

Rover Models

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Model 1: Model

The input channels for the controller will be denoted $u_1 \in [-\pi, \pi]$ and $u_0 \in [-\pi, \pi]$ for steering and throttle, respectively

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{\psi} \\ \dot{v}_x \\ \dot{\delta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_x(\cos \psi - \frac{l_r}{l} \sin \psi \tan \delta) \\ v_x(\sin \psi + \frac{l_r}{l} \cos \psi \tan \delta) \\ \frac{v_x}{l} \tan \delta \\ \frac{F_{rx} - m_o \frac{\tan \delta}{\cos^2 \delta} (k_{st}(\delta_{des} - \delta)) v_x}{m + m_o \tan^2 \delta} \\ k_{st}(\delta_{des} - \delta) \end{bmatrix}$$

where: $\delta_{des} = f(u_1)$

$$F_{rx} = f(u_0, v_x)$$

Model 2: Parameters

2.1 Vehicle Parameters

Param	Value	Unit
m	7.780	kg
m_o	2.972	kg
I_z	0.2120	$kg m^2$
l	0.3302	m
l_r	0.12	m

$$m_o = \frac{m l_r^2 + I_z}{l^2}$$

2.2 Steering Input The map from wheel angle to input can be approximated by a line:

$$\delta_{des} = 0.224314009055080u_1 - 0.008867066788855$$

The control gain on the wheel angle is modeled as proportional:

$$k_{st} = 4.300730919846748$$

2.3 Longitudinal Tire Force $F_{rx} = c_{m1} + c_{m2} u_0 + c_{m3} v_x + c_{m4} v_x u_0 + c_{m5} v_x^2 + c_{m6} u_0^2 + c_{m7} v_x u_0^2$

Const	Value	Unit
c_{m1}	x	N
c_{m2}	x	N
c_{m3}	x	$\frac{Ns}{m}$
c_{m4}	x	$\frac{Ns}{m}$
c_{m5}	x	$\frac{Ns^2}{m^2}$
c_{m6}	x	N
c_{m7}	x	$\frac{Ns}{m}$