## **Experiment 5**

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Subject Name: Computer Graphics with Lab Subject Code: 22CSH-352

**1. Aim:** Implement clockwise and Anti-Clockwise rotation of a triangle about a point and evaluate results.

**2. Objective:** To perform and visualize clockwise and anti-clockwise rotation s of a triangle about a specified point.

## 3. Code:

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include <graphics.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <math.h>
void Draw(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, int x3, int y3, int color)
   setcolor(color);
   line(x1, y1, x2, y2);
   line(x2, y2, x3, y3);
   line(x3, y3, x1, y1);}
void Rotate(int &x1, int &y1, int &x2, int &y2, int &x3, int &y3, float angle)
   float radian = angle * M_PI / 180;
   float cx = (x1 + x2 + x3) / 3.0; // Centroid calcualtion
   float cy = (y1 + y2 + y3) / 3.0;
                y1 -= cy; // trnalste to Origin
   x1 -= cx;
   x2 -= cx;
               y2 -= cy;
   x3 -= cx;
              y3 -= cy;
    // Rotate around the origin (0, 0)
    int x1_new = int(x1 * cos(radian) - y1 * sin(radian));
    int y1_new = int(x1 * sin(radian) + y1 * cos(radian));
    int x2_{new} = int(x2 * cos(radian) - y2 * sin(radian));
   int y2_{new} = int(x2 * sin(radian) + y2 * cos(radian));
    int x3_{new} = int(x3 * cos(radian) - y3 * sin(radian));
   int y3_new = int(x3 * sin(radian) + y3 * cos(radian));
   x1 = x1_new + cx;
   y1 = y1_new + cy;
```

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getch();

closegraph();

```
x2 = x2_{new} + cx;
    y2 = y2_new + cy;
    x3 = x3_new + cx;
    y3 = y3_{new} + cy;
int main()
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\Turboc3\\BGI");
    outtextxy(150, 450, "Name: Gaganjot Singh | UID: 22BCS14843");
    int x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3;
    // Input triangle vertices
    cout << "Enter the coordinates of the triangle vertices:\n";</pre>
    cout << "Vertex 1 (x y): ";</pre>
    cin >> x1 >> y1;
    cout << "Vertex 2 (x y): ";
    cin >> x2 >> y2;
    cout << "Vertex 3 (x y): ";</pre>
    cin >> x3 >> y3;
    Draw(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3, WHITE);
    float angle;
    int direction;
    int c;
    do
    {
        cout << "\nEnter the Angle of Rotation: \n";</pre>
        cin >> angle;
        cout << "\n*** Enter Rotation Direction ***\n1. for Clockwise\n2. for
Anticlockwise\n3. for Exiting";
        cin >> c;
        switch (c)
        {
        case 1:
            angle = -angle; // Clockwise rotation
            Rotate(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3, angle);
            Draw(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3, YELLOW);
            break;
        case 2:
            Rotate(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3, angle); // Anticlockwise rotation
            Draw(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3, RED);
            break;
        case 3:
            cout << "Exiting program.";</pre>
            break;
        default:
            cout << "Invalid choice!";</pre>
            break;
    } while (c != 3);
```

return 0;}

## 4. Output:

- a) Red Triangle indicate 'Anti-Clockwise' rotation.
- **b)** Yellow Triangle indicate 'Clockwise' rotation.
- c) White triangle is the Original Triangle.

```
Enter the coordinates of the triangle vertices:
Jertex 1 (x y): 400 200
Jertex 2 (x y): 340 250
Jertex 3 (x y): 400 280
Enter the Angle of Rotation:
** Enter Rotation Direction ***
. for Clockwise
 for Anticlockwise
3. for Exiting1
Enter the Angle of Rotation:
×× Enter Rotation Direction ×××
. for Clockwise
 for Anticlockwise
. for Exiting2
Enter the Angle of Rotation:
                  Name: Gaganjot Singh : UID: 22BCS14843
```

## 5. Learning Outcome:

- i. Learnt to use mathematical functions from the <math.h> library (e.g., sin(), cos(), M\_PI).
- ii. Learnt how to apply a rotation matrix to rotate points around the origin using trigonometric functions (sin() and cos()).
- **iii.** Learnt to calculate the centroid of a triangle, which is crucial for rotation around the center.
- iv. Translation of the points from origin to the centroid.
- v. Use colors for line plotting.