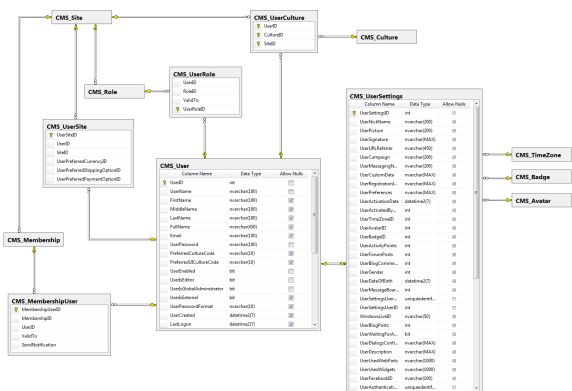


## Database tables

The following database tables store user data:

Database table	Description
CMS_User	Stores records representing <a href="#">users</a> .
CMS_UserSettings	Stores the advanced settings of user accounts.
CMS_UserSite	Stores relationships between users and <a href="#">sites</a> . Each entry indicates that a specific user account is available on a given site.
CMS_UserCulture	Stores relationships between users and cultures. Each entry indicates that a user may edit the content of documents belonging to a specified culture/language (if the given user has the Editor privilege level).



The following database tables store the data of user roles, permissions and memberships:

Database table	Description
CMS_Role	Stores records representing <a href="#">roles</a> .
CMS_UserRole	Stores relationships between users and <a href="#">roles</a> . Each entry indicates that a specific role is assigned to a given user. Also stores the expiration date for roles that are assigned for a limited time period.
CMS_Membership	Stores records representing <a href="#">memberships</a> .
CMS_MembershipUser	Stores relationships between users and memberships. Each entry indicates that a user belongs to a specific membership. Also stores the expiration date for roles that are assigned for a limited time period.
CMS_MembershipRole	Stores relationships between roles and memberships. Each entry indicates that a membership includes a specific role.
CMS_Permission	Stores the system's <a href="#">permissions</a> .
CMS_RolePermission	Stores relationships between roles and permissions. Each entry indicates that a role has a specific permission.
CMS_RoleUIElement	Stores <a href="#">UI personalization</a> settings for roles.

CMS_RoleApplication	Stores the default application content of the system dashboard for individual roles (the system uses <a href="#">UI elements</a> to represent applications).
CMS_ACLItem	Stores <a href="#">page-level permissions</a> , and their relationships with users or roles.
CMS_ACL	Stores relationships between ACL items and individual pages (tree nodes).

