# Medical Image Processing for Diagnostic Applications

Flat Panel Detectors

Online Course – Unit 14 Andreas Maier, Joachim Hornegger, Markus Kowarschik, Frank Schebesch Pattern Recognition Lab (CS 5)













# **Topics**

#### Flat Panel Detectors

About the Concept of Flat Panel Image Receptors Properties of Flat Panel Detectors Hardware Details







# Flat Panel Image Receptors ...

- ... replace image intensifier technology and film.
- ... implied profound changes in radiology.
- ... are well established in
  - digital radiography,
  - cardiology, and
  - mammography.







# **Killer Applications of Flat Panel Detectors**

With the introduction of flat panel detector technology, standard radiography systems could increase patient throughput, and they experienced a significant simplification of image archiving and image exchange with other hospitals and physicians.



Figure 1: Radiography system using flat panel detectors (image courtesy of Siemens Healthcare)







# Killer Applications of Flatpanel Detectors I

- Cardiology: In cardiology, flat panel detectors were introduced in 2002.
- Neuroradiology: Biplane flat panel detector C-arm systems are available on the market since 2006.





Figure 2: Cardiac system using a flat panel detector (left), biplane neuroradiology system (right) (image courtesy of Siemens Healthcare)





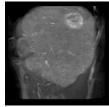


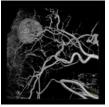
# Killer Applications of Flatpanel Detectors II

Flat panel detectors allow for 3-D reconstruction of static, low contrast objects using C-arm systems.

The following images show examples of the contrast resolution achieved by today's C-arm CT devices and algorithms.







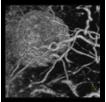


Figure 3: 3-D low contrast C-arm reconstruction of hepatocellular carcinoma (image courtesy of Siemens Healthcare)







# Killer Applications of Flatpanel Detectors III

In magnetic navigation systems the catheter is directed by a magnetic field. The manual control of its orientation is based on X-ray images.

Obviously it is impossible to operate an image intensifier in a magnetic field, thus flat panel technology is mandatory.



Figure 4: Niobe system for magnetic navigation (image courtesy of Siemens Healthcare)







## Advantages of Flat Panel Detectors

- Simple assembly and readout
- Higher contrast resolution (high dynamic range)
- Not sensitive to magnetic fields (no magnetic distortion)
- More robust with respect to under- and overexposure
- Reduced space requirements (do not underestimate this advantage!)
- Optimization of the clinical workflow
- Mechanically rugged







# **Disadvantages of Flat Panel Detectors**

- Relatively slow readout
- Still an expensive technology (will change over time)
- High rejection rate in production
- Elimination of defects with digital image processing







#### **Contrast Resolution**

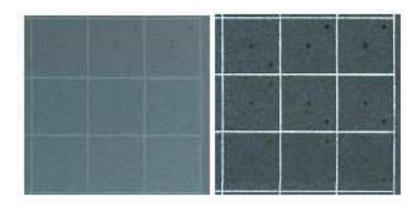


Figure 5: Higher contrast resolution using flat panel detectors: left image acquired on film, right image acquired with a digital detector (image courtesy of General Electrics)







# Goals of Flat Panel Design

- Digital imaging in all areas of radiology (replace film & image intensifiers)
- Cost reduction in health care (elimination of film!)
- Improved image quality
- Waste minimum amount of incoming X-ray (fill factor ~40 %)
- Detection area sizes more than  $40 \, \text{cm} \times 40 \, \text{cm}$
- Spatial resolution of pixels 50 μm to 150 μm







#### **Flat Panel Detectors**

Typical image data of a Pixium 4600:

area: 43 cm × 43 cm,

resolution: 3001 × 3001,

pixel size: 143 μm,

quantization: 14 bit (2 byte).



Figure 6: Pixium 4600







#### **Flat Panel Detectors**

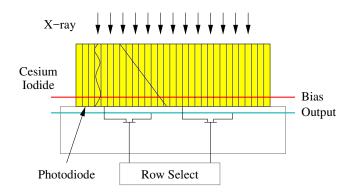


Figure 7: Scheme of a CsI based detector







#### **Flat Panel Detectors**

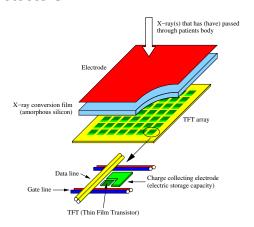


Figure 8: Direct conversion using amorphous silicon







# **Topics**

### Summary

Take Home Messages Further Readings







# Take Home Messages

- Flat panel detectors are the modern detector technology in digital X-ray systems.
- There exist different principles to realize a flat panel image receptor.
- Applications for flat panel detectors are manifold, and the technology has a lot of advantages including a higher contrast resolution compared with film.
- However, digital image processing is necessary to compensate for manufacturing flaws.







# **Further Readings**

- One starting point for more information on flat panel detectors could be vendor webpages like, e.g., from Varian, or Trixell.
- The method presented for defect pixel interpolation in the frequency domain was published by Til Aach and Volker Metzler in 2001:

Til Aach and Volker Metzler. "Defect Interpolation in Digital Radiography: How Object-Oriented Transform Coding Helps". In: Proc. SPIE 4322, Medical Imaging 2001: Image Processing. Vol. 4322. San Diego, CA: SPIE, Feb. 2001, pp. 824-835. DOI: 10.1117/12.431161

 A recent article about defect pixel interpolation with respect to image quality issues can be found here:

Jan Kuttig et al. "Effects of Defect Pixel Correction Algorithms for X-ray Detectors on Image Quality in Planar Projection and Volumetric CT Data Sets". In: Measurement Science and Technology 26.9 (Aug. 2015), 095406 (14pp). DOI: 10.1088/0957-0233/26/9/095406