

# IC-PBL Activity III

## (MIMO Detection)

In this project, we will compare the performances of various MIMO detectors in terms of **achievable sum rates** and **symbol error rates**.

**IC-PBL Activity:** November 18 and November 25

(No face-to-face classes on Nov. 18 and Nov. 25)

**Due date:** Nov. 25, 17:00

### [Simulation Environments]

- The number of transmit antennas is 4.
- The number of receiver antennas is 4.
- Random  $4 \times 4$  **channel matrix**  $\mathbf{H} = [h_{ij}]$  where  $h_{ij}$  (the  $(i,j)$ -th component of  $\mathbf{H}$ ) follows a complex Gaussian distribution with zero-mean and unit variance.

### Problem I. Evaluate the achievable rates

- Plot the average achievable rates, where the average over random channel matrix  $\mathbf{H}$  and random additive noise ([see the slide 26 in the Lecture note 6](#)).
- In the average, generate 1000 channel matrices for a given SNR. Also, consider the SNR range 0 ~ 20dB (with step 2 dB).
- **Detection Methods:**
  - 1) Optimal MIMO Detector
  - 2) Zero-Forcing Detector
  - 3) MMSE Detector
  - 4) V-BLAST
- **Submit your source codes, simulation results (figures), and some discussions.**

## Problem 2. Evaluate the symbol error rates (SER)

- **QPSK modulation** is assumed (for every antenna)
- Plot the average symbol error rate (SER), where the average over random channel matrix  $\mathbf{H}$ , random input, and random additive noise
- In the average, generate 1000 channel matrices for a given SNR. Also, consider the SNR range 0 ~ 20dB (with step 2 dB).
- **Detection Methods**
  - 1) Zero-Forcing Detector
  - 2) MMSE Detector
- **Submit your source codes, simulation results (figures), and some discussions.**