EECS4312 eHealth Project

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Revisions

Date	Revision	Description
December 8, 2015	1.0	Initial requirements document

Requirements Document:

for Patient care eHealth System

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1. System Overview

The System Under Development (SUD) is a eHealth prescriptions management prototype that will eventually be part of a much larger system that manages health prescription records for Ontario. This requirements document is specifically for this prototype that will keep track of prescriptions for patients so that dangerous interactions between medications can be controlled and checked.

To do this, the system will keep will maintain a database of physicians, medications, patients, and patient prescriptions, each with a unique identifier (ID). The system will also maintain records of dangerous interactions between medications. Interactions are defined as undesirable outcomes when certain pairs of medications are taken together. For this system, we are to track these interactions as well as prescriptions that contain medications that interact dangerously.

Physicians are classified either as generalists, or specialists in the database. Generalists are allowed to prescribe medications so long as they do not cause dangerous interactions. Specialists are given discretion in this case - they are allowed to prescribe medications that would cause dangerous reactions, though this is flagged by the system and displayed in a report.

2. Context Diagram

The System Under Description (SUD) is a computer *controller* to keep track of the physicians, patients, patient prescriptions, medications, and medication interactions. The monitored variables and controlled variables for this computer system can be found in Table 1 and Table 3 respectively.

The system must keep track of abstract state which isn't available to the user. For a list of the abstract states within the controller see Figure 2.

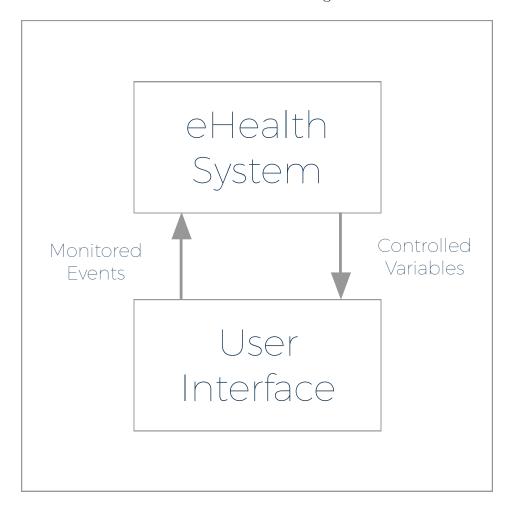


Figure 1: Context Diagram

3. Goals

The high-level goals (G) of the system are:

- G1 The user should be able to add physicians of type {generalist, specialist} with unique IDs
- G2 The user should be able to add patients with unique IDs
- G3 The user should be able to add medications with unique names and IDs and a safe dosage range
- G4 The user should be able to add prescriptions with a unique ID between a doctor and patient
- G5 The user should be able to add interactions between medications
- G6 Physicians should be able to prescribe medications with specific dosages, so long as the dosage is within the safe range
- G7 A Physician must be a specialist to prescribe a medication to a patient when it would create a dangerous interaction with a different already prescribed medication regardless of the prescription or physician the other medication exists in
- G8 The system should be able to display a report of all patients prescribed a particular medication
- G9 The system should be able to display a dangerous prescriptions report that lists all patients with dangerous prescriptions along with the particular medications prescribed to them that interact dangerously

4. Monitored Events

The monitored events are those which come through the user interface. The following monitored events will be available to the user.

Name	Interpretation
add_physician(id: ID_MD; name: NAME; kind: PHYSICIAN_TYPE)	Add a Physician to the system
add_patient(id: ID_PT; name: NAME)	Add Patient to the system
add_medication(id: ID_MN; medicine: MEDICATION)	Add a medication to the system
add_interaction(id1:ID_MN;id2:ID_MN)	Add an interaction between two medications
new_prescription(id: ID_RX;	Add a new prescription to
doctor: ID_MD; patient: ID_PT)	the system
add_medicine(id: ID_RX; medicine:ID_MN; dose: VALUE)	Add a medicine to a prescription
remove_medicine(id: ID_RX;	Remove a medication from
medicine:ID_MN)	a prescription
prescriptions_q(medication_id: ID_MN)	List all patients prescribed the medication
dpr_q	Print out a dangerous prescription report

Table 1: Monitored Events

Name	Type	Interpretation
PHYSICIAN_TYPE	$\{gn, sp\}$	Generalist or Specialist
MEDICATION	[name: NAME; kind: KIND;	Name is unique. See following rows
MEDICHTION	low: VALUE; hi: VALUE]	Traine is unique. See following fows
KIND	{pill, liquid}	Pill or a liquid
DOSE	{mg, cc}	Milligrams
DOSE	\\ \text{Img}, \text{cc}\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	or Cubic Centimetres

Table 2: Monitored Types

5. Controlled Variables

The controlled variables represent what will be shown to the user.

Name	Interpretation	Abstract State
Physicians	A list of all the Physicians currently within the system	See table 2
Patients	A list of all the Patients currently in the system	See table 2
Medications	A list of all the Medications currently within the system	See table 2
Interactions	A list of all the Interactions currently within the system	See table 2
Prescriptions	A list of all the Prescriptions within the system	See table 2
Error	A message displaying the highest priority error, or ok	See table 2

Table 3: Controlled Variables

6. E/R-descriptions

6.1. Requirements Descriptions

REQ1	The system will keep track of Physicians, Patients, Medications, Interactions, and Prescriptions	See Table 3 for list of abstract states.
REQ2	A generalist cannot add a medicine to a prescription if that medicine leads to a dangerous interaction.	See Table 1 for adding medicine, and Table 3 for dangerous interactions.
REQ3	An interaction cannot be added if a specialist has not prescribed at least one of the medications.	See Table 1 for adding interaction, and Table 3.

6.2. Environmental Descriptions

ENV4	All input to the system will be constrained to the GUI grammer.	See Table 1 for the list possible monitored events.
ENV5	A constraint by the grammar will ensure PHYSICIAN_TYPE is either a generalist or a specialist.	See Table 2 for PHYSI- CIAN_TYPE.

Rationale: The operator interface for the nurse is designed in such a way that the increments of the input temperatures from the control interface must change by whole numbers.

ENV6	The DOSE type will be constrained by the GUI grammar to be either mg, or cc.	See Table 2 for DOSE.
ENV7	The KIND type will be constrained by the GUI grammar to be either a pill or a liquid.	See Table 2 for KIND.

7. Abstract variables needed for the Function Table

Name	Interpredation	Purpose
mnid	The set of all medication ids	Keep track of all the medication ids in the system
ptid	The set of all patient ids	Keep track of all the patient ids in the system
mdid	The set of all doctor ids	Keep track of all the doctor ids in the system
rxid	The set of all prescription ids	Keep track of all the prescription ids in the system
mdpt	Relationship between Doctor and Patient	Keep track of the doctor and the patient
127	Relation between doctor	Keep track of all the medical prescriptions between
rx	patient and medication	doctor and patient in the system
prs	List of all prescriptions including dosage	Keep track of all the prescriptions in the system
di	Set of dangerous interactions between medications	Keep track of all the dangerous interactions in the system
gs	The kind of doctor	Keep track of all the type of doctor
dpi	The dangerous	Notify dangerous interactions,
ирі	prescription report	if they exist

Figure 2: Abstract Variables used in Function Tables

8. Function Tables

Name	Meaning
err1	physician id must be a positive integer
err2	physician id already in use
err3	name must start with a letter
err4	patient id must be a positive integer
err5	patient id already in use
err6	name must start with a letter
err7	medication id must be a positive integer
err8	medication id already in use
err9	medication name must start with a letter
err10	medication name already in use
err11	require 0 <low-dose <="hi-dose</td"></low-dose>
err12	medication ids must be positive integers
err13	medication ids must be different
err14	medications with these ids must be registered
err15	interaction already exists
err16	first remove conflicting medicine prescribed by generalist
err17	prescription id must be a positive integer
err18	prescription id already in use
err19	physician with this id not registered
err20	patient with this id not registered
err21	prescription already exists for this physician and patient
err22	prescription with this id does not exist
err23	medication id must be registered
err24	medication is already prescribed
err25	specialist is required to add a dangerous interaction
err26	dose is outside allowed range
err27	medication is not in the prescription

Figure 3: Table of errors and warnings

8.1. Function Table for eHealth

Monitored Inputs		
i = 0		See Table 5
	new_prescription(id, doctor, patient)	See Table 6
i >0	add_medicine(id, medicine, dose)	See Table 7
	remove_medicine(id, medicine)	See Table 8
	add_interaction(id1, id2)	See Table 9

Figure 4: Function Table for eHealth

8.2. Function Table for init

error: false

Abstract State	¬ error	error
mind(i)	Ø	NC
ptid(i)	Ø	NC
mdid(i)	Ø	NC
rxid(i)	Ø	NC
mn(i)	Ø	NC
mns(i)	ε	NC
mdpt(i)	Ø	NC
rx(i)	ε	NC
prs(i)	ε	NC
di(i)	Ø	NC
gs(i)	$\varnothing \mapsto \varepsilon$	NC
dpr(i)	$\varnothing \mapsto \varepsilon$	NC
r(i)	ok	error

Figure 5: Function Table for init

8.3. Function Table for new_prescription(id, md, pt)

error: $\neg (id > 0 \land \neg rxid_1(id) \land md > 0 \land mdid_1(md) \land pt > 0 \land ptid_1(pt) \land mdpt_1(md, pt))$

Abstract State	¬ error	error
mind(i)	NC	NC
ptid(i)	NC	NC
mdid(i)	NC	NC
rxid(i)	$rxid_{-1} \cup \{id\}$	NC
mn(i)	NC	NC
mns(i)	NC	NC
mdpt(i)	NC	NC
rx(i)	$rx_{-1} \mid (id \mapsto (md, pt))$	NC
prs(i)	$prs_{-1} \upharpoonright (id \mapsto empty_prs(mnid_1))$	NC
di(i)	NC	NC
gs(i)	NC	NC
dpr(i)	$dpr_{-1} \upharpoonright (id \mapsto \varnothing)$	NC
r(i)	ok	error

Figure 6: Function Table for new_prescription(id, doctor, patient)

8.4. Function Table for add_medicine(id, m, d)

error: $\neg(id > 0 \land \neg rxid_1(id) \land m > 0 \land mnid_1(m) \land pt > 0 has(m, prs_1(id)) \land sumthin \land isValidDose(m, d))$

Abstract State	¬ error	error
mind(i)	NC	NC
ptid(i)	NC	NC
mdid(i)	NC	NC
rxid(i)	NC	NC
mn(i)	NC	NC
mns(i)	NC	NC
mdpt(i)	NC	NC
rx(i)	NC	NC
prs(i)	$prs_{-1}(id) \uparrow (m \mapsto d)$	NC
di(i)	NC	NC
gs(i)	NC	NC
dpr(i)	NC	NC
r(i)	ok	error

Figure 7: Function Table for add_medicine(id, medicine, dose)

8.5. Function Table for remove_medicine(id, med)

error: $\neg (id > 0 \land \neg rxid_1(id) \land med > 0 \land mnid_1(med) \land prs_1(id)(med)`1 > 0)$

Abstract State	¬ error	error
mind(i)	NC	NC
ptid(i)	NC	NC
mdid(i)	NC	NC
rxid(i)	NC	NC
mn(i)	NC	NC
mns(i)	NC	NC
mdpt(i)	NC	NC
rx(i)	NC	NC
prs(i)	$prs_{-1} \uparrow (id \mapsto \varepsilon)$	NC
di(i)	NC	NC
gs(i)	NC	NC
dpr(i)	NC	NC
r(i)	ok	error

Figure 8: Function Table for remove_medicine(id, medicine)

8.6. Function Table for add_interaction(id1, id2)

error: $\neg (id1 > 0 \land id2 > 0 \land \neg id1 = id2 \land mnid_1(id1) \land mnid_1(id2) \land (\exists a : (prs_1(a)(id1)`1 > 0 \land sumin) \lor (prs_1(id)(med)`1 > 0 \land sumin)))$

Abstract State	¬ error	error
mind(i)	NC	NC
ptid(i)	NC	NC
mdid(i)	NC	NC
rxid(i)	NC	NC
mn(i)	NC	NC
mns(i)	NC	NC
mdpt(i)	NC	NC
rx(i)	NC	NC
prs(i)	NC	NC
di(i)	$di_{-1} \cup (id1, id2) \wedge di_1 \cup (id2, id1)$	NC
gs(i)	NC	NC
dpr(i)	NC	NC
r(i)	ok	error

Figure 9: Function Table for add_interaction(id1, id2)

9. Validation

```
*** top (1:31:6 12/8/2015)
  Generated by proveit - ProofLite-6.0.9 (3/14/14)
   Trusted Oracles
    MetiTarski: MetiTarski Theorem Prover via PVS proof rule metit
* * *
Proof summary for theory top
   Theory totals: 0 formulas, 0 attempted, 0 succeeded (0.00 s)
Proof summary for theory Time
   r2d TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.25 s)
   d2r_TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.03 s)
   held_for_TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.09 s)
   Theory totals: 3 formulas, 3 attempted, 3 succeeded (0.37 s)
Proof summary for theory ehealth
   emptyfun TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.00 s)
   init rx TCC1.....unfinished
                                                [shostak](0.01 s)
   np ft TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.03 s)
   np_ft_TCC2.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.08 s)
   np_ft_TCC3.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.08 s)
   np ft TCC4.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.04 s)
   np_ft_TCC5.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.14 s)
   np_ft_TCC6.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.11 s)
                                                [shostak](0.02 s)
   np_ft_TCC7.....proved - complete
   np_ft_TCC8.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.01 s)
   am_ft_TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.09 s)
                                                [shostak](0.10 s)
   am ft TCC2.....proved - complete
   am_ft_TCC3.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.10 s)
   ai_ft_TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.09 s)
   ai_ft_TCC2.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.10 s)
   ai_ft_TCC3......proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.14 s)
   ai_ft_TCC4.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.15 s)
   ai_ft_TCC5.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.16 s)
   ai_ft_TCC6.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.23 s)
   rm_ft_TCC1.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.05 s)
   rm\_ft\_TCC2.\dots...proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.05 s)
   rm_ft_TCC3.....proved - complete
                                                shostak](0.09 s)
   rm ft TCC4.....proved - complete
                                                [shostak](0.07 s)
   Theory totals: 23 formulas, 23 attempted, 22 succeeded (1.96 s)
Grand Totals: 26 proofs, 26 attempted, 25 succeeded (2.32 s)
```

Figure 10: Validated Isolette

10. Acceptance Tests

```
at1.txt
add_physician
                    (1, "Mayo", specialist)
add_patient
                    (3, "Dora")
add_patient
                    (1, "Drew")
                    (1, ["Wafarin", pill, 1.0, 6.0])
add_medication
add_medication
                    (3, ["caffeine", liquid, 1.0, 16.0])
                    (2, ["acetaminophen", liquid, 1.0, 25.5])
add_medication
add_interaction
                    (2,3)
add_interaction
                    (1, 2)
new_prescription
                    (2, 1, 3)
new_prescription
                    (1, 1, 1)
dpr_q
add_medicine
                    (1, 1, 5.5)
                    (1, 2, 5.5)
add_medicine
add medicine
                    (1, 3, 5.5)
                    (2, 2, 5.5)
add medicine
add medicine
                    (2, 3, 5.5)
add medicine
                    (2, 1, 5.5)
prescriptions_q(1)
```

Figure 11: First Acceptance Test

```
-- at2.txt
add physician
                    (1, "Mayo", specialist)
                    (3, "Drew")
add_patient
add_patient
                    (1, "Helen")
                    (1, ["Wafarin", pill, 1.0, 6.0])
add medication
add_medication
                    (3, ["caffeine", liquid, 1.0, 16.0])
add_medication
                    (2, ["acetaminophen", liquid, 1.0, 25.5])
add_interaction
                    (1, 2)
add_interaction
                    (1,3)
add_interaction
                    (2,3)
new_prescription
                    (2, 1, 3)
new prescription
                    (1, 1, 1)
add medicine
                    (1, 1, 5.5)
add medicine
                    (1, 2, 5.5)
                    (1, 3, 5.5)
add medicine
                    (2, 2, 5.5)
add medicine
add medicine
                    (2, 3, 5.5)
add medicine
                    (2, 1, 5.5)
dpr_q
remove_medicine(2,1)
remove_medicine(2,2)
remove_medicine(2,3)
add_medicine
                    (1, 1, 5.5)
add_medicine
                    (1, 2, 5.5)
                    (1, 3, 5.5)
add_medicine
dpr_q
```

Figure 12: Second Acceptance Test

A. eHealth PVS

```
% This is a partial theory to help you get started encoding your
% function tables in PVS for the eHealth project.
% This theory type checks but the function tables are
% not valid as the requirements have not been properly elicited.
% Furthermore the function tables do not respect our format
% as completeness and disjointness is circumvented by the
% ELSE keyword. You may not use the ELSE keyword in function tables
% for this project.
% You are not required to prove any invariants.
% Nevertheless, we show you below how to prove some simple
```

```
% invariants as part of the state as TCCs. See fields inv1 and
% inv2 in the STATE record using the unit ADT. You may omit these
% invariants in the state if you choose, but they do help to ensure
% the correct requirements if kept.
% Note that we show a change of state using the override WITH
% operator so that any part of the state not overriden is left
% unchanged.
ehealth: THEORY
BEGIN
  delta: posreal % sampling time
  IMPORTING Time[delta]
  IMPORTING structures@Unit adt
  i: VAR DTIME
  % Definition of an empty function
  emptyfun [T, U: TYPE] (x: \{x: T \mid FALSE\}): RECURSIVE U =
    emptyfun(x)
    MEASURE (LAMBDA (x : \{x : T \mid FALSE\}): 1)
  ID_MD: TYPE+ = int %physicians
  ID_PT: TYPE+ = int %patients
  ID_RX: TYPE+ = int %prescriptions
  ID_MN: TYPE+ = int %medications
  % Physician type
  GS: TYPE+ = \{gn, sp\}
  UNIT: \mathbf{TYPE} + = \{cc, mq\}
  DOSE: TYPE = [nnreal, UNIT]
 NAME: TYPE+
 KIND: TYPE+ = {pill, liquid}
 MEDICINE: TYPE
  = [name:NAME, kind:KIND, low:nnreal, hi:nnreal]
 COMMAND : DATATYPE
    BEGIN
      m_np(id:ID_RX, md: ID_MD, pt: ID_PT): np?
      m_ai(id1:ID_MN, id2:ID_MN): ai?
     m_am(id:ID_RX, med:ID_MN, dose:DOSE): am?
      m_rm(id:ID_RX, med: ID_MN): rm?
```

```
END COMMAND
cmd: VAR [POS_DTIME -> COMMAND]
invariant (p : bool) : TYPE = { x : Unit | p }
          % unit : { x : Unit | 2 is even }
             (type correct IFF: 2 is even [ x := unit ]
                           ... 2 is even
                                TRUE
          % unit : { x : Unit | 3 is even }
          % (type correct IFF: 3 is even [x := unit]
                           ... 3 is even
          응
                                FALSE
          % { x : Unit | p } = IF p : THEN \{unit\} ELSE \} ENDIF
has [T : TYPE] (m : T, p : [T -> DOSE]) : bool = p(m) 1 > 0
    % does prescription p have a non-zero dose of m?
% Have to place the state in a record
STATE: TYPE =
  [#
     mnid: set[ID_MN] % medication ids
    , ptid: set[ID_PT] % patient ids
    , mdid: set[ID_MD] % doctor ids
    , rxid: set[ID_RX] % prescription ids
    , mdpt: set[[(mdid),(ptid)]]
    % (doctor, patient) care relation
    , rx:
            [(rxid) -> (mdpt)]
    % care to rx ids, needs to be a bijection
    , prs: [(rxid) -> [(mnid) -> DOSE]]
    % prescriptions
    , di: set[[(mnid), (mnid)]]
    , qs: [(mdid) -> GS] % kind of doctor
    , dpr : [(rxid) -> set[[(mnid), (mnid)]]]
 #1
PRES (s : STATE) : TYPE = [(s mnid) -> DOSE]
     % type of PRESCRIPTIONS for a given state
% would prescriptions p0 and p1 cause dangerous interactions
```

```
% if they were prescribed to the same patient?
interact (s : STATE) (p0, p1 : PRES (s)) : bool =
         EXISTS (m0, m1 : (s'mnid)):
                s'di((m0,m1))
            AND has (m0, p0)
            AND has (m1, p1)
        % given state s, does medication m1 cause a problem
        % for the patient of prescription p0?
interactWith (s: STATE)(p0 : PRES (s), m1 : (s'mnid)) : bool =
         EXISTS (m0 : (s'mnid)) : s'di((m0, m1)) AND has (m0, p0)
         medicine: MEDICINE
isValidDose(s : STATE) (m : ID MN, d : DOSE) :
bool = d'1 > 0 AND d'1 > medicine'3 AND medicine'4 > d'1
         % is d a valid dose of medication m?
         % kept abstract; will need a counterpart in the state
         % in order to be refined
prsOfPt (s: STATE) (p: (s'ptid)) : set [(s'rxid)] =
        \{ r : (s'rxid) \mid s'rx(r)'2 = p \}
ptOf (s: STATE) (r : (s'rxid)) : (s'ptid) = s'rx(r)'2
mdOf (s: STATE) (r : (s'rxid)) : (s'mdid) = s'rx(r)'1
s: VAR [ DTIME -> STATE ]
empty_prs (mdns : set[ID_MN])(m : (mdns)) : DOSE = (0, mg)
init_mdid: set[ID_MD]
init_gs: [(init_mdid) -> GS]
init_mnid: set[ID_MN]
init_ptid: set[ID_PT]
init_rxid: set[ID_RX]
init_mdpt: set[[(init_mdid),(init_ptid)]]
init_dpr: [(init_rxid) -> set[[(init_mnid), (init_mnid)]]]
init_prs: [(init_rxid) -> [(init_mnid) -> DOSE]]
init_rx: [(init_rxid)->(init_mdpt)]
init_state : STATE =
```

```
(# mnid := init mnid
      , ptid := init_ptid
      , mdid := init_mdid
      , rxid := init_rxid
      , mdpt := init_mdpt
      , rx := init_rx
      , prs := init_prs
      , di := emptyset
      , gs := init_gs
      , dpr := init_dpr
      #)
      % new_prescription (id: ID_RX; doctor: ID_MD; patient: ID_PT)
            prescription id must be a positive integer
      응
            prescription id already in use
            physician id must be a positive integer
            physician with this id not registered
      응
            patient id must be a positive integer
            patient with this id not registered
            prescription already exists for this physican and patient
np_ft(id:ID_RX, md: ID_MD, pt: ID_PT)(s)(i): bool =
 COND
      i = 0 \rightarrow s(i) = init\_state,
      i > 0 ->
      COND
      id > 0
      AND NOT rxid (id)
      AND md > 0
      AND mdid_ (md)
      AND pt > 0
      AND ptid_ (pt)
      AND mdpt_ (md, pt) ->
             s(i) = s(i-1)
             WITH [ rxid := add(id, rxid_)
                   , rx := rx_ WITH [id := (md,pt)]
                   , prs := prs_ WITH [id := empty_prs(mnid_) ]
                    , dpr := dpr_ WITH [id := emptyset ]
      NOT (id > 0
      AND NOT rxid_ (id)
      AND md > 0
```

```
AND mdid_ (md)
        AND pt > 0
        AND ptid_ (pt)
        AND mdpt_ (md, pt))
          -> s(i) = s(i-1)
    ENDCOND
    where
       rxid_ = s(i-1)'rxid
      , mdid_ = s(i-1) \mbox{'mdid}
      ,ptid_ = s(i-1) 'ptid
      , mdpt_ = s(i-1) mdpt
      rx = s(i-1) rx
      ,dpr_{=} = s(i-1) dpr
      , mnid = s(i-1) \mbox{'mnid}
      ,prs_ = s(i-1)'prs
      ENDCOND
%dose: DOSE
% Add_medicine (id: ID_RX; medicine:ID_MN; dose: VALUE)
       prescription id must be a positive integer
       prescription with this id does not exist
 응
       medication id must be a positive integer
 응
       medication id must be registered
 응
       medication is already prescribed
 응
       specialist is required to add a dangerous interaction
       dose is outside allowed range
 am_ft(id:ID_RX, m: ID_MN, d: DOSE)(s)(i): bool =
   COND
        i = 0 \rightarrow s(i) = init state,
        i > 0 \rightarrow COND
        id > 0
        AND rxid_ (id)
        AND m > 0
        AND mnid_ (m)
        AND NOT (prs_ (id) (m) '1 > 0)
        AND NOT (EXISTS (b: ID_MD, c: ID_PT):
        ((prs_{(id)} (m) '1 > 0 AND (rx_{(id)} = (b,c))
        AND gs_(b) = sp()))
        AND isValidDose_ (m,d)
            \rightarrow s(i) = s(i-1) WITH [ prs := prs_
            WITH [id := prs_(id) WITH [m := d] ]
```

```
, NOT (
            id > 0
        AND rxid_ (id)
        AND m > 0
        AND mnid_ (m)
        AND NOT (prs_ (id) (m) '1 > 0)
        AND NOT (EXISTS (b: ID_MD, c: ID_PT):
        ((prs_{(id)} (m) '1 > 0 AND (rx_{(id)} = (b,c))
        AND gs_(b) = sp()))
        AND isValidDose_ (m,d))
        -> s(i) = s(i-1)
   ENDCOND
    where
       rxid_ = s(i-1) 'rxid
      , mnid = s(i-1) 'mnid
      ,di_ = s(i-1) 'di
      , rx_{\underline{}} = s(i-1) rx
      , qs_{\underline{}} = s(i-1) qs
      ,prs_{\underline{}} = s(i-1) prs_{\underline{}}
      , mdOf_{-} = mdOf(s(i-1))
      ,ptOf_ = ptOf(s(i-1))
      , interactWith_ = interactWith(s(i-1))
      ,prsOfPt_ = prsOfPt(s(i-1))
      ,isValidDose_ = isValidDose(s(i-1))
      ENDCOND
%% FUN FUN FUNCTION TABLES %%
88888888888888888888888888888888888
      %add interaction (id1:ID MN;id2:ID MN)
           medication ids must be positive integers
           medication ids must be different
      응
           medications with these ids must be registered
           interaction already exists
           first remove conflicting medicine prescribed by generalist
      ai_ft(id1:ID_MN, id2:ID_MN)(s)(i): bool = COND
          i = 0 \rightarrow s(i) = init\_state,
          i > 0 -> COND
          id1 > 0 AND id2 > 0
          AND NOT (id1 = id2)
          AND member(id1, mnid_ )
```

```
AND member(id2, mnid )
    AND NOT member((id1,id2), di_ )
    AND NOT (EXISTS (a: ID_RX, b: ID_MD, c: ID_PT):
    member(a, rxid_ ) AND member(b, mdid_ )
    AND member(c, ptid_ ) AND ((prs_ (a) (id1) '1 > 0
    AND (rx_{a}) = (b,c) AND gs_{b} = sp_{b}
        OR (prs_ (a) (id2) '1 > 0 AND <math>(rx_ (a) = (b,c)
        AND gs_(b) = sp())
   AND NOT (member((id1, id2), di_)
      OR member((id2, id1), di_ ))
    -> s(i) = s(i-1) WITH [
        di := add((id1, id2), di)
        ,di := add((id2, id1), di_)
       % , dpr := dpr WITH []
    ],
    NOT (
      id1 > 0 AND id2 > 0
    AND NOT (id1 = id2)
    AND member(id1, mnid_)
    AND member(id2, mnid_ )
    AND NOT member((id1,id2), di_ )
    AND NOT (EXISTS (a: ID_RX, b: ID_MD, c: ID_PT):
     member(a, rxid_ ) AND member(b, mdid_ )
     AND member(c, ptid_ ) AND ((prs_ (a) (id1) '1 > 0
     AND (rx_{a} = (b,c) AND gs_{b} = sp ))
        OR (prs_ (a) (id2) ^1 > 0 AND (rx_ (a) = (b,c)
        AND qs_{(b)} = sp())
   AND NOT (member((id1, id2), di_ )
      OR member((id2, id1), di_ )) \rightarrow s(i) = s(i-1)
ENDCOND
where
  di
      = s(i-1) 'di
  ,dpr_{\underline{}} = s(i-1) dpr
  , rxid_ = s(i-1) rxid
  , mnid_{-} = s(i-1) \mbox{'mnid}
  , mdid_ = s(i-1) \ 'mdid
  ,ptid_ = s(i-1) 'ptid
  ,prs_ = s(i-1)'prs
  ,rx_{=} = s(i-1)'rx
  , mdpt_ = s(i-1) mdpt
  , gs_{\underline{}} = s(i-1) 'gs
```

```
ENDCOND
      %remove_medicine (id: ID_RX; medicine:ID_MN)
           prescription id must be a positive integer
           prescription with this id does not exist
           medication id must be a positive integer
           medication id must be registered
           medication is not in the prescription
      rm_ft(id:ID_RX, med: ID_MN)(s)(i): bool = COND
          i = 0 \rightarrow s(i) = init\_state,
        i > 0 -> COND
           id > 0
          AND rxid (id)
          AND med > 0
          AND mnid (med)
          AND prs_ (id) (med) '1 > 0
          \rightarrow s(i) = s(i-1) WITH [
           prs := prs_ WITH [id := empty_prs(mnid_ ) ]
          ],
          NOT (
            id > 0
            AND rxid (id)
            AND med > 0
            AND mnid_ (med)
            AND prs_ (id) (med) '1 > 0
          ) -> s(i) = s(i-1)
      ENDCOND
      where
         rxid = s(i-1)'rxid
        ,dpr_{=} = s(i-1) dpr
        , mnid_ = s(i-1) 'mnid
        ,prs_ = s(i-1)'prs
        ENDCOND
ehealth_ft(cmd)(s)(i): bool = COND
 i = 0 \rightarrow s(0) = init\_state
 i > 0 ->
    CASES cmd(i) OF
      m_np(id, md, pt): np_ft(id, md, pt)(s)(i),
      m_ai(id1, id2): ai_ft(id1, id2)(s)(i),
      m_am(id, med, dose): am_ft(id, med, dose)(s)(i),
      m_rm(id, med): rm_ft(id, med)(s)(i)
```

ENDCASES

ENDCOND

END ehealth

```
-- at3.txt\
add physician
                   (1, "Mayo", specialist)
                   (2, "Mayo", specialist)
add_physician
add_physician
                   (3, "Mayo", generalist)
add_patient
                   (3, "Drew")
add_patient
                   (1, "Drew")
add_medication
                   (1, ["Wafarin", pill, 1.0, 6.0])
add_medication
                   (2, ["acetaminophen", liquid, 1.0, 25.5])
new prescription
                   (2, 1, 3)
new_prescription
                   (4, 3, 1)
new_prescription
                   (1, 1, 1)
new_prescription
                   (3, 2, 3)
add medicine
                   (1, 1, 5.5)
add_medicine
                   (1, 2, 5.5)
                   (4, 2, 5.5)
add_medicine
                   (2, 2, 5.5)
add_medicine
add medicine
                   (2, 1, 5.5)
                   (3, 1, 5.5)
add medicine
add medicine
                   (3, 2, 5.5)
-- error cases
-- add physician
add_physician
                   (-1, "Mayo", specialist)
add_physician
                   (1, "Mayo", specialist)
                   (6, "99Yo", specialist)
add_physician
-- add_patient
add_patient
                   (-1, "Drew")
                   (1, "Drew")
add_patient
                   (7, "76rew")
add_patient
-- add_medication
add medication
                    (-1, ["Wafarin", pill, 1.0, 6.0])
add medication
                    (1, ["Wafarin", pill, 1.0, 6.0])
add medication
                    (6, ["23afarin", pill, 1.0, 6.0])
add medication
                    (7, ["Wafarin", pill, 1.0, 6.0])
add medication
                    (8, ["Wafarin", pill, 6.0, 1.0])
```

Figure 13: Second Acceptance Test

```
dpr_q
-- add interaction
add_interaction
                   (1, -2)
add_interaction
                   (1, 1)
add interaction
                   (7,9)
add_interaction
                   (1, 2)
add_interaction
                   (1, 2)
add_interaction
                   (2, 1)
dpr_q
-- new_prescription
new_prescription
                   (-3, 2, 3)
                   (4, 2, 3)
new_prescription
new_prescription (5, -2, 3)
new_prescription
                   (6, 2, 3)
                   (7, 2, -3)
new_prescription
                   (8, 2, 3)
new_prescription
new_prescription
                   (3, 20, 3)
new_prescription
                   (3, 2, 30)
-- add medicine
add medicine
                   (-2, 1, 5.5)
add_medicine
                   (2, -1, 5.5)
add_medicine
                   (2, 100, 5.5)
add_medicine
                   (2, 1, 5.5)
add_medicine
                   (2, 1, 5.5)
                   (2, 100, 55.00)
add_medicine
prescriptions_q(-1000)
prescriptions_q(1000)
```

Figure 14: Second Acceptance Test