U	Research in Computing
1	Introduction:
	Role of Business Research, Information Systems and Knowle
	dge Management, Theory Building, Organization ethics and
	Issues
2	Beginning Stages of Research Process:
	Problem definition, Qualitative research tools,
	Secondary data research
3	Research Methods and Data Collection:
	Survey research, communicating with respondents,
	Observation methods, Experimental research
4	Measurement Concepts, Sampling and Field work:
	Levels of Scale measurement,
	attitude measurement, questionnaire design, sampling designs
	and procedures,
	determination of sample size
5	Data Analysis and Presentation: Editing and Coding,
	Basic Data Analysis, Univariate Statistical Analysis and
	Bivariate Statistical analysis and differences between two
	variables. Multivariate Statistical Analysis.

1	Data Science Technology Stack: Rapid Information Factory Ecosystem, Data Science Storage Tools, Data Lake, Data Vault, Data Warehouse Bus Matrix, Data Science Processing Tools, Spark, Mesos, Akka, Cassandra, Kafka, Elastic Search, R, Scala, Python, MQTT, The Future Layered Framework: Definition of Data Science Framework, Cross- Industry Standard Process for Data Mining (CRISP-DM), Homogeneous Ontology for Recursive Uniform Schema, The Top Layers of a Layered Framework, Layered Framework for High-Level Data Science and Engineering Business Layer: Business Layer, Engineering a Practical Business Layer Utility Layer: Basic Utility Design, Engineering a Practical Utility Layer
2	Three Management Layers: Operational Management Layer, Processing-Stream Definition and Management, Audit, Balance, and Control Layer, Balance, Control, Yoke Solution, Cause-and-Effect, Analysis System, Functional Layer, Data Science Process Retrieve Superstep: Data Lakes, Data Swamps, Training the Trainer Model, Understanding the Business Dynamics of the Data Lake, Actionable Business Knowledge from Data Lakes, Engineering a Practical Retrieve Superstep, Connecting to Other Data Sources,
3	Assess Superstep: Assess Superstep, Errors, Analysis of Data, Practical Actions, Engineering a Practical Assess Superstep,
4	Process Superstep: Data Vault, Time-Person-Object-Location-Event Data Vault, Data Science Process, Data Science, Transform Superstep: Transform Superstep, Building a Data Warehouse, Transforming with Data Science, Hypothesis Testing, Overfitting and Underfitting, Precision-Recall, Cross-Validation Test.
5	Transform Superstep: Univariate Analysis, Bivariate Analysis, Multivariate Analysis, Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Clustering Techniques, ANOVA, Principal Component Analysis (PCA), Decision Trees, Support Vector Machines, Networks, Clusters, and Grids, Data Mining, Pattern Recognition, Machine Learning, Bagging Data,Random Forests, Computer Vision (CV), Natural Language Processing (NLP), Neural Networks, TensorFlow. Organize and Report Supersteps: Organize Superstep, Report Superstep, Graphics, Pictures, Showing the Difference

Data Science

U	Cloud Computing
1	Introduction to Cloud Computing: Introduction, Historical developments, Building
	Cloud Computing Environments,
	Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing: Eras of Computing, Parallel v/s
	distributed computing, Elements of Parallel Computing, Elements of distributed
	computing, Technologies for distributed computing.
	Virtualization: Introduction, Characteristics of virtualized environments, Taxonomy
	of virtualization techniques, Virtualization and cloud computing, Pros and cons of
	virtualization, Technology examples. Logical Network Perimeter, Virtual Server,
	Cloud Storage Device, Cloud usage monitor, Resource replication, Ready-made
	environment.
2	Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Fundamental concepts and models,
	Roles and boundaries, Cloud Characteristics, Cloud Delivery models, Cloud
	Deployment models, Economics of the cloud, Open challenges.
	Fundamental Cloud Security: Basics, Threat agents, Cloud security threats,
	additional considerations.
	Industrial Platforms and New Developments:
3	Amazon Web Services, Google App Engine, Microsoft Azure.
3	Specialized Cloud Mechanisms: Automated Scaling listener, Load Balancer, SLA
	monitor, Pay-per-use monitor, Audit monitor, fail over system, Hypervisor, Resource
	Centre, Multidevice broker, State Management Database.
	Cloud Management Mechanisms: Remote administration system, Resource
	Management System, SLA Management System, Billing Management System,
	Cloud Security Mechanisms: Encryption, Hashing, Digital Signature, Public Key Infrastructure (PKI), Identity and Access Management (IAM), Single Sign-On (SSO),
	Cloud-Based Security Groups, Hardened Virtual Server Images
4	Fundamental Cloud Architectures: Workload Distribution Architecture, Resource
	Pooling Architecture, Dynamic Scalability Architecture, Elastic Resource Capacity
	Architecture, Service Load Balancing Architecture, Cloud Bursting Architecture,
	Elastic Disk Provisioning Architecture, Redundant Storage Architecture.
	Advanced Cloud Architectures: Hypervisor Clustering Architecture, Load Balanced
	Virtual Server Instances Architecture, Non-Disruptive Service Relocation Architecture,
	Zero Downtime Architecture, Cloud Balancing Architecture, Resource Reservation
	Architecture, Dynamic Failure Detection and Recovery Architecture, Bare-Metal
	Provisioning Architecture, Rapid Provisioning Architecture, Storage Workload
	Management Architecture
V	Cloud Delivery Model Considerations: Cloud Delivery Models: The Cloud Provider
	Perspective, Cloud Delivery Models: The Cloud Consumer Perspective,
	Cost Metrics and Pricing Models: Business Cost Metrics, Cloud Usage Cost Metrics,
	Cost Management Considerations,
	Service Quality Metrics and SLAs: Service Quality Metrics, SLA Guidelines

U	Soft Computing
1	Introduction of soft computing, soft computing vs. hard computing,
_	various types of soft computing techniques, Fuzzy Computing,
	Neural Computing, Genetic Algorithms, Associative Memory,
	Adaptive Resonance Theory, Classification, Clustering, Bayesian
	Networks, Probabilistic reasoning, applications of soft computing.
2	Artificial Neural Network: Fundamental concept, Evolution of
	Neural Networks, Basic Models, McCulloh-Pitts Neuron, Linear
	Separability, Hebb Network.
	Supervised Learning Network: Perceptron Networks, Adaptive
	Linear Neuron, Multiple Adaptive Linear Neurons, Backpropagation
	Network, Radial Basis Function, Time Delay Network, Functional
	Link Networks, Tree Neural Network.
	Associative Memory Networks: Training algorithm for pattern
	Association, Autoassociative memory network, hetroassociative
	memory network, bi-directional associative memory, Hopfield
	networks, iterative autoassociative memory networks, temporal
	associative memory networks.
3	UnSupervised Learning Networks: Fixed weight competitive nets,
	Kohonen self-organizing feature maps, learning vectors quantization,
	counter propogation networks, adaptive resonance theory networks.
	Special Networks: Simulated annealing, Boltzman machine,
	Gaussian Machine, Cauchy Machine, Probabilistic neural net,
	cascade correlation network, cognition network, neo-cognition
	network, cellular neural network, optical neural network
	Third Generation Neural Networks:
	Spiking Neural networks, convolutional neural networks, deep
	learning neural networks, extreme learning machine model.

Introduction to Fuzzy Logic, Classical Sets and Fuzzy sets:

Classical sets, Fuzzy sets.

Classical Relations and Fuzzy Relations:

Cartesian Product of relation, classical relation, fuzzy relations, tolerance and equivalence relations, non-iterative fuzzy sets.

Membership Function: features of the membership functions, fuzzification, methods of membership value assignments.

Defuzzification: Lambda-cuts for fuzzy sets, Lambda-cuts for fuzzy relations, Defuzzification methods.

Fuzzy Arithmetic and Fuzzy measures: fuzzy arithmetic, fuzzy measures, measures of fuzziness, fuzzy integrals.

5 Fuzzy Rule base and Approximate reasoning:

Fuzzy proportion, formation of rules, decomposition of rules, aggregation of fuzzy rules, fuzzy reasoning, fuzzy inference systems, Fuzzy logic control systems, control system design, architecture and operation of FLC system, FLC system models and applications of FLC System.

Genetic Algorithm: Biological Background, Traditional optimization and search techniques, genetic algorithm and search space, genetic algorithm vs. traditional algorithms, basic terminologies, simple genetic algorithm, general genetic algorithm, operators in genetic algorithm, stopping condition for genetic algorithm flow, constraints in genetic algorithm, problem solving using genetic algorithm, the schema theorem, classification of genetic algorithm, Holland classifier systems, genetic programming, advantages and limitations and applications of genetic algorithm. Differential Evolution Algorithm, Hybrid soft computing

Differential Evolution Algorithm, Hybrid soft computing techniques—neuro—fuzzy hybrid, genetic neuro-hybrid systems, genetic fuzzy hybrid and fuzzy genetic hybrid systems.

Digital Image Processing Introduction: Digital Image Processing, Origins of Digital Image Processing, Applications and Examples of Digital Image Processing, Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Digital Image Fundamentals: Elements of Visual Perception, Light and the Electromagnetic Spectrum, Image Sensing and Acquisition, Image Sampling and Quantization, Basic Relationships Between Pixels, Basic Mathematical Tools Used in Digital Image Processing, Intensity Transformations and Spatial Filtering: Basics, Basic Basic Transformation Functions, Transformation Functions, Histogram Processing, Fundamentals of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing (Lowpass) Spatial Filters, Sharpening (Highpass) Spatial Filters, Highpass, Bandreject, and Bandpass Filters from Lowpass Filters, Combining Spatial Enhancement Methods, Using Fuzzy Techniques for Intensity Transformations and Spatial Filtering Filtering in the Frequency Domain: Background, Preliminary Concepts, Sampling and the Fourier Transform of Sampled Functions, The Discrete Fourier Transform of One Variable, Extensions to Functions of Two Variables, Properties of the 2-D DFT and IDFT, Basics of Filtering in the Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing Using Lowpass Frequency Domain Filters, Image Sharpening Using Highpass Filters, Selective Filtering, Fast Fourier Transform Image Restoration and Reconstruction: A Model of the Image Degradation/Restoration Process, Noise Models, Restoration in the Presence of Noise Only----Spatial Filtering, Periodic Noise Reduction Using Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation Function, Inverse Filtering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, Constrained Least Squares Filtering, Geometric Mean Filter, Image Reconstruction from

Projections

Wavelet and Other Image Transforms: Preliminaries, Matrix-based Transforms, Correlation, Basis Functions in the Time-Frequency Plane, Basis Images, Fourier-Related Transforms, Walsh-Hadamard Transforms, Slant Transform, Haar Transform, Wavelet Transforms Color Image Processing: Color Fundamentals, Color Models, Pseudocolor Image Processing, Full-Color Image Processing, Color Transformations, Color Image Smoothing and Sharpening, Using Color in Image Segmentation, Noise in Color Images, Color Image Compression.

Image Compression and Watermarking: Fundamentals, Huffman Coding, Golomb Coding, Arithmetic Coding, LZW Coding, Runlength Coding, Symbol-based Coding, 8 Bit-plane Coding, Block Transform Coding, Predictive Coding, Wavelet Coding, Digital Image Watermarking,

- Morphological Image Processing: Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or-Miss Transform, Morphological Algorithms, Morphological Reconstruction, Morphological Operations on Binary Images, Grayscale Morphology Image Segmentation I: Edge Detection, Thresholding, and Region Detection: Fundamentals, Thresholding, Segmentation by Region Growing and by Region Splitting and Merging, Region Segmentation Using Clustering and Superpixels, Region Segmentation Using Graph Cuts, Segmentation Using Morphological Watersheds, Use of Motion in Segmentation
 - Image Segmentation II: Active Contours: Snakes and Level Sets: Background, Image Segmentation Using Snakes, Segmentation Using Level Sets.

Feature Extraction: Background, Boundary Preprocessing, Boundary Feature Descriptors, Region Feature Descriptors, Principal Components as Feature Descriptors, Whole-Image Features, Scale-Invariant Feature Transform (SIFT)