CPSC 2150 Project Report

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Requirements Analysis

Functional Requirements:

- 1. As a player, I can enter the amount of rows on the board, between 3 and 20, so that the size of the board can be customized.
- 2. As a player, I can enter the amount of columns on the board, between 3 and 20, so that the size of the board can be customized.
- 3. As a player, I can enter the number of tokens in a row to win, between 3 and 20, so that I can customize the amount to win.
- 4. As a player, I can select the number of players from a drop down, between 2 and 10, so that I can choose how many people are playing.
- 5. As a player, I can select a button of a column so that I can place my token in the spot I desire.
- 6. As a player, I can play the game again after a round is over so that I can continue playing the game with a new board.
- 7. As a player, I can exit the game so that I can stop the program and don't have to play any longer.
- 8. As a player, I can play the game with my friend(s) on one computer so that we can play a game together and see who wins.
- 9. As a player, I can play the game by myself so that I can test out how the game works.
- 10. As a player, I can switch player turns, so we can each have a turn.
- 11. As a player, I can fill up the entire board so that the game will end in a tie.
- 12. As a player, I can align my tokens in a horizontal line [number to win] tokens long so that I can win the game.
- 13. As a player, I can align my tokens in a vertical line [number to win] tokens high so that I can win the game.
- 14. As a player, I can align my tokens in a diagonal line [number to win] tokens long so that I can win the game.
- 15. As a player, I can place my tokens on top of my opponent's tokens so that I can cut off their tokens and keep them from winning.
- 16. As a player, I can see where previous tokens were placed on the board so that I can know where I'm able to place my tokens next.

- 17. As a player, I can see my previous tokens that match my respective player symbol that I chose so that I can connect [number to win] of them and win the game.
- 18. As a player, I can see my opponent's previous tokens that match their respective player symbol that they chose so that I can see when they are about to win the game and try to stop them.
- 19. As a player, I can pick again if I pick an unavailable column, so I don't lose my turn.
- 20. As a player, I can pick again if I pick a column that does not exist, so I don't lose my turn.

Non-Functional Requirements

- 1. The game will be played in a Java Frame window launched by IntelliJ.
- 2. The program will be started in IntelliJ.
- 3. The user cannot click a button outside of the selected number of columns.
- 4. The user cannot place a token in a column that has been selected [number of rows] times in one game.
- 5. The user will select their column number by clicking a button on the frame.
- 6. The program will be written in Java.
- 7. The board size is of size [number of rows] x [number of columns], with a minimum size of 3x3 and a maximum size of 20x20.
- 8. The minimum number to win is 3, and the maximum is 20.
- 9. The number to win is always less than the number of columns and the number of rows.
- 10. The minimum number of players is 2, and the maximum is 10.
- 11. Player X always goes first.
- 12. Position 0,0 is at the bottom left of the game board.
- 13. The characters are assigned in the following order and are not customizable: {'X', 'O', 'Y', 'Z', 'W', 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E'}

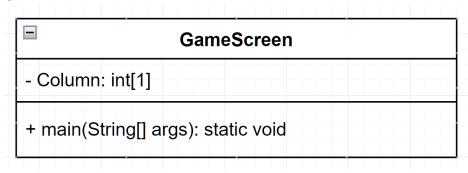
Deployment Instructions

- 1. Download and extract the zip file.
- 2. Open the project in IntelliJ Idea.
- 3. Create a new configuration using the main program ConnectXApp.
- 4. Hit the play button next to the new configuration.
- 5. The game setup will open in a separate window.
- 6. After setting up the game, the board will open in a new window.

System Design

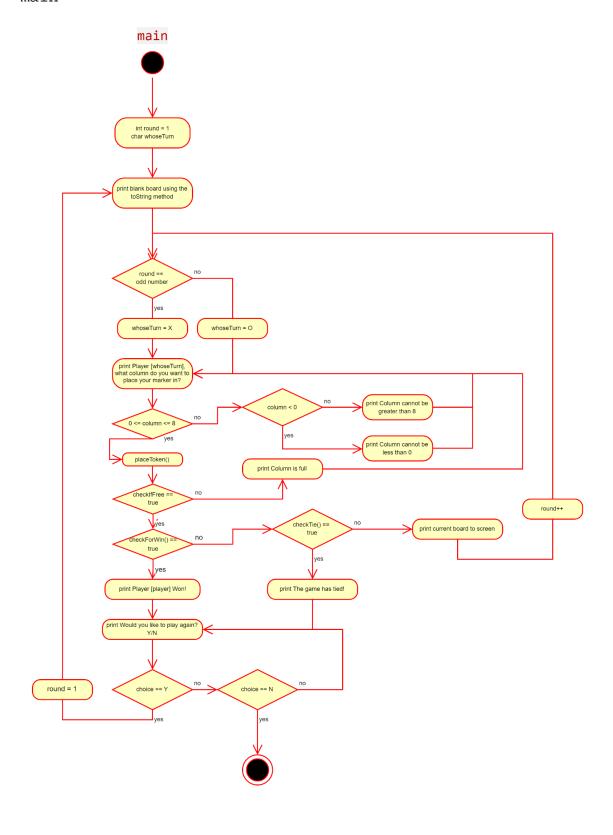
Class 1: GameScreen

Class diagram



Activity diagrams

main



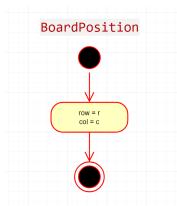
Class 2: BoardPosition

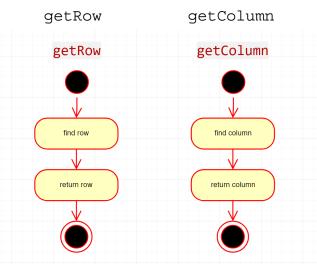
Class diagram

BoardPosition
- Row: int[1] - Column: int[1]
+ BoardPosition(int,int) + getRow(): int + getColumn(): int + toString(): String + equals(Object): boolean

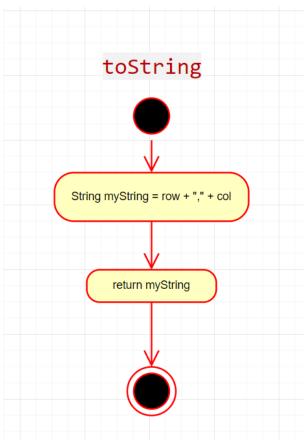
Activity diagrams

BoardPosition

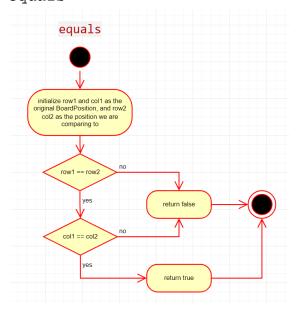




toString

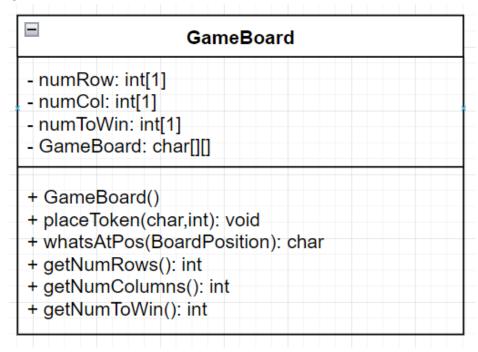


equals



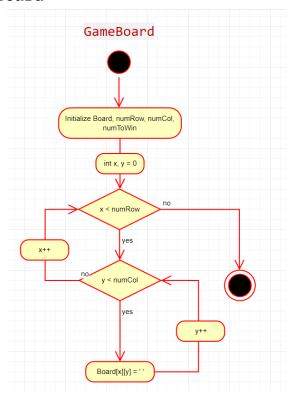
Class 3.0: GameBoard

Class diagram

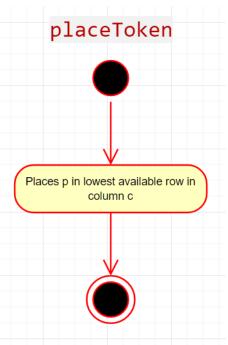


Activity diagrams

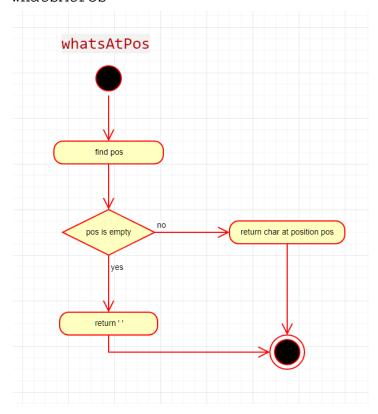
GameBoard



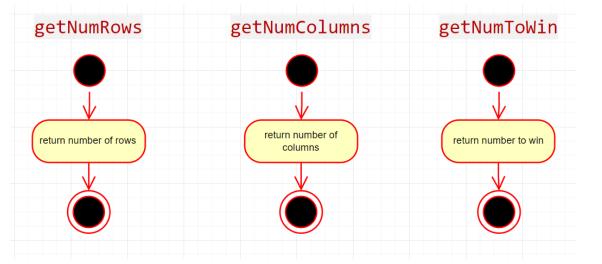
placeToken



whatsAtPos

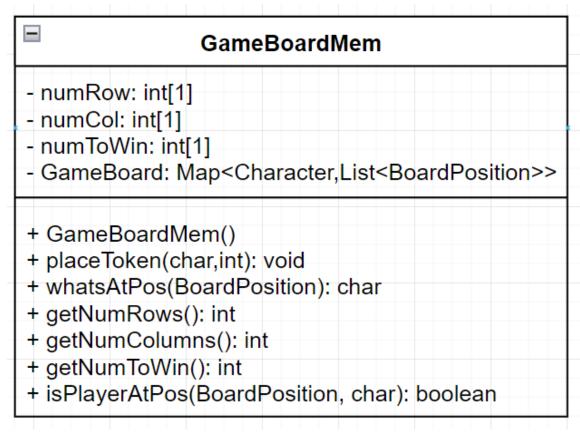


getNumToWin



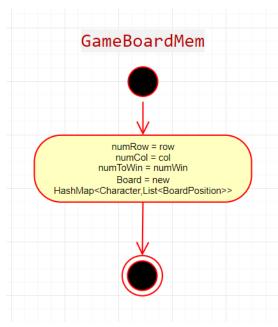
Class 3.1: GameBoardMem:

Class diagram

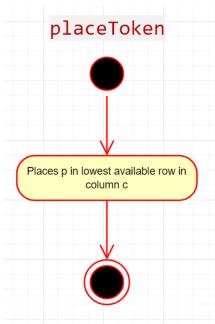


Activity diagrams

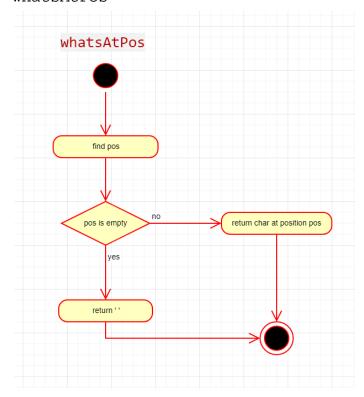
GameBoardMem

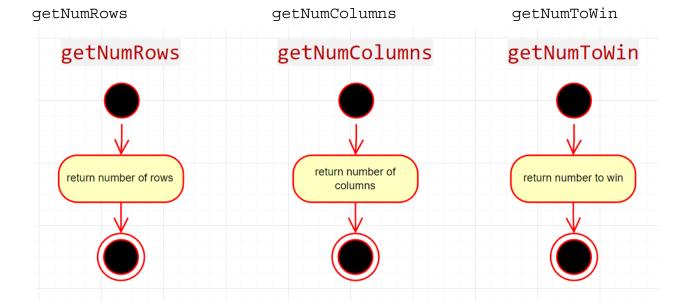


placeToken

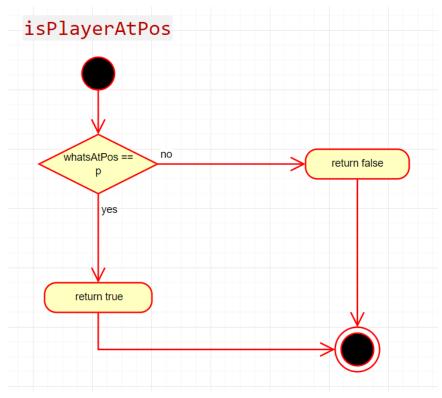


whatsAtPos



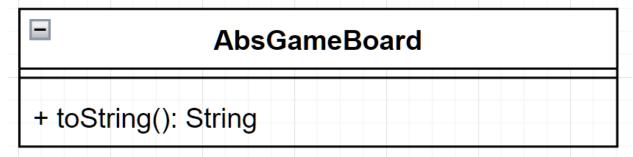


isPlayerAtPos (@Override)



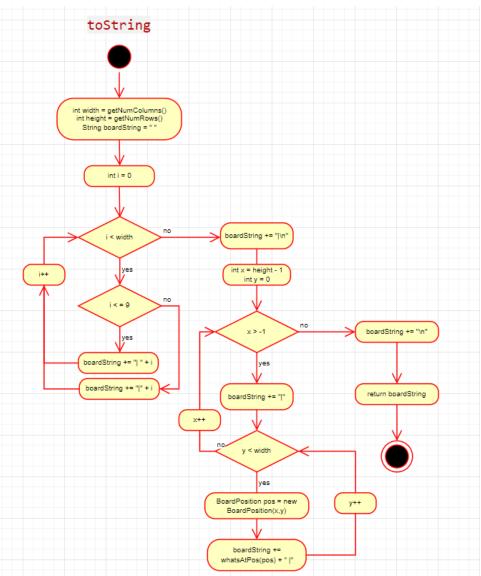
Class 3.2: AbsGameBoard:

Class diagram



Activity diagrams

toString



Class 3.3: IGameBoard:

Class diagram

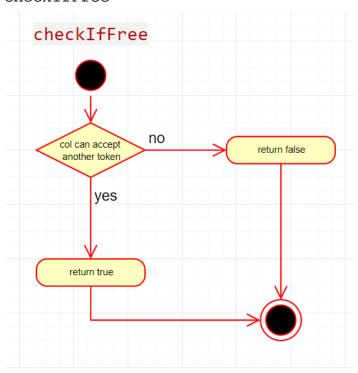
_	_	
	-	
1-	-1	

IGameBoard

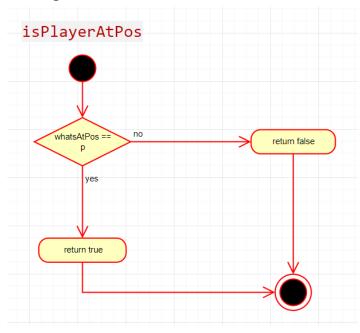
- + MAX COL: static final int
- + MAX ROW: static final int
- + MAX COUNT: static final int
- + MIN_COL: static final int
- + MIN ROW: static final int
- + MIN COUNT: static final int
- + MAX PLAYERS: static final int
- + MIN_PLAYERS: static final int
- + checklfFree(int): boolean
- + isPlayerAtPos(BoardPosition,char): boolean
- + checkForWin(int): boolean
- + checkTie(): boolean
- + checkHorizWin(BoardPosition,char): boolean
- + checkVertWin(BoardPosition,char): boolean
- + checkDiagWin(BoardPosition,char): boolean

Activity diagrams

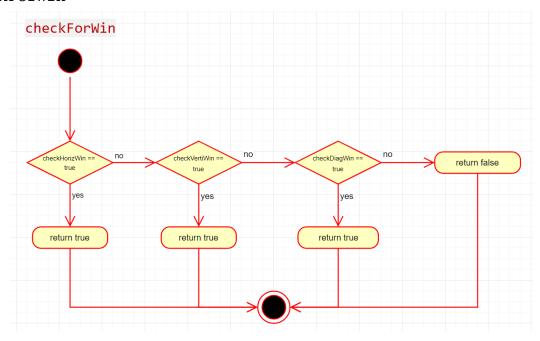
checkIfFree



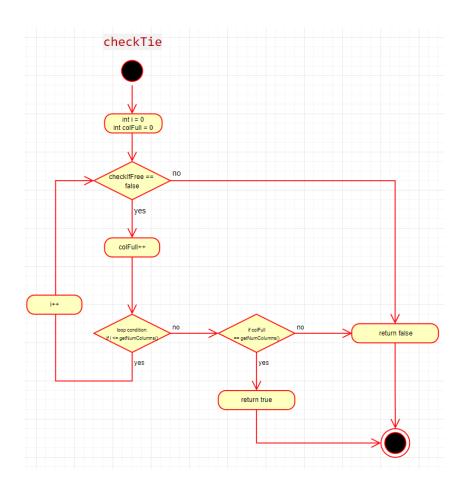
isPlayerAtPos



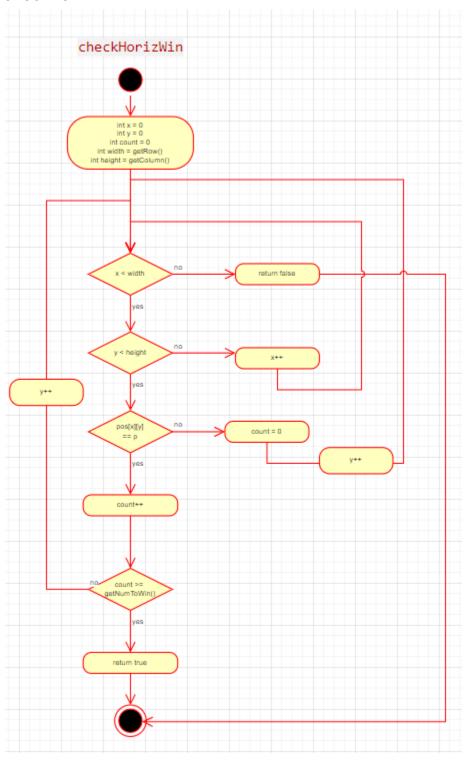
checkForWin



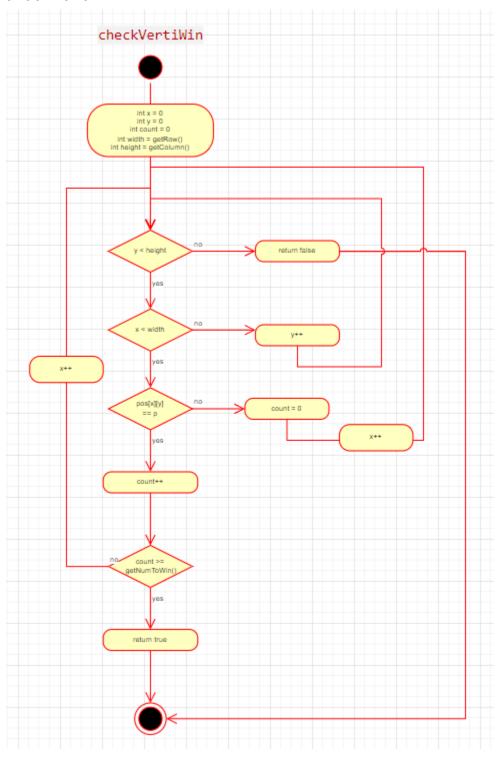
checkTie



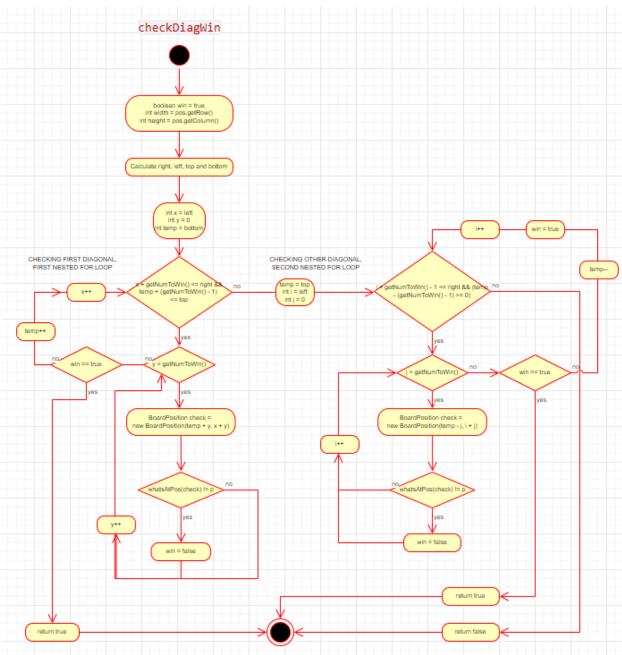
checkHorizWin



checkVertiWin



checkDiagWin



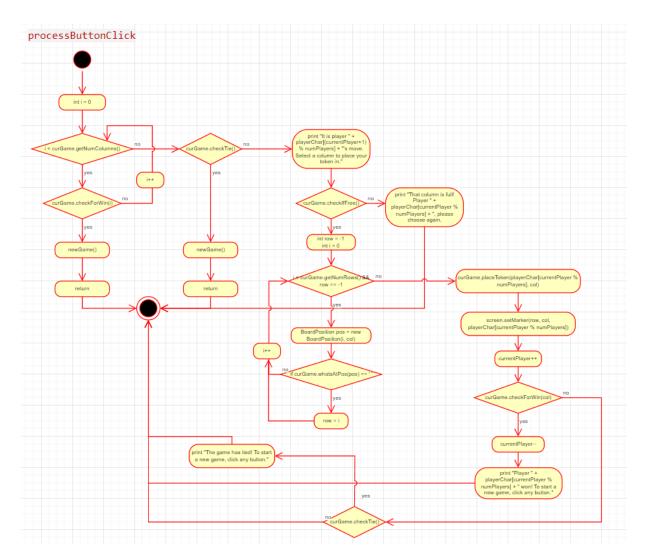
Class 4.0: ConnectXController:

Class diagram

☐ ConnectXController
- curGame: IGameBoard[1] - screen: ConnectXView[1] - numPlayers: int[1] - playerChar: char[1] - currentPlayer: int[1] + MAX_PLAYERS: static final int
+ ConnectXController(IGameBoard, ConnectXView, int) + processButtonClick(int): void - newGame(): void

Activity diagrams

processButtonClick



Test Cases

GameBoard IGameBoard() - Constructor

INPUT	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (number to win = 3) row = 5 col = 5	State:	This test case is unique and distinct because it creates an empty GameBoard filled with empty spaces. Function name: testConstructor_make _board
State: (number to win = 3) row = 3 col = 3	State:	This test case is unique and distinct because it creates an empty GameBoard of the smallest possible size filled with empty spaces. Function name: testConstructor_min_ size
State: (number to win = 25) row = 100 col = 100	State: 100x100 board100	This test case is unique and distinct because it creates an empty GameBoard of the largest possible size filled with empty spaces. Function name: testConstructor_max_ size

INPUT	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (number to win = 3) c = 2	State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it checks if a column that has no tiles placed into it is free. Function name: testCheckIfFree_empt y_board
State: (number to win = 3) c = 2 X O X	State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it checks if a column that has some tiles in it (but is not full) is free. Function name: testCheckIfFree_column_not_full
State: (number to win = 3) c = 2 X O X O X X X	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it checks if a column that is full is free. Function name: testCheckIfFree_colu mn_full

INPUT	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (num to win = 3) p = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is no win.
X X O		Function name: testCheckHorizWin_no _win
State: (num to win = 3) p = X pos.getRow = 2 pos.getCol = 0 X X O X O O	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is no horizontal win, but there is a vertical win. Function name: testCheckHorizWin_no _horiz_win
State: (num to win = 3) p = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0 O O X X X	State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a horizontal win when the last marker was placed on the edge. Function name: testCheckHorizWin_win_from_edge

p = X pos.ge	State: (num to win = 3) p = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 1				State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a horizontal win when the last marker was
						<pre>placed in the middle. Function name: testCheckHorizWin_wi n from middle</pre>
0	V	0				n_rrom_mradre
	X X X					

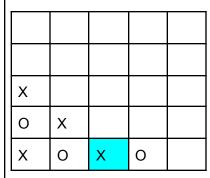
INPUT	:	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (num to win p = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0	= 3)	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is no win.
X X O			Function name: testCheckVertWin_no_ win
State: (num to win p = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0 O X X X	= 3) O	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is no vertical win, but there is a horizontal win. Function name: testCheckVertWin_no_ vert_win
State: (num to win p = X pos.getRow = 2 pos.getCol = 0 X X O X O	= 3)	State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a vertical win when the last marker was placed on the top. Function name: testCheckVertWin_win_from_top

p = X	•	to wir	n = 3)	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing if there is a vertical win in a
pos.g	etCol	= 0			column that is full (after the
X					user tries to place in the full column and if checklfFree is
X					returned false, make sure that it doesn't still check that
0					or count it as a win).
X	0	0			Function name:
Х	x o x o				testCheckVertWin_ful l_column

	INPU	ľ	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (r p = X pos.getF pos.getC		n = 3)	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's checking to see if there is a diagonal win on a completely empty board. Function name: testCheckDiagWin_empty_board
p = X pos.get(O X	n = 3)	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is no win. Function name: testCheckDiagWin_no_win
State: (num to win = 3) p = X pos.getRow = 2 pos.getCol = 0 X X O X O			State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a win (vertical in this case) but no diagonal win. Function name: testCheckDiagWin_no_ diag_win

State: p = X pos.ge pos.ge	etRov		n = 3)	State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a diagonal win from left to right, where the token was placed in the top.		
X	X	х о х	0		Function name: testCheckDiagWin_left_to_right_from_top		
p = X pos.ge pos.ge	etRow etCol	= 0		State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a diagonal win from left to right, where the token was placed in the bottom. Function name: testCheckDiagWin_left_t_to_right_from_bottom.		
State: p = X pos.ge pos.ge	etRov		O n = 3)	State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a diagonal win from right to left, where the token was placed in the top. Function name: testCheckDiagWin_right_to_left_from_top		

State: (num to win = 3) p = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 2



State: unchanged

Returns true

This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a diagonal win from right to left, where the token was placed in the bottom.

Function name:

testCheckDiagWin_rig
ht_to_left_from_bott
om

INPUT					OUTPUT	REASON
State: (num to win = 3)					State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a completely empty board, so no tie. Function name: testCheckTie_empty_b oard
State	State: (num to win = 3)				State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is only one marker on the board. Function name: testCheckTie_not_ful l_board
State	State: (num to win = 3)				State: unchanged	This test case is unique and
x	х	Х	Х	х	Returns true	distinct because it's testing when there is a completely full board, with no wins.
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Function name:
X	Х	Х	Х	Х		<pre>testCheckTie_full_bo ard</pre>
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
X	X	X	X	X		

State	: (num	n to wir	1 = 3)	State: unchanged	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing
X	Х	Х		Returns false	when there are several full columns, but still room on the
X	Х	Х			board.
X	Х	Х			Function name: testCheckTie full co
X	Х	Х			lumns
X	Х	Х			

INPUT	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (num to win = 3) pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0	State: unchanged Returns ' '	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing what is at a position in a completely empty board. Function name: testWhatsAtPos_empty _board
State: (num to win = 3) pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0	State: unchanged Returns 'X'	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing what's at a single occupied position in an otherwise empty board. Function name: testWhatsAtPos_chara cter
State: (num to win = 3) pos.getRow = 1 pos.getCol = 2 O X Y X	State: unchanged Returns 'Y'	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when the player character is surrounded by other characters. Function name: testWhatsAtPos_character_surrounded
Y O X O Y		

pos.g	State: (num to win = 3) pos.getRow = 4 pos.getCol = 4				State: unchanged Returns ''	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is only one empty space on an otherwise full
X	Х	Х	Х			board.
X	Х	Х	Х	Х		Function name: testWhatsAtPos almos
X	Х	Х	Х	Х		t_full_board
X	Х	Х	Х	Х		
X	Х	Х	Х	Х		
pos.g	State: (num to win = 3) pos.getRow = 1 pos.getCol = 2				State: unchanged Returns ' '	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing when there is a space amongst several characters.
						Function name:
						testWhatsAtPos_space in between
	0		X			
	Х		0			
Х	0	Х	0	Х		

INPUT	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (num to win = 3) player = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing whether the player is at the position in the board while the board is empty. Function name: testIsPlayerAtPos_em pty_board
State: (num to win = 3) player = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 0	State: unchanged Returns true	This test case is unique and distinct because it's checking if the player is in the position on an otherwise empty board. Function name: testIsPlayerAtPos_single_character
State: (num to win = 3) player = X pos.getRow = 0 pos.getCol = 1 X O	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's checking if the player X is in a position that is occupied, but not by X. Function name: testIsPlayerAtPos_wr ong_character

playe pos.g	: (numer = G getRow getCol	v = 0	n = 3)		State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing if a player that is not one of the players playing is at one of the positions. Function name: testIsPlayerAtPos_invalid_player
playe pos.g	: (numer = X petRow petCol	v = 4	x x x x x x x	X X X	State: unchanged Returns false	This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing if the player, X, is at the only empty position in an otherwise full board. Function name: testIsPlayerAtPos_al mst_full_board

INPUT	OUTPUT	REASON
State: (num to win = 3) p = X c = 0	State:	This test case is unique and distinct because it is testing placing a token on an empty board.
	X	Function name: testPlaceToken_empty _board
State: (num to win = 3) p = O c = 0	State:	This test case is unique and distinct because it is testing placing a token on top of another.
X	O X	Function name: testPlaceToken_on_to p_of_character
State: (num to win = 3) p = X c = 0	State:	This test case is unique and distinct because it is placing a token into a column that was almost full, and still places
O X O X	X	<pre>the token properly. Function name: testPlaceToken_colum n_almost_full</pre>

State: (num to win = 3) p = X c = 4	State	: :				This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing placing tokens to fill the entire board up completely.		
	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Function name:		
	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	testPlaceToken_till_		
	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Tull		
	X	Х	Х	Х	Х			
	X	Х	Х	Х	Х			
State: (num to win = 3)	State	<u>.</u> .				This test case is unique and		
State: (num to win = 3) p = X	State	»:				This test case is unique and distinct because it's testing		
p = X	State): 				distinct because it's testing placing a token in the only open spot in an almost-full		
p = X	State	e:				distinct because it's testing placing a token in the only open spot in an almost-full row, and makes sure that the token still gets placed in the		
p = X	State	::				distinct because it's testing placing a token in the only open spot in an almost-full row, and makes sure that the token still gets placed in the		
	State): 				distinct because it's testing placing a token in the only open spot in an almost-full row, and makes sure that the token still gets placed in the correct location (bottom-most		
p = X	State): 				distinct because it's testing placing a token in the only open spot in an almost-full row, and makes sure that the token still gets placed in the correct location (bottom-most position)		