SSL/TLS for sysadmin

XMPP Hackfest

https://xmpp.hackfest.ca

- 1) connect with browser
- 2) register
- 3) Have fun:)

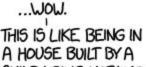
OpenSource: https://github.com/sdelements/lets-chat

What is SSL/TLS?



What is NOT SSL/TLS?





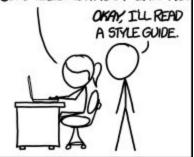
A HOUSE BUILT BY A CHILD USING NOTHING BUT A HATCHET AND A PICTURE OF A HOUSE.



IT'S LIKE A SALAD RECIPE WRITTEN BY A CORPORATE LAWYER USING A PHONE AUTOCORRECT THAT ONLY KNEW EXCEL FORMULAS.



IT'S LIKE SOMEONE TOOK A
TRANSCRIPT OF A COUPLE
ARGUING AT IKEA AND MADE
RANDOM EDITS UNTIL IT
COMPILED WITHOUT ERRORS.



SSL history

1994: SSL v1.0 Developed by Netscape will stay in draft

February 1995: SSLv2

November 1996: SSLv3

January 1999: TLS 1.0

April 2006: TLS 1.1

August 2008: TLS 1.2

April 2014: Draft of TLS 1.3

March 2011: Prohibiting Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) Version 2.0 RFC6176 April 2015: In PCI 3.1, SSLv2, SSLv3 and TLSv1.0 are not trust has secure protocol

June 2015: Prohibiting Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) Version 3.0 RFC7568

Asymmetric encryption VS symmetric encryption

<u>Asymmetric(Certificate, PGP):</u>

-Private key: sign data, decrypt data

-Public key: encrypt data, verify signature

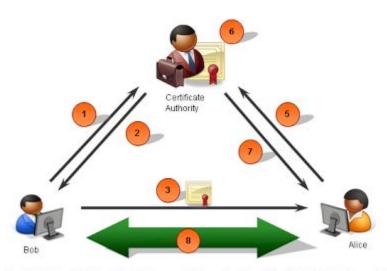
Symmetric(WPA,ZIP):

PSK: encrypt data and decrypt data

Why using encryption internally?

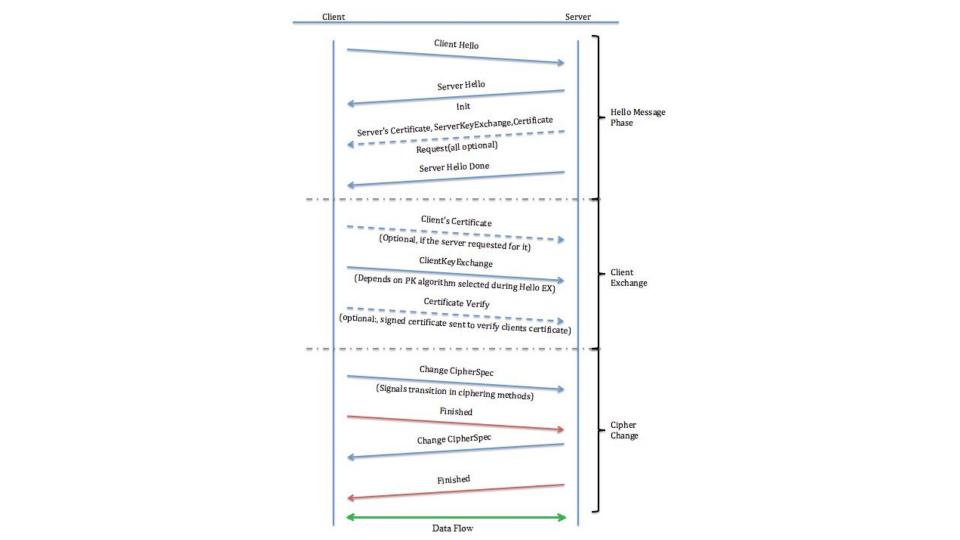


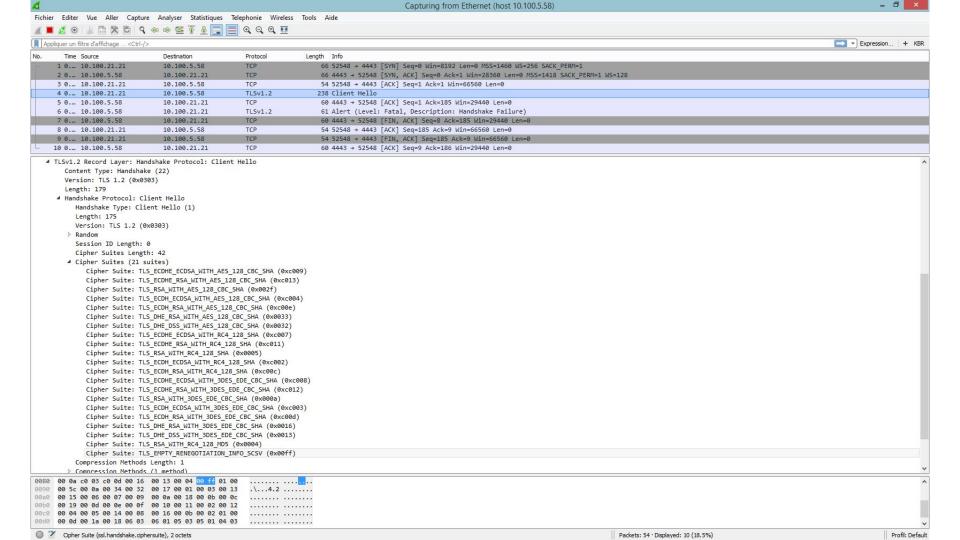
PKI infrastructure

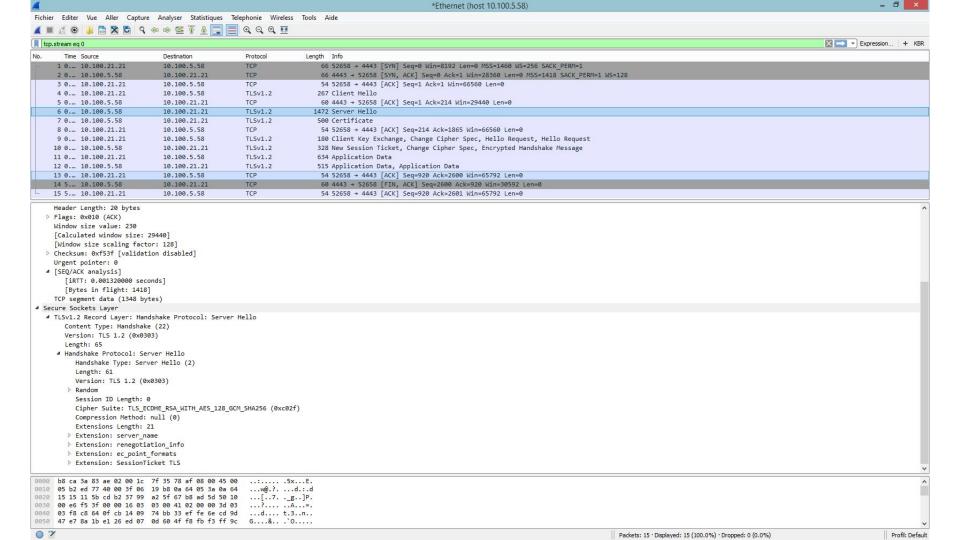


- Bob ask the Certificate Authority to issue a certificate 5. in his name
- The Certificate Authority validates Bob identity and then issues a certificate to Bob
- Bob present a certificate containing his identity to Alice
- Alice ask the Certificate Authority to verify Bob identity
- The Certificate Authority checks that Bob certificate is valid (has not been aftered, has not expired and other checks)
- The certificate Authority tells Alice that Bob certificate is valid
- Alice now trusts Bob and she can request the Certificate Authority in case of dispute

Version 3	
Serial # 13432353	
ssuer : Geo trust	
Validity: Not Before 2016-01-01 Not After 2017-01-01 CN=www.sherweb.com	
Public Key: 2048 bits	
Extention: SAN, key usage	
Signature Algorithm: sha1	
Signature : sha1 hash	







FILE ??

Encodings

-PEM: Privacy Enhanced Mail (Base64 ----- BEGIN XXXX -----)

-DER: Distinguished Encoding Rules (Binary)

Common Extensions

.crt, .cer, .csr, .key

Container

- -PKCS#7: contain only Certificates & Chain certificates (.p7b, .p7c)
- -PKCS#12: storing the Server certificate, any Intermediate certificates & Private key in one encryptable file (.pfx, .p12)

Vulnerability

Protocole

sslv2

sslv3

TLS 1.0





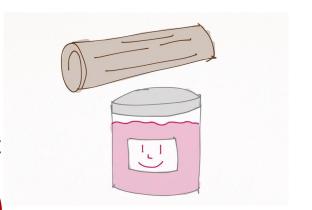


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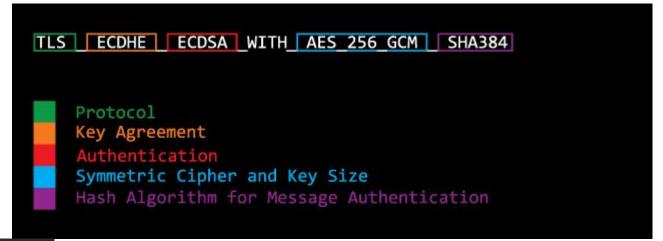
Implementation

- -Certificate Validation Flaw (François Gagnon Android)
- -CVE-2016-0701(OpenSSL weak key)

-MS04-011 Microsoft Private Communications Transport Overflow (Remote code execution)



Cipher strength





What to look at?

Protocole: GOOD: TLSv1.1, TLSv1.2 BAD: SSLv2, SSLv3, TLS 1.0

Cipher: RC4, MD5, 3DES

Patch: Openssl, microsoft, apache

key size: 2048 or 4096

Hash method: Sha256



Firefox 1, Chrome 1, IE 7, Opera 5 and Safari 1

Tools

Online

<u>https://www.ssllabs.com/</u> (Check SSL server implementation)

https://badssl.com/ (Example of BAD implementation)

https://secure.comodo.net/utilities/decodeCSR.html (Decode CSR)

<u>https://www.digicert.com/csr-creation.htm</u> (CSR cli generator)

good doc:

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS

Check supported protocol and ciphers

nmap --script=ssl-enum-ciphers www.sherweb.com -p 443

https://testssl.sh/ (linux)

SSLYZE (linux)

Security@git: get-TLSVersion.py

openssl s_client -connect xmpp.hackfest.ca [-tls1/tls1_1/tls1_2/-ssl3/-ssl2] (check openssl for sslv2 compilation)

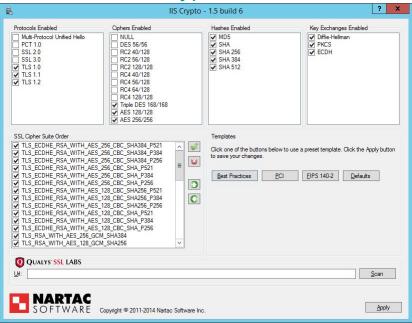
Certificate Grabing

nmap --script=ssl-cert www.google.ca -p 443 -vv

Security@git : get-certificate.py

Configure Windows

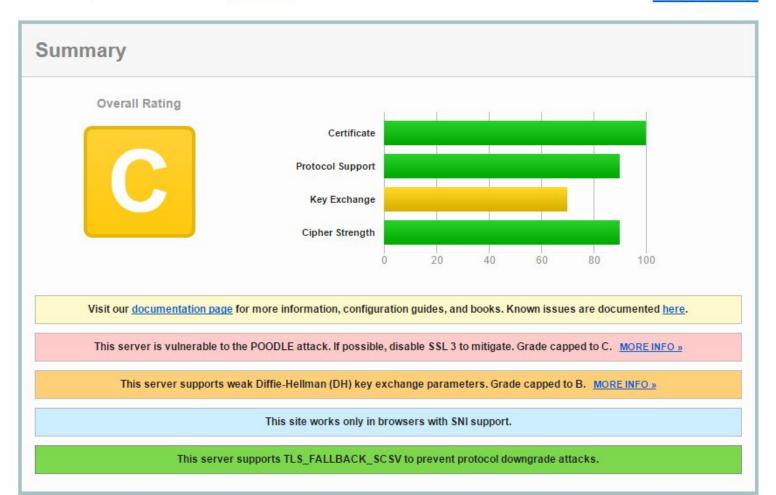
https://www.nartac.com/Products/IISCrypto



Example Sherweb

Scan Anothe

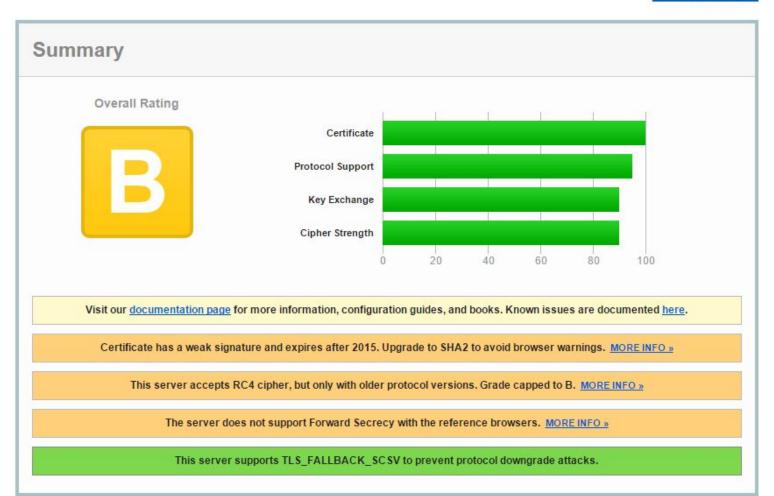
Assessed on: Mon, 01 Feb 2016 15:55:41 UTC | Clear cache



SSL Report: admin04.sherweb2010.com (74.115.207.82)

Assessed on: Mon, 01 Feb 2016 16:23:47 UTC | Clear cache

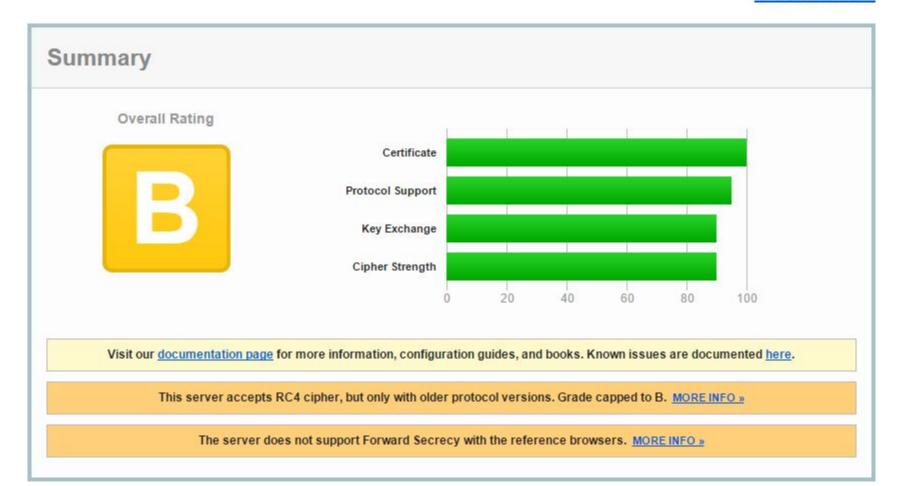
Scan Anothe



SSL Report: owadmin.sherweb.com (206.72.112.141)

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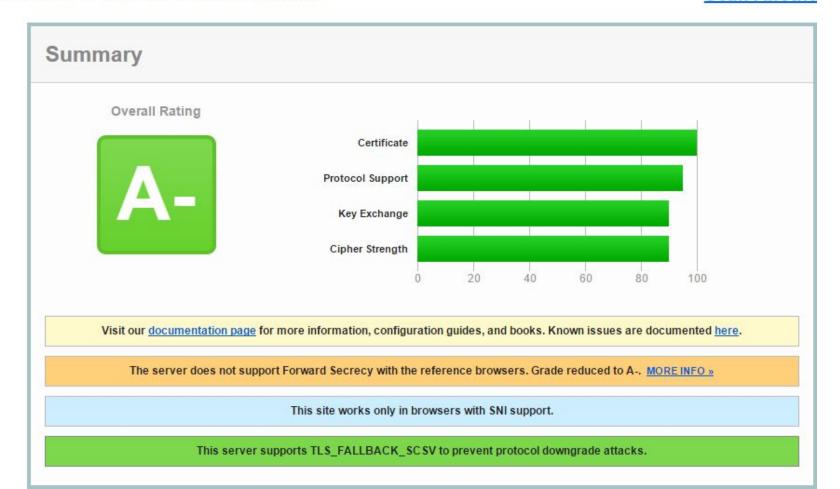
Scan Anothe



SSL Report: cumulus.sherweb.com (199.244.76.105)

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Scan Anothe



And what's next?

Applicatif

- -HTTP Strict Transport Security
- -Certificate and Public Key Pinning
- -Secure flags coockie

Audit

- -Audit your configuration for any change(Bad change)
- -Monitor Certificate expiration date

Keep updated

-to day security is not tomorrow security!