \right) \right]$$

$$n = n_0 + \dot{n}_0 \Delta t$$

$$\dot{e}_{drag} = \frac{-2(1 - e_0)\dot{n}_0}{3\bar{n}}$$

$$e = e_0 + \dot{e}_{drag} \Delta t$$

$$\dot{\Omega}_{J_2} = \left[-\frac{3}{2} J_2 \left(\frac{R_{\oplus}}{p_0} \right)^2 \cos i_0 \right] \bar{n}$$

$$\Omega = \Omega_0 + \dot{\Omega}_{J_2} \Delta t$$

$$\dot{\omega}_{J_2} = \left[\frac{3}{2} J_2 \left(\frac{R_{\oplus}}{p_0} \right)^2 \left(2 - \frac{2}{5} \sin^2 i_0 \right) \right] \bar{n}$$

$$\omega = \omega_0 + \dot{\omega}_{J_2} \Delta t$$

$$M = M_0 + n_0 \Delta t + \frac{\dot{n}_0}{2} \Delta t^2$$

$$\bar{a}_{drag} = -\frac{1}{2} \rho \frac{C_D A}{m} v \bar{v}$$

Entry -
$$p_0 = 1.225 \,\mathrm{kg} \,\mathrm{m}^{-3}$$

$$\dot{r} = v \sin \phi_E$$

$$\dot{v} = \frac{\rho_0}{2\Delta} v^2 \exp{-\beta h} \qquad \beta = \frac{1}{7.315 \, \mathrm{km}}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{m}{C_D A}$$

$$v = v_e \exp\left(\frac{\rho_0}{2\Delta\beta\sin\phi_E}\exp\left(-\beta h\right)\right)$$

$$h_{max_g} = \frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left(\frac{-\rho_0}{\Delta \beta \sin \phi_E} \right)$$

$$max_g = \frac{-\beta v_E^2 \sin \phi_E}{2q_0 \exp(1)}$$

$$v_{max_g} = v_E \exp\left(-0.5\right) \approx 0.61 v_E$$

Proximity Operations

$$x(t) = \frac{\dot{x}_0}{\omega} \sin \omega t - \left(3x_0 + \frac{2\dot{y}_0}{\omega}\right) \cos \omega t + \left(4x_0 + \frac{2\dot{y}_0}{\omega}\right)$$

$$\dot{x}(t) = \dot{x}_0 \cos \omega t + (3\omega x_0 + 2\dot{y}_0) \sin \omega t$$

$$y(t) = \left(6x_0 + \frac{4\dot{y}_0}{\omega}\right)\sin\omega t + \frac{2\dot{x}_0}{\omega}\cos\omega t - \left(6\omega x_0 + 3\dot{y}_0\right)t + \left(y_0 - \frac{2\dot{x}_0}{\omega}\right)$$

$$\dot{y}(t) = (6\omega x_0 + 4\dot{y}_0)\cos \omega t - 2\dot{x}_0\sin \omega t - (6\omega x_0 + 3\dot{y}_0)$$

$$z(t) = z_0 \cos \omega t + \frac{\dot{z}_0}{\omega} \sin \omega t$$

$$\dot{z}(t) = -z_0 \omega \sin \omega t + \dot{z}_0 \cos \omega t$$

Attitude Kinematics

$$ROT_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ 0 & -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & 0 & -\sin \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ROT_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & 0 & -\sin \beta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin \beta & 0 & \cos \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ROT_3 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma & 0 \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$