

$$\begin{aligned} P(b=1|\bar{b}=0) + P(b=0|\bar{b}=1) &= 0,2 \\ P(b=1|b=1) + P(b=0|\bar{b}=0) &= 0,8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M & \left\{ \begin{aligned} \text{SBALFAL} & P(b=1|\bar{b}=0) + P(b=0|\bar{b}=1) = 0,75 \\ \text{ALFAL} & P(b=1|\bar{b}=1) + P(b=0|\bar{b}=0) = 0,25 \end{aligned} \right. \\ M^* & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 1,5 \\ & / 1 - 2 \cdot 0,75 \\ & 0,5 \\ & 0,5 \end{aligned}$$

$$d(x_0, x_1) = \left| 1 - \underbrace{P_{b|b}(1|0)}_{< 0,2} - \underbrace{P_{b|b}(0|1)}_{< 0,2} \right| \leq |1 - 2 \cdot 0,2| \leq 0,6$$

upper bound.

0,5 sin

$$d(x_0, x_1) = 1 - P_{b|b}(1|0) - P$$



$$\begin{aligned} P(b=1|\bar{b}=0) + P(b=0|\bar{b}=1) &= \text{false} = 0,2 \\ P(b=1|b=1) + P(b=0|\bar{b}=0) &= 0,8 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 1

1.1) Consider a security mechanism M which can be distinguished from its ideal counterpart M^* by a distinguisher D with the following probabilities

- D correctly identifies M with probability 0.8
- D correctly identifies M^* with probability 0.25

Can you find an upper bound to the unconditional security level of M in terms of distinguishability?

Can you find a lower bound?