Create integration tests if you need to access data from the Kentico database when writing <u>automated tests</u>. Note that integration tests are significantly slower than <u>unit tests with faked data</u>.

All test classes with integration tests must inherit from the **IntegrationTests** base class (provided by the *CMS.Tests* library). The base class ensures application initialization using a specific database connection string for each test.

## Creating integration tests

- 1. Open your Kentico solution in Visual Studio.
- 2. Create an **app.config** file in your <u>test project</u> (choose the *Application Configuration File* template in the Add New Item dialog box).
- 3. Specify your testing database by adding the CMSTestConnectionString connection string to the app.config file.

4. Make the test class inherit from the **IntegrationTests** base class.

```
using CMS.Tests;
using NUnit.Framework;

[TestFixture]
public class MyIntegrationTests : IntegrationTests
{
         ...
}
```

- 5. Write the required integration test methods.
- 6. (Optional) Add a method to the test class that cleans up all objects created or updated during the execution of tests.



Note: Each test class can have only one method marked with the **TearDown** attribute.

All tests in a test class inheriting from **IntegrationTests** use the database specified by the **CMSTestConnectionString** connection string. Changes made during tests that you do not clean up in the tear down method remain in the database after the test runs finish.

**Important**: Use <u>isolated integration</u> tests if you cannot reset data modified during test execution back to its previous state (to avoid affecting other tests).

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