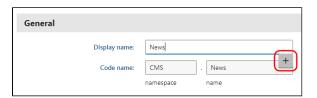
Fields in the Kentico administration interface that contain the *Display names* or *Descriptions* of objects provide a user friendly way to handle localization. This is achieved using action buttons and dialogs that allow you to insert resource strings and edit their text and translations directly.

To add a resource string to a field where localizaton is supported:

1. Place the cursor into the field and click the **Localize** (+) button.

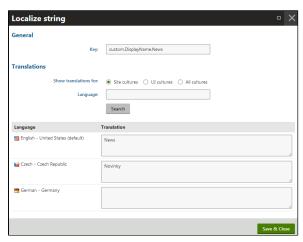




The **Localize** button only appears if your website is configured for multiple cultures. See <u>Setting up</u> <u>multilingual websites</u>.

You also need permissions for localizing strings (the Localize strings permission for the Localization module).

- 2. Choose from the two options:
  - **Create new resource string** directly creates a new resource string. The identifier (key) of the new string contains a special prefix (custom. by default).
  - **Use existing resource key** allows you to select an existing resource string. You can choose only strings that are stored in the database. Resource strings contained in .resx files cannot be accessed this way.
- 3. Type the resource key name into the displayed dialog or choose an existing resource key.
- 4. Click Save & Close.
- 5. Edit the text of the resource string for individual cultures.
  - You can use machine <u>translation services</u> to assist with the translation (if there are any configured for your application).
  - If you do not see the desired language, use the Show translation for radio buttons to change the category of cultures.
  - Please keep in mind that modifying an existing resource string also affects all other occurrences of the same string.



- 6. Click Save & Close to confirm any changes made to the resource string.
- 7. **Save** the editing form to confirm the insertion of the string into the field.

The field is now localized and displays a value according to the current culture settings. You can edit the text of the resource string at any time by clicking **Localize other languages** (+) or directly in the form.

To remove the localization string from a field, click **Remove localization** (**1**).

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**Note**: Resource strings created using localization dialogs are always stored in the database. You can use the dialogs to insert the keys of strings stored in resource files (*.resx*), but the system creates a matching string in the database when you make any changes of the string text (translations).

## Localizing text fields using macro expressions

If you need to supply a localized value into a field or text area where localization expressions are supported, you can use expressions in the following formats:

Format	Description	Sample Value
Basic format: {\$key\$}	Displays the value of the resource string with the specified key. Strings can be viewed and edited in the <b>Localization</b> application or in the <i>.resx</i> files under the <b>CMSResources</b> folder.	{\$myform. firstname\$}
In-place localization:  {\$=default_string culture_code =translation culture_code=tra nslation etc.\$}	Displays the strings defined in the expression.	{\$=Hello de- de=Hallo it- it=Ciao\$}

See also: Macro expressions

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