

Consider the following Python dictionary data and Python list labels:

```
data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills', 'Cranes', 'plovers',  
'Cranes', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills'], 'age': [3.5, 4, 1.5, np.nan, 6, 3, 5.5, np.nan, 8, 4], 'visits':  
[2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 2, 3, 2], 'priority': ['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no']}
```

```
labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
```

1. Create a DataFrame birds from this dictionary data which has the index labels.

```
# importing pandas dataframe  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills',  
'spoonbills', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'Cranes', 'spoonbills',  
'spoonbills'], 'age': [3.5, 4, 1.5, np.nan, 6, 3, 5.5, np.nan, 8, 4],  
'visits': [2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 2, 3, 2], 'priority': ['yes', 'yes',  
'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no']}  
labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']  
birds = pd.DataFrame(data, index = labels)  
birds
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

2. Display a summary of the basic information about birds DataFrame and its data.

```
birds.describe()
```

	age	visits
count	8.000000	10.000000
mean	4.437500	2.900000
std	2.007797	0.875595
min	1.500000	2.000000
25%	3.375000	2.000000
50%	4.000000	3.000000
75%	5.625000	3.750000
max	8.000000	4.000000

3. Print the first 2 rows of the birds dataframe

```
print(birds[:2])
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes

4. Print all the rows with only 'birds' and 'age' columns from the dataframe

```
print(birds[['birds', 'age']])
```

	birds	age
a	Cranes	3.5
b	Cranes	4.0
c	plovers	1.5
d	spoonbills	NaN
e	spoonbills	6.0
f	Cranes	3.0
g	plovers	5.5
h	Cranes	NaN
i	spoonbills	8.0
j	spoonbills	4.0

5. select [2, 3, 7] rows and in columns ['birds', 'age', 'visits']

```
print(birds.iloc[[2,3,7], :-1])
```

	birds	age	visits
c	plovers	1.5	3
d	spoonbills	NaN	4
h	Cranes	NaN	2

6. select the rows where the number of visits is less than 4

```
print(birds[birds['visits'] < 4])
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

7. select the rows with columns ['birds', 'visits'] where the age is missing i.e NaN

```
print(birds[birds['age'].isnull()].loc[:, ['birds', 'visits']])
```

	birds	visits
d	spoonbills	4
h	Cranes	2

8. Select the rows where the birds is a Cranes and the age is less than 4

```
print(birds[(birds['birds'] == 'Cranes') & (birds['age'] < 4)])
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no

9. Select the rows the age is between 2 and 4(inclusive)

```
print(birds[(birds['age'] >=2) & (birds['age'] <=4)])
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

10. Find the total number of visits of the bird Cranes

```
print(birds[birds['birds'] == 'Cranes'].visits.sum())
```

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11. Calculate the mean age for each different birds in dataframe.

```
birds[['birds', 'age']].groupby('birds').agg('mean')
```

	age
birds	
Cranes	3.5
plovers	3.5
spoonbills	6.0

12. Append a new row 'k' to dataframe with your choice of values for each column. Then delete that row to return the original DataFrame.

```
datanew = {'birds': ['parrot'], 'age': [3], 'visits': [3], 'priority': ['yes']}
labelsnew = ['k']
birdsnew = pd.DataFrame(datanew, index = labelsnew)
birdsnew
birds=birds.append(birdsnew)
print("*****added a new row to birds *****")
print(birds)
birds=birds.drop('k')
birds
```

*****added a new row to birds *****

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no

h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no
k	parrot	3.0	3	yes

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

13. Find the number of each type of birds in dataframe (Counts)

```
birds.groupby('birds').size()
```

```
birds
Cranes      4
plovers     2
spoonbills  4
dtype: int64
```

14. Sort dataframe (birds) first by the values in the 'age' in decending order, then by the value in the 'visits' column in ascending order.

```
birds.sort_values(by = ['age', 'visits'], ascending = [False, True],
na_position = 'last')
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes

15. Replace the priority column values with 'yes' should be 1 and 'no' should be 0

```
birds.replace({'priority':{'yes': 1, 'no': 0}})
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	Cranes	3.5	2	1
b	Cranes	4.0	4	1

c	plovers	1.5	3	0
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	1
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	0
f	Cranes	3.0	4	0
g	plovers	5.5	2	0
h	Cranes	NaN	2	1
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	0
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	0

16. In the 'birds' column, change the 'Cranes' entries to 'trumpeters'.

```
birds.replace({'birds':{'Cranes': 'trumpeters'}})
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
a	trumpeters	3.5	2	yes
b	trumpeters	4.0	4	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	trumpeters	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	trumpeters	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no