Lecture 08: JS Numbers, Strings, Objects, User Input

ITP 303 Full-Stack Web Development

More DOM Events

Keyboard Events

onkeydown	Key pressed.
onkeyup	Key released.
onkeypress	Fired immediately after onkeydown. Only works with keys used for "typing" text. Not fired by Ctrl, Alt, arrows, etc.

Form Events

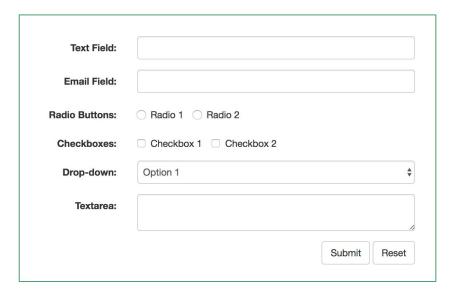
oninput	Form element value changed.
onchange	Form element state changed. Text fields fired after losing focus.
onsubmit	Form is submitted.

Forms & User Input

HTML Forms

Allow for user interaction and data collection.

Result (with additional styling):



```
<form action="" method="">
 <label for="text-id">Text Field:</label>
 <input type="text" id="text-id" name="text-name">
 <label for="email-id">Email Field:</label>
 <input type="email" id="email-id" name="text-name">
 <label for="">Radio Buttons:</label>
   <input type="radio" id="radio-1" name="radio-name" value="val-1">
   Radio 1
 </label>
   <input type="radio" id="radio-2" name="radio-name" value="val-2">
   Radio 2
 </label>
 <label for="">Checkboxes:</label>
   <input type="checkbox" id="checkbox-1" name="checkbox-name" value="val-1">
   Checkbox 1
 </label>
   <input type="checkbox" id="checkbox-2" name="checkbox-name" value="val-2">
   Checkbox 2
 </label>
 <label for="select-id">Drop-down:</label>
 <select id="select-id" name="select-name">
   <option value="val1">Option 1</option>
   <option value="val2">Option 2</option>
 <label for="textarea-id">Textarea:</label>
 <textarea id="textarea-id" name="textarea-name"></textarea>
 <button type="submit">Submit</button>
 <button type="reset">Reset</putton>
</form>
```

Form Tags

Define HTML form.

action Specifies where form data is sent upon submission.

method Specifies HTTP method used to send data: POST or GET.

<form action="" method="">
...
</form>

Text Fields

Single-line text fields.

Result (with additional styling):

Text Field:

Text Field:

<input type="text" id="text-id" name="text-name">

Field name submitted along with data.

Email Fields

Text fields with basic email validation.

Result (with additional styling):

Email Field:

Email Field:

<input type="email" id="email-id" name="text-name">

Radio Buttons

Group of mutually exclusive fields.

Result (with additional styling):

○ Radio 1 ○ Radio 2

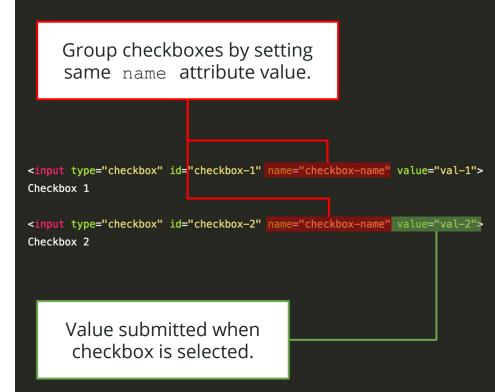
```
Group radio buttons by setting
    same name attribute value.
<input type="radio" id="radio-1" name="radio-name" value="val-1">
Radio 1
<input type="radio" id="radio-2" name="radio-name" value="val-2">
Radio 2
    Value submitted when
   radio button is selected.
```

Checkboxes

Group of independent fields.

Result (with additional styling):

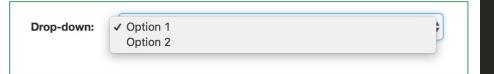
☐ Checkbox 1 ☐ Checkbox 2



Drop-Down Lists

Pop-up menu that allows users to choose a single option from the list.

Result (with additional styling):



Textareas

Multi-line text fields.

Result (with additional styling):

Textarea:	

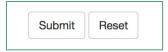
Textarea:

<textarea id="textarea-id" name="textarea-name"></textarea>

Buttons

Allow users to submit or reset forms.

Result (with additional styling):



```
<button type="submit">Submit</button>
<button type="reset">Reset</button>
```

Form Labels

Captions for form elements.

Clicking a label triggers assigned form field.

Usage 1 Set for attribute to id of corresponding form field.

Usage 2 Wrap label around the form field.

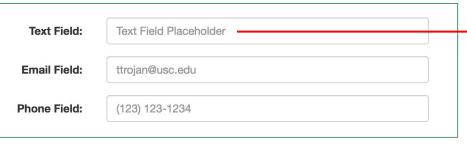
```
Set for value to id
           of corresponding field.
<label for="text-id">Text field:</label>
<input type="text" id="text-id" name="text-name">
<label for="select-id">Drop-down:</label>
<select id="select-id" name="select-name">
  <option value="val1">Option 1</option>
  <option value="val2">Option 2</option>
</select>
<label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-1" name="radio-name" value="val-1">
 Radio 1
</label>
```

Placeholder Attribute

Text displayed within form field before user input.

Usually used to specify hints or expected formats.

Result (with additional styling):



```
<label for="text-id">Text Field:</label>
<input type="text" id="text-id" name="text-name" placeholder="Text Field Placeholder">
<label for="email-id">Email Field:</label>
<input type="email" id="email-id" name="text-name" placeholder="ttrojan@usc.edu">
<label for="phone-id">Phone Field:</label>
<input type="text" id="phone-id" name="text-name" placeholder="(123) 123-1234">
```

Strings

Strings

Strings are series of characters.

Sometimes treated like arrays with letters in each slot.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Н	е	1	1	0		M	0	r	1	d	!

```
replace (find, replace)

Find first occurrence of find and replace it with replace.

Return substring starting at index start. Length of substring is optional.
```

```
var myString = "Hello World!";

console.log( myString.replace('Hello', 'Hi') );

// Returns "Hi World!"

console.log( myString.substr(6) );

// Returns "World!"

console.log( myString.substr(0, 5) );

// Returns "Hello"
```

String Operations

.length	Length of the string.
.indexOf(sub)	Return index of first occurrence of <i>sub</i> within the string. Returns –1 if <i>sub</i> is not found.
.toLowerCase(str)	Convert <i>str</i> to lowercase.
.toUpperCase(str)	Convert <i>str</i> to uppercase.

Resource: <u>String Reference</u>.

```
console.log( str.length );
if (str.index0f("olo") > -1 ) {
  console.log('Found');
if ( str.toLowerCase() == str2.toLowerCase() ) {
  console.log('Same strings (case-insensitive');
if( str.toUpperCase().indexOf('LOREM') == -1 ) {
  console.log('Not Found');
```

Substring methods

.substr()	Returns the characters in a string beginning at the specified location through the specified number of characters.
.substring()	Returns the characters in a string between two indexes into the string.
.slice()	Extracts a section of a string and returns a new string.
.split()	Splits a String object into an array of strings by separating the string into substrings.

Full list here: https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_string_methods.asp

JavaScript Objects

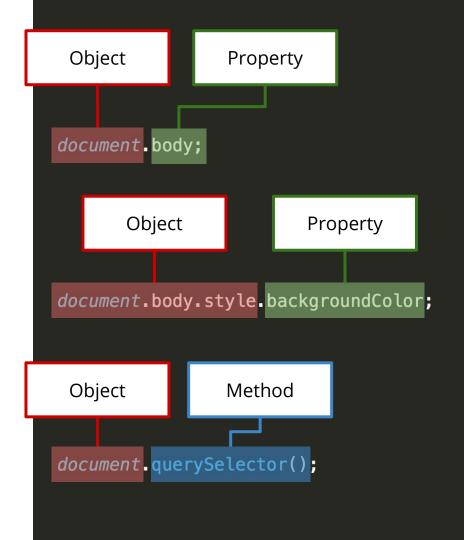
JavaScript Objects

JavaScript is an Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) Language.

Object – collection of closely related variables (**properties**) and functions (**methods**).

Why OOP?

- Modeled after the real world,
- Each object keeps track of its own behavior and state,
- They help break down complex problems into independent entities.



Creating Objects

Each object has properties and methods stored in key: value pairs.

Two ways to create objects:

- 1. Literal Syntax
- 2. Constructor Function Syntax

```
var person = {
  firstName: 'Tommy',
  lastName: 'Trojan',
  email: 'ttrojan@usc.edu',
  phone: {
    cell: '123-456-7890',
    home: '321-654-0987'
  },
  hobbies: ['Web Dev', 'Bruin Hunting'],
  intro: function(){
    return 'My name is ' + this.firstName + ' ' + this.lastName;
};
function Person(fname, lname, email, phoneObj, hobbiesArray){
  this.firstName = fname;
  this.lastName = lname;
  this.email = email;
  this.phone = phoneObj;
  this.hobbies = hobbiesArray;
  this.intro = function(){
    return 'My name is ' + this.firstName + ' ' + this.lastName;
var person = new Person('Tommy', 'Trojan', 'ttrojan@usc.edu',
              {cell: '123-456-7890', home: '321-654-0987'},
              ['Web Dev', 'Bruin Hunting']);
```

Creating Objects

Key	Value			
firstName	Tommy			
lastName	Trojan			
email	ttroja	n@usc.edu		
	Key	Value		
phone	cell	123-456-7890		
	home	321-654-0987		
hobbies	Web Dev	Bruin Hunting		
intro	functi	on(){}		

```
var person = {
  firstName: 'Tommy',
  lastName: 'Trojan',
  email: 'ttrojan@usc.edu',
  phone: {
   cell: '123-456-7890',
    home: '321-654-0987'
  },
  hobbies: ['Web Dev', 'Bruin Hunting'],
  intro: function(){
    return 'My name is ' + this.firstName + ' ' + this.lastName;
};
function Person(fname, lname, email, phoneObj, hobbiesArray){
  this.firstName = fname;
  this.lastName = lname;
  this.email = email;
  this.phone = phoneObj;
  this.hobbies = hobbiesArray;
  this.intro = function(){
    return 'My name is ' + this.firstName + ' ' + this.lastName;
var person = new Person('Tommy', 'Trojan', 'ttrojan@usc.edu',
              {cell: '123-456-7890', home: '321-654-0987'},
              ['Web Dev', 'Bruin Hunting']);
```

Key	Value			
firstName	Tommy			
lastName	Tr	ojan		
email	ttrojar	n@usc.edu		
	Key	Value		
phone	cell	123-456-7890		
	home	321-654-0987		
hobbies	Web Dev	Bruin Hunting		
intro	functio	on(){}		

person.firstName

Key	Value			
firstName	Tommy			
lastName	Trojan			
email	ttrojan@usc.edu			
	Key	Value		
phone	cell	123-456-7890		
	home	321-654-0987		
hobbies	Web Dev Bruin Hunting			
intro	functio	on(){}		

person.firstName

person.phone

Key	Value			
firstName	Tommy			
lastName	Trojan			
email	ttrojan@usc.edu			
	Key	Value		
phone	cell	123-456-7890		
	home	321-654-0987		
hobbies	Web Dev	Bruin Hunting		
intro	functio	on(){}		

person.firstName

person.phone

person.phone.cell

Key	Value			
firstName	Tommy			
lastName	Tro	ojan		
email	ttrojan	@usc.edu		
	Key	Value		
phone	cell	123-456-7890		
	home	321-654-0987		
hobbies	Web Dev	Bruin Hunting		
intro	functio	on(){}		

person.firstName

person.phone

person.phone.cell

person.hobbies

Key	Value	
firstName	Tommy	
lastName	Trojan	
email	ttrojan@usc.edu	
phone	Key	Value
	cell	123-456-7890
	home	321-654-0987
hobbies	Web Dev	Bruin Hunting
intro	function(){}	

person.firstName

person.phone

person.phone.cell

person.hobbies

person.hobbies[0]

Key	Value	
firstName	Tommy	
lastName	Trojan	
email	ttrojan@usc.edu	
phone	Key	Value
	cell	123-456-7890
	home	321-654-0987
hobbies	Web Dev	Bruin Hunting
intro	function(){}	

```
person.firstName

person.phone

person.phone.cell

person.hobbies

person.hobbies[0]

person.intro()
```