

The following is a step-by-step tutorial shows how to create a custom control that displays users and implements the **IUniPageable** interface. This allows the control to be paged by the [UniPager](#).

1. Create a new **Web User Control** in your web project (the example uses the name *UniPageable\_Repeater.ascx*).
2. Add the following markup to the user control:

```
<asp:Repeater ID="Repeater1" runat="server">

    <ItemTemplate>

        <div>
            <%# Eval("UserName") %>
        </div>

    </ItemTemplate>

</asp:Repeater>
```



This adds a standard .NET Repeater control that will be used to display user names.

3. Switch to the code behind of the control and add the following code.



**Note:** The name of the class must match the name and location of your web user control.

```
using CMS.DocumentEngine.Web.UI;
using CMS.Membership;

public partial class IUniPageableExample_UniPageable_Repeater : System.Web.UI.
UserController, IUniPageable
{
    // Private variable containing the value of the PagerForceNumberOfResults
property
    private int mPagerForceNumberOfResults = -1;

    // Private variable used to contain the data source of the control
    private object dataSource = null;

    // Private variable storing the associated UniPager object
    private UniPager mUniPagerControl = null;

    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        // Loads all users from the database into the data source
        dataSource = UserInfoProvider.GetUsers();

        // Calls the page binding event
        if (OnPageBinding != null)
        {
            OnPageBinding(this, null);
        }

        // Assigns the data source to the encapsulated Repeater control
        Repeater1.DataSource = dataSource;
        Repeater1.DataBind();
    }
}
```



```
/// <summary>
/// Occurs when the control binds page data
/// </summary>
public event EventHandler<EventArgs> OnPageBinding;

/// <summary>
/// Occurs when the pager changes the page and the current PagerMode is set to
postback
/// </summary>
public event EventHandler<EventArgs> OnPageChanged;

/// <summary>
/// Exposes the data object for the pager
/// </summary>
public object PagerDataItem
{
    get
    {
        return dataSource;
    }
    set
    {
        dataSource = value;
        Repeater1.DataSource = value;
    }
}

/// <summary>
/// If set, the DataSet containing paged items is not modified by the pager,
/// but the pager itself behaves as if the amount of paged items were identical
to this value.
/// By default this property is disabled (set to -1)
/// </summary>
public int PagerForceNumberOfResults
{
    get
    {
        return mPagerForceNumberOfResults;
    }
    set
    {
        mPagerForceNumberOfResults = value;
    }
}

/// <summary>
/// Gets or sets the pager control.
/// </summary>
public UniPager UniPagerControl
{
    get
    {
        return mUniPagerControl;
    }
    set
    {
        mUniPagerControl = value;
    }
}
```



```
/// <summary>
/// Evokes databinding for the control
/// </summary>
public void ReBind()
{
    if (OnPageChanged != null)
    {
        OnPageChanged(this, null);
    }
    Repeater1.DataBind();
}
}
```

4. Save the user control's files.

- The control now implements the *IUniPageable* interface and is pageable by the *UniPager* control.

5. Create a new **Web form** somewhere in your web project.

6. Register your custom control on the web form:

```
<%@ Register src="~/IUniPageableExample/UniPageable_Repeater.ascx" tagname="
UniPageableRepeater" tagprefix="asp1" %>
```

7. Add the following code into the content area of the page (by default between the **<div>** tags inside the **<form>** element):

```
<asp1:UniPageableRepeater ID="UPRepeater1" runat="server" />

<cms:UniPager ID="UniPager1" runat="server" PageControl="UPRepeater1" PageSize="5">

    <PageNumbersTemplate>
        <a href="<%# Eval("PageURL") %>"><%# Eval("Page") %></a>
    </PageNumbersTemplate>

</cms:UniPager>
```

8. Save the web form.

9. Right-click the web form in the Solution explorer and select **View in Browser**.

The resulting page displays a list of user names with a basic pager:

administrador  
public  
silver  
gold  
Andy  
[1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [4](#)