

Practical 9B

Solve Tipping Problem using fuzzy logic

```
import numpy as np
import skfuzzy as fuzz
from skfuzzy import control as ctrl
quality = ctrl.Antecedent(np.arange(0, 11, 1), 'quality')
service = ctrl.Antecedent(np.arange(0, 11, 1), 'service')
tip = ctrl.Consequent(np.arange(0, 26, 1), 'tip')
```

Auto-membership function population is possible with .automf(3, 5, or 7)

```
quality.automf(3)
service.automf(3)
```

```
tip['low'] = fuzz.trimf(tip.universe, [0, 0, 13])
tip['medium'] = fuzz.trimf(tip.universe, [0, 13, 25])
tip['high'] = fuzz.trimf(tip.universe, [13, 25, 25])
```

```
quality['average'].view()
service.view()
tip.view()
rule1 = ctrl.Rule(quality['poor'] | service['poor'], tip['low'])
rule2 = ctrl.Rule(service['average'], tip['medium'])
rule3 = ctrl.Rule(service['good'] | quality['good'], tip['high'])
rule1.view()
tipping_ctrl = ctrl.ControlSystem([rule1, rule2, rule3])
tipping = ctrl.ControlSystemSimulation(tipping_ctrl)
```

Pass inputs to the ControlSystem using Antecedent labels with Pythonic API

Note: if you like passing many inputs all at once, use .inputs(dict_of_data)

```
tipping.input['quality'] = 6.5
tipping.input['service'] = 9.8
```

Crunch the numbers

```
tipping.compute()
print (tipping.output['tip'])
tip.view(sim=tipping)
#The resulting suggested tip is **20.24%**.
```

Output :

19.847607361963192

image:: PLOT2RST.current_figure

