

DVOACAP API - QUICK REFERENCE

JSON FORMAT (What the DLL expects)

✓ CORRECT FORMAT:

```
{  
  "Arguments": {  
    "RxLocations": [  
      {"Lat": 44.90, "Lon": 20.50, "Label": "BELGRADE"}  
    ],  
    "Hours": {"Start": 1, "Step": 1, "Count": 24},  
    "Freqs": [6.07, 7.20, 9.70, 11.85, 13.70, 15.35, 17.73, 21.65, 25.89],  
    "IncludeMuf": true  
  }  
}
```

✗ OLD FORMAT (DOESN'T WORK):

```
{  
  "Method": 30,  
  "Transmitter": {"Latitude": 44.374, "Longitude": -64.300},  
  "Receiver": {"Latitude": 44.90, "Longitude": 20.50},  
  "Frequencies": [14.15],  
  "Hours": [18]  
}
```

PYTHON API METHODS

1. SIMPLE SINGLE PREDICTION

```
engine.predict_simple(  
  tx_lat, tx_lon,    # Your location  
  rx_lat, rx_lon,    # Target location  
  frequency_mhz,    # Single frequency  
  hour_utc,         # Single hour (0-23)  
  ssn,              # Sunspot number  
  rx_label="RX"     # Optional label  
)  
→ Returns: {'reliability': int, 'snr_db': float, 'quality': str, 'muf': float}
```

2. MULTI-BAND 24-HOUR ANALYSIS

```
engine.predict_multi_band(  
    tx_lat, tx_lon,  
    rx_lat, rx_lon,  
    rx_label="LOCATION",  
    ssn=140  
)  
→ Predicts: 160m-10m for all 24 hours  
→ Returns: Full DVOACAP result structure
```

3. FULL CONTROL (Advanced)

```
engine.predict(  
    tx_lat, tx_lon,  
    rx_locations=[{"Lat": ..., "Lon": ..., "Label": "..."}],  
    frequencies=[7.1, 14.15, 21.2],  
    hours={"Start": 0, "Step": 1, "Count": 24},  
    ssn=140,  
    month=None,      # Optional (defaults to current)  
    include_muf=True  
)  
→ Returns: Full DVOACAP result with all requested data
```

EXAMPLE USAGE

```
from dvoacap_wrapper import DVOACAPEngine  
  
# Initialize  
engine = DVOACAPEngine("dvoa.dll")  
  
# Quick prediction  
result = engine.predict_simple(  
    tx_lat=44.374, tx_lon=-64.300, # Halifax  
    rx_lat=51.5, rx_lon=-0.1,     # London  
    frequency_mhz=14.15,         # 20m  
    hour_utc=18,                 # 18:00 UTC  
    ssn=140                      # High solar activity  
)  
  
print(f"{{result['quality']}: {{result['reliability']}}% reliable, SNR={{result['snr_db']}}dB")  
# Output: GOOD: 85% reliable, SNR=12.3dB
```

INTEGRATION WITH GENERATE SCRIPT

Run with DVOACAP:

```
python generate_propagation_voacap.py --dvoacap
```

Run with ITU-R (fast):

```
python generate_propagation_voacap.py
```

The script automatically:

- Uses DVOACAP if available and requested
- Falls back to ITU-R if DVOACAP fails
- Compares both methods (saves ITU-R as baseline)

KEY PARAMETER NOTES

RxLocations:

- Array of objects with Lat, Lon, Label
- Can include multiple locations in one call
- Label is used for identification in results

Hours:

- Start: Starting hour (0-23)
- Step: Hour increment (usually 1)
- Count: Number of hours to predict

Freqs:

- Array of frequencies in MHz
- Common bands: 1.85, 3.65, 7.1, 10.13, 14.15, 18.1, 21.2, 24.95, 28.4
- Can be any frequency 1-30 MHz

SSN (Sunspot Number):

- 0-300 typical range
- 100-150 = moderate activity
- 150-200 = high activity
- Check current: <https://www.swpc.noaa.gov/>

RETURN VALUES

```
predict_simple() returns:  
{  
    'reliability': 85,      # 0-100%  
    'snr_db': 12.3,        # Signal-to-noise ratio  
    'quality': 'GOOD',     # GOOD/FAIR/POOR/CLOSED  
    'muf': 18.5,           # Maximum Usable Frequency  
    'method': 'VOACAP'     # Prediction method used  
}
```

Quality levels:

- GOOD: reliability >= 70%
- FAIR: reliability >= 40%
- POOR: reliability < 40%
- CLOSED: frequency > MUF

TESTING

Test the wrapper:

```
python dvoacap_wrapper.py
```

Should output:

✓ DVOACAP engine loaded from dvoa.dll

[TEST 1] Single path/frequency/hour

Method: VOACAP

Quality: GOOD

Reliability: 85%

SNR: 12.3 dB

MUF: 18.5 MHz

[TEST 2] Multi-band 24-hour prediction

✓ Received full prediction data

✓ Tests complete!

TROUBLESHOOTING

Import Error:

→ Ensure dvoacap_wrapper.py is in same directory

→ Check: from dvoacap_wrapper import DVOACAPEngine

DLL Not Found:

→ Download dvoa.dll from <https://github.com/VE3NEA/DVOACAP>

→ Place in same directory as script

Zero/Invalid Results:

→ Check SSN is reasonable (0-300)

→ Verify coordinates are correct

→ Try different frequency/hour combination

Parse Error:

→ DVOACAP result format may differ from expected

→ Check raw result in error message

→ Update parsing logic in predict_simple()