

# Medical Image Processing for Diagnostic Applications

## Cone Beam Reconstruction – Grangeat's Algorithm

Online Course – Unit 48

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Pattern Recognition Lab (CS 5)

# Topics

## Grangeat's Algorithm

### Summary

Take Home Messages

Further Readings

## Grangeat's Algorithm ...

- ... converts the cone beam problem to a 3-D Radon inversion problem.
- ... can provide exact reconstructions, if Tuy's condition is met.
- ... uses the idea to convert cone beam ray sums to plane-integrals.

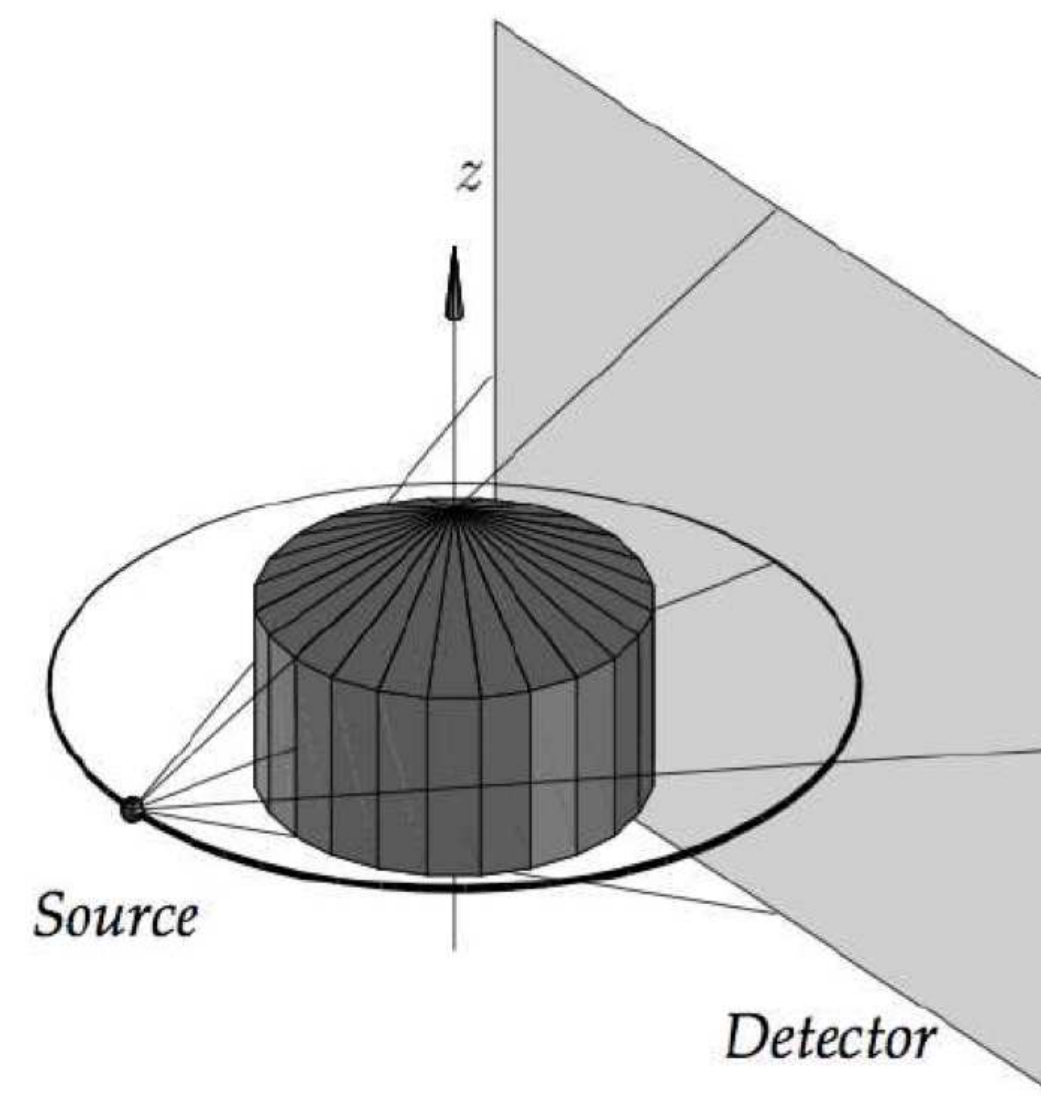


Figure 1: Cone beam scheme

## Grangeat's Algorithm: Concept

- Line-integral on a cone beam detector is a weighted plane-integral.
- The line integral has to be weighted with  $\frac{1}{r}$  to get the regular unweighted plane-integral.

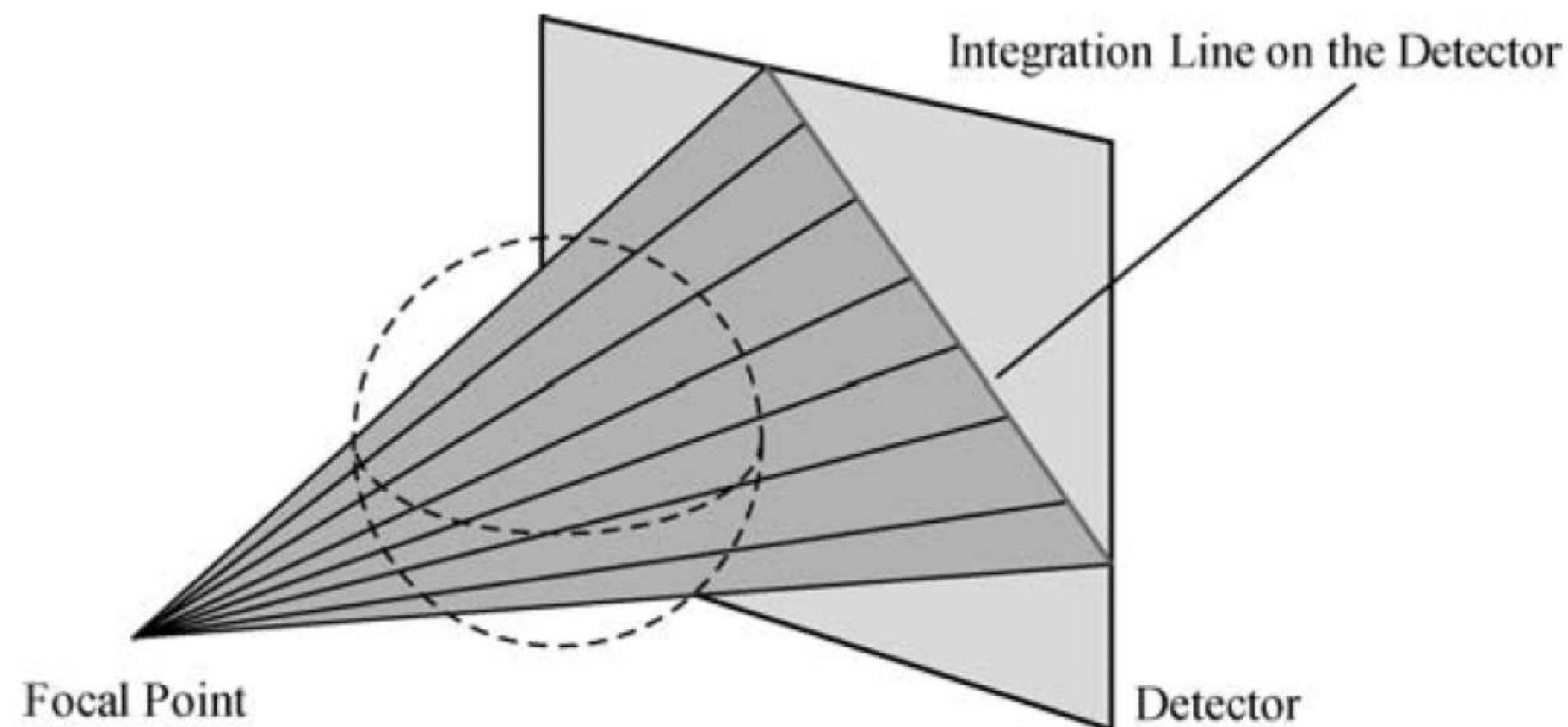


Figure 2: Weighting scheme (Zeng, 2009)



## Grangeat's Algorithm: Concept

The derivative along the tangential direction  $dt$  is equal to the derivative of a  $\frac{1}{r}$  weighted plane integral along  $d\alpha$ :

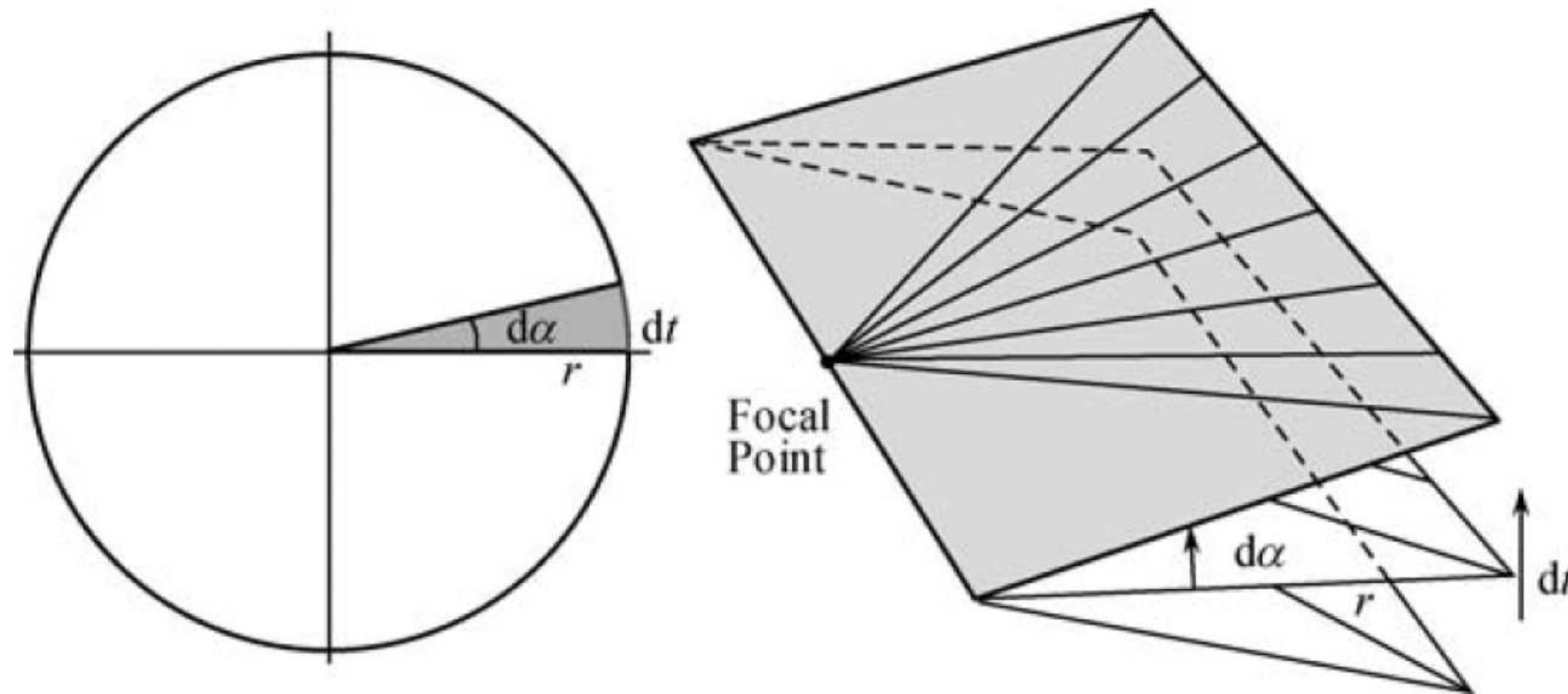


Figure 3: Tangential derivative (Zeng, 2009)

# Grangeat's Algorithm

1. Form all possible line-integrals on each detector plane (all locations and orientations).
2. Compute the angular derivative.
3. Rebin the data to Radon space.
4. Take the derivative with respect to  $t$ .
5. Perform the 3-D Radon backprojection.

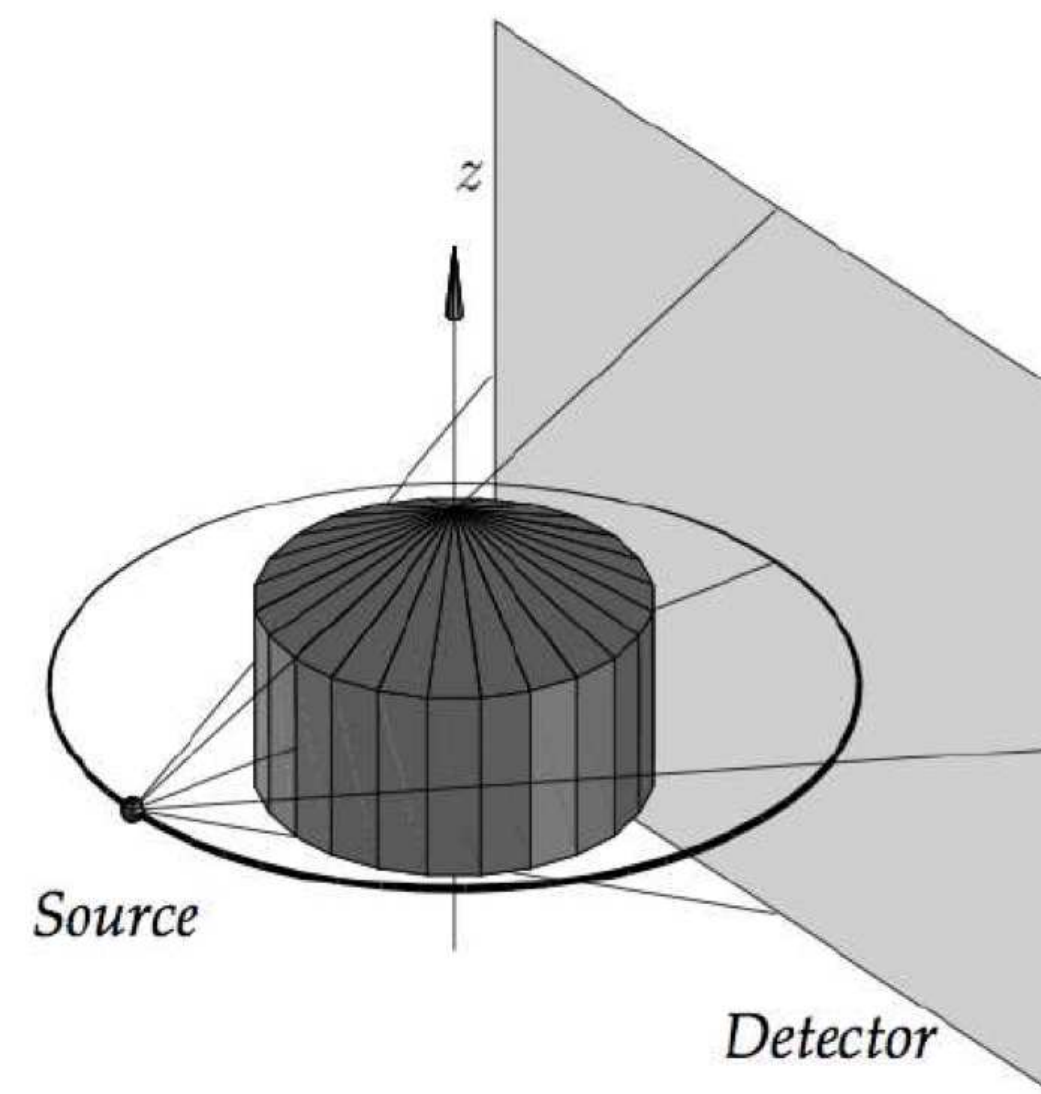


Figure 4: Cone beam scheme

# Grangeat's Algorithm: Remarks

Grangeat's algorithm ...

- ... is not a filtered backprojection algorithm.
- ... requires interpolation on non-uniformly sampled data.
- ... needs to handle redundancy correctly  $\rightarrow$  divide by the number of redundant observations.
- ... is not commonly used for reconstruction.
- ... is very useful to analyze reconstruction problems.

# Topics

Grangeat's Algorithm

## Summary

Take Home Messages

Further Readings



# Take Home Messages

- Grangeat's algorithm is a 3-D cone beam reconstruction algorithm.
- It is useful for theoretical considerations, but rarely used in practice.

## Further Readings

The original work of Grangeat can be found here:

**Pierre Grangeat.** “Mathematical Framework of Cone Beam 3D Reconstruction via the First Derivative of the Radon Transform”. In: *Mathematical Methods in Tomography*. Ed. by Gabor T. Herman, Alfred K. Louis, and Frank Natterer. Vol. 1497. Lecture Notes in Mathematics. Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 1991, pp. 66–97. DOI: [10.1007/BFb0084509](https://doi.org/10.1007/BFb0084509)

The best way to augment your knowledge of the shown concepts is to read the companion book of the current chapter:

**Gengsheng Lawrence Zeng.** *Medical Image Reconstruction – A Conceptual Tutorial*. Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2010. DOI: [10.1007/978-3-642-05368-9](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-642-05368-9)