Experiment 4

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Branch: B.E. CSE III Yr Section: 22BCS-IOT-612-B

Semester: 6th

Subject Name: Computer Graphics with Lab **Subject Code:** 22CSH-352

1. Aim:

- **a)** Develop a program to draw a circle using the circle generator algorithm for a given center and radius.
- **b)** Develop a program to draw a circle using the midpoint circle algorithm for a given center and radius.
- **2. Objective:** To develop and implement the circle generator and midpoint circle generator algorithm to draw a circle with a given center and radius.

3. Code:

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include <graphics.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <math.h>

void plotPoints(int xc, int yc, int x, int y)
{    putpixel(xc + x, yc + y, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc - x, yc + y, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc + x, yc - y, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc - x, yc - y, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc + y, yc + x, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc + y, yc + x, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc - y, yc + x, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc + y, yc - x, WHITE);
    putpixel(xc - y, yc - x, WHITE);
}

void MidPoint(int xc, int yc, int rad)
{    int x = 0;
```

```
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```

```
int y = rad;
    int p = 1 - rad;
    plotPoints(xc, yc, x, y);
    while (x < y)
    { x++;
       if (p < 0){
            p = p + 2 * x + 1;
        else
        { y--;
            p = p + 2 * (x - y) + 1;
     plotPoints(xc, yc, x, y);}}
void CircleGenerator(int xc, int yc, int rad)
\{ int x = 0;
    int y = rad;
    int d = 3 - 2 * rad;
    plotPoints(xc, yc, x, y);
    while (x \le y)
    { if (d <= 0)
        {d = d + 4 * x + 6;}
       else
        {d = d + 4 * (x - y) + 10};
         y--;}
       x++;
        plotPoints(xc, yc, x, y);}}
int main()
{ int gd = DETECT, gm;
```

```
initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\Turboc3\\BGI");
    outtextxy(150, 450, "Name: Gaganjot Singh | UID: 22BCS14843");
    int choice, rad, xc, yc;
    do{
    cout << "Enter Radius of the Circle: "; cin >> rad;
    cout << "\nEnter X(center) of the Circle: "; cin >> xc;
    cout << "\nEnter Y(center) of the Circle: ";</pre>
                                                   cin >> yc;
    cout << "\n** Enter Choice **\n1. Draw using Circle-Generator\n2. Draw using</pre>
Midpoint-Circle Algorithm\n3. EXIT\n";
    cin >> choice;
      switch (choice)
        { case 1: CircleGenerator(xc, yc, rad); break;
          case 2: MidPoint(xc, yc, rad); break;
          case 3: cout<< "Exiting Program!! Bye"; break;</pre>
         default: cout << "\nEnter ONLY one of the choices"; break;}</pre>
    } while (choice != 3);
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;}
```

4. Output:

```
Enter Y(center) of the Circle: 170

*** Enter Choice ***

1. Draw using Circle-Generator

2. Draw using Midpoint-Circle Algorithm

3. EXIT

1
Enter Radius of the Circle: 30

Enter Y(center) of the Circle: 470

Enter Y(center) of the Circle: 230

*** Enter Choice **

1. Draw using Circle-Generator

2. Draw using Midpoint-Circle Algorithm

3. EXIT

2. Enter Radius of the Circle: 2

Enter Y(center) of the Circle: 2

*** Enter Choice *** Name: Gaganjot Singh : UID: 22BCS14843

1. Draw using Circle-Generator

2. Draw using Midpoint-Circle Algorithm

3. EXIT

3SS
```

5. Learning Outcome:

- i. Gain hands-on experience with two different methods: the Circle Generator Algorithm (direct computation) and the Midpoint Circle Algorithm.
- **ii.** Learnt how to break down a complex task (like circle drawing) into smaller functions, making the code easier to manage and understand plotPoints(), MidPoint(), CircleGenerator()
- iii. Applied 'switch' statements for control flow based on user choices.
- iv. Applied loops (e.g., 'do-while') for repeated operations until a certain condition is met.