

6R Robot Manipulator.

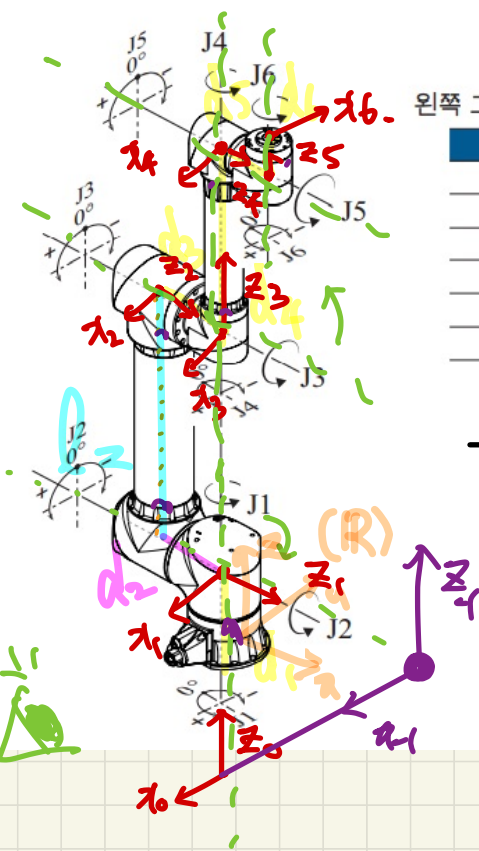
왼쪽 그림의 자세 (원점자세)

축	각도
J1	0°
J2	0°
J3	0°
J4	0°
J5	0°
J6	0°

DH-params

	a_i	α_i	d_i	θ_i
0	0	0	100	θ_0
1	0	$-\pi/2$	145	θ_1
2	390	0	135	θ_2
3	0	$\pi/2$	135	θ_3
4	0	$-\pi/2$	270	θ_4
5	0	$+\pi/2$	100	θ_5
6	0	0	15	θ_6

145
390
270
15



Robot Arm performance PT

1. Mechanical Analysis. (Robot Kinematics Robot Dynamics.

* Robot Kinematics.

< Forward Kinematics > Joint angle \rightarrow End effector point.

① Assign Link Frames (values in manual)

② Obtain Denavit-Hartenberg Kinematic Param.

③ Compute homogeneous transformation matrix by links.

④ Compute GND - E.E. transformation matrix.

↓ < Inverse Kinematics > End effector \rightarrow Joint angle.

① Obtain Jacobian matrix. J

② $\tau = K dq \dots dq = K^{-1} \tau$

③ $\tau = -J^T F_{ext}$

④ from $du = J dq = J(K^{-1} \tau)$
(by definition)
 $= J(K^{-1} - J^T F_{ext})$

$\therefore du = - (J K^{-1} J^T) F_{ext} = - C F_{ext}.$

* 이런 경우.

일단 부드럽게.
singularity 회피

수치적 안정성

수치적 안정, 수치적

정확성!