

www.tutorialspoint.com





About the Tutorial

Material Design Lite, MDL is a UI component library created with CSS, JavaScript, and HTML. MDL UI components helps in constructing attractive, consistent, and functional web pages and web apps while adhering to modern web design principles like browser portability, device independence, and graceful degradation. It helps in creating faster, beautiful, and responsive websites. It is inspired from the Google Material Design.

Audience

This tutorial is designed for professionals who aspire to learn the basics of Material Design Lite and how to use it to create faster, beautiful, and responsive websites. The tutorial explains all the fundamental concepts of Material Design Lite.

Prerequisites

Before proceeding with this tutorial, you should have a basic understanding of HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Document Object Model (DOM), and any text editor. In addition, it will help if you know how web-based applications work.

Copyright & Disclaimer

© Copyright 2017 by Tutorials Point (I) Pvt. Ltd.

All the content and graphics published in this e-book are the property of Tutorials Point (I) Pvt. Ltd. The user of this e-book is prohibited to reuse, retain, copy, distribute or republish any contents or a part of contents of this e-book in any manner without written consent of the publisher.

We strive to update the contents of our website and tutorials as timely and as precisely as possible, however, the contents may contain inaccuracies or errors. Tutorials Point (I) Pvt. Ltd. provides no guarantee regarding the accuracy, timeliness or completeness of our website or its contents including this tutorial. If you discover any errors on our website or in this tutorial, please notify us at contact@tutorialspoint.com



Table of Contents

	About the Tutorial	i
	Audience	
	Prerequisites	
	Copyright & Disclaimer	
	Table of Contents	
		•••••
1.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – OVERVIEW	1
2.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – ENVIRONMENT SETUP	2
	Local Installation	2
	CDN Based Version	3
7	MATERIAL DECICALLITE LAVOLITO	_
3.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – LAYOUTS	
	Fixed Drawer	
	Fixed Header	
	Fixed Header and Drawer	
	Scrolling Header	11
	Contracting Header	13
	Fixed Header with Scrollable Tabs	15
	Fixed Header with Fixed Tabs	17
4.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – GRIDS	20
_	MATERIAL DECICALLITE TARC	25
5.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – TABS	25
6.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – FOOTERS	28
	Mega Footer	29
	Mini Footer	32
7.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – BADGES	35



8.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – BUTTONS	.37
9.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – CARDS	.42
10.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – PROGRESS BARS	.47
11.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – SPINNERS	.49
12.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – MENUS	.51
13.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – SLIDERS	.56
14.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – CHECKBOXES	.58
15.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – RADIO BUTTONS	.60
16.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – ICONS	.62
17.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – SWITCHES	.64
18.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – DATATABLE	.66
19.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – TEXTFIELDS	.68
20.	MATERIAL DESIGN LITE – TOOLTIPS	.73



1. Material Design Lite – Overview

What is Material Design Lite?

Material Design Lite (MDL is a UI component library created with CSS, JavaScript, and HTML. The MDL UI components help in constructing attractive, consistent, and functional web pages and web apps while adhering to modern web design principles like browser portability, device independence, and graceful degradation.

Following are the salient features of Material Design Lite:

- In-built responsive designing.
- Standard CSS with minimal footprint.
- Includes new versions of common user interface controls such as buttons, check boxes, and text fields which are adapted to follow Material Design concepts.
- Includes enhanced and specialized features like cards, column layouts, sliders, spinners, tabs, typography, and so on.
- Can be used with or without any library or development environment.
- Cross-browser, and can be used to create reusable web components.

Responsive Design

- Material Design Lite has in-built responsive designing so that the website created using Material Design Lite will redesign itself as per the device size.
- Material Design Lite classes are created in such a way that the website can fit any screen size.
- The websites created using Material Design Lite are fully compatible with PC, tablets, and mobile devices.

Standard CSS

- Material Design Lite uses standard CSS only and it is very easy to learn.
- There is no dependency on any external JavaScript library such as jQuery.
- ExtensibleMaterial Design Lite is by design very minimal and flat.
- It is designed considering the fact that it is much easier to add new CSS rules than to overwrite existing CSS rules.
- It supports shadows and bold colors.
- The colors and shades remain uniform across various platforms and devices.

And most important of all, MDL is absolutely free to use.



2. Material Design Lite – Environment Setup

There are two ways to use Material Design Lite:

- **Local Installation** You can download the material.{primary}-{accent}.min.css and material.min.js files on your local machine and include it in your HTML code.
- **CDN Based Version** You can include the material.{primary}-{accent}.min.css and material.min.js files into your HTML code directly from the Content Delivery Network (CDN).

Local Installation

Follow these steps for the installation of MDL:

- Go to http://www.getmdl.io/started/index.html to download the latest version available.
- Then, put the downloaded **material.min.js** file in a directory of your website, e.g. /js and **material.min.css** in /css.

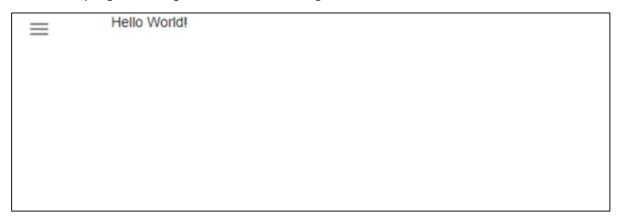
Example

Now you can include the css and js file in your HTML file as follows –

```
<html>
   <head>
      <title>The Material Design Lite Example</title>
       <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
      <link rel="stylesheet" href="material.min.css">
      <script src="material.min.js"></script>
      <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
 </head>
 <body>
      <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-drawer">
         <div class="mdl-layout drawer">
            <span class="mdl-layout-title">Material Design</span>
            <nav class="mdl-navigation">
               <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
               <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Features</a>
               <a class="mdl-navigation link" href="">About Us</a>
               <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Log Out</a>
            </nav>
         </div>
```



The above program will generate the following result -



CDN Based Version

You can include the js and css files into your HTML code directly from the Content Delivery Network (CDN). **storage.googleapis.com** provides content for the latest version.

We are using storage.googleapis.com CDN version of the library throughout this tutorial.

Example

Now, let us rewrite the above example using material.css and material.js from the Google CDN.



The above program will generate the following result -

```
Hello World!
```



3. Material Design Lite – Layouts

In this chapter, we will discuss the different layouts in Material Design Lite. HTML5 has the following container elements:

- <div> Provides a generic container to HTML content.
- <header> Represents the header section.
- **<footer>** Represents the footer section.
- <article> Represents articles.
- **<section>** Provides a generic container for various types of sections.

MDL provides various CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements to the containers. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description			
1	mdl-layout Identifies a container as an MDL component. Required on outer container element.			
2	mdl-js-layout Adds basic MDL behavior to layout. Required on outer container element.			
3	mdl-layoutheader Identifies container as an MDL component. Required on header element.			
4	mdl-layout-icon Used to add an application icon. Gets overridden by menu icon if both are visible. Optional icon element.			
5	mdl-layoutheader-row Identifies container as MDL header row. Required on header content container.			
6	mdl-layouttitle Identifies layout title text. Required on layout title container.			
7	mdl-layout-spacer Used to align elements inside a header or drawer. It grows to fill remaining space. Commonly used for aligning elements to the right. Optional on div following layout title.			
8	mdl-navigation Identifies container as MDL navigation group. Required on nav element.			



9	mdl-navigationlink Identifies anchor as MDL navigation link. Required on header and/or drawer anchor elements.
10	mdl-layoutdrawer Identifies container as MDL layout drawer. Required on drawer container element.
11	mdl-layoutcontent Identifies container as MDL layout content. Required on main element.
12	mdl-layoutheaderscroll Makes the header scroll with the content. Optional on header element.
13	mdl-layoutfixed-drawer Makes the drawer always visible and open in larger screens. Optional on outer container element and not on drawer container element.
14	mdl-layoutfixed-header Makes the header always visible, even in small screens. Optional on outer container element.
15	mdl-layoutlarge-screen-only Hides an element on smaller screens. Optional on any descendant of mdl-layout.
16	mdl-layoutsmall-screen-only Hides an element on larger screens. Optional on any descendant of mdl-layout.
17	mdl-layoutheaderwaterfall Allows a "waterfall" effect with multiple header lines. Optional on header element.
18	mdl-layoutheadertransparent Makes header transparent and draws on top of layout background. Optional on header element.
19	mdl-layoutheaderseamed Uses a header without a shadow. Optional on header element.
20	mdl-layouttab-bar Identifies container as an MDL tab bar. Required on container element inside header (tabbed layout).
21	mdl-layouttab Identifies anchor as MDL tab link. Required on tab bar anchor elements.
22	is-active Identifies tab as default active tab. Optional on tab bar anchor element and associated tab section element.



23	mdl-layouttab-panel Identifies container as tab content panel. Required on tab section elements.
24	mdl-layoutfixed-tabs Uses fixed tabs instead of the default scrollable tabs. Optional on outer container element , not container inside header.

The following examples show the use of mdl-layout class to style various containers.

Fixed Drawer

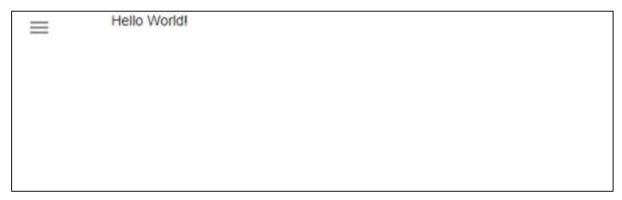
To create a template with fixed drawer but no header, the following MDL classes are used:

- mdl-layout Identifies a div as an MDL component.
- mdl-js-layout Adds basic MDL behavior to outer div.
- **mdl-layout--fixed-drawer** Makes the drawer always visible and open in larger screens.
- mdl-layout__drawer Identifies div as MDL layout drawer.
- mdl-layout-title Identifies layout title text.
- mdl-navigation Identifies div as MDL navigation group.
- **mdl-navigation__link** Identifies anchor as MDL navigation link.
- mdl-layout__content Identifies div as MDL layout content.

mdl_fixeddrawer.htm



Verify the result.



Fixed Header

To create a template with fixed header, following additional MDL class is used.

• mdl-layout--fixed-header - Makes the header always visible, even in small screens.

mdl_fixedheader.htm



```
<header class="mdl-layout_header">
         <div class="mdl-layout header-row">
            <!-- Title -->
            <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
            <!-- Add spacer, to align navigation to the right -->
            <div class="mdl-layout-spacer"></div>
            <!-- Navigation -->
            <nav class="mdl-navigation">
               <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="" style="color:gray">Home</a>
               <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="" style="color:gray">About</a>
            </nav>
         </div>
      </header>
      <div class="mdl-layout__drawer">
         <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
         <nav class="mdl-navigation">
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
         </nav>
      </div>
      <main class="mdl-layout__content">
         <div class="page-content">Hello World!</div>
      </main>
   </div>
</body>
</html>
```

Verify the result.

```
Hello World!
```



Fixed Header and Drawer

To create a template with fixed header and a fixed drawer, following additional MDL classes are used.

- mdl-layout--fixed-drawer Makes the drawer always visible and open in larger screens.
- mdl-layout--fixed-header Makes the header always visible, even in small screens.

mdl fixedheader.htm

```
<html>
   <head>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
      <script src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
      <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   </head>
<body>
   <!-- The drawer is always open in large screens. The header is always shown,
even in small screens. -->
   <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-drawer mdl-layout--</pre>
fixed-header">
      <header class="mdl-layout header">
         <div class="mdl-layout_header-row">
            <!-- Title -->
            <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
            <!-- Add spacer, to align navigation to the right -->
            <div class="mdl-layout-spacer"></div>
            <!-- Navigation -->
            <nav class="mdl-navigation">
               <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="" style="color:gray">Home</a>
              <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="" style="color:gray">About</a>
            </nav>
         </div>
      </header>
      <div class="mdl-layout__drawer">
         <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
         <nav class="mdl-navigation">
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
```



Verify the result.



Scrolling Header

To create a template with scrolling header, the following MDL classes are used.

• mdl-layout--header--scroll - Makes the header scroll with the content.

mdl_scrollingheader.htm



```
<header class="mdl-layout_header mdl-layout_header--scroll">
 <div class="mdl-layout_header-row">
 <!-- Title -->
   <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
   <!-- Add spacer, to align navigation to the right -->
   <div class="mdl-layout-spacer"></div>
   <!-- Navigation -->
   <nav class="mdl-navigation">
    <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
    <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
   </nav>
 </div>
</header>
<div class="mdl-layout__drawer">
 <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
 <nav class="mdl-navigation">
   <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
   <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
 </nav>
</div>
<main class="mdl-layout__content">
 <div class="page-content" style="padding-left:100px;">Hello World!
```



Verify the result.

Contracting Header

To create a template with a header that contracts as the page scrolls down, the following MDL class is used.

• mdl-layout__header--waterfall - Allows a "waterfall" effect with multiple header lines.

mdl_waterfallheader.htm



```
<body>
  <!-- The drawer is always open in large screens. The header is always shown,
even in small screens. -->
  <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout ">
     <header class="mdl-layout header mdl-layout header--waterfall">
        <!-- Top row, always visible -->
       <div class="mdl-layout__header-row">
         <!-- Title -->
         <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
         <!-- Add spacer, to align navigation to the right -->
         <div class="mdl-layout-spacer"></div>
      </div>
       <!-- Bottom row, not visible on scroll -->
   <div class="mdl-layout_header-row">
     <div class="mdl-layout-spacer"></div>
         <!-- Navigation -->
         <nav class="mdl-navigation">
            <a class="mdl-navigation link" href="">Home</a>
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
         </nav>
       </div>
     </header>
     <div class="mdl-layout drawer">
       <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
       <nav class="mdl-navigation">
         <a class="mdl-navigation link" href="">Home</a>
         <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
       </nav>
     </div>
     <main class="mdl-layout__content">
       <div class="page-content" style="padding-left:100px;">Hello World!
```



```
</div>
</main>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

Verify the result.

```
...
```

Fixed Header with Scrollable Tabs

To create a template with a header having scrollable tabs, the following MDL classes are used.

- mdl-layout__tab-bar Identifies container as an MDL tab bar.
- mdl-layout__tab Identifies anchor as an MDL tab link.



• mdl-layout__tab-panel - Identifies container as a tab content panel.

mdl_scrollabletabheader.htm

```
<html>
   <head>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
      <script src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   </head>
<body>
   <!-- The drawer is always open in large screens. The header is always shown,
even in small screens. -->
   <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-header">
      <header class="mdl-layout__header">
         <!-- Top row, always visible -->
         <div class="mdl-layout header-row">
         <!-- Title -->
            <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
         </div>
         <!-- Tabs -->
         <div class="mdl-layout__tab-bar mdl-js-ripple-effect">
            <a href="#scroll-tab-1" class="mdl-layout__tab is-active">Tab 1</a>
            <a href="#scroll-tab-2" class="mdl-layout__tab">Tab 2</a>
            <a href="#scroll-tab-3" class="mdl-layout__tab">Tab 3</a>
         </div>
      </header>
      <div class="mdl-layout__drawer">
         <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
         <nav class="mdl-navigation">
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
         </nav>
      </div>
      <main class="mdl-layout__content">
```



Verify the result.

```
HTML5 Tutorial

TAB 1 TAB 2 TAB 3

Tab 1 Contents
```

Fixed Header with Fixed Tabs

To create a template with a header having fixed tabs, the following additional MDL class is used.

• mdl-layout--fixed-tabs - Uses fixed tabs instead of the default scrollable tabs.

mdl fixedtabheader.htm



```
<script src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
      <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   </head>
<body>
   <!-- The drawer is always open in large screens. The header is always shown,
even in small screens. -->
   <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-header mdl-layout--</pre>
fixed-tabs">
      <header class="mdl-layout__header">
         <!-- Top row, always visible -->
         <div class="mdl-layout header-row">
         <!-- Title -->
            <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
         </div>
         <!-- Tabs -->
         <div class="mdl-layout__tab-bar mdl-js-ripple-effect">
            <a href="#scroll-tab-1" class="mdl-layout__tab is-active">Tab 1</a>
            <a href="#scroll-tab-2" class="mdl-layout__tab">Tab 2</a>
            <a href="#scroll-tab-3" class="mdl-layout tab">Tab 3</a>
         </div>
      </header>
      <div class="mdl-layout__drawer">
         <span class="mdl-layout-title">HTML5 Tutorial</span>
         <nav class="mdl-navigation">
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
            <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
         </nav>
      </div>
      <main class="mdl-layout__content">
         <section class="mdl-layout__tab-panel is-active" id="scroll-tab-1">
            <div class="page-content">Tab 1 Contents</div>
         </section>
         <section class="mdl-layout__tab-panel" id="scroll-tab-2">
            <div class="page-content">Tab 2 Contents</div>
         </section>
         <section class="mdl-layout__tab-panel" id="scroll-tab-3">
            <div class="page-content">Tab 3 Contents</div>
         </section>
```



```
</main>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

Verify the result.





4. Material Design Lite – Grids

The Material Design Lite (MDL) grid is a component for laying out content for varying screen sizes. The MDL grid is defined and enclosed by a container/div element. A grid has 12 columns in the desktop size screen, 8 in the tablet size screen, and 4 in the phone size screen, where each size has predefined margins and gutters. Cells are laid out in sequential manner in a row, in the order they are defined, with following exceptions:

- If a grid cell is not fit for the row in one of the screen sizes, it flows into the following line.
- If a grid cell has a specified column size equal to or larger than the number of columns for the screen size, it takes up the entire row.

MDL provides various CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements to the grid. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description			
1	mdl-layout Identifies a container as an MDL component. Required on outer container element.			
2	mdl-grid Identifies a container as an MDL grid component. Required on "outer" div element.			
3	mdl-cell Identifies a container as an MDL cell. Required on "inner" div elements.			
4	mdl-gridno-spacing Updates the grid cells to have no margin between them. Optional for grid container.			
5	mdl-cellN-col This helps put the column size for the cell to N, N is 1-12 inclusive, defaults to 4; optional for "inner" div elements.			
6	mdl-cellN-col-desktop This helps put the column size for the cell to N in desktop mode only, N is 1-12 inclusive; optional for "inner" div elements.			
7	mdl-cellN-col-tablet This helps put the column size for the cell to N in tablet mode only, N inclusive; optional for "inner" div elements.			



8	mdl-cellN-col-phone This helps put the column size for the cell to N in phone mode only, N is 1-4 inclusive; optional for "inner" div elements.
9	mdl-cellhide-desktop Hides the cell when in desktop mode. Optional for "inner" div elements.
10	mdl-cellhide-tablet Hides the cell when in tablet mode. Optional for "inner" div elements.
11	mdl-cellhide-phone Hides the cell when in phone mode. Optional for "inner" div elements.
12	mdl-cellstretch Stretches the cell vertically to fill the parent, default; optional for "inner" div elements.
13	mdl-celltop Aligns the cell to the top of the parent. Optional for "inner" div elements.
14	mdl-cellmiddle Aligns the cell to the middle of the parent. Optional for "inner" div elements.
15	mdl-cellbottom Aligns the cell to the bottom of the parent. Optional for "inner" div elements.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-grid class to layout contents on various screens.

The MDL classes given below will be used in this example.

- **mdl-layout** Identifies a div as an MDL component.
- mdl-js-layout Adds basic MDL behavior to outer div.
- **mdl-layout--fixed-header** Makes the header always visible, even in small screens.
- mdl-layout_header-row Identifies container as MDL header row.
- mdl-layout__drawer Identifies div as MDL layout drawer.
- mdl-layout-title Identifies layout title text.
- **mdl-navigation** Identifies div as MDL navigation group.
- **mdl-navigation__link** Identifies anchor as MDL navigation link.
- mdl-layout__content Identifies div as MDL layout content.



- **mdl-grid** Identifies div as an MDL grid component.
- mdl-cell Identifies div as MDL cell.
- **mdl-cell--1-col** Sets the column size for the cell to that of 1 cell out of 12 cells in desktop screen size.
- **mdl-cell--2-col** Sets the column size for the cell to that of 2 cell out of 12 cells in desktop screen size.
- **mdl-cell--4-col** Sets the column size for the cell to that of 4 cell out of 12 cells in desktop screen size.
- **mdl-cell--6-col** Sets the column size for the cell to that of 6 cell out of 12 cells in desktop screen size.
- **mdl-cell--4-col-phone** Sets the column size for the cell to that of 4 cell out of 4 cells in phone screen size.
- **mdl-cell--6-col-tablet** Sets the column size for the cell to that of 6 cell out of 8 cells in tablet screen size.
- **mdl-cell--8-col-tablet** Sets the column size for the cell to that of 8 cell out of 8 cells in tablet screen size.

mdl_grid.htm

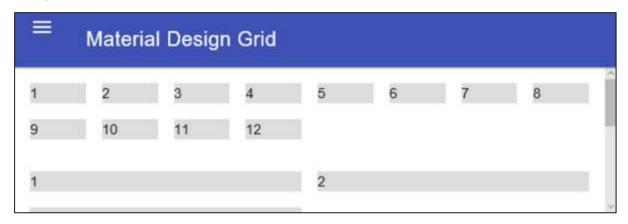
```
<html>
   <head>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></scr</pre>
ipt>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
      <style>
         .graybox {
            background-color:#ddd;
         }
      </style>
   </head>
<body>
   <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-header">
      <header class="mdl-layout header">
```



```
<div class="mdl-layout_header-row">
      <span class="mdl-layout-title">Material Design Grid</span>
   </div>
</header>
<div class="mdl-layout__drawer">
   <span class="mdl-layout-title">Material Design Tutorial/
   <nav class="mdl-navigation">
      <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">Home</a>
      <a class="mdl-navigation__link" href="">About</a>
   </nav>
</div>
<main class="mdl-layout__content">
   <div class="mdl-grid">
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">1</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">2</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">3</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">4</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">5</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">6</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">7</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">8</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">9</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">10</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">11</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--1-col graybox">12</div>
   </div>
   <div class="mdl-grid">
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--4-col graybox">1</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--4-col graybox">2</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--4-col graybox">3</div>
   </div>
   <div class="mdl-grid">
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--6-col graybox">6</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--4-col graybox">4</div>
      <div class="mdl-cell mdl-cell--2-col graybox">2</div>
   </div>
   <div class="mdl-grid">
```



Verify the result.





5. Material Design Lite – Tabs

The Material Design Lite (MDL) tab component is a user interface component which helps to show multiple screens in a single space in an exclusive manner.

MDL provides various CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements to the tabs. The following table mentions the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-layout Identifies a container as an MDL component. Required on outer container element.
2	mdl-tabs Identifies a tabs container as an MDL component. Required on "outer" div element.
3	mdl-js-tabs Sets basic MDL behavior to tabs container. Required on "outer" div element.
4	mdl-js-ripple-effect Adds ripple click effect to tab links. Optional; goes on "outer" div element.
5	mdl-tabstab-bar Identifies a container as an MDL tabs link bar. Required on first "inner" div element.
6	mdl-tabstab Identifies an anchor (link) as an MDL tab activator. Required on all links in first "inner" div element.
7	is-active Identifies a tab as the default display tab. Required on one (and only one) of the "inner" div (tab) elements.
8	mdl-tabspanel Identifies a container as tab content. Required on each of the "inner" div (tab) elements.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-tab class to layout contents on various tabs.

The MDL classes given below will be used in this example:

• mdl-layout - Identifies a div as an MDL component.



- mdl-js-layout Adds basic MDL behavior to outer div.
- mdl-layout--fixed-header Makes the header always visible, even in small screens.
- mdl-layout_header-row Identifies container as MDL header row.
- mdl-layout-title Identifies layout title text.
- mdl-layout__content Identifies div as MDL layout content.
- mdl-tabs Identifies a tabs container as an MDL component.
- mdl-js-tabs Sets basic MDL behavior to tabs container.
- mdl-tabs__tab-bar Identifies a container as an MDL tabs link bar.
- mdl-tabs tab Identifies an anchor (link) as an MDL tab activator.
- is-active Identifies a tab as the default display tab.
- mdl-tabs__panel Identifies a container as tab content.

mdl_tabs.htm

```
<html>
   <head>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
      <script src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   </head>
   <body>
    <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-header">
      <header class="mdl-layout__header">
         <div class="mdl-layout_header-row">
            <span class="mdl-layout-title">Material Design Tabs</span>
         </div>
      </header>
      <main class="mdl-layout content">
         <div class="mdl-tabs mdl-js-tabs">
            <div class="mdl-tabs tab-bar">
               <a href="#tab1-panel" class="mdl-tabs__tab is-active">Tab 1</a>
               <a href="#tab2-panel" class="mdl-tabs__tab">Tab 2</a>
               <a href="#tab3-panel" class="mdl-tabs__tab">Tab 3</a>
            </div>
            <div class="mdl-tabs__panel is-active" id="tab1-panel">
               Tab 1 Content
```



Verify the result.

Materia	l Design Tab)S		
	TAB 1	TAB 2	TAB 3	
Tab 1 Content				



6. Material Design Lite – Footers

An MDL footer component comes in two primary forms: **mega-footer** and **mini-footer**. mega-footer contains more complex content than mini-footer. A mega-footer can represent multiple sections of content which are separated by horizontal rules, whereas a mini-footer presents a single section of content. The footers typically contain both informational and clickable content, such as links.

MDL provides various CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements to the mega-footer and mini-footer. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-mega-footer Identifies container as an MDL mega-footer component. Required for footer element.
2	mdl-mega-footertop-section Identifies container as a footer top section. Required for top section "outer" div element.
3	mdl-mega-footerleft-section Identifies container as a left section. Required for left section "inner" div element.
4	mdl-mega-footersocial-btn Identifies a decorative square within mega-footer. Required for button element (if used).
5	mdl-mega-footerright-section Identifies container as a right section. Required for right section "inner" div element.
6	mdl-mega-footermiddle-section Identifies container as a footer middle section. Required for middle section "outer" div element.
7	mdl-mega-footerdrop-down-section Identifies container as a drop-down (vertical) content area. Required for drop-down "inner" div elements.
8	mdl-mega-footerheading Identifies a heading as a mega-footer heading. Required for h1 element inside drop-down section.
9	mdl-mega-footerlink-list Identifies an unordered list as a drop-down (vertical) list. Required for ul element inside drop-down section.



10	mdl-mega-footerbottom-section Identifies container as a footer bottom section. Required for bottom section "outer" div element.
11	mdl-logo Identifies a container as a styled section heading. Required for "inner" div element in mega-footer bottom-section or mini-footer left-section.
12	mdl-mini-footer Identifies container as an MDL mini-footer component. Required for footer element.
13	mdl-mini-footerleft-section Identifies container as a left section. Required for left section "inner" div element.
14	mdl-mini-footerlink-list Identifies an unordered list as an inline (horizontal) list. Required for ul element sibling to "mdl-logo" div element.
15	mdl-mini-footerright-section Identifies container as a right section. Required for right section "inner" div element.
16	mdl-mini-footersocial-btn Identifies a decorative square within mini-footer. Required for button element (if used).

Now, let us see a few examples to understand the use of MDL footer classes to style footers.

Mega Footer

Let us discuss the use of the **mdl-mega-footer** class to layout contents in a footer. The following MDL classes will be used in this example.

- mdl-layout Identifies a div as an MDL component.
- mdl-js-layout Adds basic MDL behavior to outer div.
- **mdl-layout--fixed-header** Makes the header always visible, even in small screens.
- mdl-layout_header-row Identifies container as MDL header row.
- mdl-layout-title Identifies layout title text.
- **mdl-layout__content** Identifies div as MDL layout content.
- **mdl-mega-footer** Identifies container as an MDL mega-footer component.
- mdl-mega-footer__top-section Identifies container as a footer top section.



- mdl-mega-footer__left-section Identifies container as a left section.
- **mdl-mega-footer__social-btn** Identifies a decorative square within mini-footer.
- **mdl-mega-footer___right-section** Identifies container as a right section.
- **mdl-mega-footer__middle-section** Identifies container as a footer middle section.
- **mdl-mega-footer__drop-down-section** Identifies container as a drop-down (vertical) content area.
- mdl-mega-footer_heading Identifies a heading as a mega-footer heading.
- mdl-mega-footer__link-list Identifies an unordered list as an inline (horizontal) list.
- **mdl-mega-footer__bottom-section** Identifies container as a footer bottom section.
- **mdl-logo** Identifies a container as a styled section heading.

mdl megafooter.htm

```
<html>
   <head>
      <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
      <script src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
      <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   </head>
<body>
   <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-header">
      <header class="mdl-layout header">
         <div class="mdl-layout_header-row">
            <span class="mdl-layout-title">Material Design Tabs</span>
         </div>
      </header>
      <main class="mdl-layout content">
         <footer class="mdl-mega-footer">
            <div class="mdl-mega-footer__top-section">
                <div class="mdl-mega-footer__left-section">
                   <button class="mdl-mega-footer social-btn">1</button>
                   <button class="mdl-mega-footer__social-btn">2</button>
                   <button class="mdl-mega-footer__social-btn">3</button>
```



```
</div>
           <div class="mdl-mega-footer__right-section">
              <a href="">Link 1</a>
              <a href="">Link 2</a>
              <a href="">Link 3</a>
           </div>
         </div>
         <div class="mdl-mega-footer__middle-section">
           <div class="mdl-mega-footer__drop-down-section">
              <h1 class="mdl-mega-footer_heading">Heading </h1>
              <a href="">Link A</a>
                <a href="">Link B</a>
              </div>
           <div class="mdl-mega-footer__drop-down-section">
              <h1 class="mdl-mega-footer_heading">Heading </h1>
              <a href="">Link C</a>
                <a href="">Link D</a>
              </div>
         </div>
         <div class="mdl-mega-footer__bottom-section">
           <div class="mdl-logo">
              Bottom Section
           </div>
           <a href="">Link A</a>
              <a href="">Link B</a>
           </div>
       </footer>
    </main>
  </body>
</html>
```



Verify the result.



Mini Footer

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-mini-footer** class to layout contents in a footer.

The MDL classes given below will be used in this example.

- mdl-layout Identifies a div as an MDL component.
- mdl-js-layout Adds basic MDL behavior to outer div.
- mdl-layout--fixed-header Makes the header always visible, even in small screens.
- mdl-layout_header-row Identifies container as MDL header row.
- mdl-layout-title Identifies layout title text.
- mdl-layout__content Identifies div as MDL layout content.
- **mdl-mini-footer** Identifies container as an MDL mini-footer component.
- mdl-mini-footer left-section Identifies container as a left section.
- **mdl-logo** Identifies a container as a styled section heading.
- mdl-mini-footer__link-list Identifies an unordered list as an inline (horizontal) list.
- **mdl-mini-footer___right-section** Identifies container as a right section.

mdl minifooter.htm



```
<script
src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></scr</pre>
     <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
<body>
  <div class="mdl-layout mdl-js-layout mdl-layout--fixed-header">
     <header class="mdl-layout_header">
        <div class="mdl-layout__header-row">
           <span class="mdl-layout-title">Material Design Tabs</span>
        </div>
     </header>
     <main class="mdl-layout__content">
        <footer class="mdl-mini-footer">
           <div class="mdl-mini-footer left-section">
              <div class="mdl-logo">
                 Copyright Information
              <a href="#">Help</a>
                 <a href="#">Privacy and Terms</a>
                 <a href="#">User Agreement</a>
              </div>
           <div class="mdl-mini-footer__right-section">
              <button class="mdl-mini-footer__social-btn">1</button>
              <button class="mdl-mini-footer social-btn">2</button>
              <button class="mdl-mini-footer social-btn">3</button>
           </div>
        </footer>
     </main>
  </body>
</html>
```







7. Material Design Lite – Badges

An MDL badge component is an onscreen notification which can be a number or an icon. It is generally used to emphasize the number of items.

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements to the badges. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description			
1	mdl-badge Identifies element as an MDL badge component. Required for span or link element.			
2	mdl-badgeno-background Applies open-circle effect to badge and is optional.			
3	mdl-badgeoverlap Makes the badge overlap with its container and is optional.			
4	data-badge="value" Assigns a string value to badge used as attribute; required on span or link.			

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-badge** class to add notifications to span and link elements.

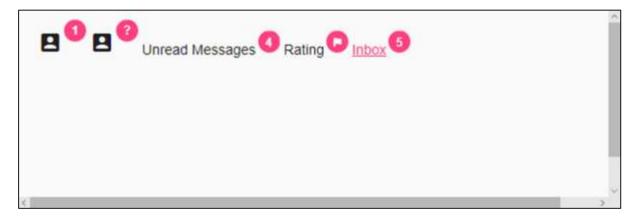
The MDL classes given below will be used in this example.

- **mdl-badge** Identifies element as an MDL badge component.
- **data-badge** Assigns a string value to badge. Icons can be assigned to it using HTML symbols.

mdl_badges.htm



```
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
      <style>
         body {
            padding: 20px;
            background: #fafafa;
            position: relative;
         }
      </style>
   </head>
   <body>
      <span class="material-icons mdl-badge" data-badge="1">account_box</span>
      <span class="material-icons mdl-badge" data-badge="★">account_box</span>
      <span class="mdl-badge" data-badge="4">Unread Messages</span>
      <span class="mdl-badge" data-badge="₱">Rating</span>
      <a href="#" class="mdl-badge" data-badge="5">Inbox</a>
   </body>
</html>
```





8. Material Design Lite – Buttons

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements to the buttons. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-button Sets button as an MDL component, required.
2	mdl-js-button Adds basic MDL behavior to button, required.
3	(none) Sets flat display effect to button, default.
4	mdl-buttonraised Sets raised display effect; this is mutually exclusive with fab, mini-fab, and icon.
5	mdl-buttonfab Sets fab (circular) display effect; this is mutually exclusive with raised, mini-fab, and icon.
6	mdl-buttonmini-fab Sets mini-fab (small fab circular) display effect; this is mutually exclusive with raised, fab, and icon.
7	mdl-buttonicon Sets icon (small plain circular) display effect; this is mutually exclusive with raised, fab, and mini-fab.
8	mdl-buttoncolored Sets colored display effect where the colors are defined in material.min.css.
9	mdl-buttonprimary Sets primary color display effect where the colors are defined in material.min.css.
10	mdl-buttonaccent Sets accent color display effect where the colors are defined in material.min.css.
11	mdl-js-ripple-effect Sets ripple click effect, can be used in combination with any other class.



Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-button** classes to show the different types of buttons.

mdl_buttons.htm

```
<html>
  <head>
     <script
src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></scr</pre>
     <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
     <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
  </head>
<body>
   td><button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--fab mdl-
button--colored"><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
        <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--fab mdl-js-
ripple-effect mdl-button--colored"><i class="material-
icons">add</i></button>

     Colored fab (circular) display effect
        Colored fab (circular) with ripple display effect

     <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--fab"><i
class="material-icons">add</i></button></rapped>
        + sutton class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--fab mdl-js-
ripple-effect"><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
        <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--fab"
disabled><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
```



```
Plain fab (circular) display effect
       Plain fab (circular) with ripple display effect
       Plain fab (circular) and disabled
     <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--raised"><i
-button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--raised mdl-js-
ripple-effect"><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
       <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--raised"
disabled><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
    Raised button
       Raised button with ripple display effect
       Raised button and disabled
    <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--raised mdl-
button--colored"><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
       <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--raised mdl-
button--accent"><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
       -button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--raised mdl-js-
ripple-effect mdl-button--accent"><i class="material-</pre>
icons">add</i></button>
    Colored Raised button
       Accent-colored Raised button
       Accent-colored raised button with ripple effect
    <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button"><i class="material-
icons">add</i></button>
       ripple-effect"<i
class="material-icons">add</i></button>
       <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button" disabled><i
class="material-icons">add</i></button>
```



```
Flat button
      Flat button with ripple effect
      Disabled flat button
    <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--primary"><i
class="material-icons">add</i></button></rapped>
      -accent"><i
class="material-icons">add</i></button></rr>

    Primary Flat button
      Accent-colored Flat button

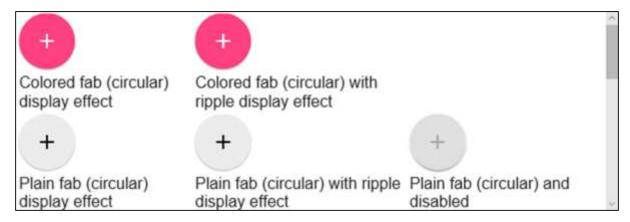
    <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--icon"><i
<button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--icon mdl-
button--colored"><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>

    Icon button
      Colored Icon button

    <button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--fab mdl-
button--mini-fab"><i class="material-icons">add</i></button>
      td><button class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--fab mdl-
button--mini-fab mdl-button--colored"><i class="material-</pre>
icons">add</i></button>

    Mini Colored fab (circular) display effect
      Mini Colored fab (circular) with ripple display effect
```







9. Material Design Lite – Cards

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of cards. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description			
1	mdl-card Identifies div element as an MDL card container, required on "outer" div.			
2	mdl-cardborder Puts a border to the card section that it is applied to and is used on the "inner" divs.			
	mdl-shadow2dp through mdl-shadow16dp			
3	Sets variable shadow depths (2, 3, 4, 6, 8, or 16) to card and is optional, goes on "outer" div; if omitted, no shadow is shown.			
4	mdl-cardtitle Identifies div as a card title container and is required on "inner" title div.			
5	mdl-cardtitle-text Puts appropriate text characteristics to card title and is required on head tag (H1 - H6) inside title div.			
6	mdl-cardsubtitle-text Puts text characteristics to a card subtitle and is optional. It should be a child of the title element.			
7	mdl-cardmedia Identifies div as a card media container and is required on "inner" media div.			
8	mdl-cardsupporting-text Identifies div as a card body text container and assigns appropriate text characteristics to body text and is required on "inner" body text div; text goes directly inside the div with no intervening containers.			
9	mdl-cardactions Identifies div as a card actions container and assigns appropriate text characteristics to actions text and is required on "inner" actions div; content goes directly inside the div with no intervening containers.			



Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-tooltip classes to show different types of tooltips.

mdl_cards.htm

```
<html>
<head>
   <script
src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></scr</pre>
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
      .wide-card.mdl-card {
         width: 512px;
      }
      .square-card.mdl-card {
         width: 256px;
         height: 256px;
      }
      .image-card.mdl-card {
         width: 256px;
         height: 256px;
         background: url('html5-mini-logo.jpg') center / cover;
      }
      .image-card-image__filename {
         color: #000;
         font-size: 14px;
         font-weight: bold;
      }
           .event-card.mdl-card {
         width: 256px;
         height: 256px;
         background: #3E4EB8;
```

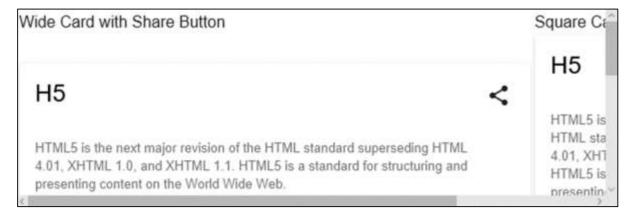


```
}
          .event-card.mdl-card title {
        color: #fff;
        height: 176px;
     }
          .event-card > .mdl-card actions {
        border-color: rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.2);
        display: flex;
        box-sizing:border-box;
        align-items: center;
        color: #fff;
      }
</style>
</head>
<body>
   Wide Card with Share ButtonSquare Card
      <div class="wide-card mdl-card mdl-shadow--2dp">
           <div class="mdl-card title">
              <h2 class="mdl-card__title-text">H5</h2>
           </div>
           <div class="mdl-card__supporting-text">
              HTML5 is the next major revision of the HTML standard
superseding HTML 4.01, XHTML 1.0, and XHTML 1.1. HTML5 is a standard for
structuring and presenting content on the World Wide Web.
           </div>
           <div class="mdl-card__actions mdl-card--border">
              <a class="mdl-button mdl-button--colored mdl-js-button mdl-js-</pre>
ripple-effect">Learn HTML5</a>
           </div>
           <div class="mdl-card_menu">
              <button class="mdl-button mdl-button--icon mdl-js-button mdl-js-</pre>
ripple-effect"><i class="material-icons">share</i></button>
           </div>
         </div>
```



```
>
         <div class="square-card mdl-card mdl-shadow--2dp">
           <div class="mdl-card__title">
               <h2 class="mdl-card title-text">H5</h2>
           </div>
           <div class="mdl-card__supporting-text">
              HTML5 is the next major revision of the HTML standard
superseding HTML 4.01, XHTML 1.0, and XHTML 1.1. HTML5 is a standard for
structuring and presenting content on the World Wide Web.
           </div>
            <div class="mdl-card__actions mdl-card--border"><a class="mdl-</pre>
button mdl-button--colored mdl-js-button mdl-js-ripple-effect">Learn HTML5</a>
           </div>
           <div class="mdl-card_menu">
              <button class="mdl-button mdl-button--icon mdl-js-button mdl-js-</pre>
ripple-effect"><i class="material-icons">share</i></button></div>
           </div>
             Image CardEvent Card
      <
         <div class="image-card mdl-card mdl-shadow--2dp">
           <div class="mdl-card title mdl-card--expand"></div>
           <div class="mdl-card actions">
              <span class="image-card-image filename">html5-logo.jpg</span>
           </div>
         </div>
         >
           <div class="event-card mdl-card mdl-shadow--2dp">
               <div class="mdl-card__title mdl-card--expand">
                  <h4>HTML 5 Webinar:<br/>June 14, 2016<br/>7 - 11 pm IST</h4>
              </div>
               <div class="mdl-card__actions mdl-card--border">
                 <a class="mdl-button mdl-button--colored mdl-js-button mdl-</pre>
js-ripple-effect">Add to Calendar</a>
                 <div class="mdl-layout-spacer"></div>
                  <i class="material-icons">event</i>
```







10. Material Design Lite – Progress Bars

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of progress bars. The following table mentions the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-js-progress Sets basic MDL behavior to progress indicator and is a required class.
2	mdl-progressindeterminate Sets animation to progress indicator and is an optional class.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-js-progress** classes to show the different types of progress bars.

mdl_progressbars.htm

```
<html>
<head>
   <script src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
</head>
<body>
   <h4>Default Progress bar</h4>
   <div id="progressbar1" class="mdl-progress mdl-js-progress"></div>
   <h4>Indeterminate Progress bar</h4>
   <div id="progressbar2" class="mdl-progress mdl-js-progress mdl-</pre>
progress__indeterminate"></div>
   <h4>Buffering Progress bar</h4>
   <div id="progressbar3" class="mdl-progress mdl-js-progress"></div>
   <script language="javascript">
      document.querySelector('#progressbar1').addEventListener('mdl-
componentupgraded', function() {
         this.MaterialProgress.setProgress(44);
```



```
});
    document.querySelector('#progressbar3').addEventListener('mdl-
componentupgraded', function() {
        this.MaterialProgress.setProgress(33);
        this.MaterialProgress.setBuffer(87);
    });
    </script>
    </body>
    </html>
```

Verify the result.

Default Progress bar

Indeterminate Progress bar

Buffering Progress bar



11. Material Design Lite – Spinners

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of spinners. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-spinner Identifies a container as MDL spinner component and is a required class.
2	mdl-js-spinner Sets basic MDL behavior to spinner and is a required class.
3	is-active Shows and animates the spinner and is optional.
4	mdl-spinnersingle-color Uses a single color instead of changing colors and is optional.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-spinner** classes and the different types of spinners.

mdl_spinners.htm



Default Spinner	1
S	
Single Color Spinner	
O .	



12. Material Design Lite – Menus

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display different types of menu. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-button Identifies button as an MDL component and is required on button element.
2	mdl-js-button Sets basic MDL behavior to button and is required on button element.
3	mdl-buttonicon Sets icon to button and is required on button element.
4	material-icons Identifies span as a material icon and is required on an inline element.
5	mdl-menu Identifies an unordered list container as an MDL component and is required on ul element.
6	mdl-js-menu Sets basic MDL behavior to menu and is required on ul element.
7	mdl-menuitem Identifies buttons as MDL menu options and sets basic MDL behavior, required on list item elements.
8	mdl-js-ripple-effect Sets ripple click effect to option links and is optional; required on unordered list element.
9	mdl-menutop-left Sets the menu position above button, aligns left edge of menu with button and is optional; required on unordered list element.
10	(none) By default, menu is positioned below button, aligns to the left edge with button.
11	mdl-menutop-right Menu is positioned above button, aligns to the right edge with button, optional and goes on unordered list element.



mai-men 12 menu is p

mdl-menu--bottom-right

menu is positioned below button, aligns to the right edge with button, optional and goes on unordered list element.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-spinner** classes to show the different types of spinners.

mdl_menu.htm

```
<html>
<head>
   <script src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-pink.min.css">
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   <style>
       .container {
          position: relative;
         width: 200px;
      }
       .background {
          background: white;
          height: 148px;
         width: 100%;
      }
       .bar {
          box-sizing: border-box;
          background: #BBBBBB;
          color: white;
         width: 100%;
          height: 64px;
          padding: 16px;
      }
       .wrapper {
          box-sizing: border-box;
```



```
position: absolute;
      right: 16px;
    }
</style>
</head>
<body>
  Lower Left MenuLower Right MenuTop Left
MenuTop Right Menu
  >
    <div class="container mdl-shadow--2dp">
      <div class="bar">
         <button id="demo_menu-lower-left" class="mdl-button mdl-js-button</pre>
mdl-button--icon" data-upgraded=",MaterialButton">
           <i class="material-icons">more_vert</i>
         </button>
         ripple-effect"
           for="demo_menu-lower-left">
           Item #1
           Item #2
           Disabled Item
         </div>
      <div class="background"></div>
    </div>
  >
    <div class="container mdl-shadow--2dp">
      <div class="bar">
         <div class="wrapper">
           <button id="demo_menu-lower-right" class="mdl-button mdl-js-</pre>
button mdl-button--icon" data-upgraded=",MaterialButton">
             <i class="material-icons">more_vert</i>
           </button>
           ripple-effect"
```



```
for="demo_menu-lower-right">
            Item #1
            Item #2
            Disabled Item
          </div>
      </div>
      <div class="background"></div>
    </div>
  >
    <div class="container mdl-shadow--2dp">
       <div class="background"></div>
      <div class="bar">
        <button id="demo_menu-top-left" class="mdl-button mdl-js-button</pre>
mdl-button--icon" data-upgraded=",MaterialButton">
          <i class="material-icons">more_vert</i>
        </button>
        for="demo_menu-top-left">
          Item #1
          Item #2
          Disabled Item
        </div>
    </div>
  <div class="container mdl-shadow--2dp">
       <div class="background"></div>
      <div class="bar">
        <div class="wrapper">
          <button id="demo_menu-top-right" class="mdl-button mdl-js-button</pre>
mdl-button--icon" data-upgraded=",MaterialButton">
            <i class="material-icons">more_vert</i>
          </button>
          ripple-effect"
```







13. Material Design Lite – Sliders

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of menu. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-slider Identifies input element as an MDL component and is required.
2	mdl-js-slider Sets basic MDL behavior to input element and is required.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-slider classes to show the different types of sliders.

mdl_sliders.htm

```
<html>
<head>
   <script
src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></scr</pre>
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   <script langauage="javascript">
     function showMessage(value){
        document.getElementById("message").innerHTML = value;
     }
   </script>
</head>
<body>
   Default SliderSlider with initial valueDisabled
Slider
     <input id="slider1" class="mdl-slider mdl-js-slider" type="range"
```



Default Slid	er Slider with in	nitial value Di	sabled Slider	
Value:	***			
25				



14. Material Design Lite – Checkboxes

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of checkboxes. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-checkbox Identifies label as an MDL component and is required on label element.
2	mdl-js-checkbox Sets basic MDL behavior to label and is required on label element.
3	mdl-checkboxinput Sets basic MDL behavior to checkbox and is required on input element (checkbox).
4	mdl-checkboxlabel Sets basic MDL behavior to caption and is required on span element (caption).
5	mdl-js-ripple-effect Sets ripple click effect and is optional; goes on the label element and not on the input element (checkbox).

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-slider classes to show the different types of check boxes.

mdl_checkboxes.htm



```
<body>
   Default CheckBoxCheckBox with Ripple
EffectDisabled CheckBox
     <label class="mdl-checkbox mdl-js-checkbox" for="checkbox1">
           <input type="checkbox" id="checkbox1" class="mdl-checkbox__input" checked>
           <span class="mdl-checkbox__label">Married</span>
        </label>
      >
        <label class="mdl-checkbox mdl-js-checkbox mdl-js-ripple-effect"</pre>
for="checkbox2">
           <input type="checkbox" id="checkbox2" class="mdl-checkbox__input">
           <span class="mdl-checkbox__label">Single</span>
        </label>
      <label class="mdl-checkbox mdl-js-checkbox" for="checkbox3">
           <input type="checkbox" id="checkbox3" class="mdl-checkbox__input" disabled>
           <span class="mdl-checkbox__label">Don't know (Disabled)</span>
        </label>
       </body>
</html>
```

Default CheckBox CheckBox with Ripple Effect Disabled CheckBox			
Married	☐ Single	□ Don't know (Disabled)	



15. Material Design Lite - Radio Buttons

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of radio buttons. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-radio Identifies label as an MDL component and is required on label element.
2	mdl-js-radio Sets basic MDL behavior to label and is required on label element.
3	mdl-radiobutton Sets basic MDL behavior to radio and is required on input element (radio button).
4	mdl-radiolabel Sets basic MDL behavior to caption and is required on span element (caption).
5	mdl-js-ripple-effect Sets ripple click effect and is optional; goes on the label element and not on the input element (radio button).

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-slider classes to show the different types of radio buttons.

mdl_radio.htm



```
<body>
  Default Radio ButtonRadio Button with Ripple
EffectDisabled Radio Button
     <label class="mdl-radio mdl-js-radio" for="option1">
           <input type="radio" id="option1" name="gender" class="mdl-radio__button" checked>
           <span class="mdl-radio__label">Male</span>
        </label>
      <label class="mdl-radio mdl-js-radio mdl-js-ripple-effect" for="option2">
          <input type="radio" id="option2" name="gender" class="mdl-radio__button" >
           <span class="mdl-radio__label">Female</span>
        </label>
      >
        <label class="mdl-radio mdl-js-radio" for="option3">
           <input type="radio" id="option3" name="gender" class="mdl-</pre>
radio__button" disabled>
           <span class="mdl-radio__label">Don't know (Disabled)</span>
        </label>
       </body>
</html>
```

	0 5	
Male	 Female 	O Don't know (Disabled)



16. Material Design Lite – Icons

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of checkboxes as icons. The following tables lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-icon-toggle Identifies label as an MDL component and is required on label element.
2	mdl-js-icon-toggle Sets basic MDL behavior to label and is required on label element.
3	mdl-icon-toggleinput Sets basic MDL behavior to icon-toggle and is required on input element (icon-toggle).
4	mdl-icon-togglelabel Sets basic MDL behavior to caption and is required on on i element (icon).
5	mdl-js-ripple-effect Sets ripple click effect and is optional; goes on the label element and not on the input element (icon-toggle).

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-icon-toggle** classes and the different types of checkboxes as icons.

mdl_icons.htm



```
<label class="mdl-icon-toggle mdl-js-icon-toggle mdl-js-ripple-effect"</pre>
for="icon-toggle-1">
            <input type="checkbox" id="icon-toggle-1" class="mdl-icon-</pre>
toggle__input" checked>
            <i class="mdl-icon-toggle__label material-icons">format_bold</i>
         </label>
       >
         <label class="mdl-icon-toggle mdl-js-icon-toggle mdl-js-ripple-effect"</pre>
for="icon-toggle-2">
            <input type="checkbox" id="icon-toggle-2" class="mdl-icon-toggle__input">
            <i class="mdl-icon-toggle__label material-icons">format_italic</i>
         </label>
       >
         <label class="mdl-icon-toggle mdl-js-icon-toggle mdl-js-ripple-effect"</pre>
for="icon-toggle-2">
            <input type="checkbox" id="icon-toggle-2" class="mdl-icon-toggle__input" disabled>
            <i class="mdl-icon-toggle__label material-icons">format_underline</i>
         </label>
        </body>
</html>
```

```
On Icon Off Icon Disabled Icon

B

I

U
```



17. Material Design Lite – Switches

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of checkboxes as switches. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-switch Identifies label as an MDL component and is required on label element.
2	mdl-js-switch Sets basic MDL behavior to label and is required on label element.
3	mdl-switchinput Sets basic MDL behavior to switch and is required on input element (switch).
4	mdl-switchlabel Sets basic MDL behavior to caption and is required on input element (caption).
5	mdl-js-ripple-effect Sets ripple click effect and is optional; goes on the label element and not on the input element (switch).

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-switch classes and the different types of checkboxes as switch.

mdl_switches.htm



```
On SwitchOff SwitchDisabled Switch
     <label class="mdl-switch mdl-js-switch mdl-js-ripple-effect" for="switch-1">
          <input type="checkbox" id="switch-1" class="mdl-switch__input" checked>
        </label>
      <label class="mdl-switch mdl-js-switch mdl-js-ripple-effect" for="switch-2">
           <input type="checkbox" id="switch-2" class="mdl-switch__input">
        </label>
      <label class="mdl-switch mdl-js-switch mdl-js-ripple-effect" for="switch-2">
          <input type="checkbox" id="switch-2" class="mdl-switch_input" disabled>
        </label>
       </body>
</html>
```

```
On Switch Off Switch Disabled Switch
```



18. Material Design Lite – DataTable

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display a table as data-table. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-data-table Identifies table as an MDL component and is required on table element.
2	mdl-js-data-table Sets basic MDL behavior to table and is required on table element.
3	mdl-data-tableselectable Sets all/individual selectable behavior (checkboxes) and is optional; goes on table element.
4	mdl-data-tablecellnon-numeric Sets text formatting to data cell and is optional; goes on both table header and table data cells.
5	(none) By default, sets the numeric formatting to header or data cell.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-data-table** classes to show a data-table.

mdl_data_tables.htm







19. Material Design Lite – Textfields

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of text inputs. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description
1	mdl-textfield Identifies container as an MDL component and is required on "outer" div element.
2	mdl-js-textfield Sets basic MDL behavior to input and is required on "outer" div element.
3	mdl-textfieldinput Identifies element as textfield input and is required on input or textarea element.
4	mdl-textfieldlabel Identifies element as textfield label and is required on label element for input or textarea elements.
5	mdl-textfieldfloating-label Applies floating label effect and is optional; goes on "outer" div element.
6	mdl-textfielderror Identifies span as an MDL error message and is optional; goes on span element for MDL input element with pattern.
7	mdl-textfieldexpandable Identifies a div as an MDL expandable text field container; used for expandable input fields, and is required on "outer" div element.
8	mdl-button Identifies label as an MDL icon button; used for expandable input fields, and is required on "outer" div's label element.
9	mdl-js-button Sets basic behavior to icon container; used for expandable input fields, and is required on "outer" div's label element.
10	mdl-buttonicon Identifies label as an MDL icon container; used for expandable input fields, and is required on "outer" div's label element.



11	mdl-inputexpandable-holder Identifies a container as an MDL component; used for expandable input fields, and is required on "inner" div element.
12	is-invalid Identifies the textfield as invalid on initial load and is optional on mdl-textfield element.

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the mdl-textfield classes to show the different types of textfields.

mdl_textfields.htm

```
<html>
<head>
   <script
src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   <script langauage="javascript">
     function showMessage(value){
         document.getElementById("message").innerHTML = value;
      }
   </script>
</head>
<body>
      Simple Text FieldNumeric Text FieldDisabled
Text Field
      <form action="#">
           <div class="mdl-textfield mdl-js-textfield">
              <input class="mdl-textfield__input" type="text" id="text1">
              <label class="mdl-textfield__label" for="text1">Text...</label>
           </div>
         </form>
```



```
<form action="#">
            <div class="mdl-textfield mdl-js-textfield">
               <input class="mdl-textfield input" type="text" pattern="-?[0-</pre>
9]*(\.[0-9]+)?" id="text2">
              <label class="mdl-textfield__label"</pre>
for="text2">Number...</label>
                     <span class="mdl-textfield__error">Number required!</span>
            </div>
         </form>
       <form action="#">
            <div class="mdl-textfield mdl-js-textfield">
              <input class="mdl-textfield__input" type="text" id="text3" disabled>
              <label class="mdl-textfield__label" for="text3">Disabled...</label>
            </div>
         </form>
        Simple Text Field with Floating LabelNumeric Text Field
with Floating Label 
      <form action="#">
            <div class="mdl-textfield mdl-js-textfield mdl-textfield--floating-label">
              <input class="mdl-textfield__input" type="text" id="text4">
              <label class="mdl-textfield__label" for="text4">Text...</label>
            </div>
         </form>
       <form action="#">
            <div class="mdl-textfield mdl-js-textfield mdl-textfield--floating-label">
              <input class="mdl-textfield__input" type="text" pattern="-?[0-</pre>
9]*(\.[0-9]+)?" id="text5">
              <label class="mdl-textfield label"</pre>
for="text5">Number...</label>
                     <span class="mdl-textfield__error">Number required!</span>
            </div>
```



```
</form>

     Multiline Text FieldExpandable Multiline Text
Field
     <form action="#">
           <div class="mdl-textfield mdl-js-textfield">
              <textarea class="mdl-textfield__input" type="text" rows= "3"</pre>
id="text7" ></textarea>
             <label class="mdl-textfield__label" for="text7">Lines...</label>
           </div>
         </form>
      <form action="#">
           <div class="mdl-textfield mdl-js-textfield mdl-textfield--expandable">
            <label class="mdl-button mdl-js-button mdl-button--icon" for="text8">
                <i class="material-icons">search</i>
             </label>
             <div class="mdl-textfield__expandable-holder">
                <input class="mdl-textfield__input" type="text" id="text8">
                   <label class="mdl-textfield__label" for="sample-</pre>
expandable">Expandable Input</label>
             </div>
           </div>
         </form>

     </body>
</html>
```



Simple Text Field	Numeric Text Field
Text	Number
Simple Text Field with Floating Label	Numeric Text Field with Floating Label
Text	Number



20. Material Design Lite – Tooltips

MDL provides a range of CSS classes to apply various predefined visual and behavioral enhancements and display the different types of tooltips. The following table lists down the available classes and their effects.

S.NO.	Class Name & Description	
1	mdl-tooltip Identifies container as an MDL tooltip and is required on tooltip container element.	
2	mdl-tooltiplarge Sets large-font effect and is optional; goes on tooltip container element	

Example

The following example will help you understand the use of the **mdl-tooltip** classes to show the different types of tooltips.

mdl_tooltips.htm

```
<html>
<head>
   <script
src="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.min.js"></script>
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://storage.googleapis.com/code.getmdl.io/1.0.6/material.indigo-
pink.min.css">
   <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/icon?family=Material+Icons">
   <script langauage="javascript">
      function showMessage(value){
         document.getElementById("message").innerHTML = value;
      }
   </script>
</head>
<body>
   Simple TooltipLarge Tooltip
      <div id="tooltip1" class="icon material-icons">add</div>
            <div class="mdl-tooltip" for="tooltip1">Follow</div>
```



```
<div id="tooltip2" class="icon material-icons">print</div>
          <div class="mdl-tooltip mdl-tooltip--large"</pre>
for="tooltip2">Print</div>
         Rich TooltipMultiline Tooltip
     <div id="tooltip3" class="icon material-icons">cloud upload</div>
          <div class="mdl-tooltip" for="tooltip3">Upload <i>zip
files</i></div>
        <div id="tooltip4" class="icon material-icons">share</div>
          <div class="mdl-tooltip" for="tooltip4">Share your content<br>vsing
social media</div>
        </body>
</html>
```

