Firefox Enhancement Proposal

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Overview

- & Enhancement Possibilities
- & Approach Chosen
- & Advantages and Disadvantages of Approach
- & Limitations
- & Lessons Learned

Problems in the Firefox Architecture

- & Single-processed environment.
 - If any particular tab/website crashes, so does the browser
 - ø Performance is directly correlated to CPU speed and load, does not scale with multi-processors
 - Not as secure (sandboxing)
- - ø Components are not easily swappable (one of the main advantages of OO style)

 - & Unnecessary complexity between components

Enhancement Possibilities

& Multi-Process

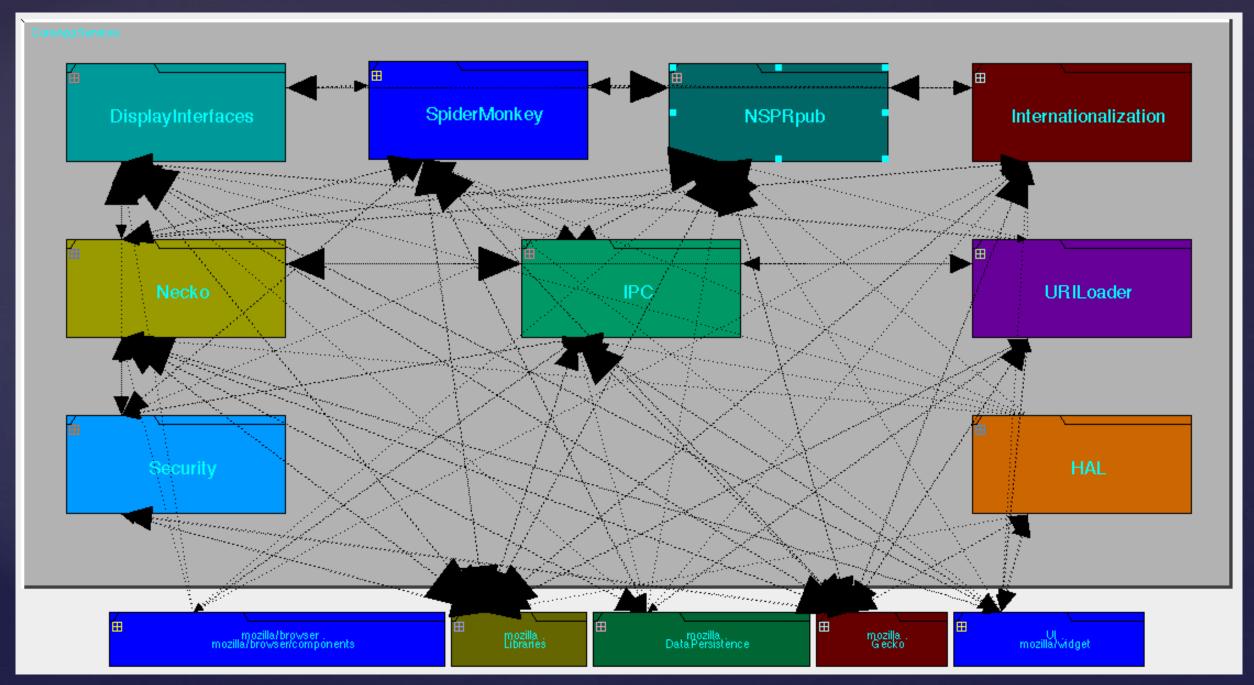
- ### Better performance scaling
- \varphi + More efficient use of available resources

& Create a Façade for the Core App Services Layer

- # Roles of individual components become much more clear
- ø Introduces performance overhead
- ø Extending functionality means making changes in the class and in the façade

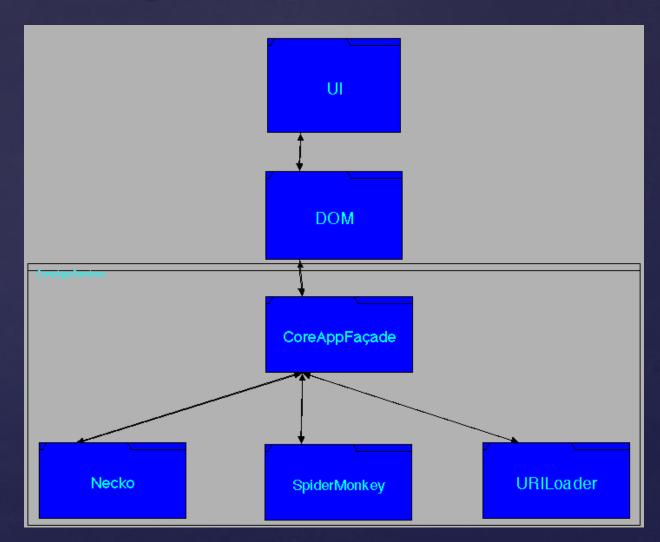
Existing Dependencies

- № Most dependencies within the Core App Services Layer are:
 - ø For conversions such as
 - ম Number conversions (calls made to IPC)
 - ষ Unicode conversions (calls made to intl)
 - ষ Time conversions (calls made to HAL)
 - ø Calling methods that can be implemented by the calling class
 - ø Due to nature of the module, convenience (e.g. Necko)



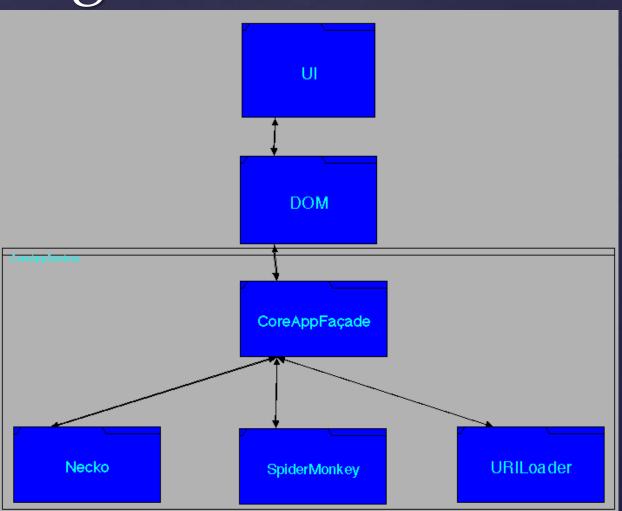
Core-App Services Façade

- Restrict communication between components



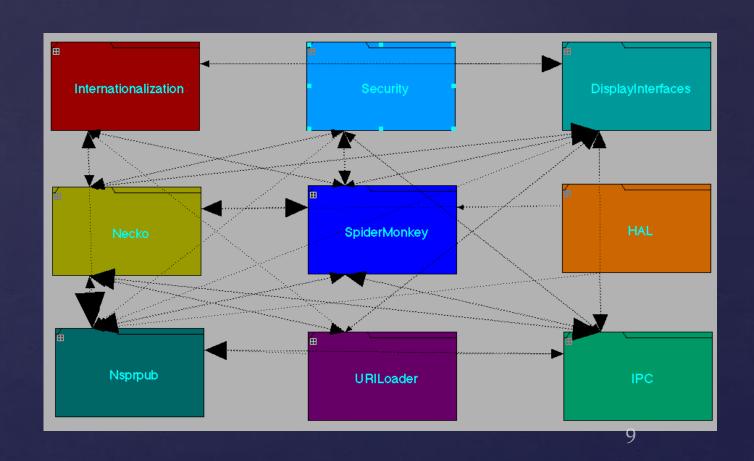
Architectural Changes

- Much of Core App Services would need to be rewritten (especially components which communicate with the network)
- Some of the DOM layer interfacing would need to be modified



Pros of chosen feature

- Ease of creation for unit tests
- Minimize potential surface area for bugs



Cons of chosen feature

- № Potential performance overhead (symbol table while compiling takes up more space, and execution takes longer because of late binding)
- Developer energy investment into changes that only serve to simplify the structure, but will not actually contribute to the project in a meaningful way (e.g. Necko)
- & Certain types of testing may ultimately be more difficult¹

Impact of chosen feature

- & Firefox is open source, many short-term developers
- ☼ Firefox developers took a serious commitment to update documentation a few years ago in order to attract more volunteer developers
- & Architecture being confusing may be holding back even more aid

Impact of chosen feature

- □ Developers with small ideas can quickly jump in and add their improvements without having to deal with dependency resolution across multitudes of files
- & Significantly decrease time for fixes and additional feature creation
- & Components would now be easily pluggable / replaceable
 - Multi-processing could be done more easily by spawning a different process for each component, with a single interface managing them all
- & Possible: This would extend toward the other two layers as well

Impact of chosen feature

- makes Mozilla Developers (both seasoned and new)
- ø Carriers which offer Firefox OS
- ø Users of various Mozilla Framework technologies
- ∇arious product owners (e.g. Dave Camp for Firefox, Fabrice Desré for FirefoxOS)²

Limitation of Work Findings

- □ Difficult simulate the system we are thinking of and implementing it would cost too much time
- ☼ Only used source code and documentation to make assumptions, since this has not been investigated publicly among developers

Lessons Learned

- □ Designing and implementing is a fight between convenience and clean code
- Real-world costs of theoretical changes are hard to estimate
- Without proper introspection, original design decisions get lost

References

- 1. http://programmingarehard.com/2014/01/11/stop-using-facades.html/
- 2. https://wiki.mozilla.org/Modules/All

