```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
 2 import java.util.ArrayList;
 3 import java.util.Iterator;
5 import java.io.File;
6 import java.io.IOException;
7
8 /*
9 * Name:
                  Luke O'Brien
10 * Class:
                  Data Structure and Algorithms
11 * Section:
                  002
12 * Assignment: Assignmnet-5
13 * Due Date:
                  26 Feb 2020
14 *
15 * Desc:
16 * The program takes the four files into a Scanner then parses the data.
17 * inputing it all into the "GenericStack" Data structure.
18 * The program then prints out the individual stacks before merging them
19 * then reversing them. After they are reversed, the final product is
20 * it then printed out.
21 *
22 * after both types of stacks have gone through that process, the final
23 * stacks for each type is printed out in side by side format using the
24 * method printTwoStacks
25 *
26 * Added methods to make my life easier:
27 * printHeader(String);
28 * iterator(); //Under GenericStack in order to use iterator in the program
29 *
30 * ISSUES:
31 * I could not for the life of me, sort the last two digits in the while
32 * loop inside mergeStacks(). I understand it's because of where my next()
33 * is, but if I were to move it, the rest of the method would break.
34 */
35
36 public class OBrienLukeAssignment5
37 {
38
      public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
39
40
          Scanner intFileOne = new Scanner(new File("numbers1.txt"));
41
          Scanner intFileTwo = new Scanner(new File("numbers2.txt"));
42
          Scanner strFileOne = new Scanner(new File("mountains1.txt"));
43
44
          Scanner strFileTwo = new Scanner(new File("mountains2.txt"));
45
46
          GenericStack<Integer> intStackOne = new GenericStack<>();
47
          GenericStack<Integer> intStackTwo = new GenericStack<>();
48
          GenericStack<Integer> intFinStack = new GenericStack<>();
49
50
          GenericStack<String> strStackOne = new GenericStack<>();
51
          GenericStack<String> strStackTwo = new GenericStack<>();
52
          GenericStack<String> strFinStack = new GenericStack<>();
53
54
          GenericStack<Integer> intPrintStack = new GenericStack<>();
55
          GenericStack<String> strPrintStack = new GenericStack<>();
56
57
```

```
while(intFileOne.hasNextInt()) {
 58
 59
               intStackOne.push(intFileOne.nextInt());
 60
 61
           while(intFileTwo.hasNextInt()) {
               intStackTwo.push(intFileTwo.nextInt());
 62
 63
 64
           while(strFileOne.hasNextLine()) {
 65
               strStackOne.push(strFileOne.nextLine());
 66
           while(strFileTwo.hasNextLine()) {
 67
 68
               strStackTwo.push(strFileTwo.nextLine());
 69
 70
 71
           printHeader("Number Stack 1, Filled with Integers from 'number1.txt'");
 72
           printStack(intStackOne);
 73
           printHeader("Number Stack 2, Filled with Integers from 'number2.txt'");
 74
           printStack(intStackTwo);
           mergeStacks(intStackOne, intStackTwo, intFinStack);
 75
 76
           reverseStack(intFinStack,intPrintStack);
 77
           printHeader("Merged numbers stack");
 78
           printStack(intPrintStack);
 79
 80
           printHeader("String Stack 1, Filled with Integers from 'montains1.txt'");
 81
           printStack(strStackOne);
           printHeader("String Stack 2, Filled with Integers from 'montains2.txt'");
 82
 83
           printStack(strStackTwo);
 84
           mergeStacks(strStackOne,strStackTwo, strFinStack);
 85
           reverseStack(strFinStack, strPrintStack);
 86
           printHeader("Merged String stack");
 87
           printStack(strPrintStack);
 88
 89
           printTwoStacks(intPrintStack, strPrintStack);
 90
 91
           intFileOne.close();
 92
           intFileTwo.close();
 93
           strFileOne.close();
 94
           strFileTwo.close();
95
       }
 96
 97
       public static<T> void printStack(GenericStack<T> stack)
 98
99
           Iterator<T> iterStack = stack.iterator();
100
           while(iterStack.hasNext()) {
101
102
               System.out.println(iterStack.next());
103
104
105
       public static<T, F> void printTwoStacks(GenericStack<T> stackOne, GenericStack<F>
   stackTwo)
106
       {
107
           int stackOneSize = stackOne.size();
108
           int stackTwoSize = stackTwo.size();
109
           Iterator<T> iterOne = stackOne.iterator();
110
111
           Iterator<F> iterTwo = stackTwo.iterator();
112
           System.out.println("-----");
113
```

```
114
           System.out.printf("%-15s%s\n", "Integer", "String");
           System.out.println("-----
115
116
           if(stackOneSize >= stackTwoSize) {
117
               while(iterTwo.hasNext()) {
118
                   System.out.printf("%-15s%s\n", iterOne.next(), iterTwo.next());
119
120
121
               while(iterOne.hasNext()) {
122
                    System.out.printf("%-15s%s\n", iterOne.next(), "----");
123
124
           }
125
           else {
126
               while(iterOne.hasNext()) {
                   System.out.printf("%-15s%s\n", iterOne.next(), iterTwo.next());
127
128
129
               while(iterTwo.hasNext()) {
                   System.out.printf("%-15s%s\n", "----", iterTwo.next());
130
131
                }
           }
132
133
134
       }
135
       public static<T extends Comparable<T>> void mergeStacks(GenericStack<T> stackOne,
136
   GenericStack<T> stackTwo, GenericStack<T> stackFinal)
137
       {
138
           Iterator<T> iterOne = stackOne.iterator();
           Iterator<T> iterTwo = stackTwo.iterator();
139
140
141
           T one = iterOne.next();
142
           T two = iterTwo.next();
143
144
145
           while(iterOne.hasNext() && iterTwo.hasNext()) {
               if(one.toString().compareTo(two.toString()) >=
   two.toString().compareTo(one.toString())) {
147
                    stackFinal.push(one);
148
                   one = iterOne.next();
149
               else if(one.toString().compareTo(two.toString()) <</pre>
150
   two.toString().compareTo(one.toString())) {
151
                   stackFinal.push(two);
152
                   two = iterTwo.next();
                }
153
154
155
           if(one.toString().compareTo(two.toString()) >=
   two.toString().compareTo(one.toString())) {
156
               stackFinal.push(one);
157
           else if(one.toString().compareTo(two.toString()) <</pre>
158
   two.toString().compareTo(one.toString())){
159
               stackFinal.push(two);
160
161
           while(iterTwo.hasNext()) {
162
               stackFinal.push(iterTwo.next());
163
164
           while(iterOne.hasNext()) {
165
                stackFinal.push(iterOne.next());
```

```
166
          }
167
      public static<T> void reverseStack(GenericStack<T> inputStack, GenericStack<T>
168
   outputStack)
169
170
          while(!inputStack.isEmpty()) {
171
              outputStack.push(inputStack.pop());
172
          }
173
      }
174
175
      public static void printHeader(String str) {
                                                  176
          System.out.println("\n\n********
          System.out.printf("%s\n", str);
177
          178
179
      }
180 }
181
182 class GenericStack<E> implements Iterable<E>
183 {
184
      private ArrayList<E> genStack;
185
186
      GenericStack(){
187
          genStack = new ArrayList<>();
188
189
190
      public void push(E item) {
191
          genStack.add(item);
192
      }
193
194
      public E peek() {
195
          return genStack.get(genStack.size()-1);
196
197
198
      public E pop() {
199
          E temp = genStack.get(genStack.size()-1);
200
          genStack.remove(genStack.size()-1);
201
          return temp;
202
      }
203
204
      public int size() {
205
          return genStack.size();
206
207
      public boolean isEmpty() {
208
209
          if(genStack.size() == 0) {
210
              return true;
211
          }
212
          else {
213
              return false;
214
          }
215
      }
216
217
      public Iterator<E> iterator() {
218
          return genStack.iterator();
219
      }
220 }
221
```