

ECOM20001: Econometrics 1

Tutorial 10: Logarithmic Regression and Interactions

A. Getting Started

Please create a Tutorial10 folder on your computer, and then go to the LMS site for ECOM 20001 and download the following files into the Tutorial10 folder:

- [tute10.R](#)
- [tute10_cps.csv](#)

The first file is the R code for Tutorial 10, the second file is the .csv file that contains the dataset for the tutorial.¹ The dataset has the following 5 variables:

- **year**: year individual was randomly surveyed; either 1992 or 2012
- **ahe**: individual's average hourly earnings (in real terms, 2012=100)
- **bachelor**: equals 1 if individual has a bachelor degree, 0 otherwise
- **female**: equals 1 if individual is female, 0 otherwise
- **age**: age of the individual at time of survey

In total, the dataset contains this information for 15,052 individuals in the U.S.

B. Go to the Code

With the R file downloaded into your Tutorial10 folder, you are ready to proceed with the tutorial. Please go to the [tute10.R](#) file to continue with the tutorial.

¹ The reference for these data is the Current Population Survey (CPS) which is collected by the U.S. Department of Labor Statistics and provides individual-level data on the population, employment, and earnings. It is constructed from randomly sampling the U.S. population. For details, see <https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps.html>

C. Questions

Having worked through the [tute10.R](#) code and graphs, please answer the following:

Logarithmic Regressions

1. Construct three new logarithmic variables using the dataset:
 - $\log(\text{ahe})$ = logarithm of **ahe**
 - $\log(\text{age})$ = logarithm of **age**
 - **d1992** = dummy variable equals 1 if the year is 1992, and is 0 otherwise
2. Run the following 4 regressions and interpret the sign, magnitude and statistical significance of any independent variables that involve **age**:
 - Regression 1: Linear
 - Dependent variable: **ahe**
 - Independent variables: **age, bachelor, female, d1992**
 - Regression 2: Linear-Log
 - Dependent variable: **ahe**
 - Independent variables: **log_age, bachelor, female, d1992**
 - Regression 3: Log-Linear
 - Dependent variable: **log_ahe**
 - Independent variables: **age, bachelor, female, d1992**
 - Regression 4: Log-Log
 - Dependent variable: **log_ahe**
 - Independent variables: **log_age, bachelor, female, d1992**

Interactions

3. Construct two new interactive variables using the dataset:
 - $\text{female_age} = \text{female} \times \text{age}$
 - $\text{female_bachelor} = \text{female} \times \text{bachelor}$
4. Run the following 2 regressions, comment on the statistical significance of the coefficients involving age , female , or bachelor , and compute the following partial effects involving age , female , or bachelor :
 - Regression 5:
 - Dependent variable: ahe
 - Independent variables: age , bachelor , female , female_age , d1992
 - Compute the following partial effects:
 - Partial effect of being one year older if male
 - Partial effect of being one year older if female
 - Partial effect of being female if 25 years old
 - Partial effect of being female if 30 years old
 - Partial effect of having a bachelor's degree
 - Regression 6:
 - Dependent variable: ahe
 - Independent variables: age , bachelor , female , female_bachelor , d1992
 - Compute the following partial effects:
 - Partial effect of being one year older
 - Partial effect of having a bachelor's degree if female
 - Partial effect of having a bachelor's degree if male
 - Partial effect of being female if you have a bachelor's degree
 - Partial effect of being female if you not have a bachelor's degree
5. Using Regression 5 in question 4 compute the partial effect of being female on ahe at $\text{age}=28$ and also report the 95% confidence interval (CI) for the partial effect.