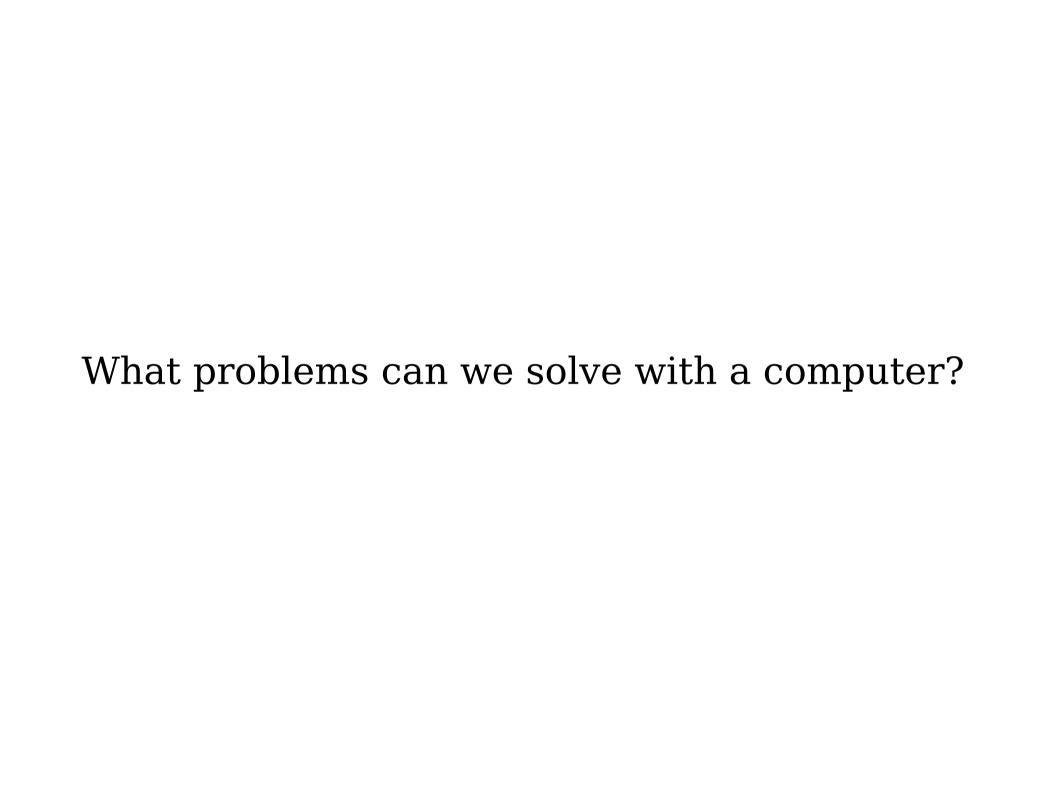
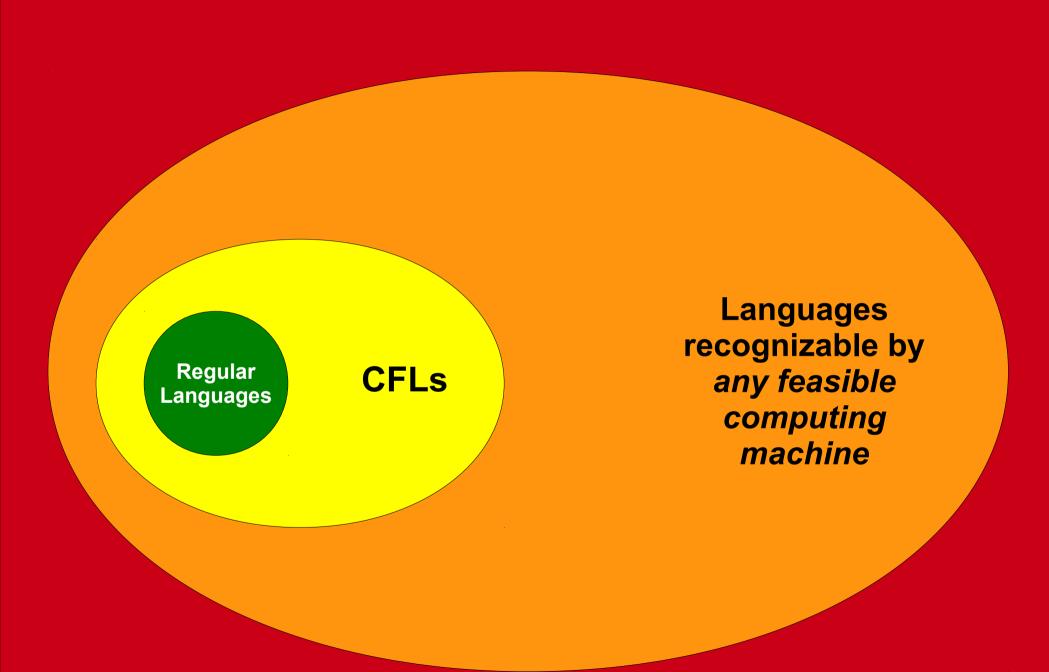
# Turing Machines Part One





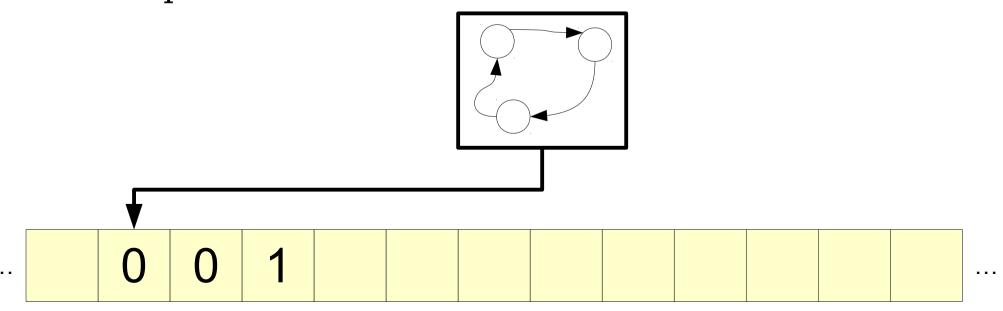
That same drawing, to scale.

#### The Problem

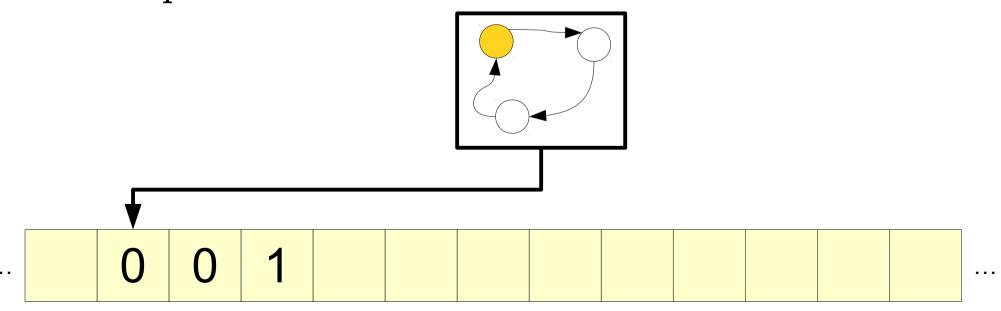
- Finite automata accept precisely the regular languages.
- We may need unbounded memory to recognize context-free languages.
  - e.g. {  $\mathbf{a}^n \mathbf{b}^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}$  } requires unbounded counting.
- How do we build an automaton with finitely many states but unbounded memory?

A Brief History Lesson

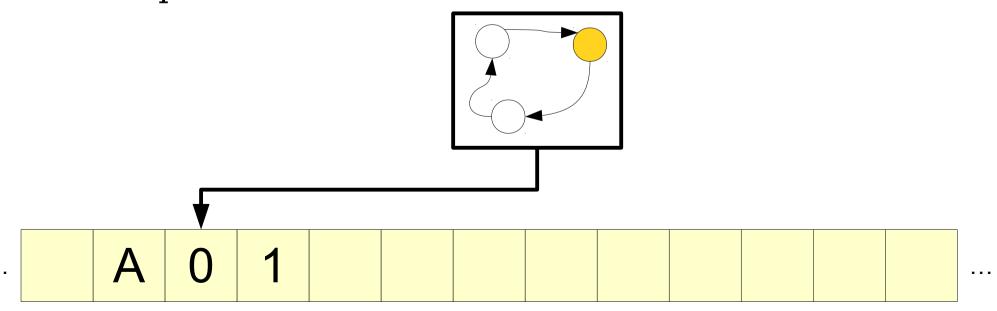
- A *Turing machine* is a deterministic finite automaton equipped with an *infinite tape* as its memory.
- The input is written on the tape when the computation begins, surrounded by infinitely many blank cells.
- Each transition depends on the current symbol under the tape head.



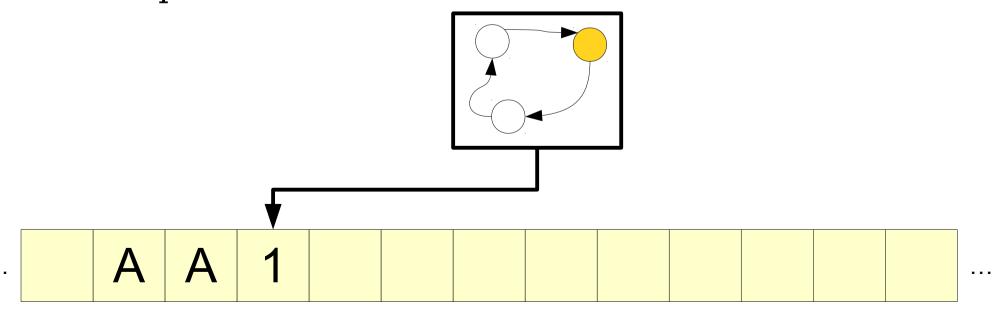
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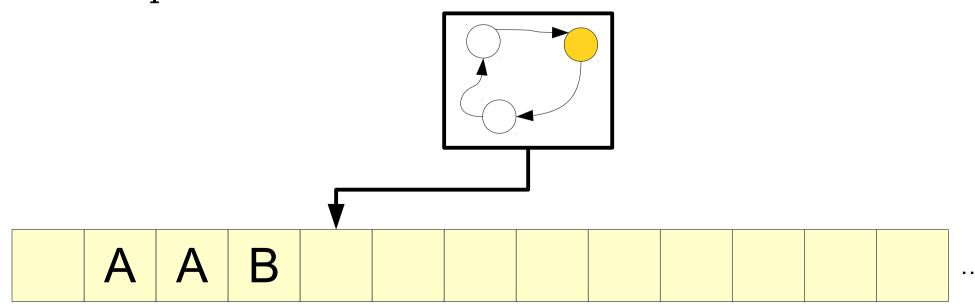
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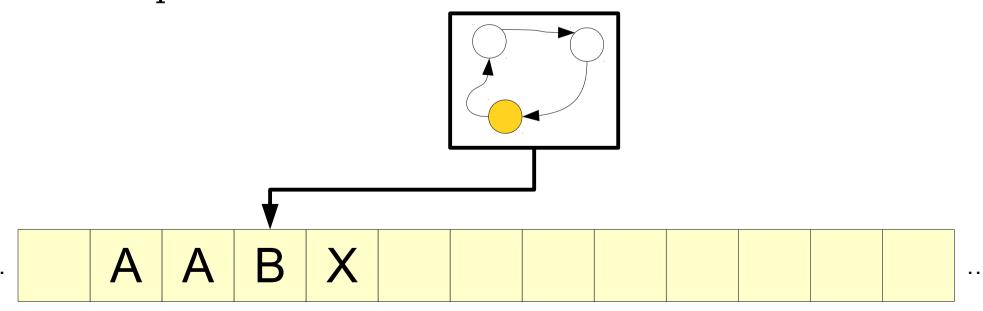
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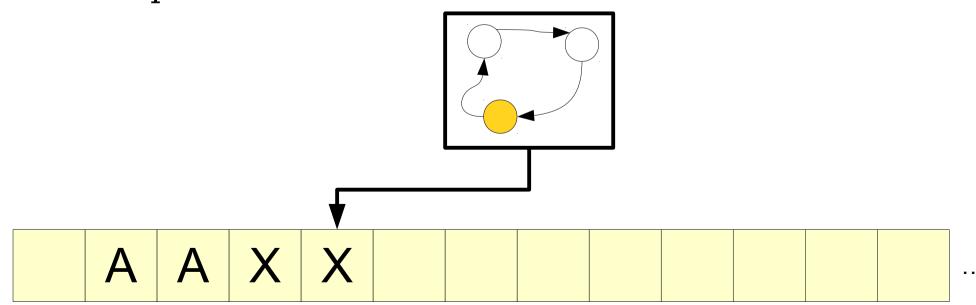
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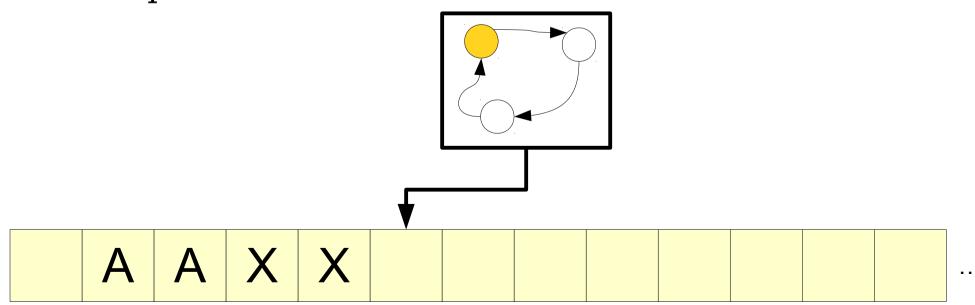
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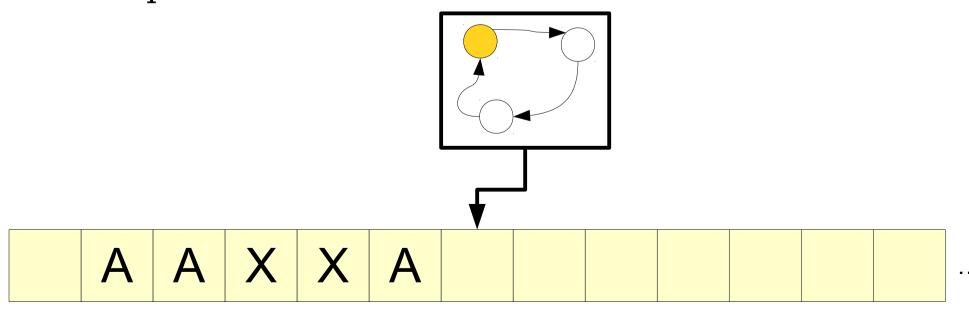
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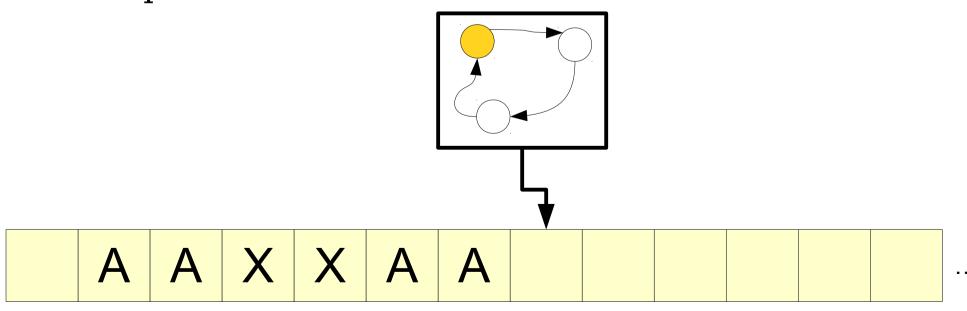
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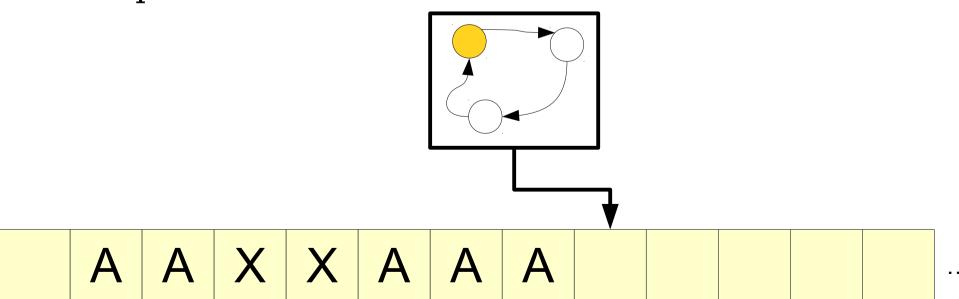
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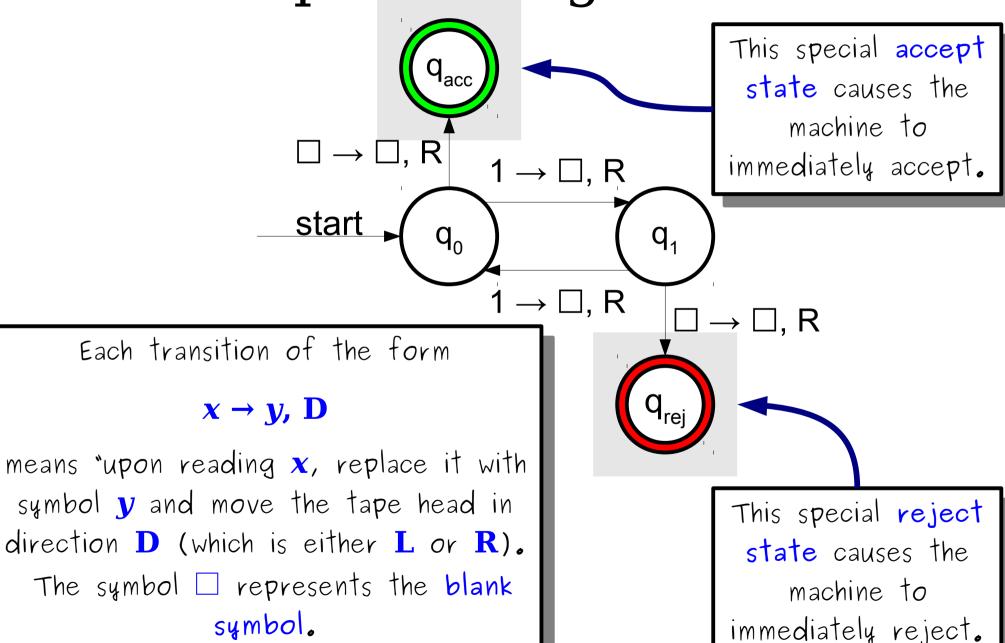


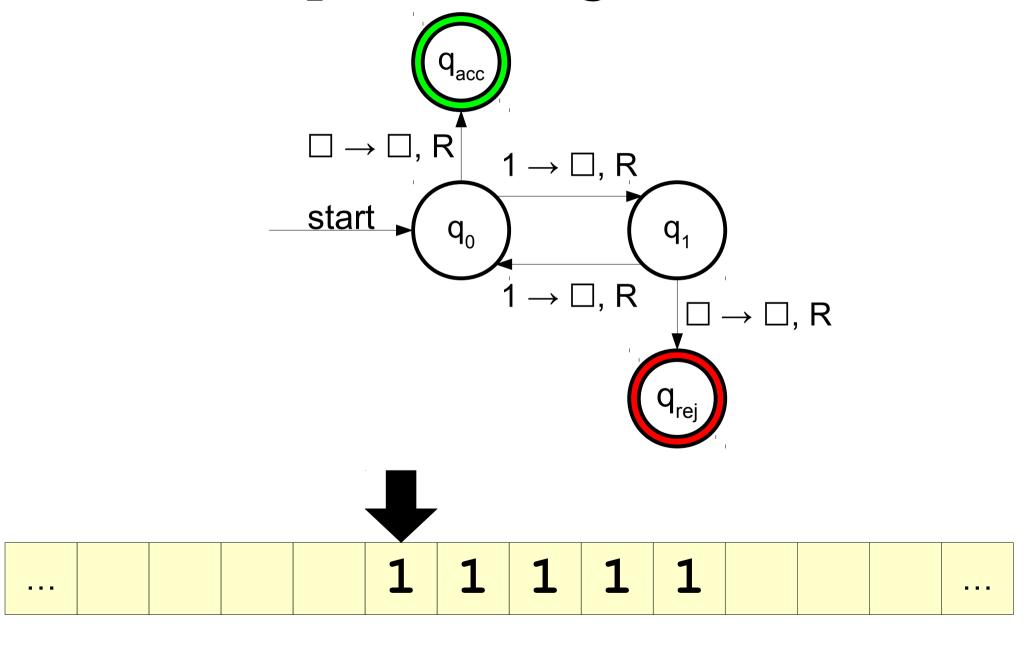
### The Turing Machine

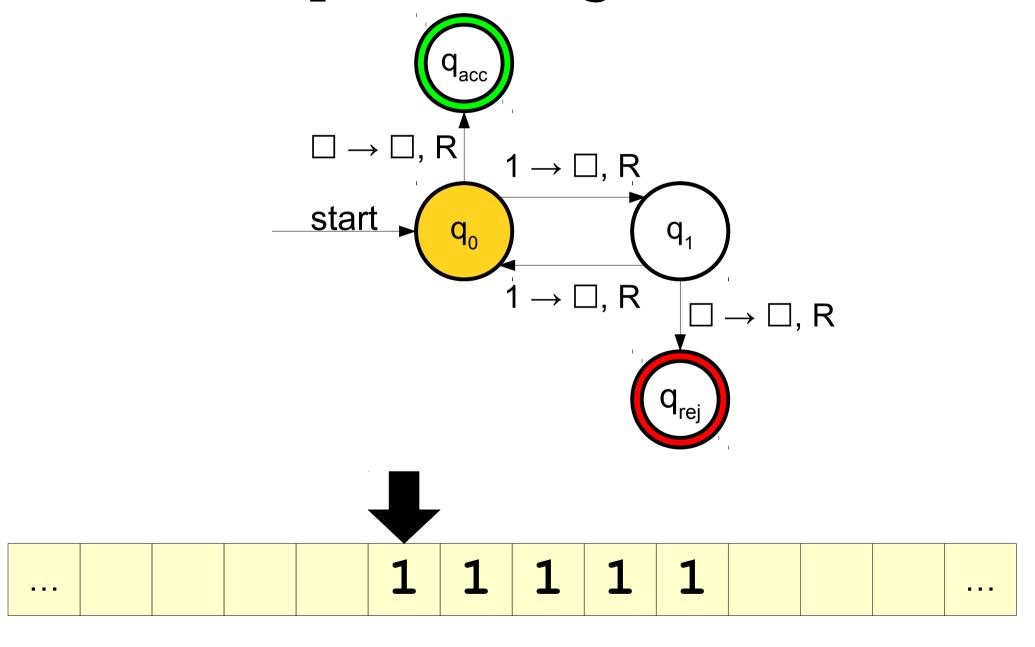
- A Turing machine consists of three parts:
  - A *finite-state control* that issues commands,
  - an *infinite tape* for input and scratch space, and
  - a *tape head* that can read and write a single tape cell.
- At each step, the Turing machine
  - writes a symbol to the tape cell under the tape head,
  - changes state, and
  - moves the tape head to the left or to the right.

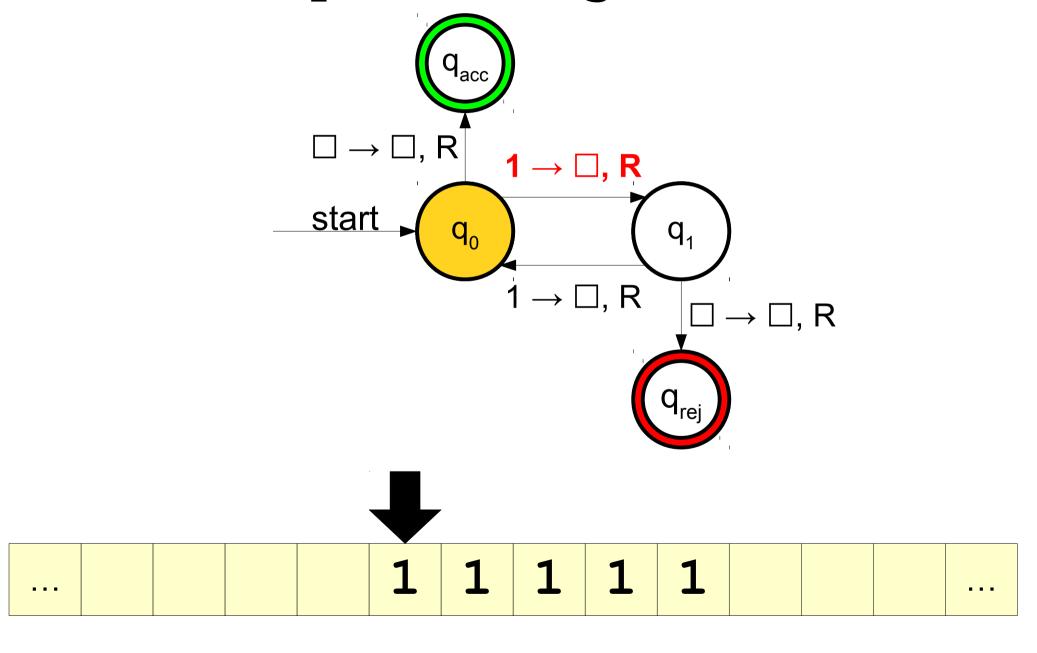
#### Input and Tape Alphabets

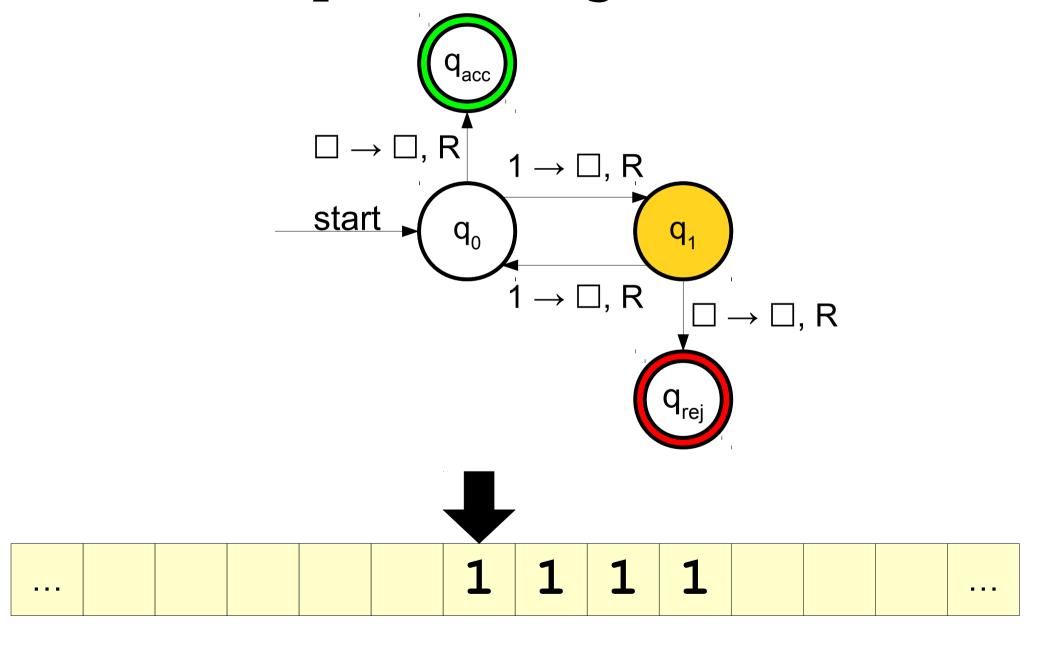
- A Turing machine has two alphabets:
  - An *input alphabet*  $\Sigma$ . All input strings are written in the input alphabet.
  - A *tape alphabet*  $\Gamma$ , where  $\Sigma \subseteq \Gamma$ . The tape alphabet contains all symbols that can be written onto the tape.
- The tape alphabet  $\Gamma$  can contain any number of symbols, but always contains at least one **blank symbol**, denoted  $\square$ . You are guaranteed  $\square \notin \Sigma$ .

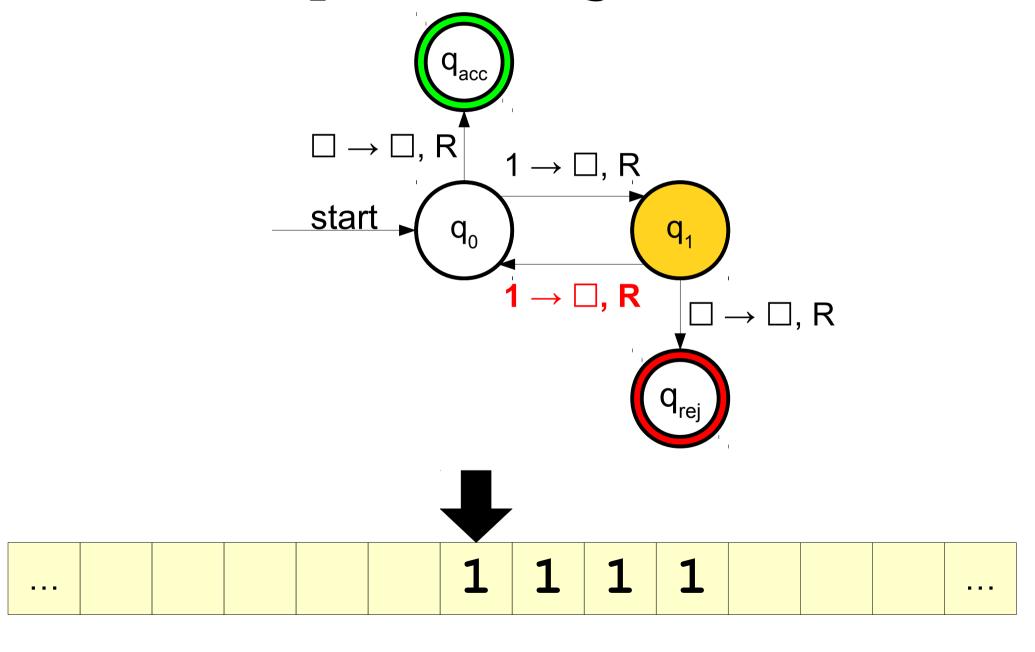


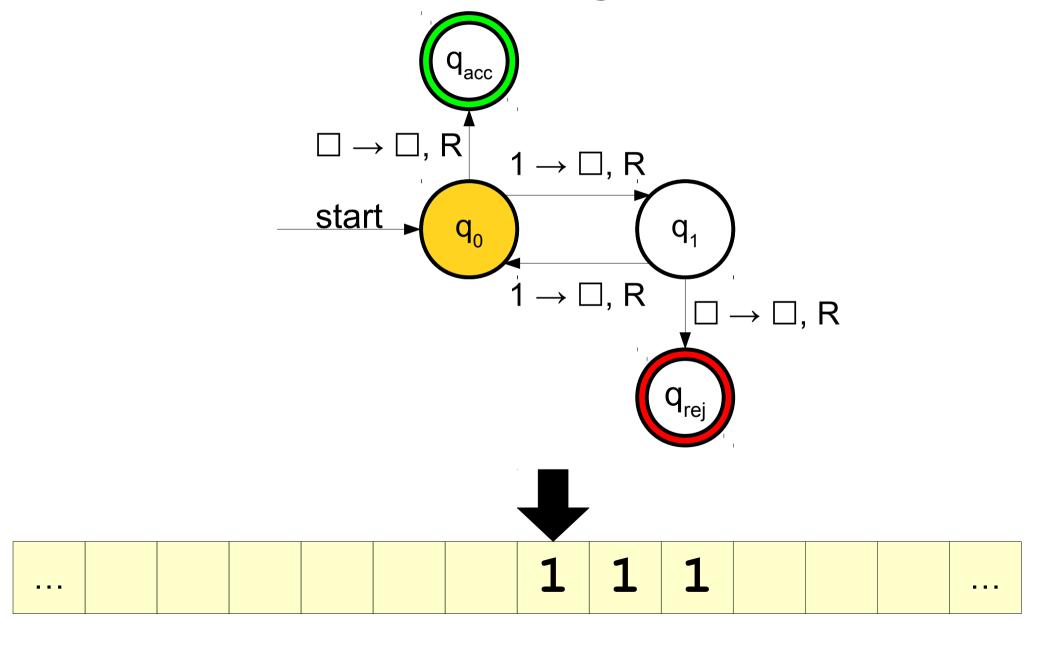


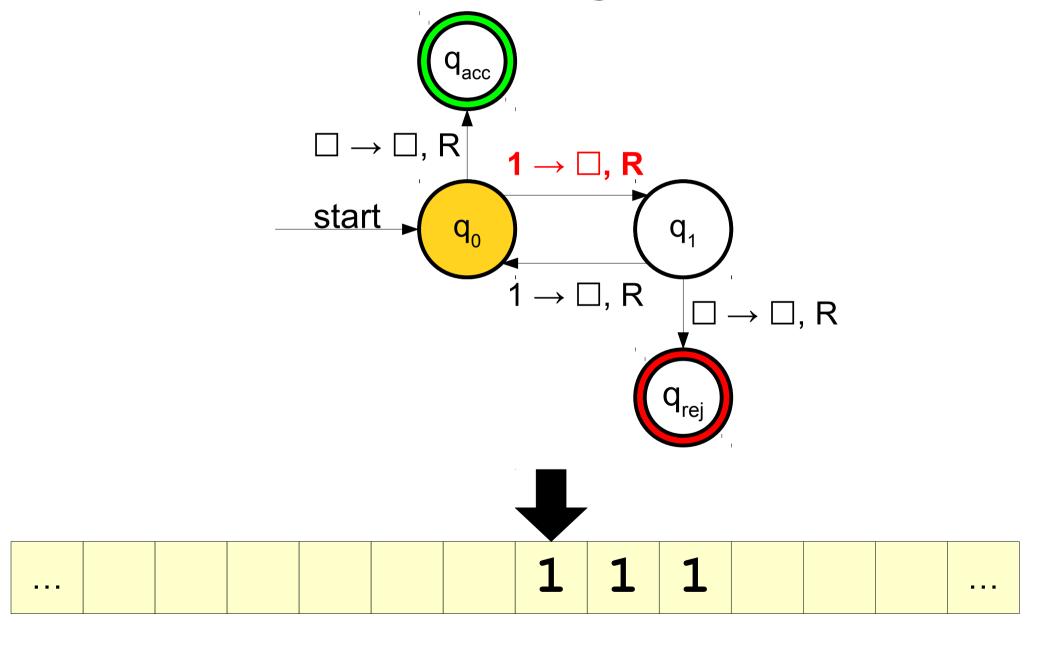


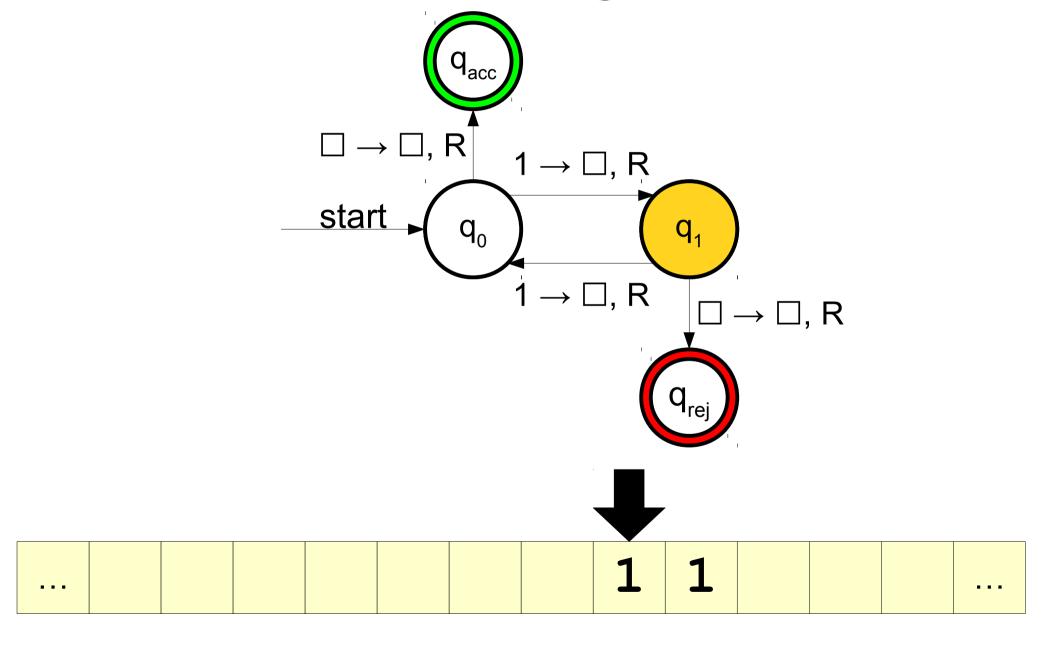


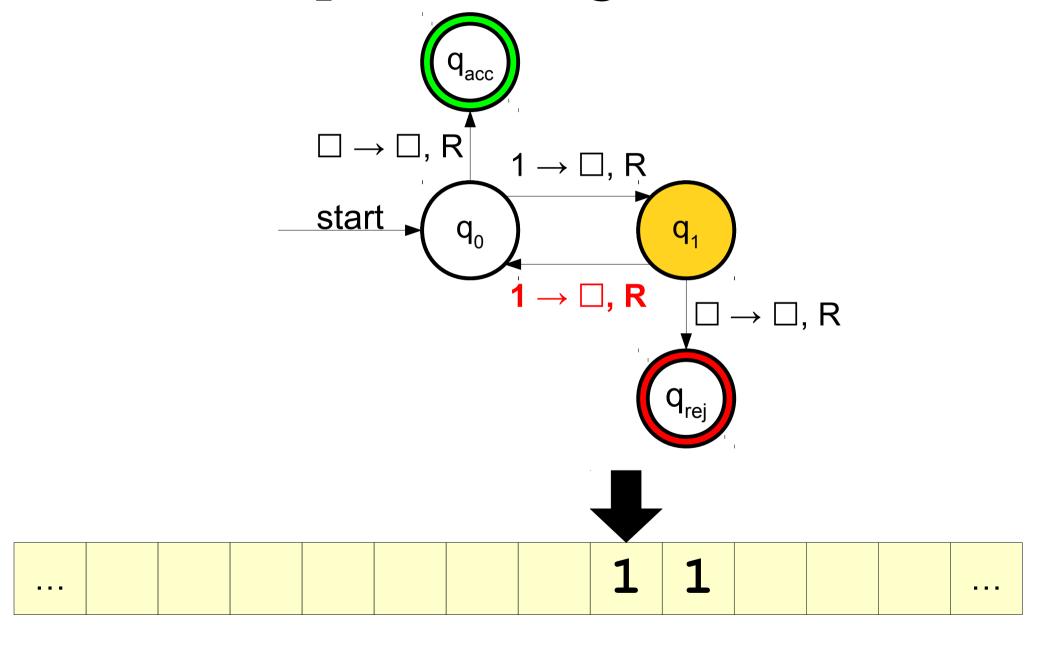


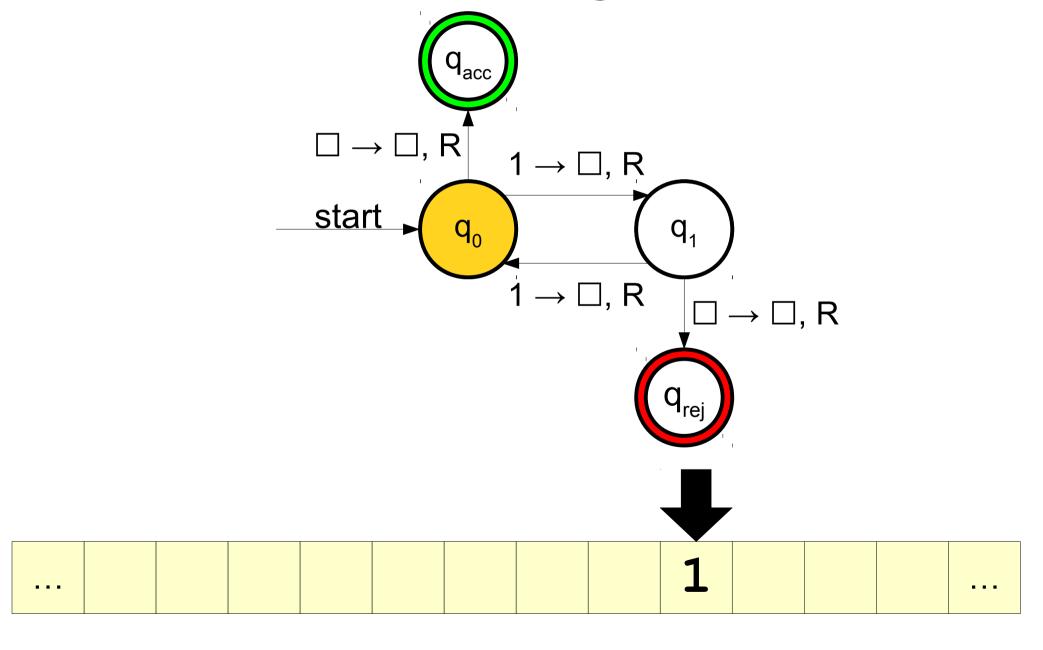


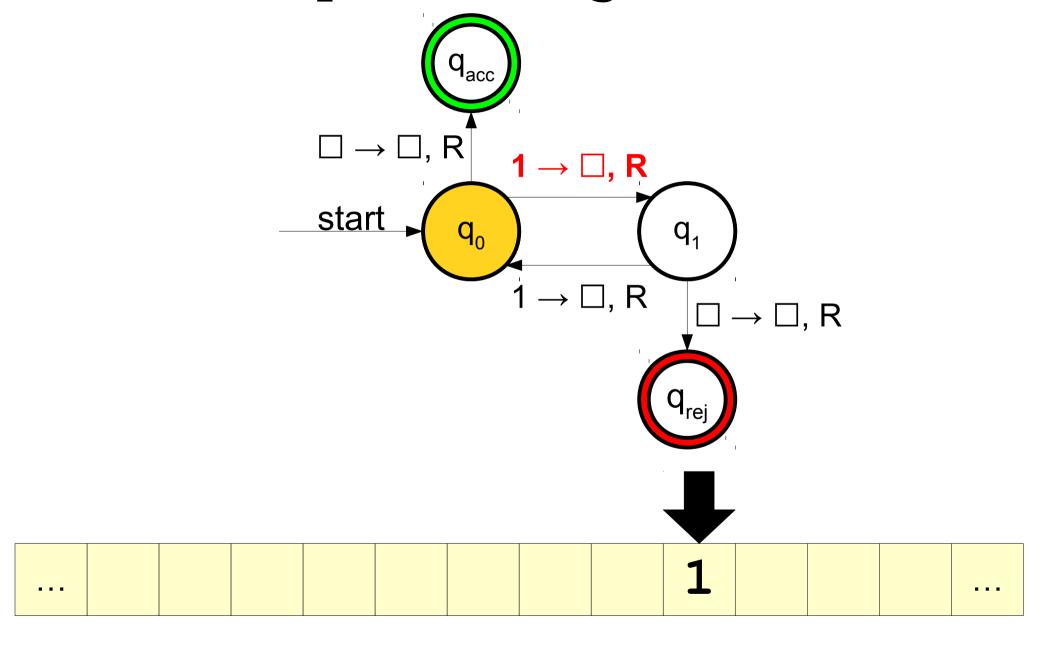


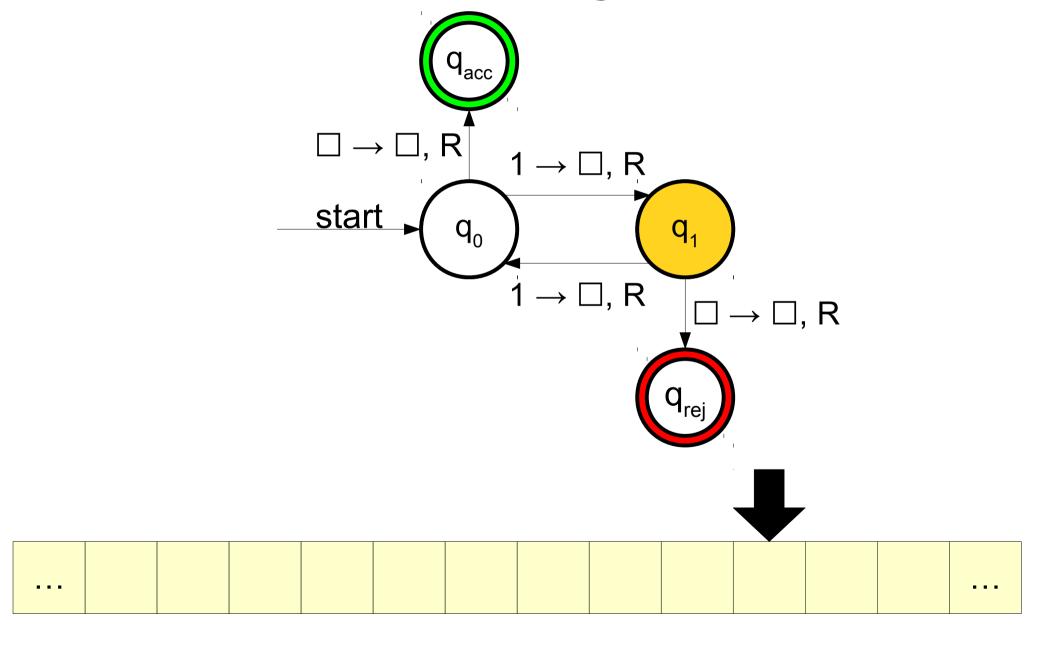


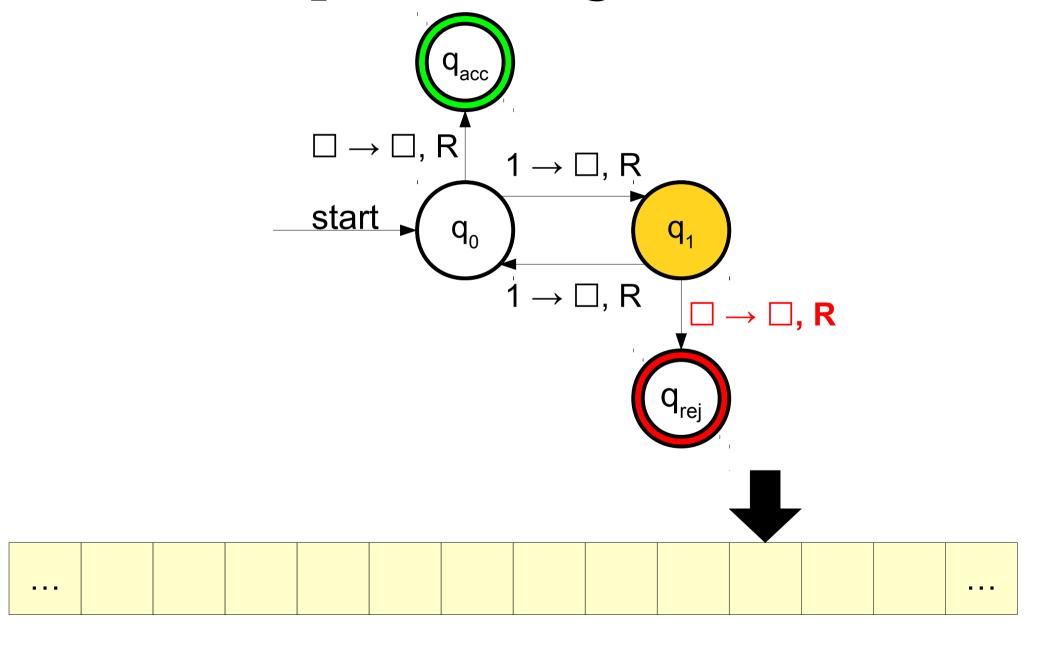


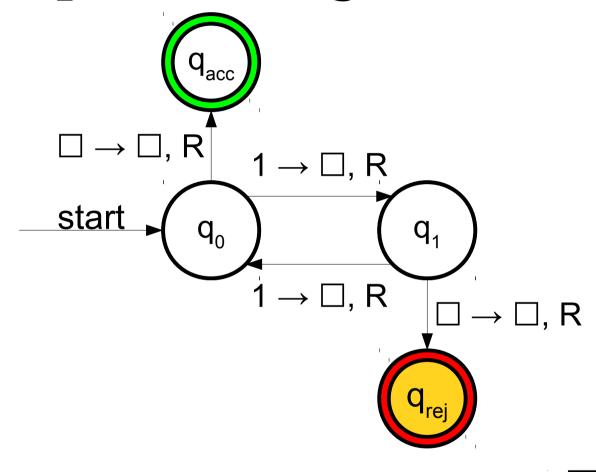




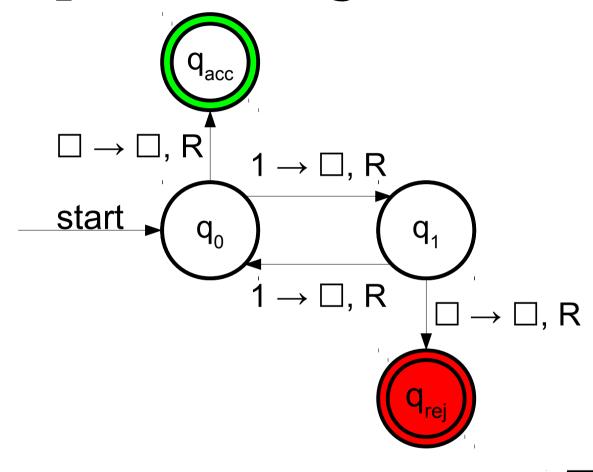




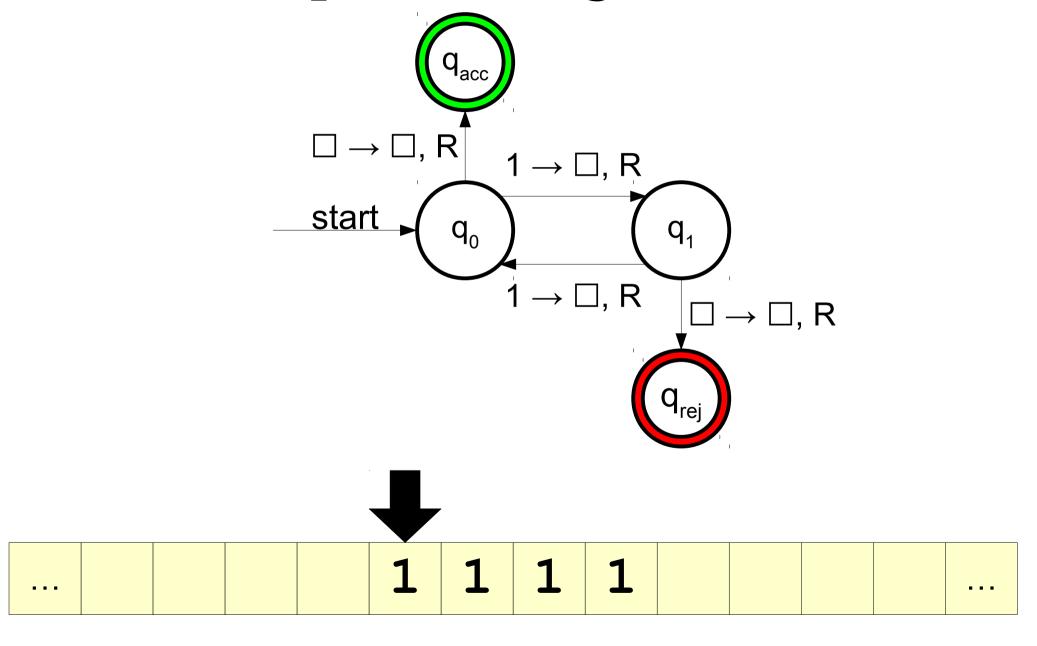


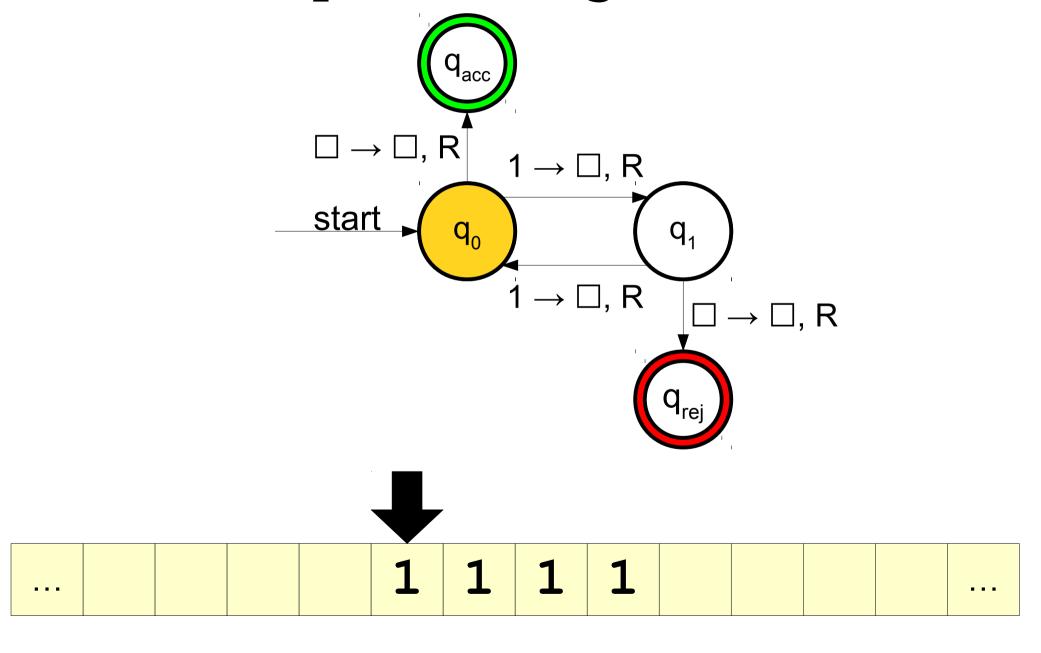


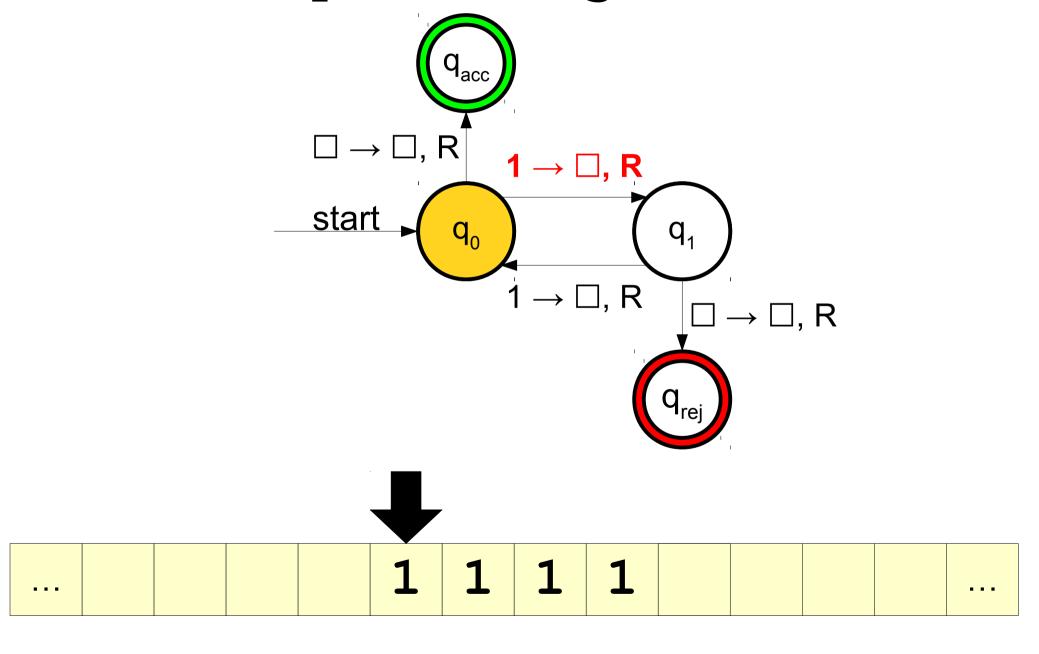


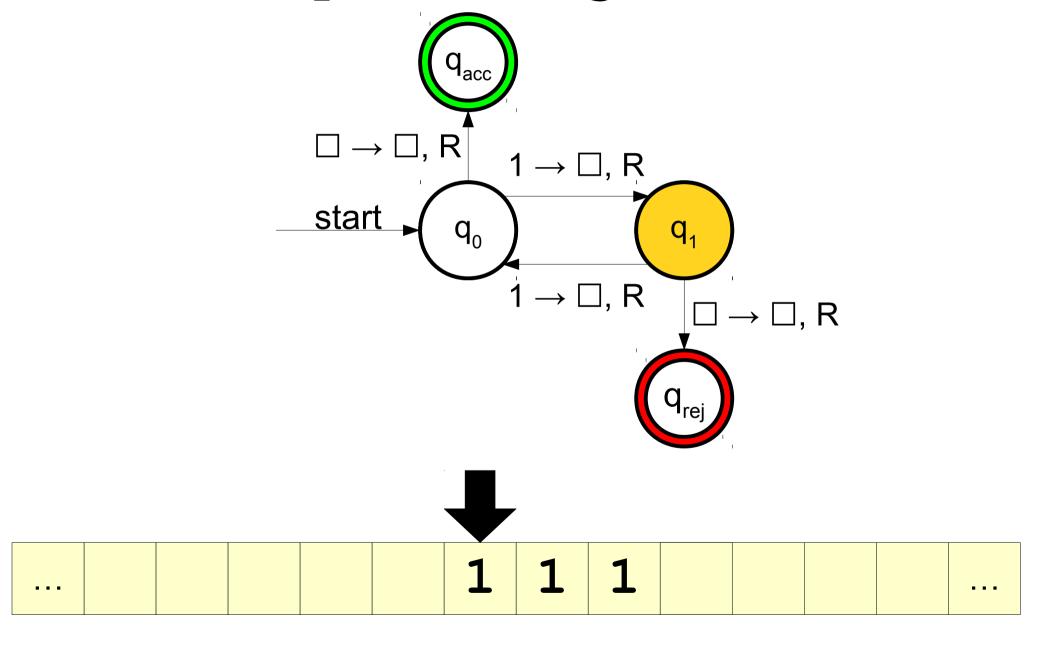


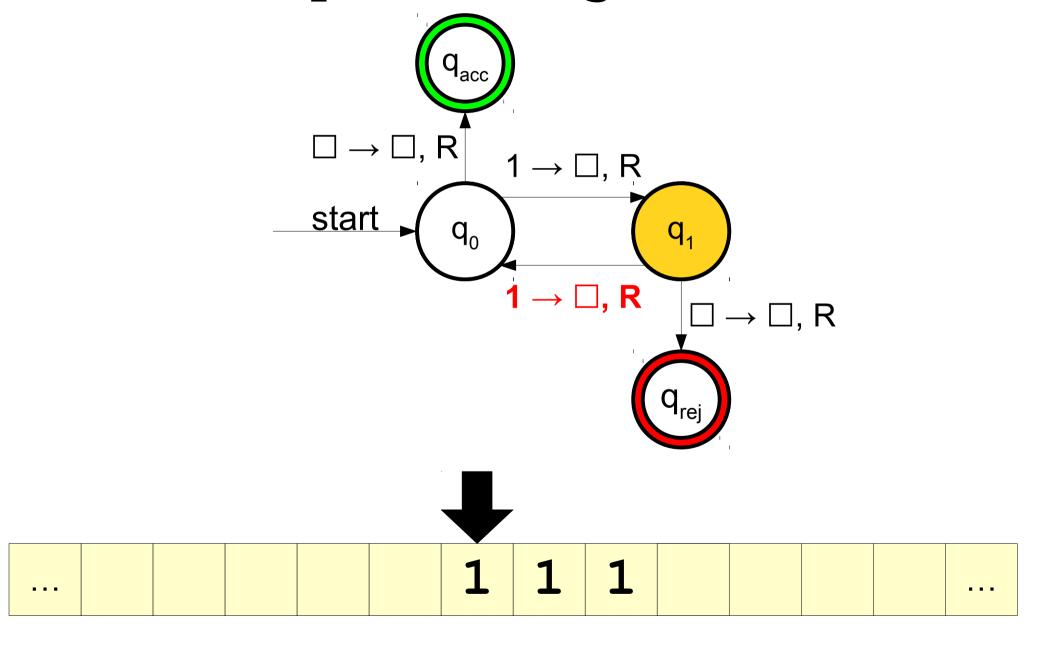


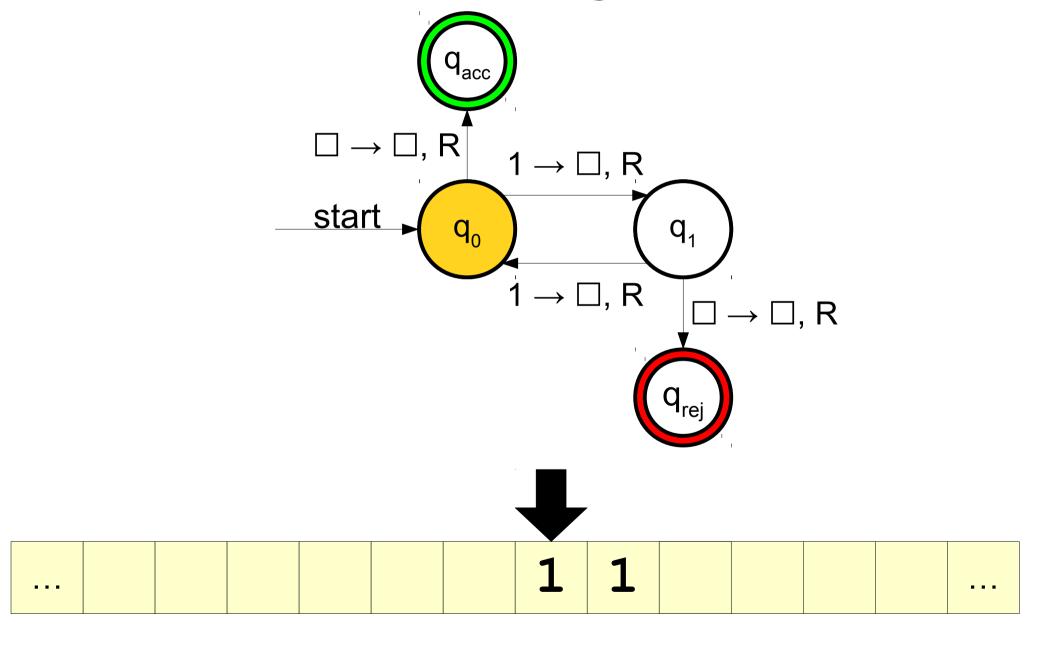


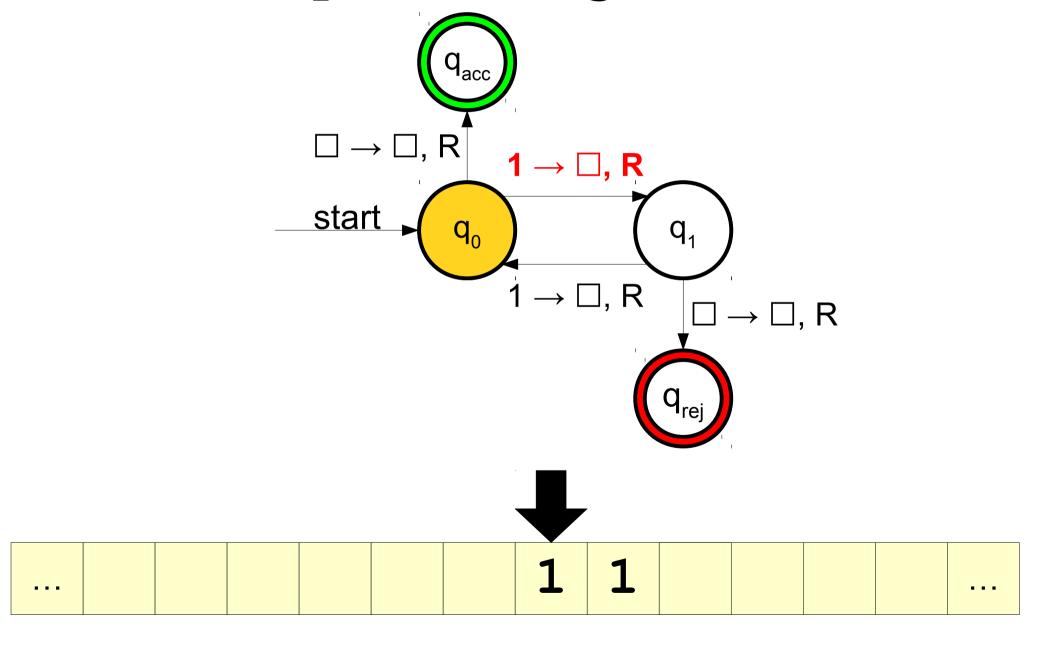


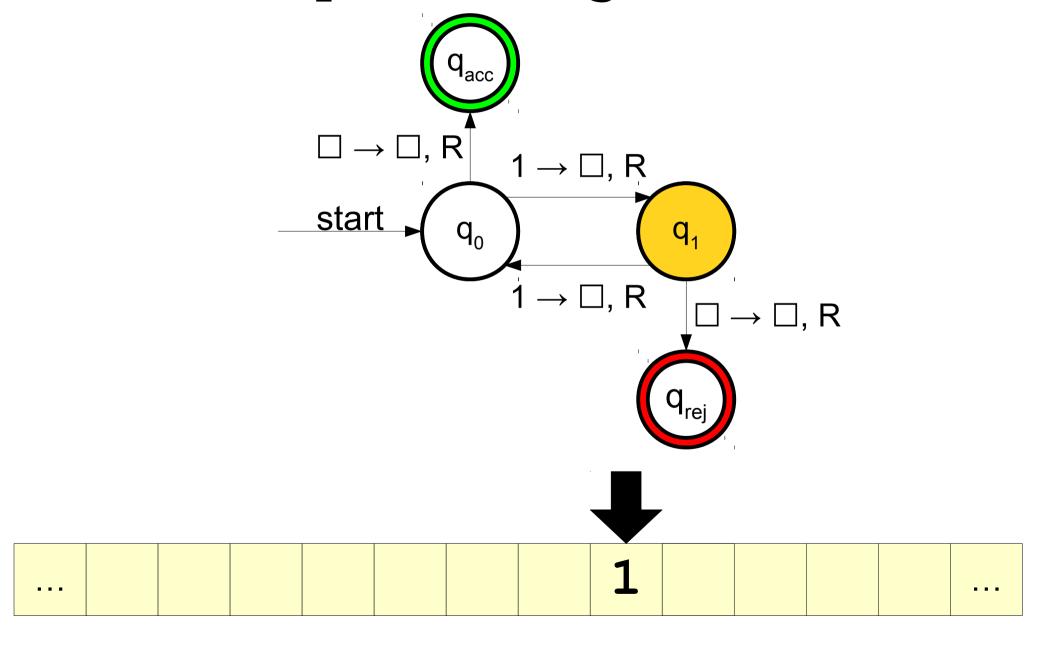


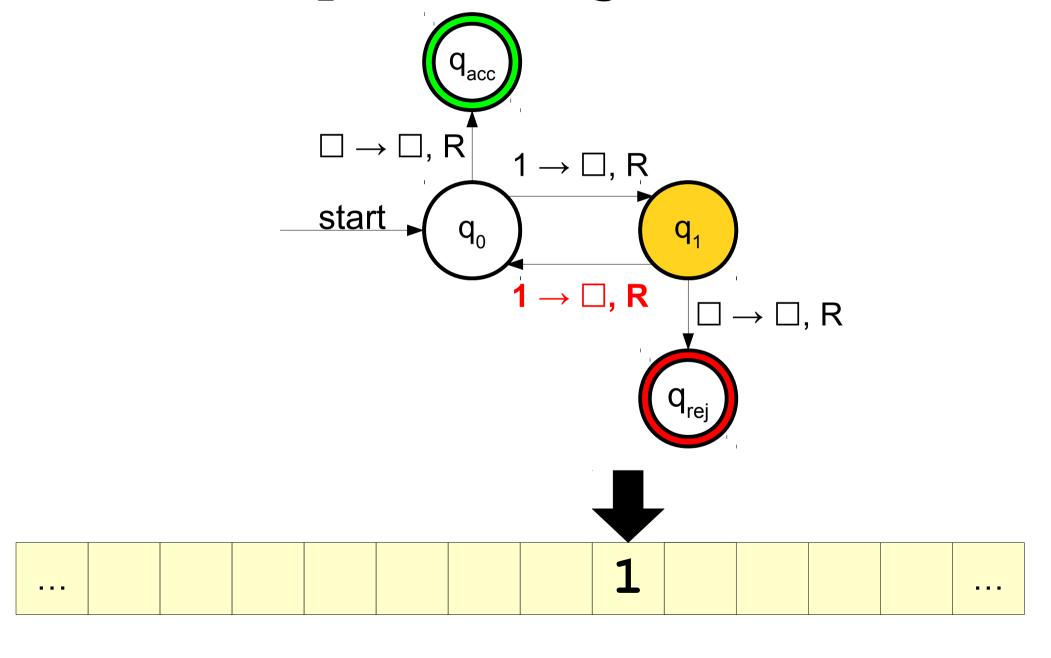


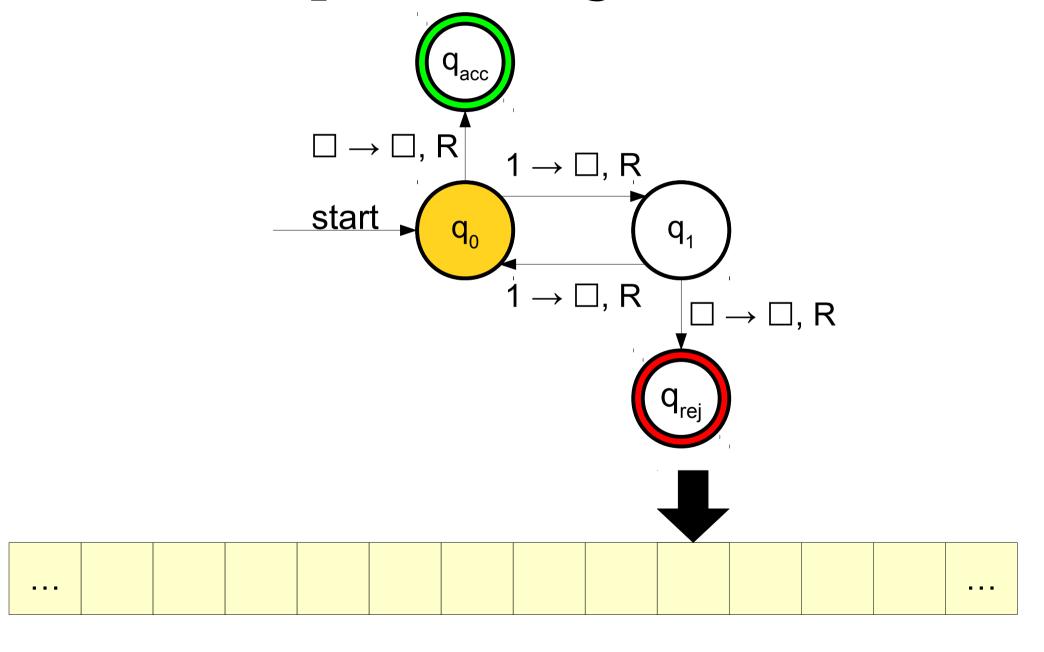


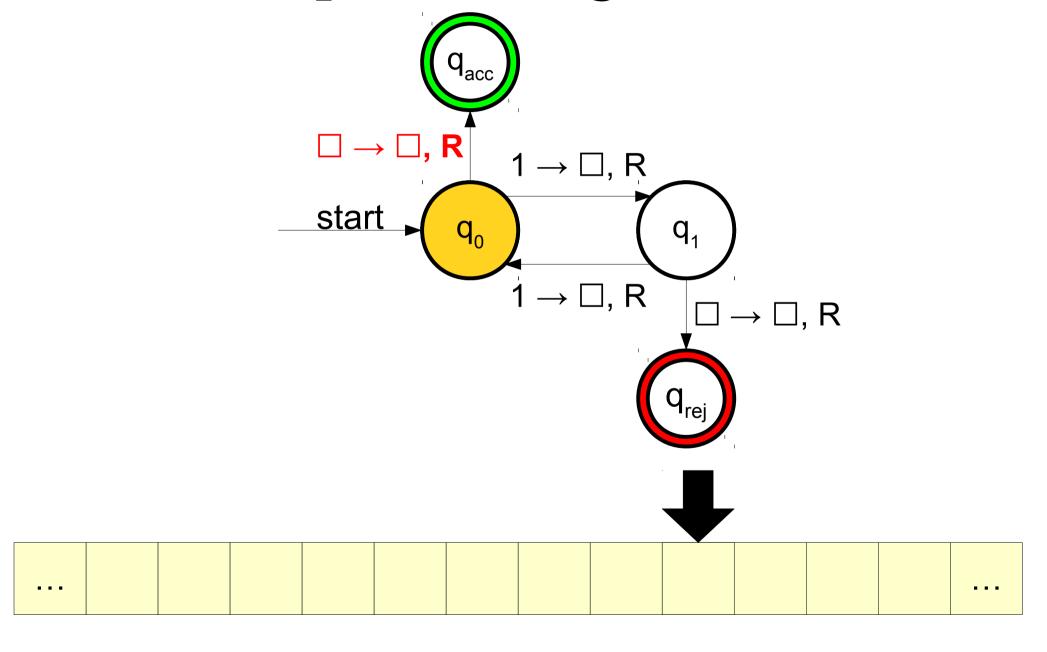


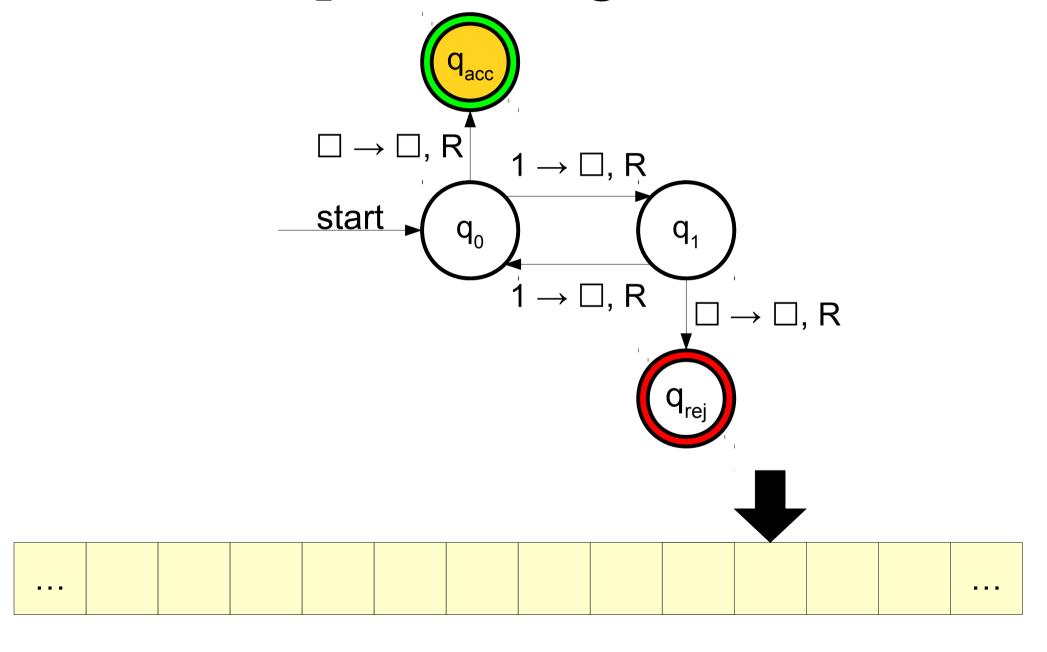


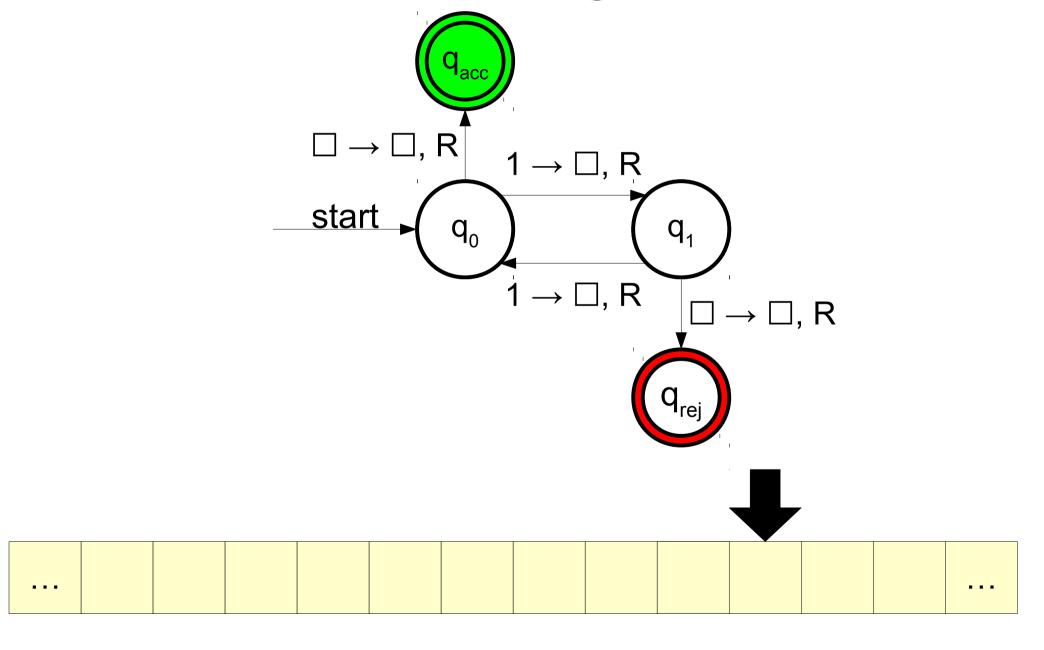












# Accepting and Rejecting States

- Unlike DFAs, Turing machines do not stop processing the input when they finish reading it.
- Turing machines decide when (and if!) they will accept or reject their input.
- Turing machines can enter infinite loops and never accept or reject; more on that later...

### Designing Turing Machines

- Despite their simplicity, Turing machines are very powerful computing devices.
- Today's lecture explores how to design Turing machines for various languages.

# Designing Turing Machines

- Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$  and consider the language  $L = \{0^n 1^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \}$ .
- We know that L is context-free.
- How might we build a Turing machine for it?

$$L = \{0^{n}1^{n} \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \}$$
... 0 0 0 1 1 1 ...

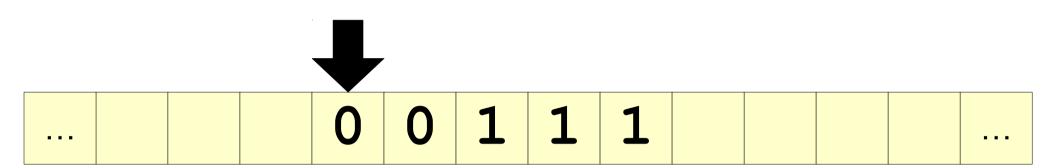
... 0 1 0 ...

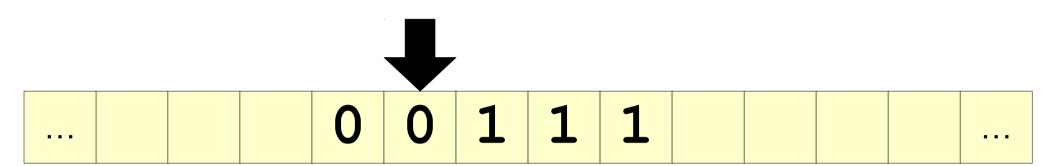
1 1 0 0 ...

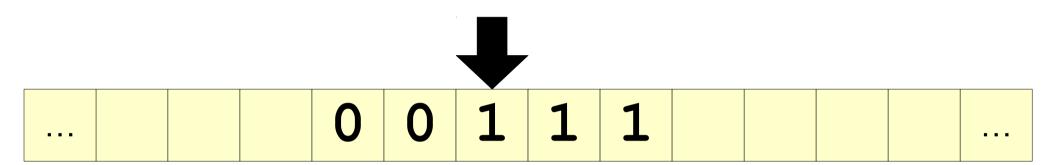
### A Recursive Approach

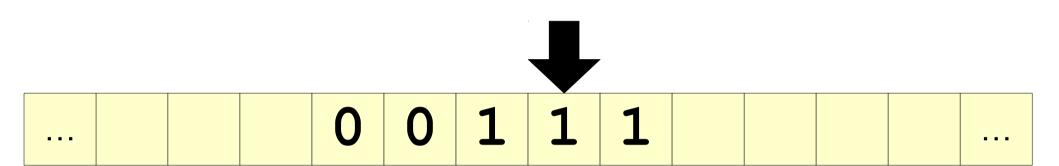
- The string  $\varepsilon$  is in L.
- The string 0w1 is in L iff w is in L.
- Any string starting with 1 is not in *L*.
- Any string ending with 0 is not in L.

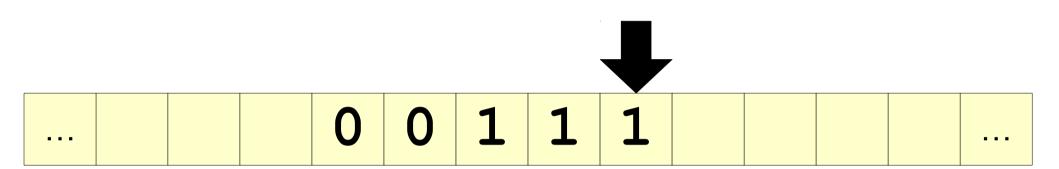




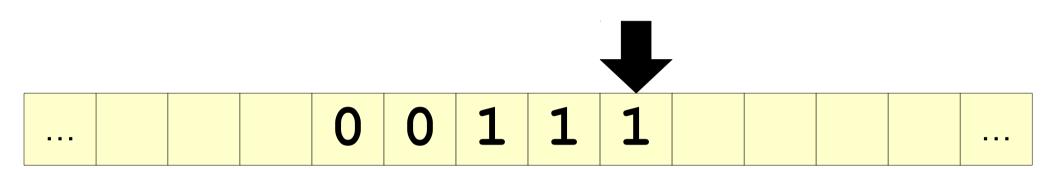


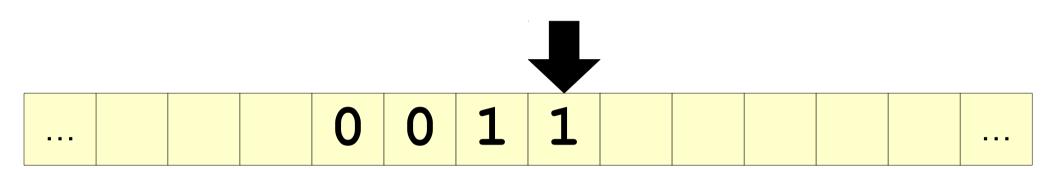


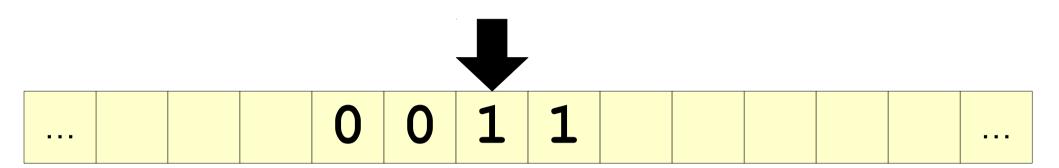


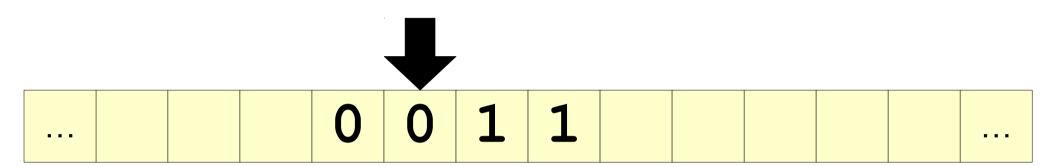


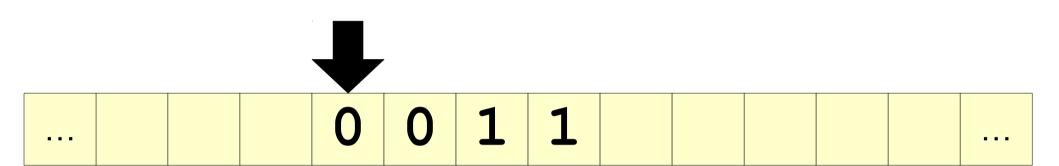


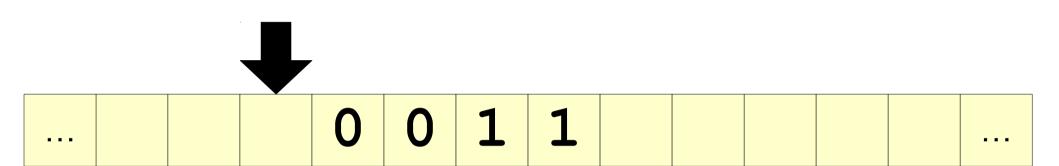


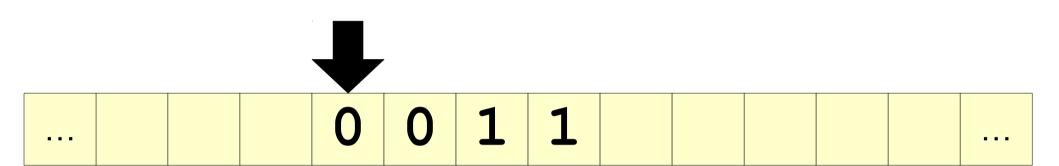


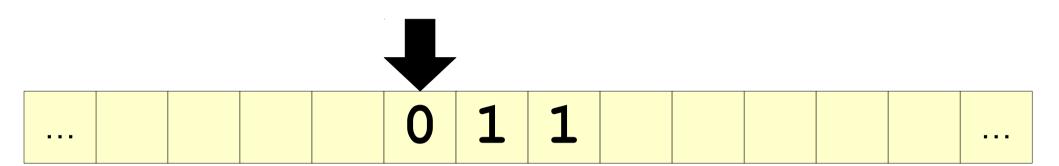


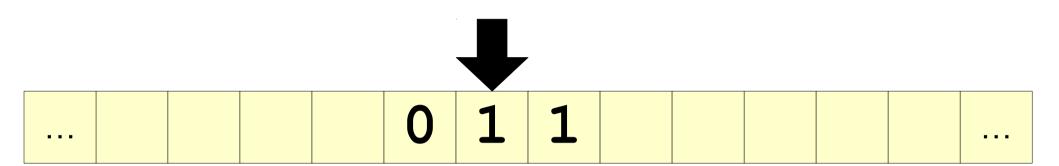


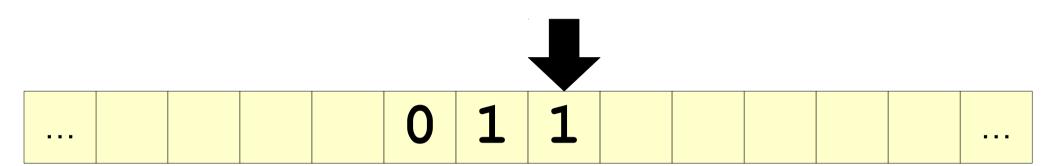


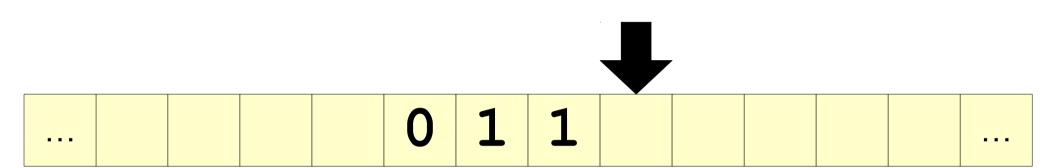


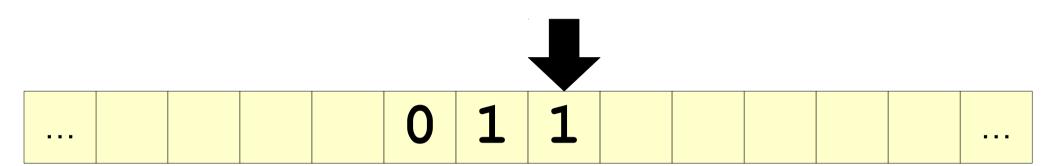


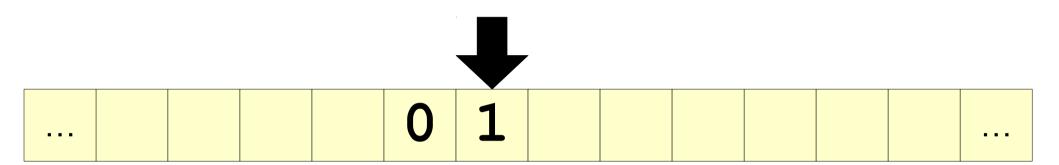


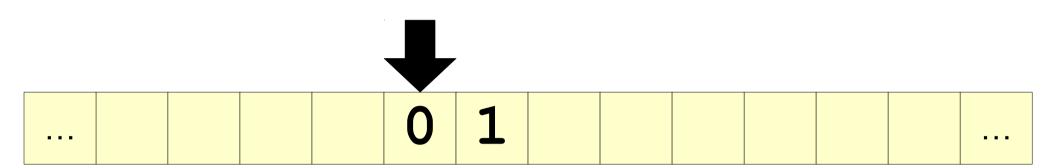


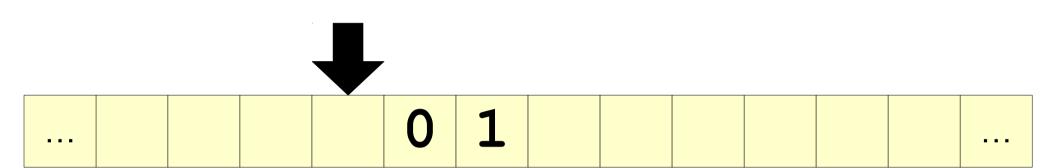


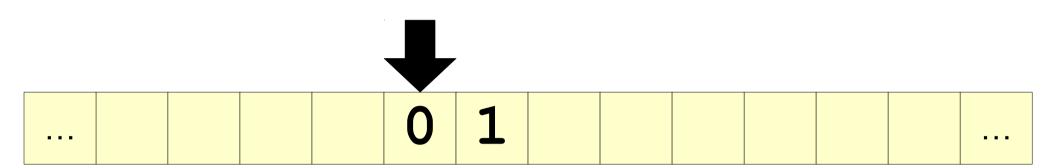


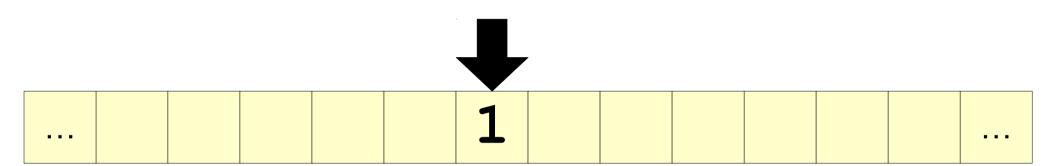


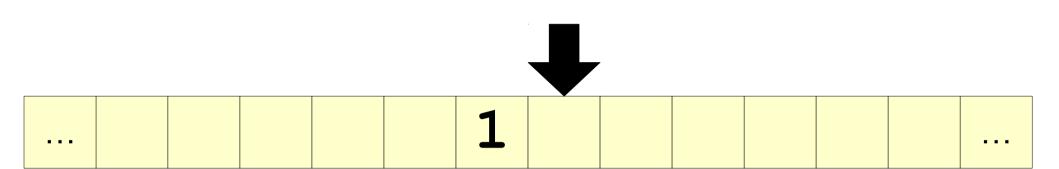


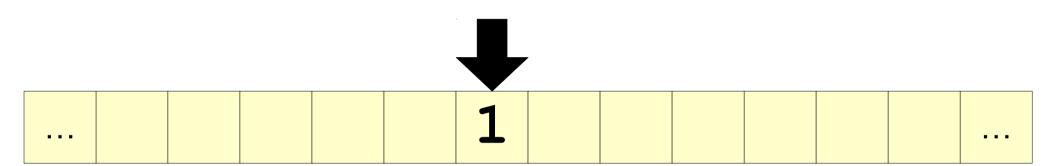


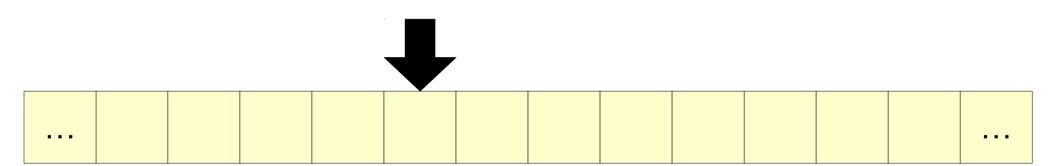


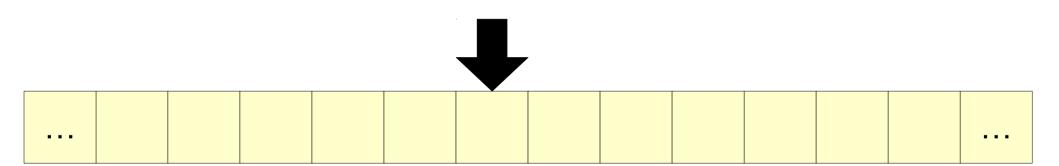


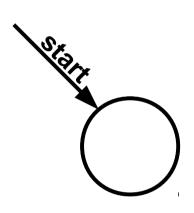


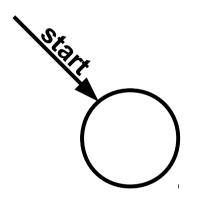


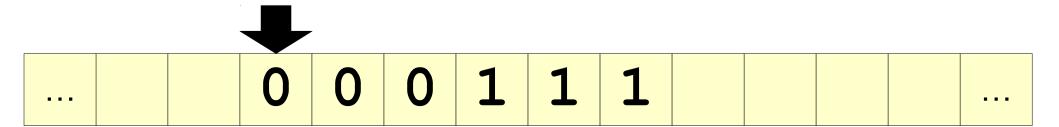


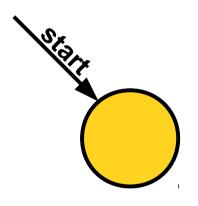


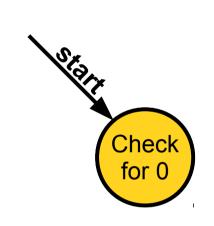


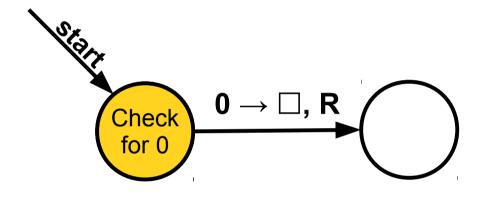


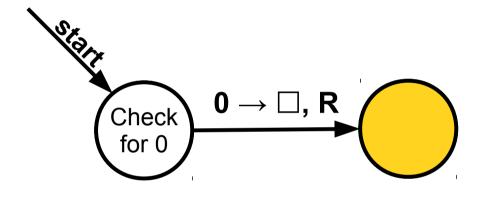


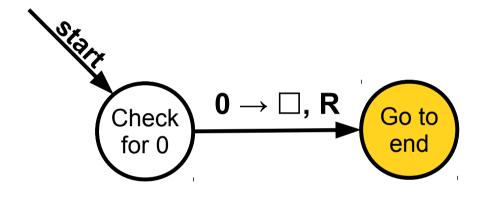


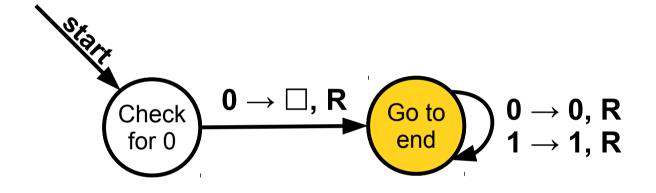




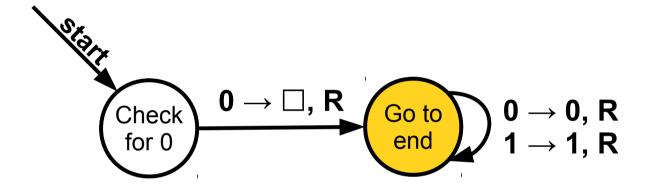


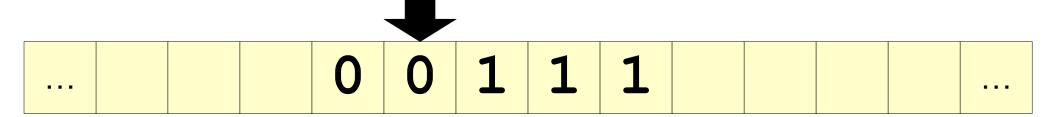


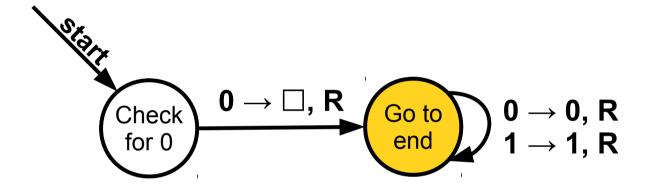


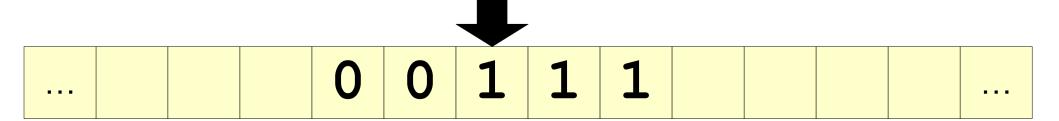


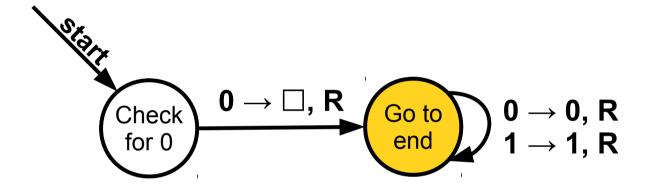


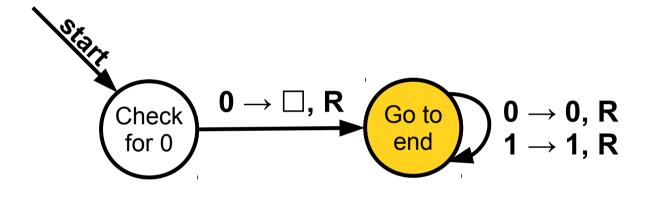


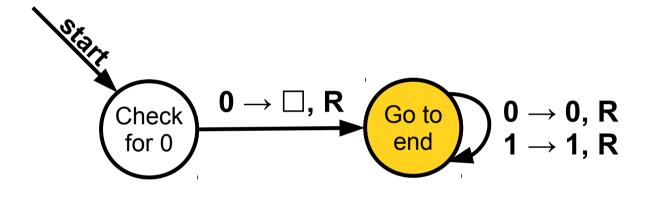


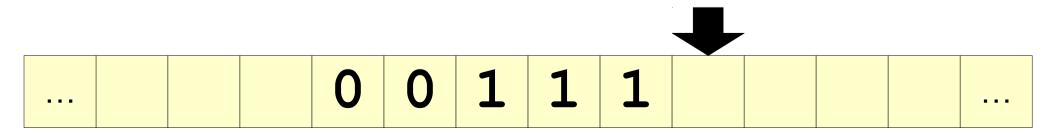


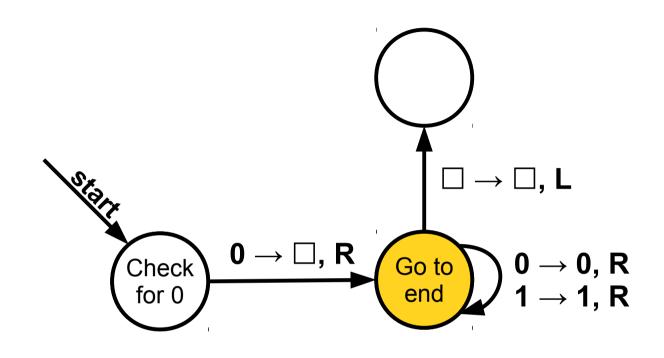


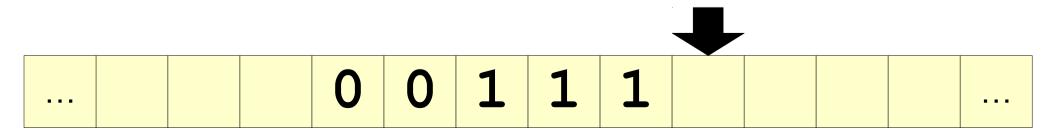


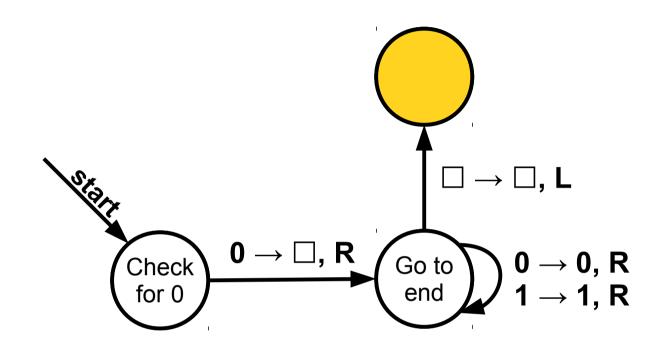


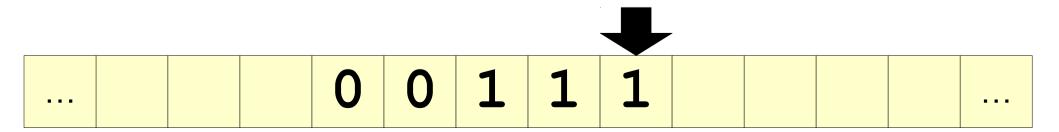


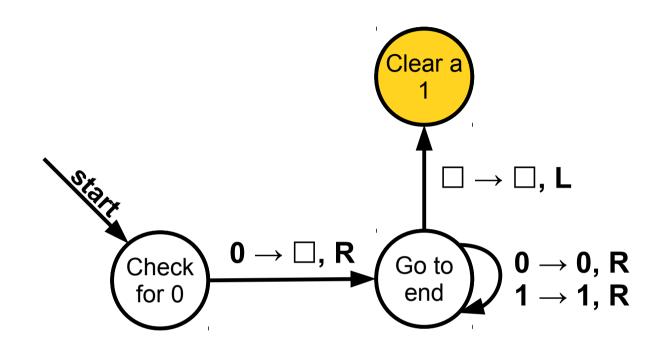


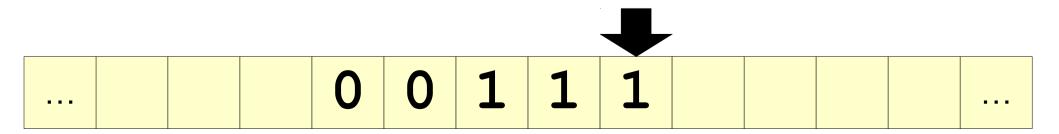


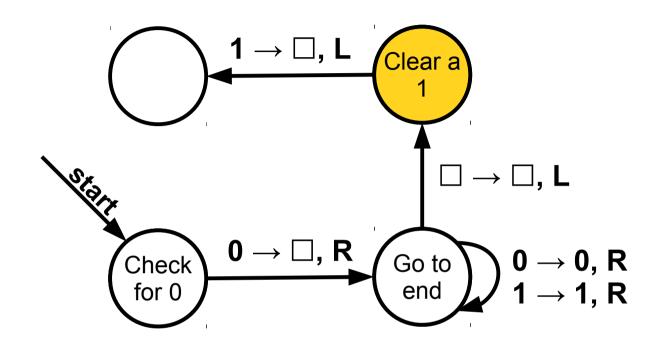


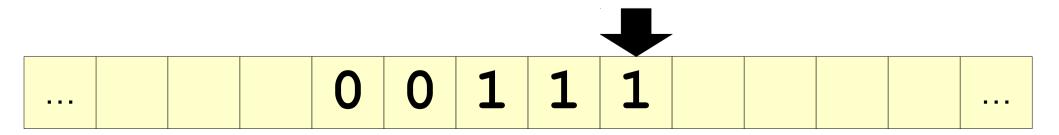


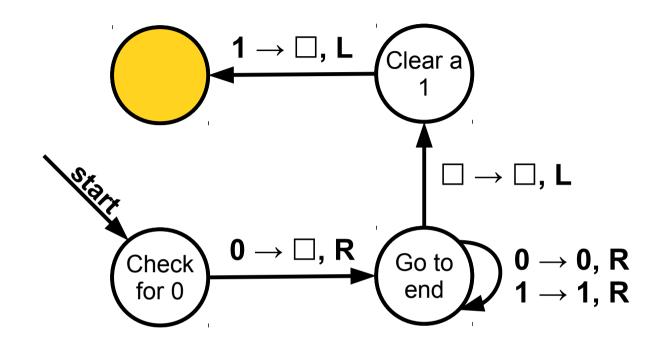


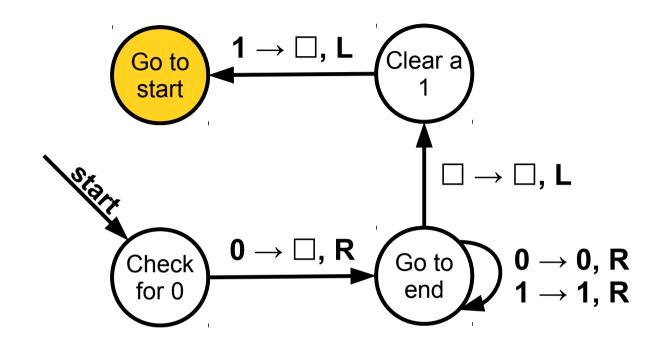


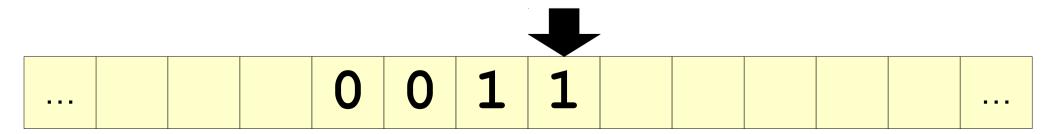


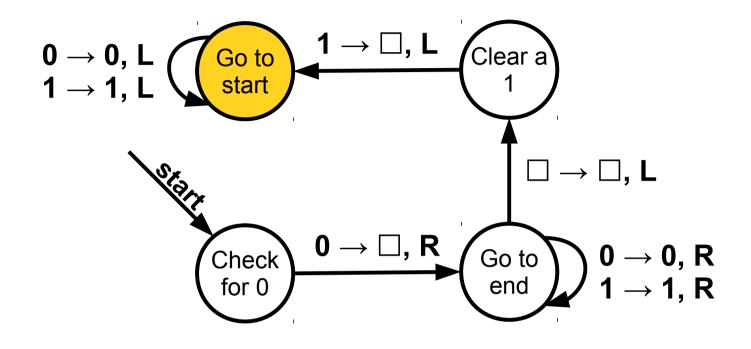


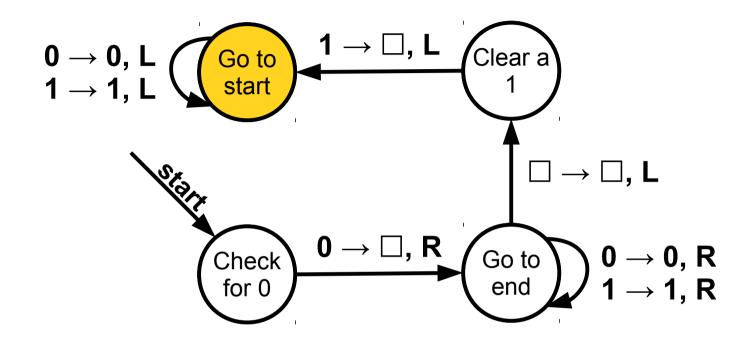


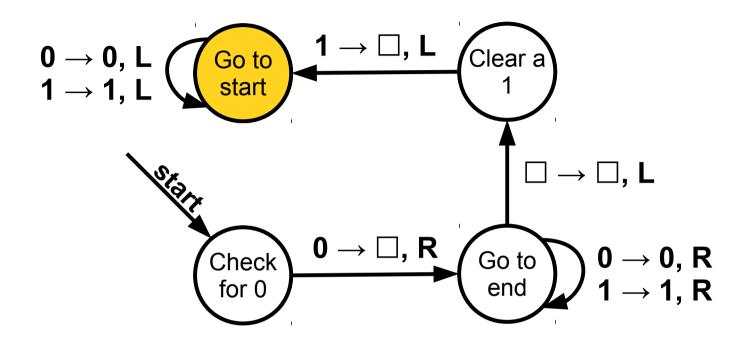


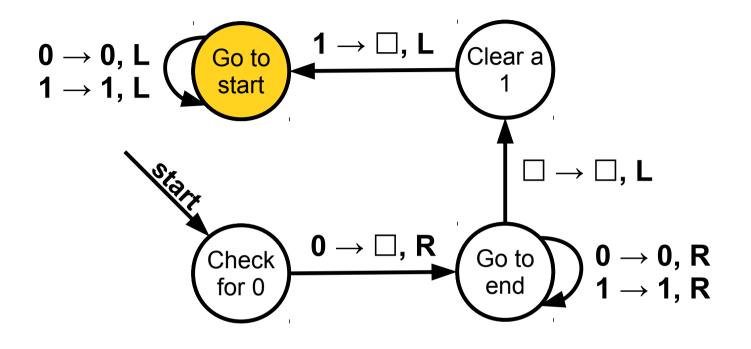


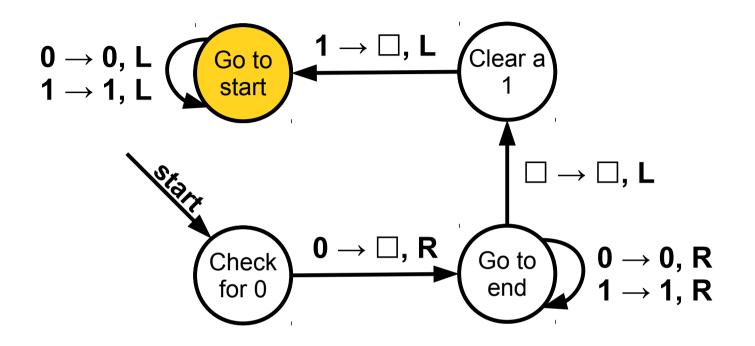


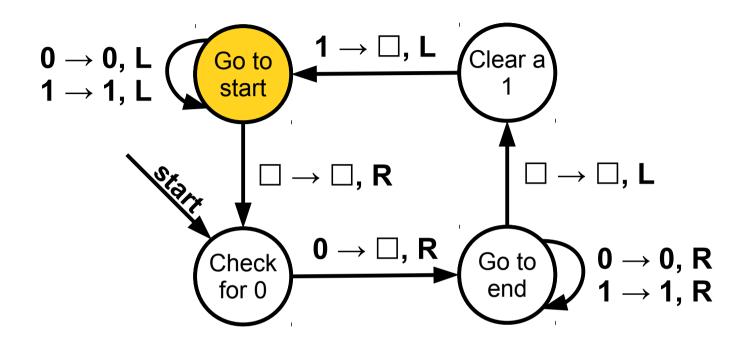






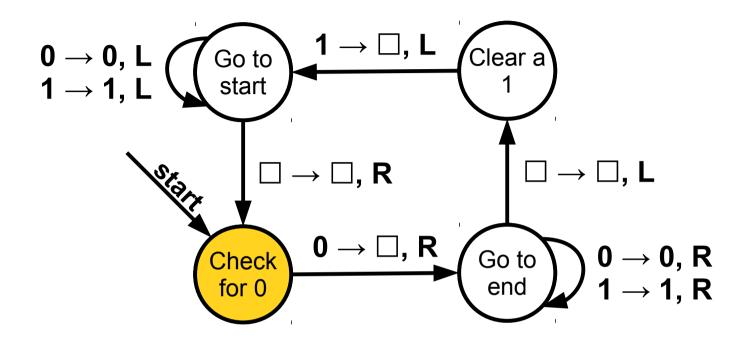


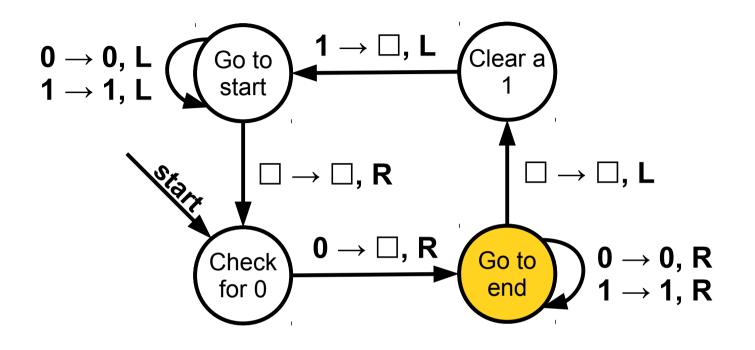


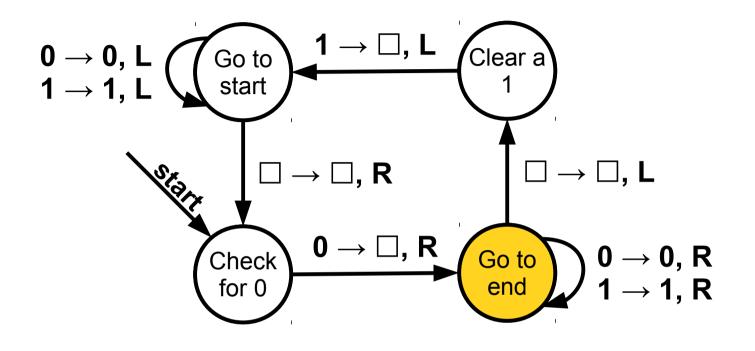


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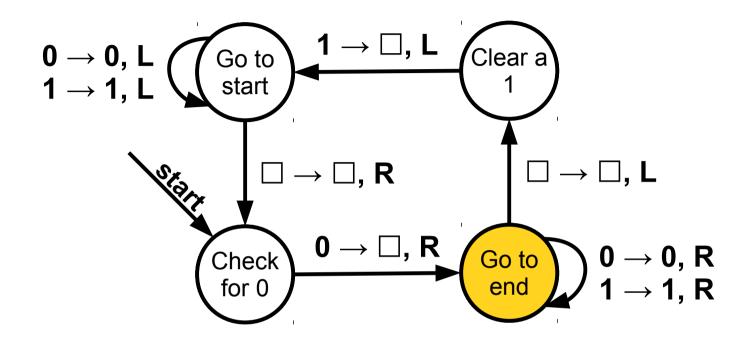
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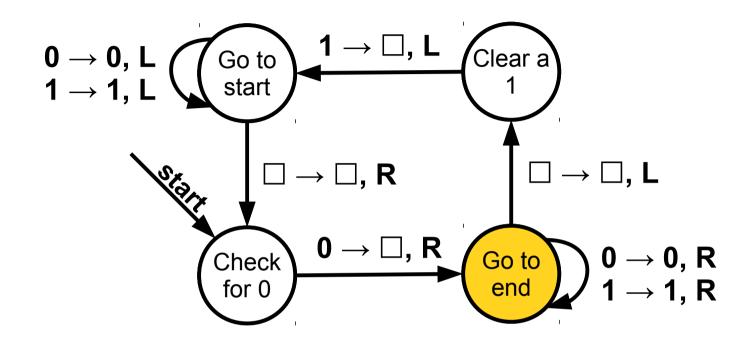




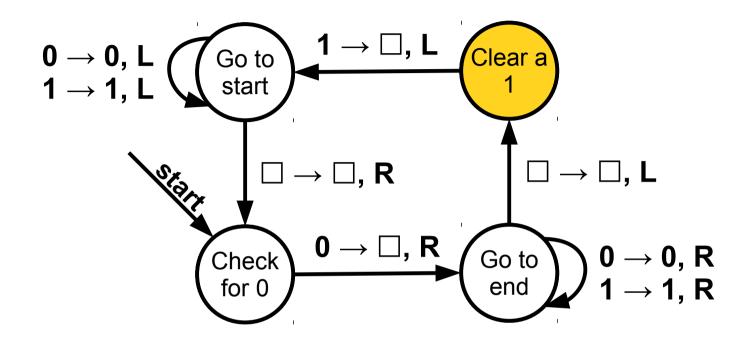
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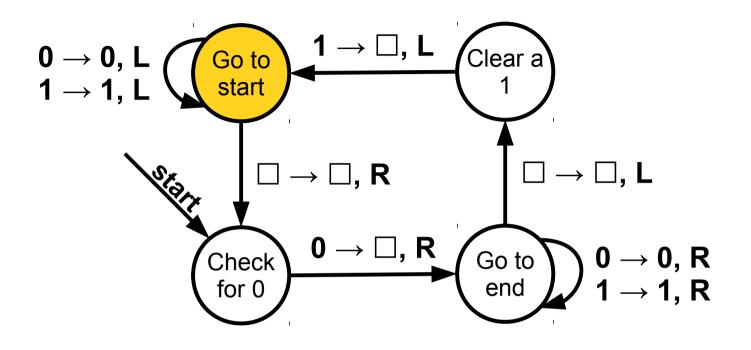
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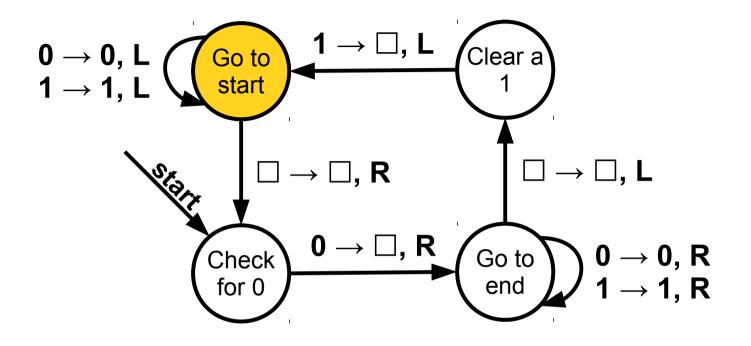




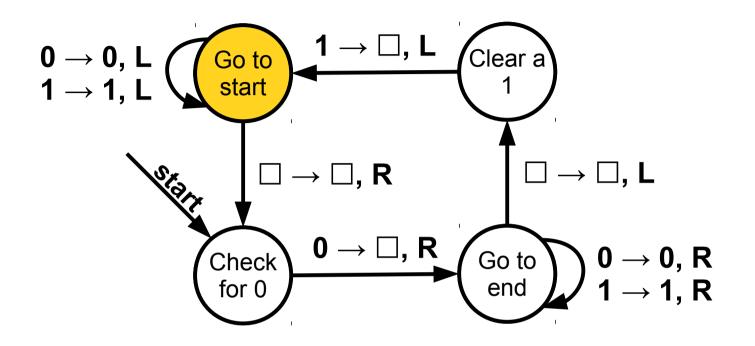
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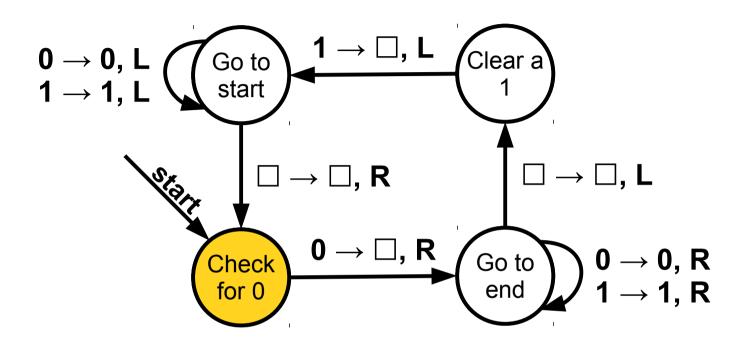
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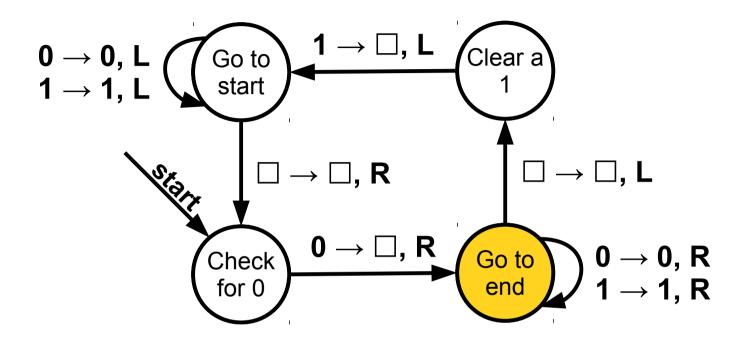


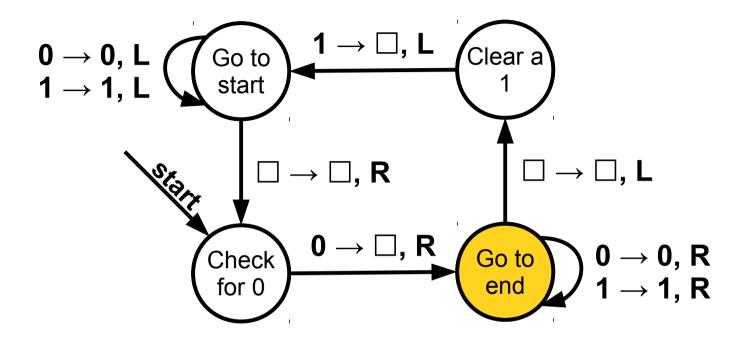


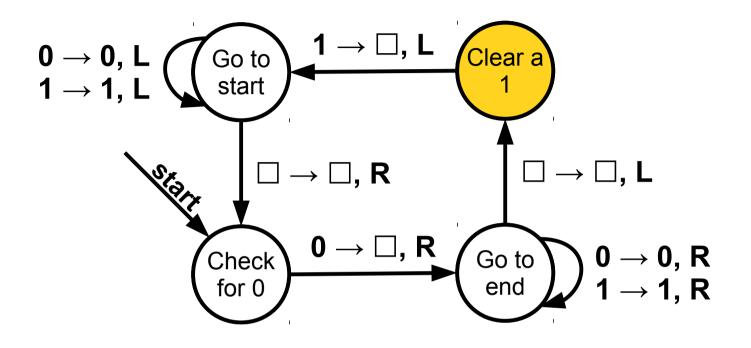
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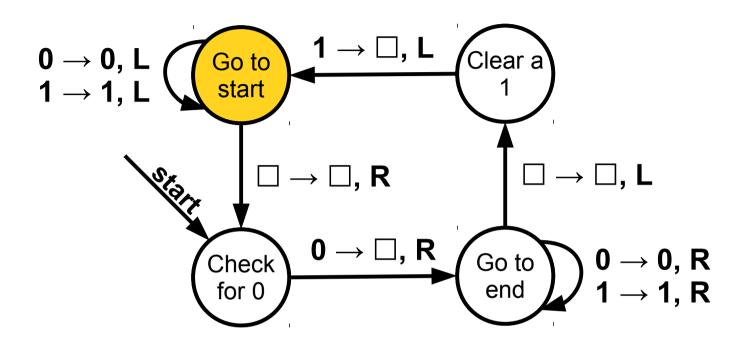


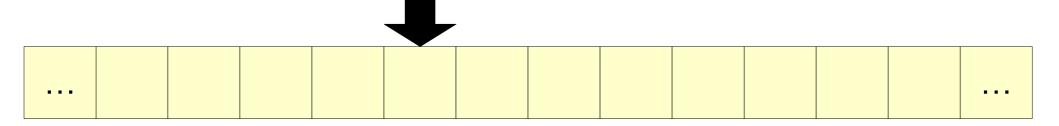
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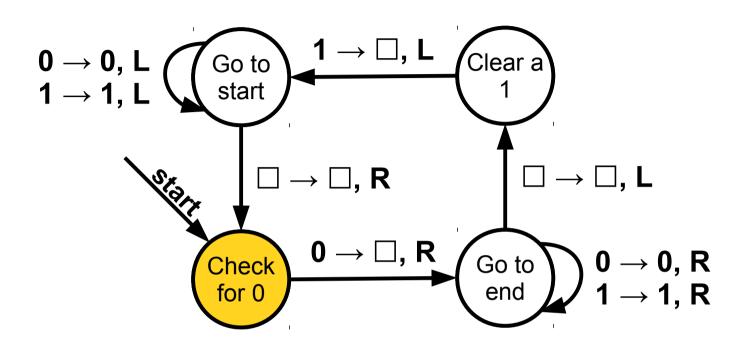


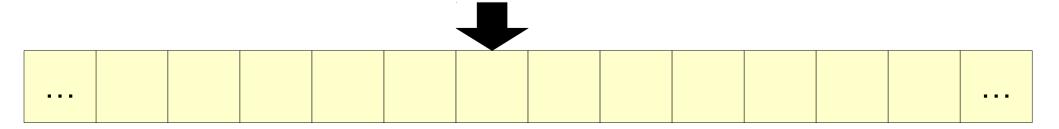


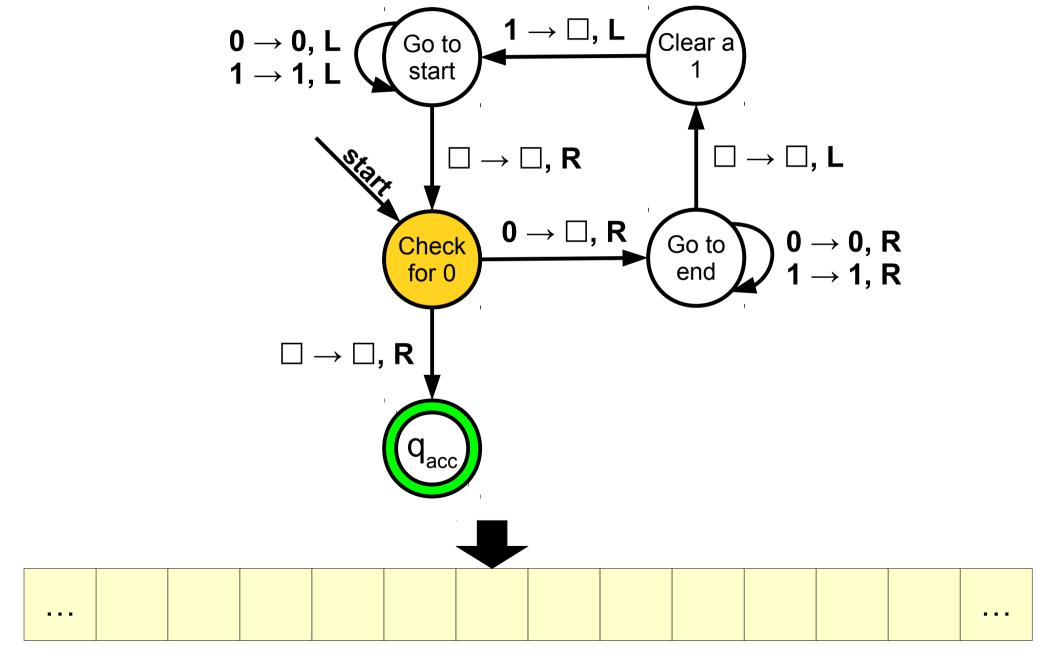


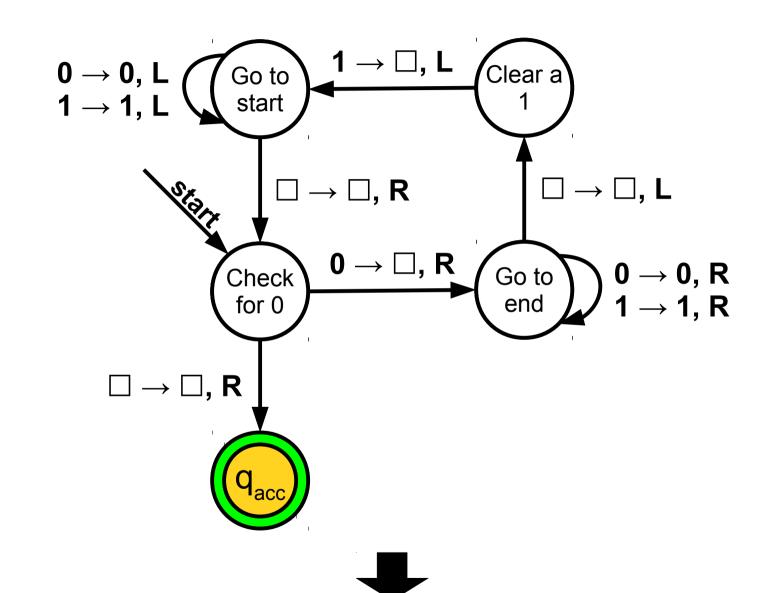




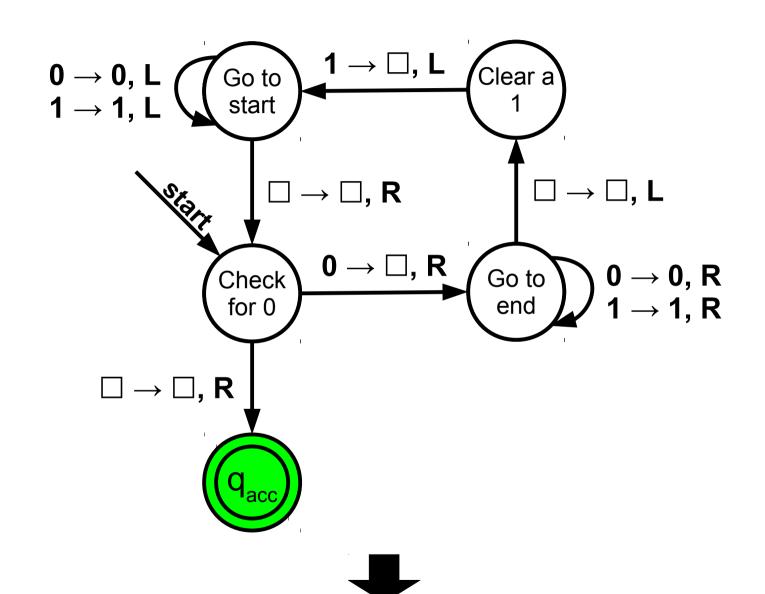




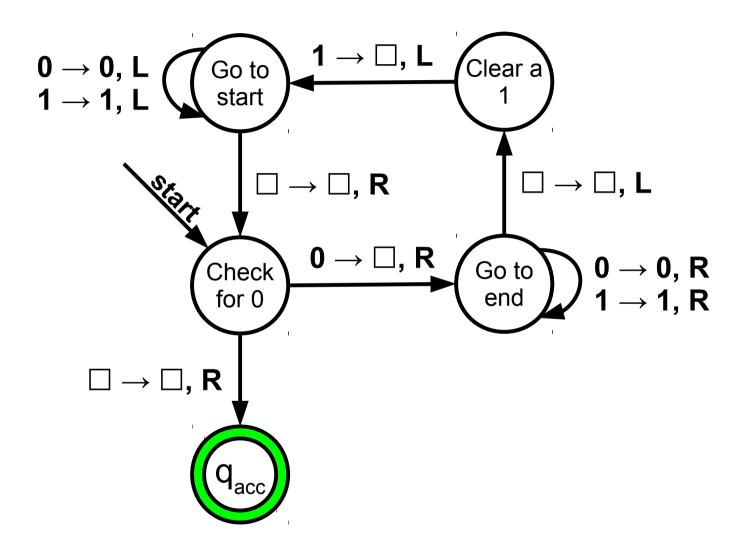


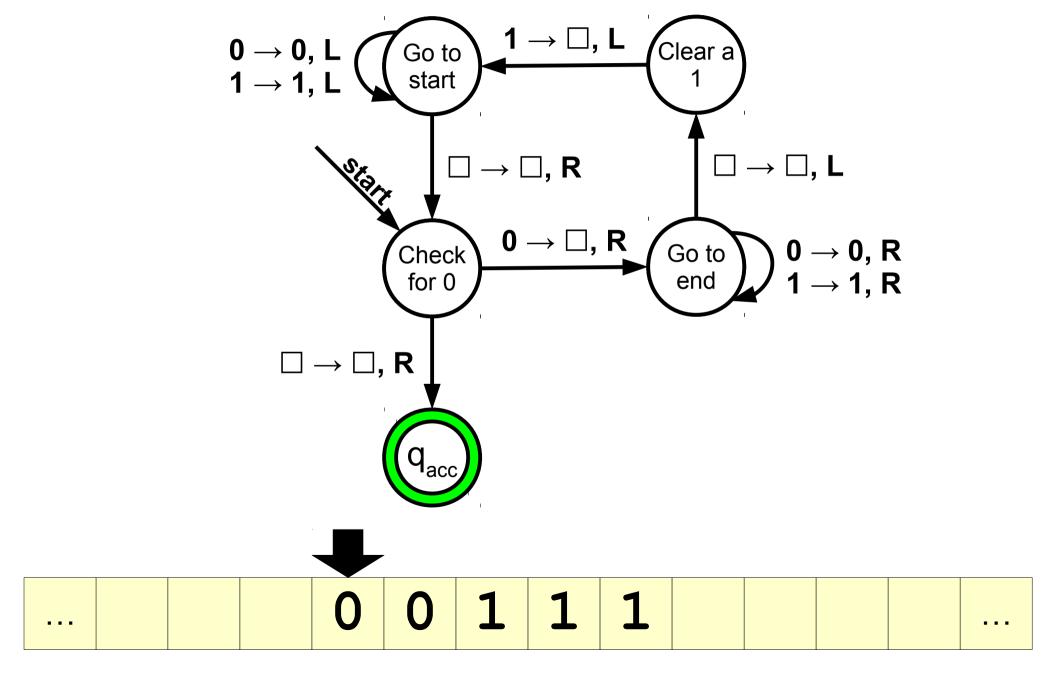


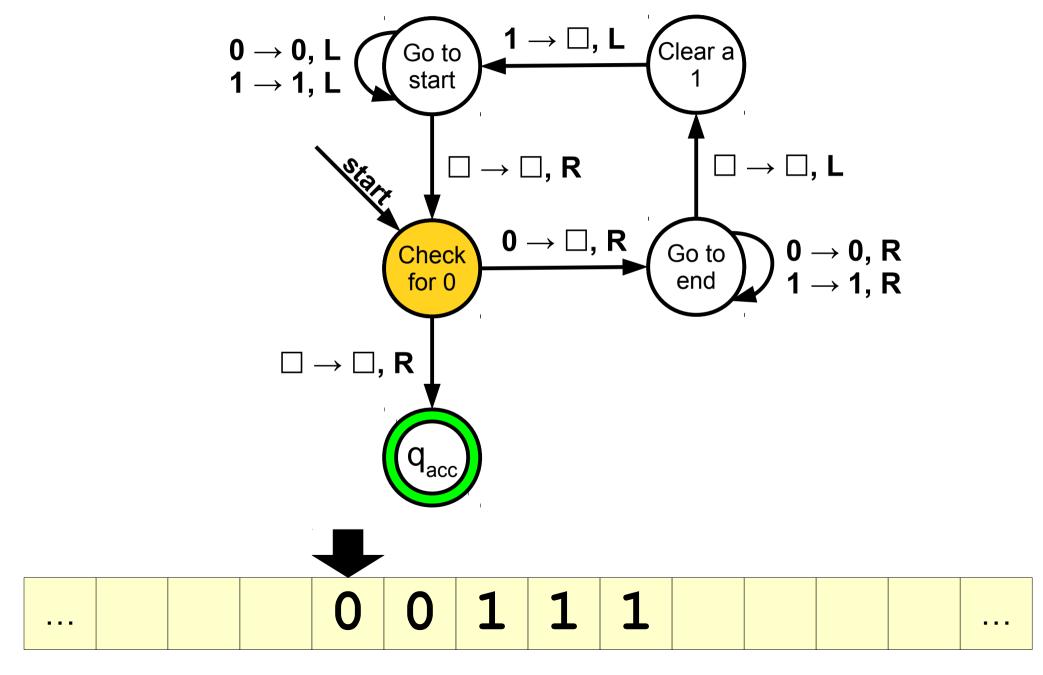
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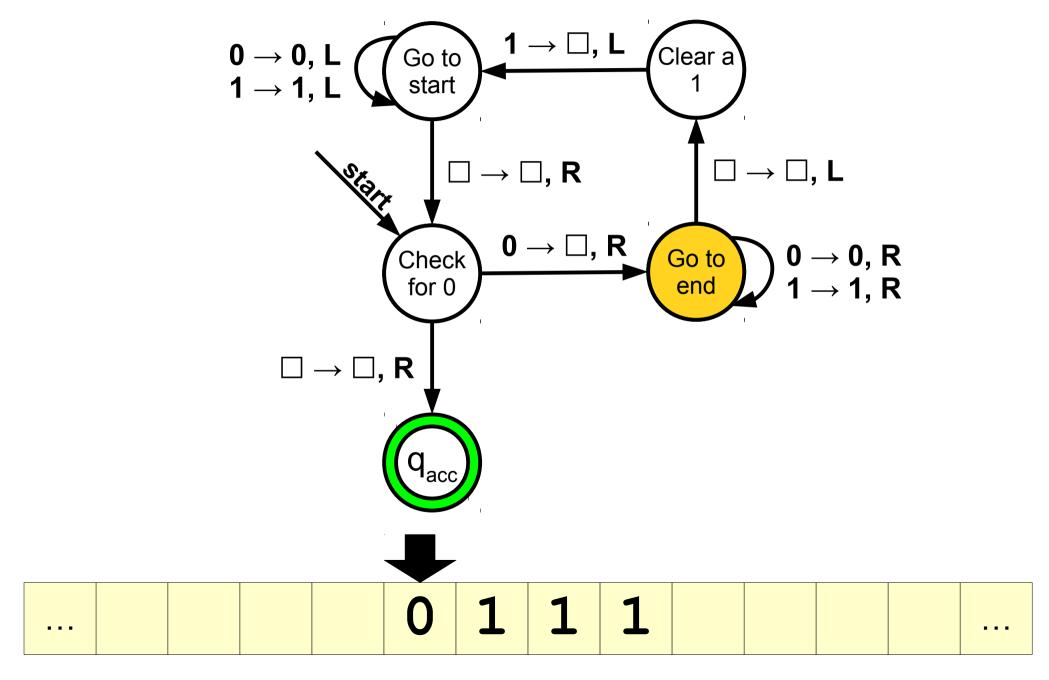


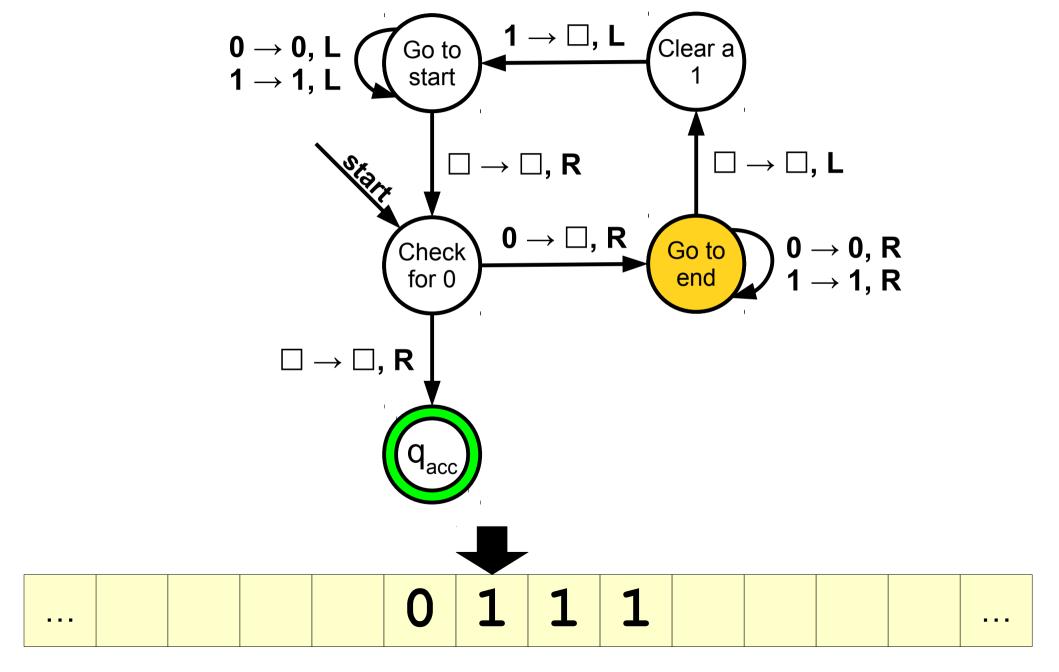
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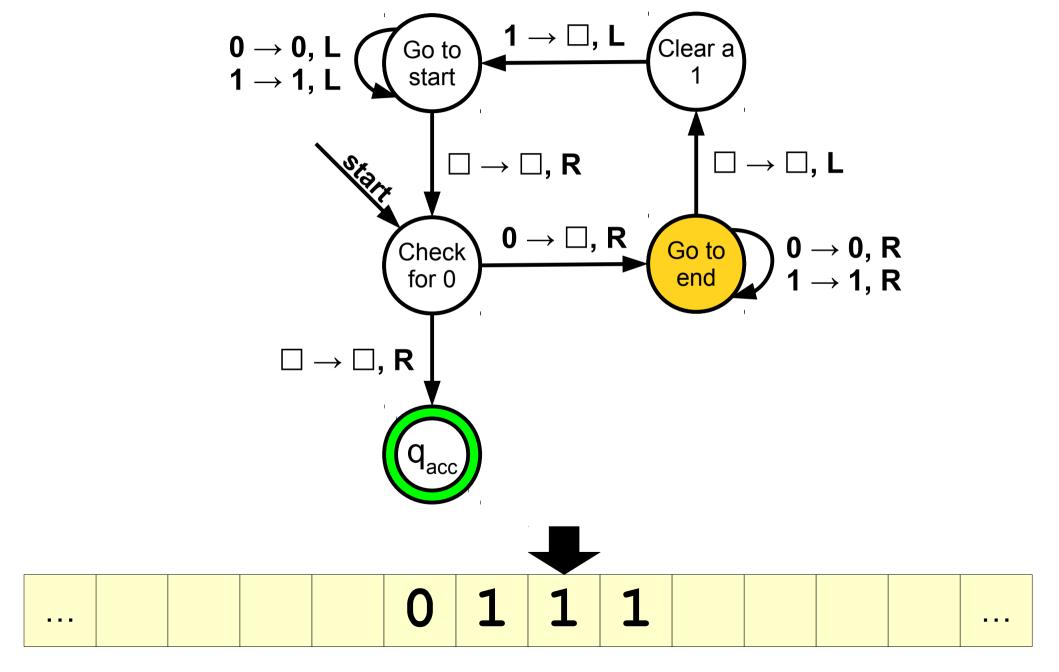


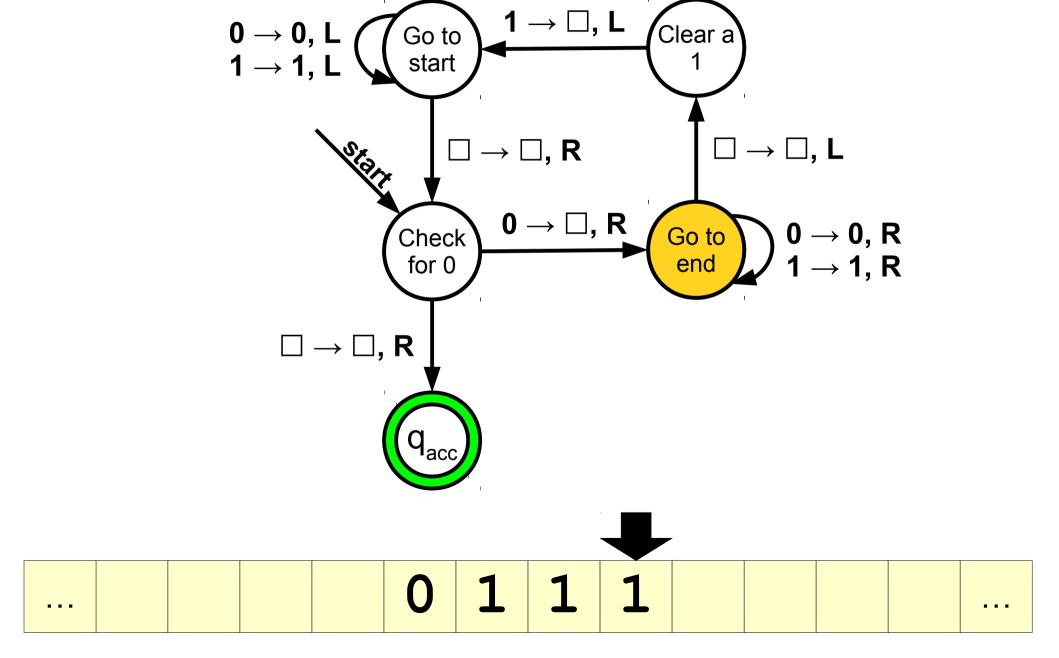


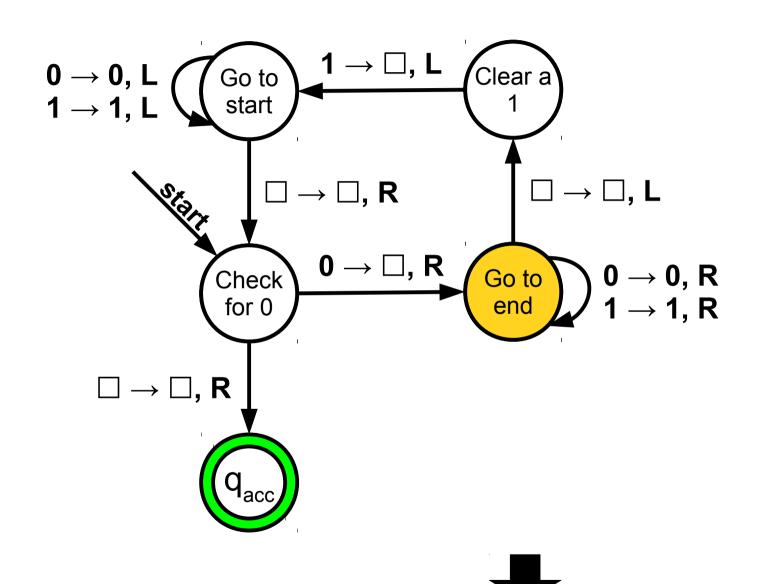






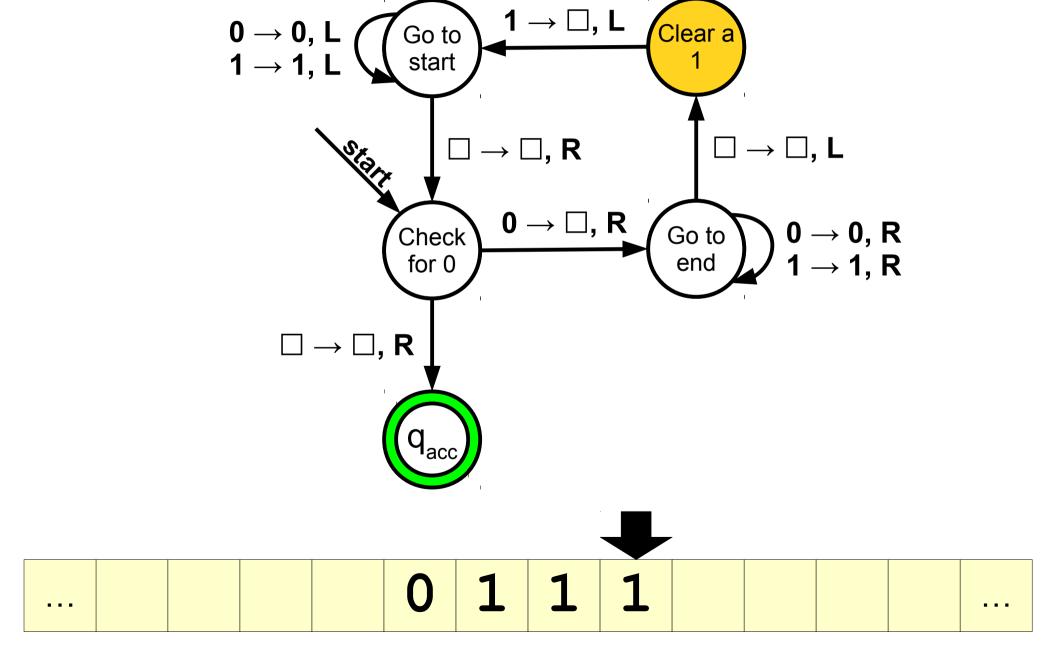


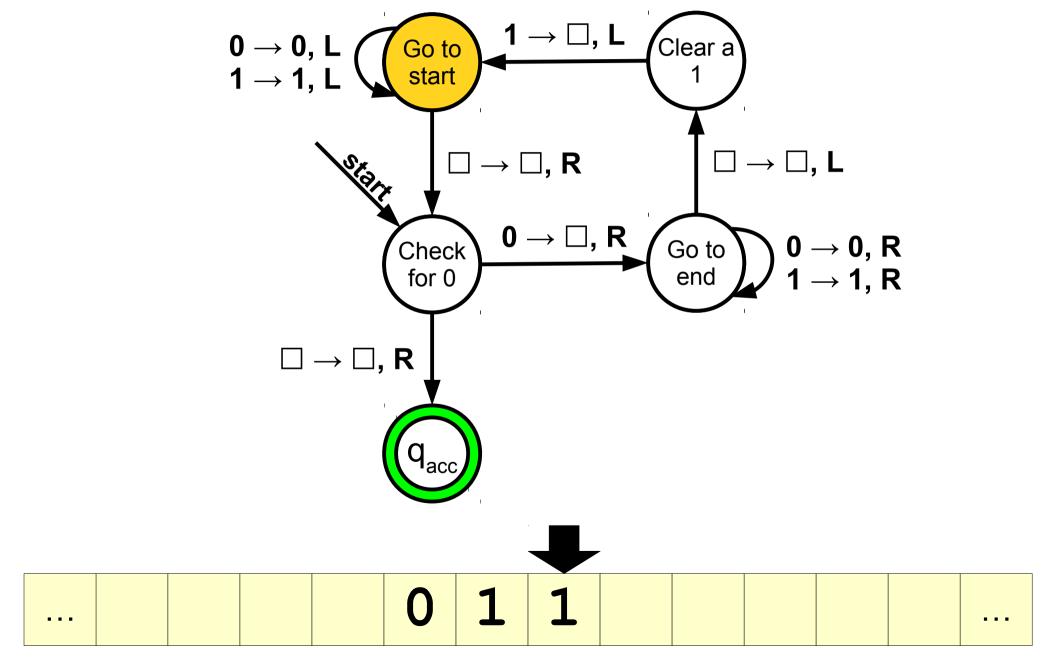


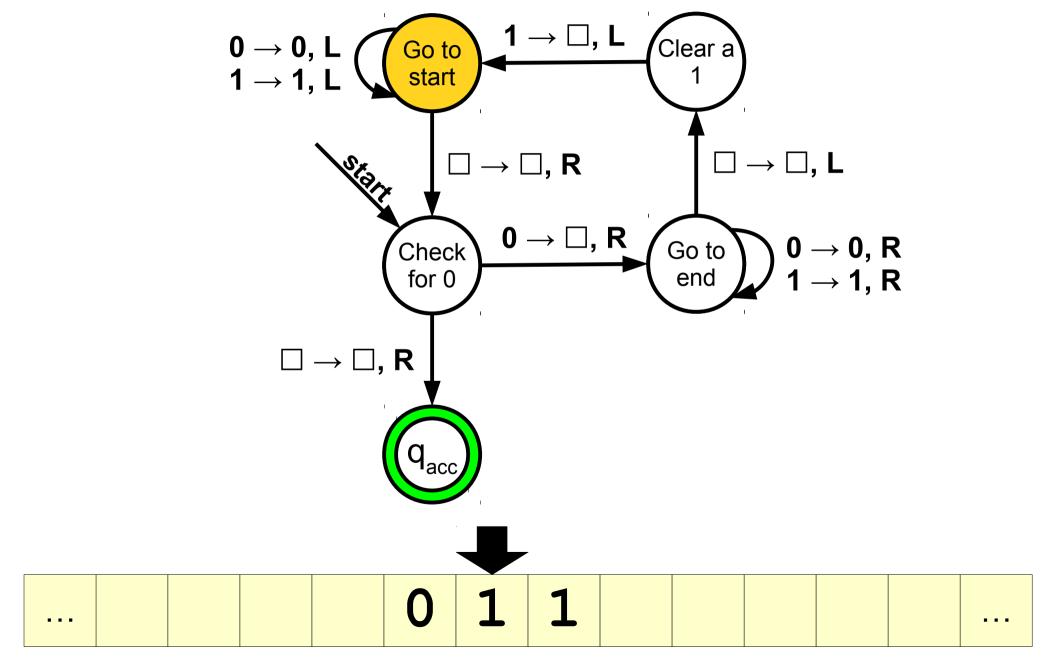


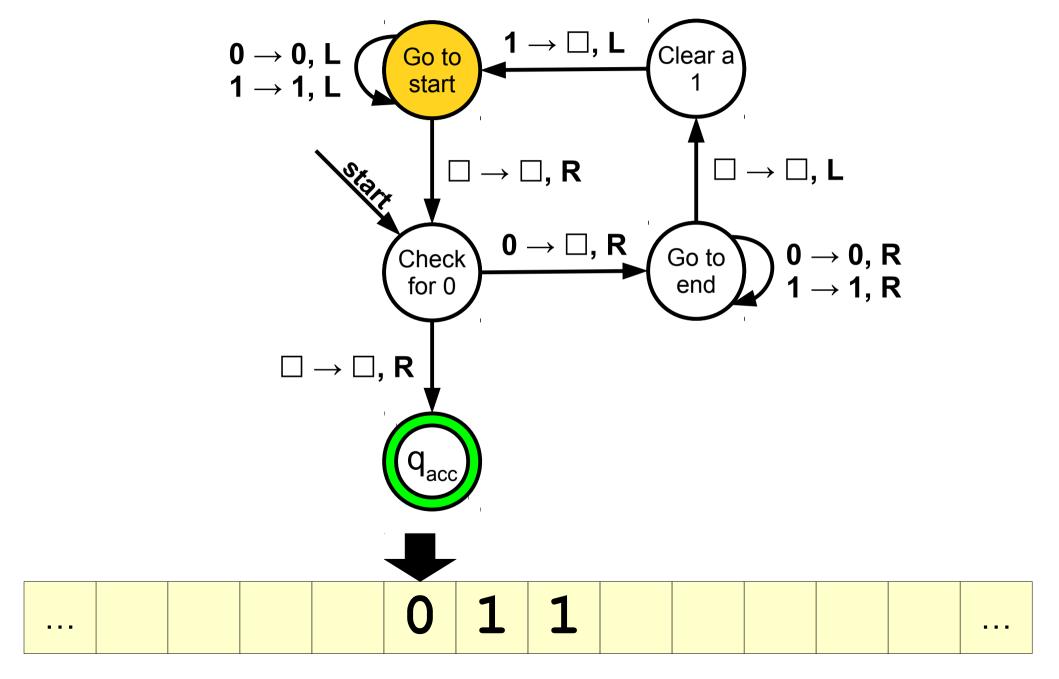
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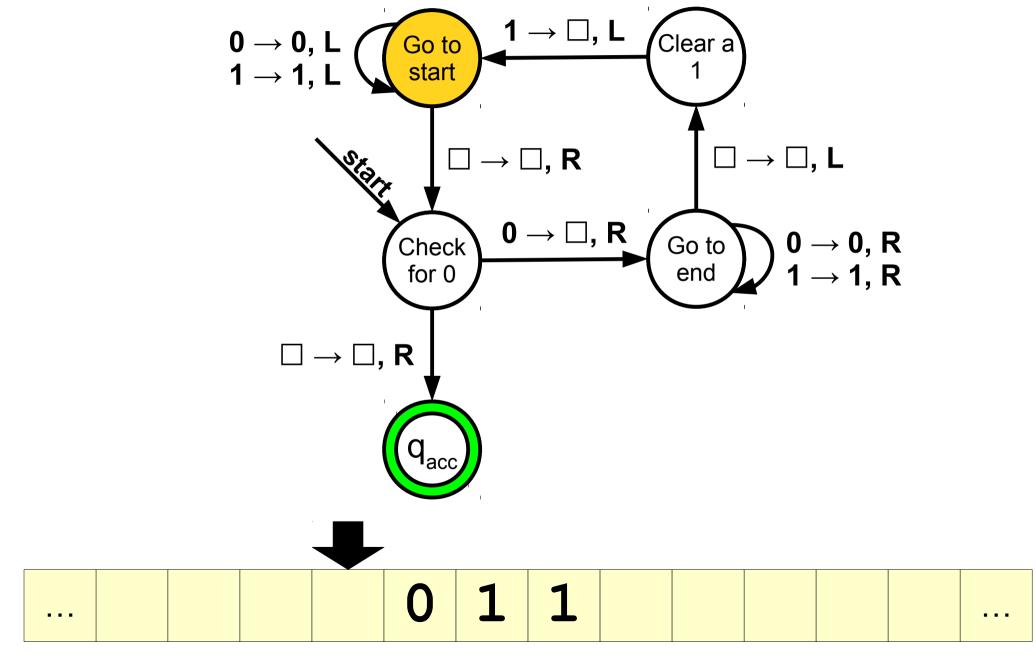
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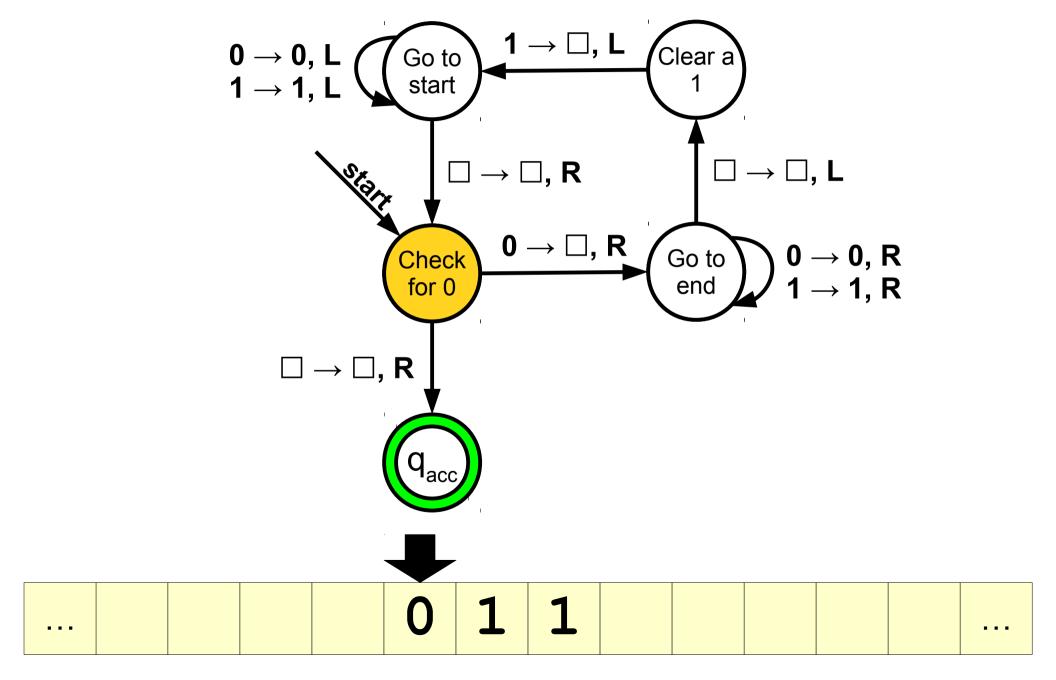


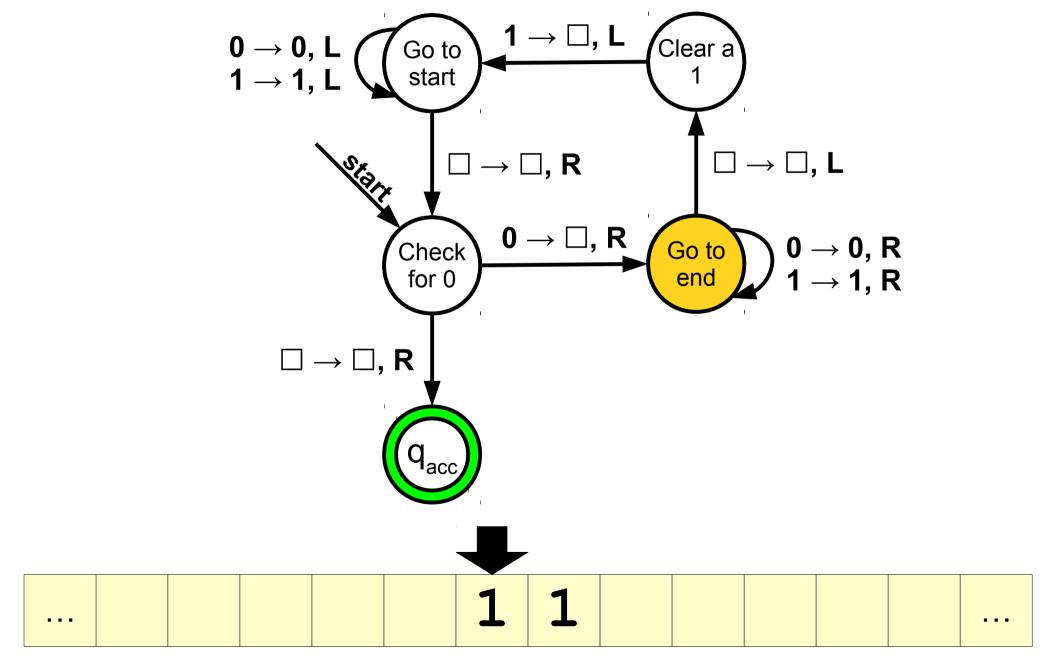


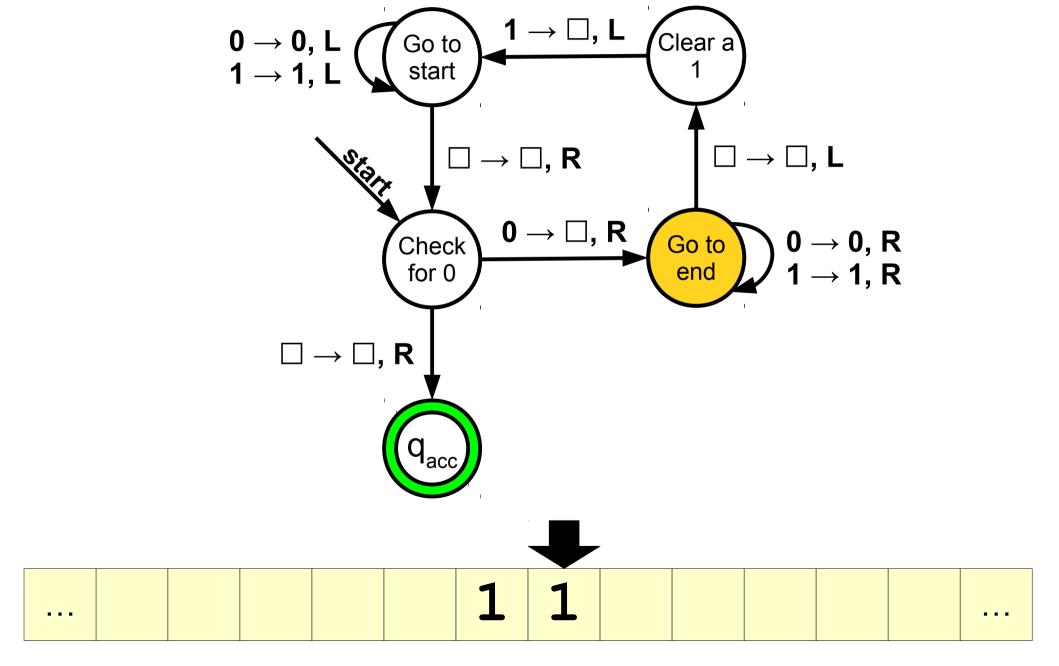


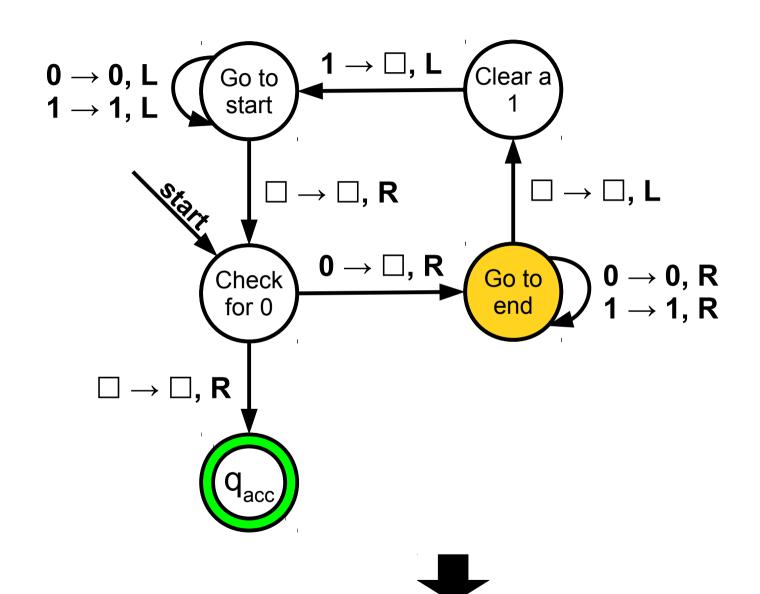






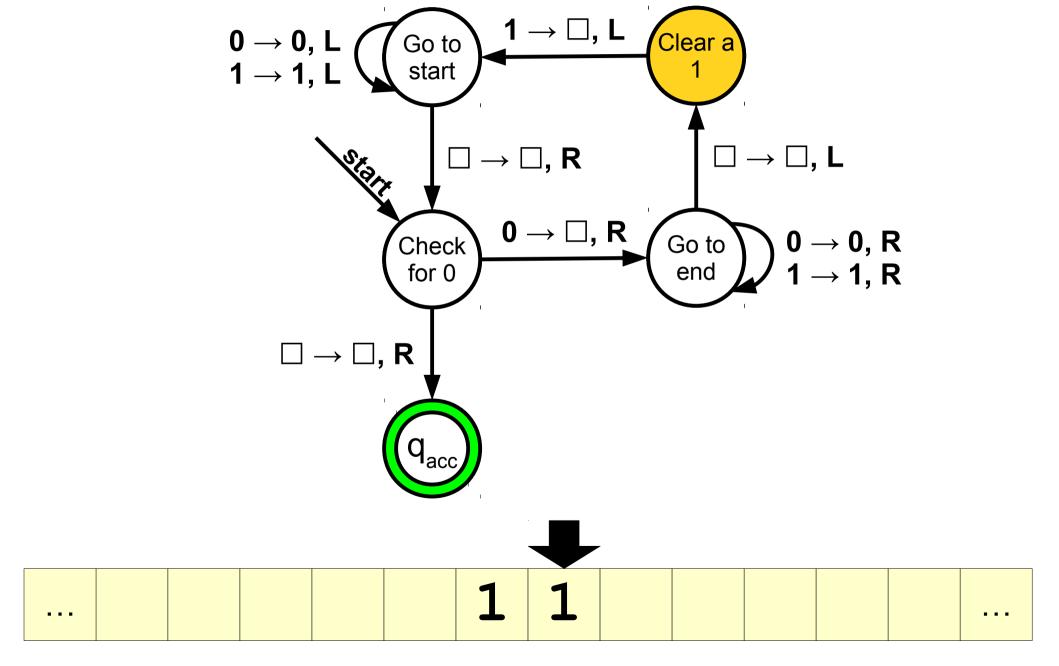


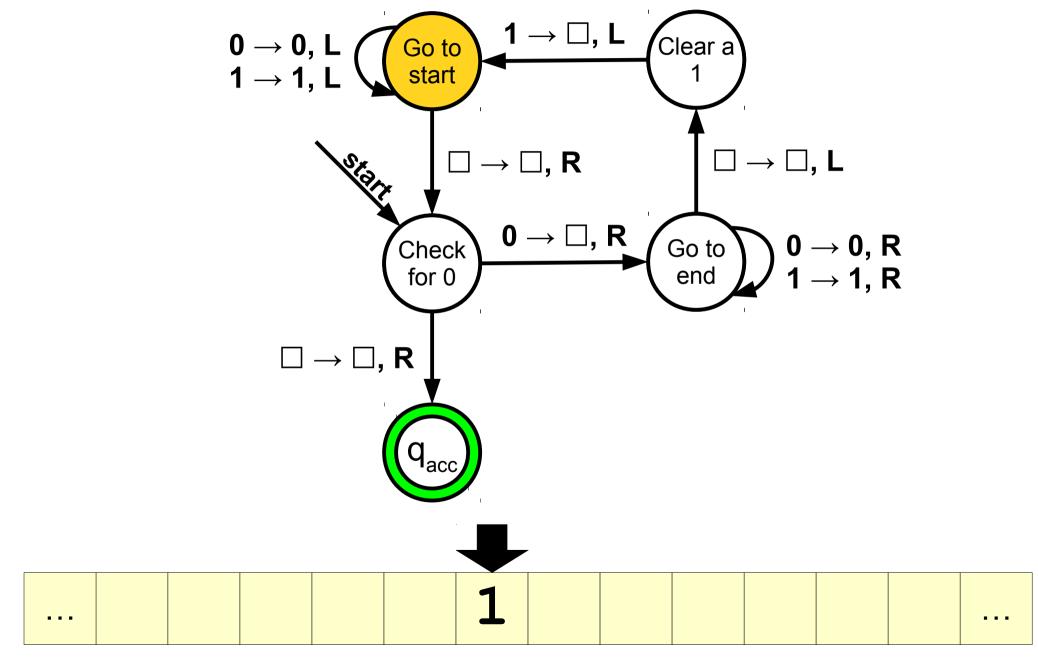


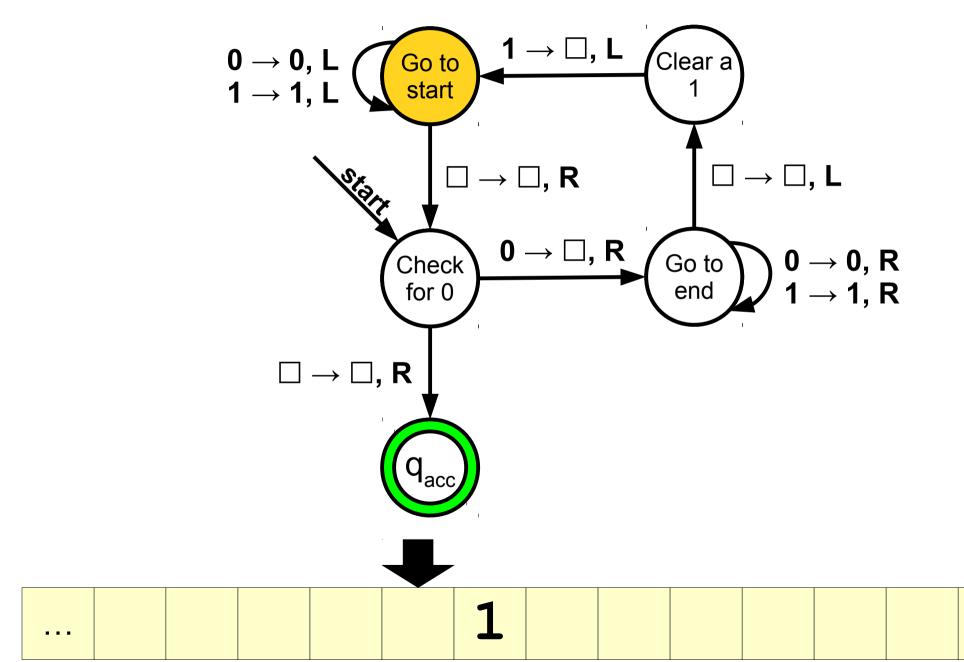


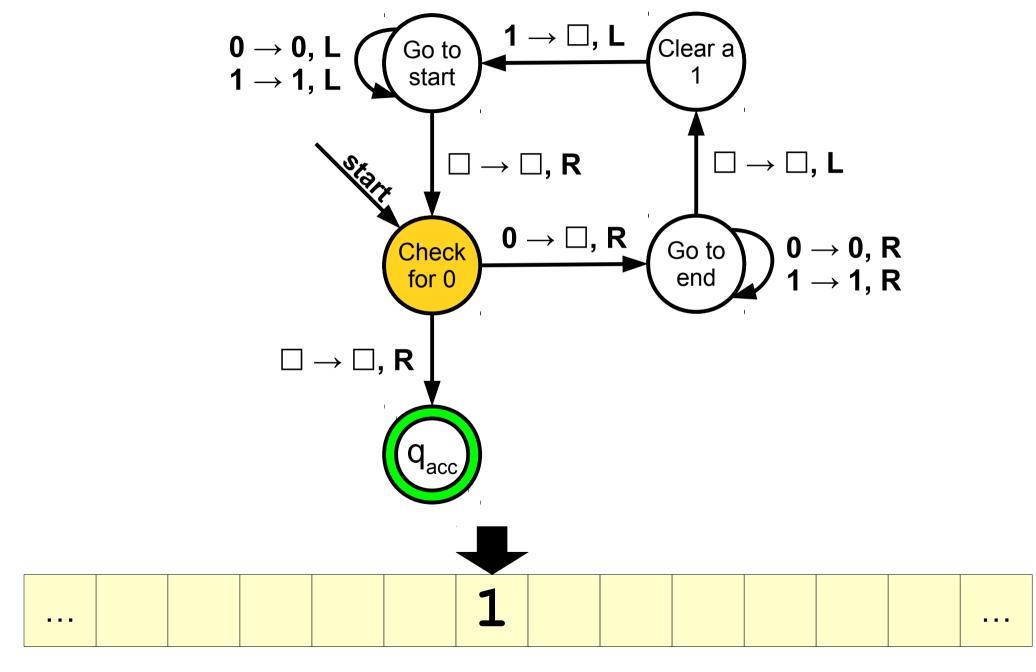
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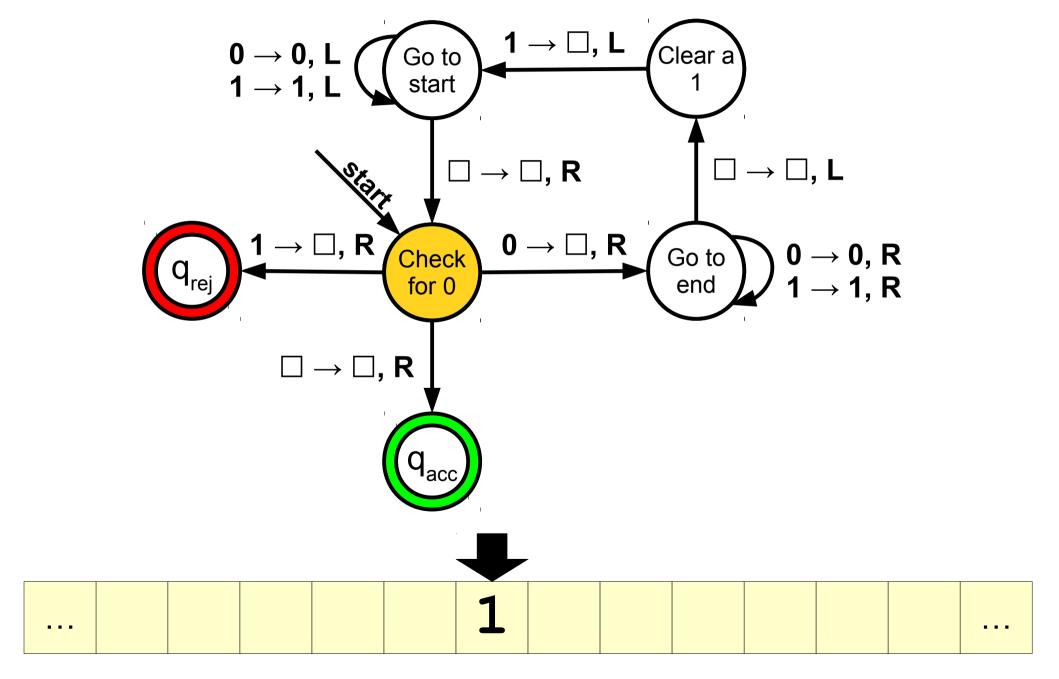
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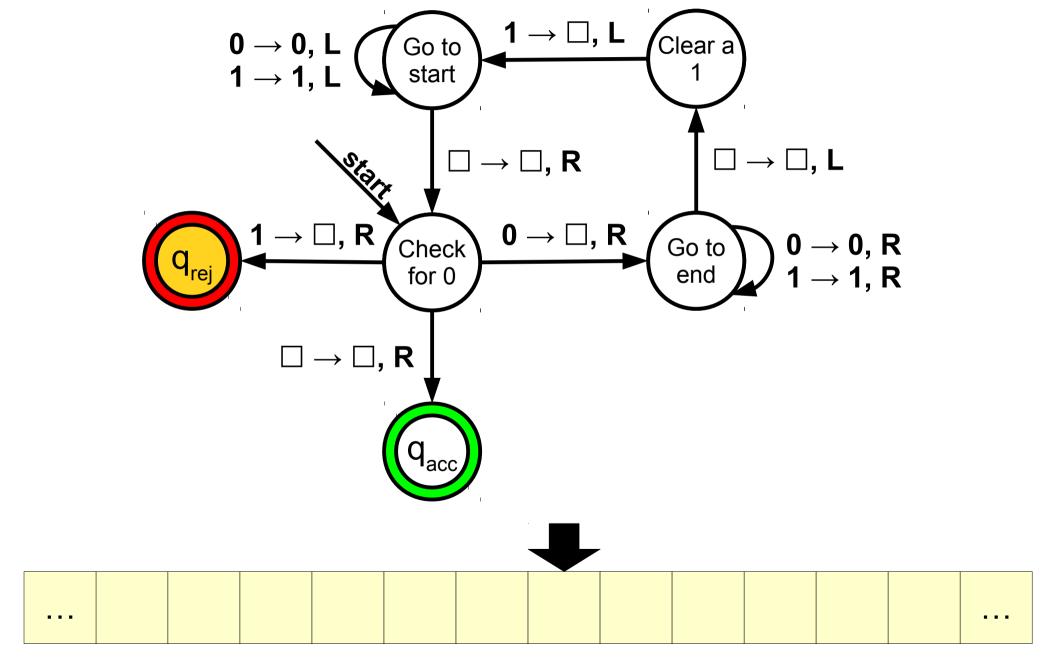


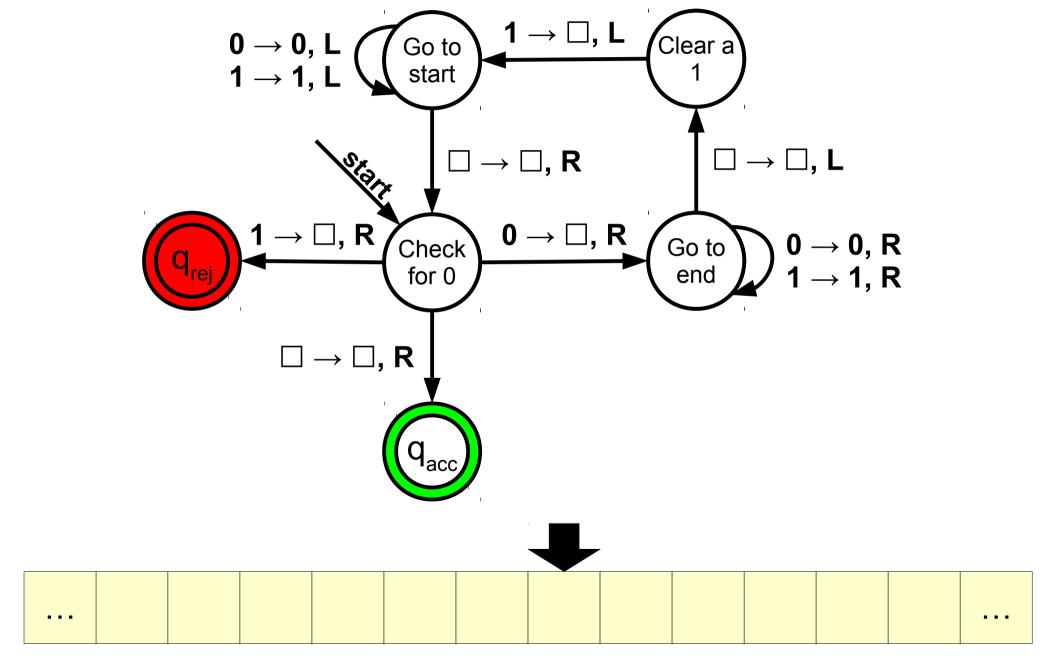


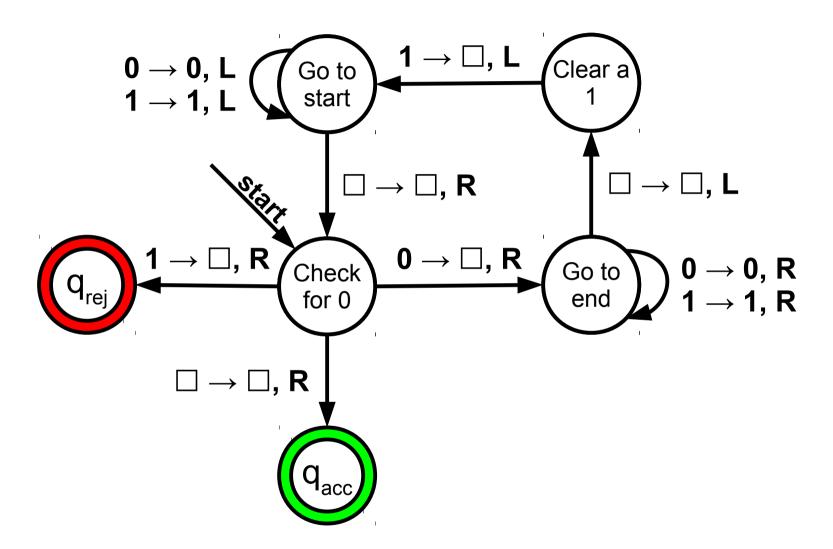


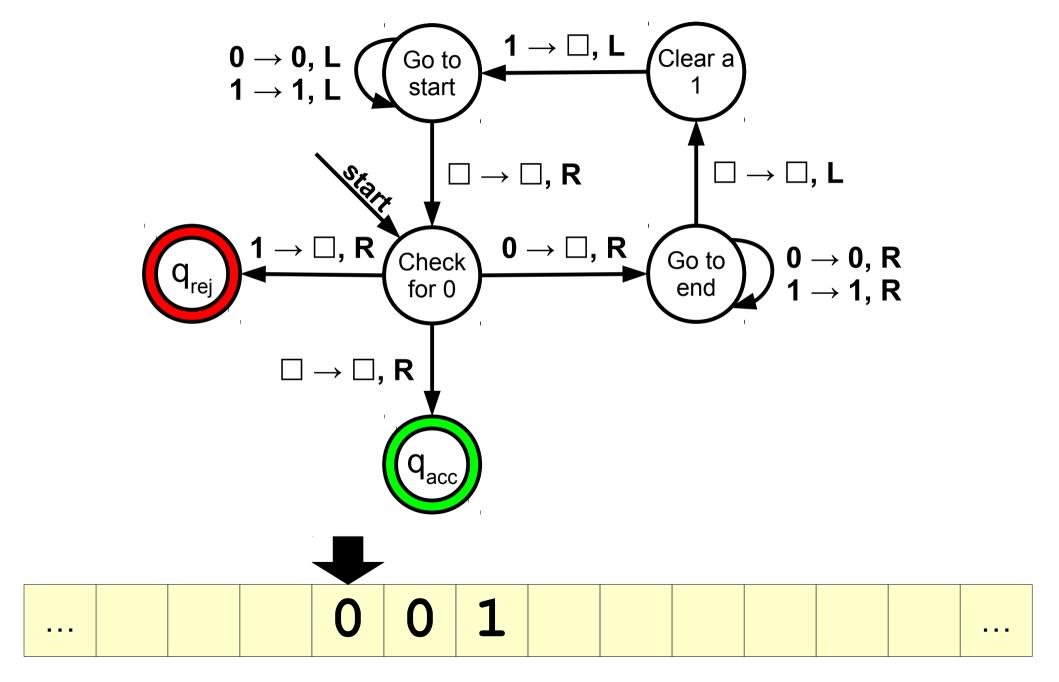


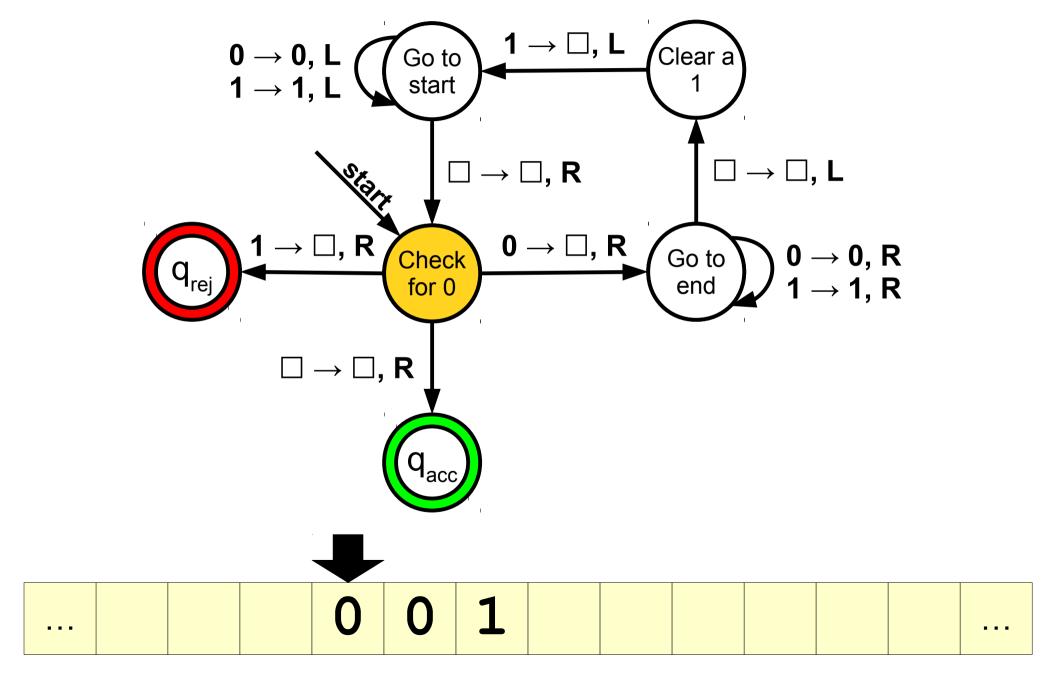


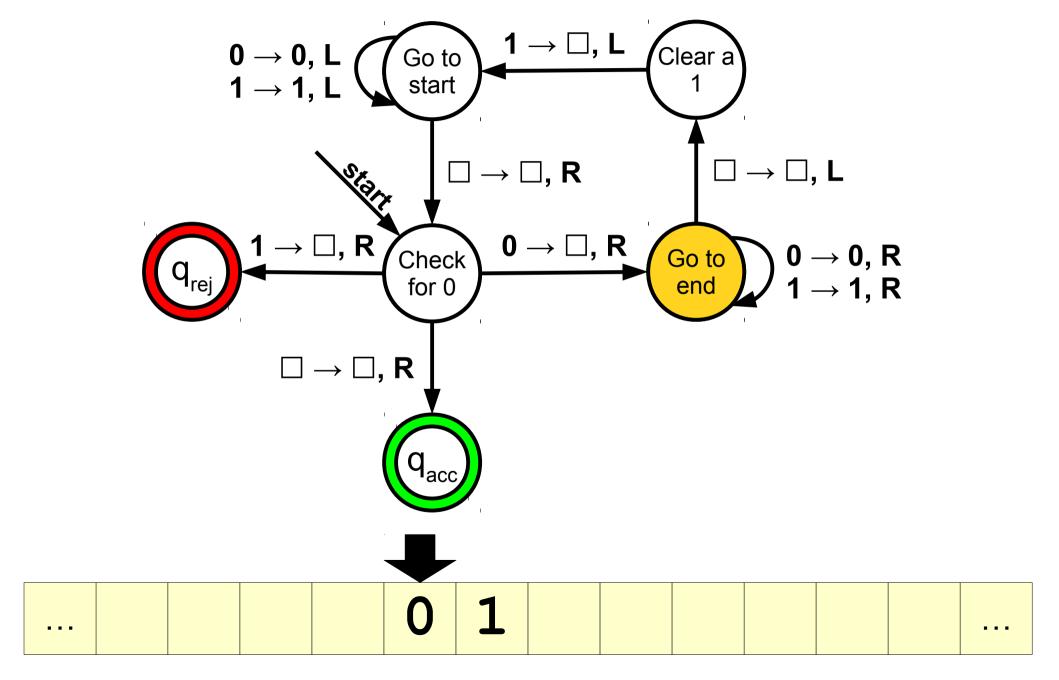


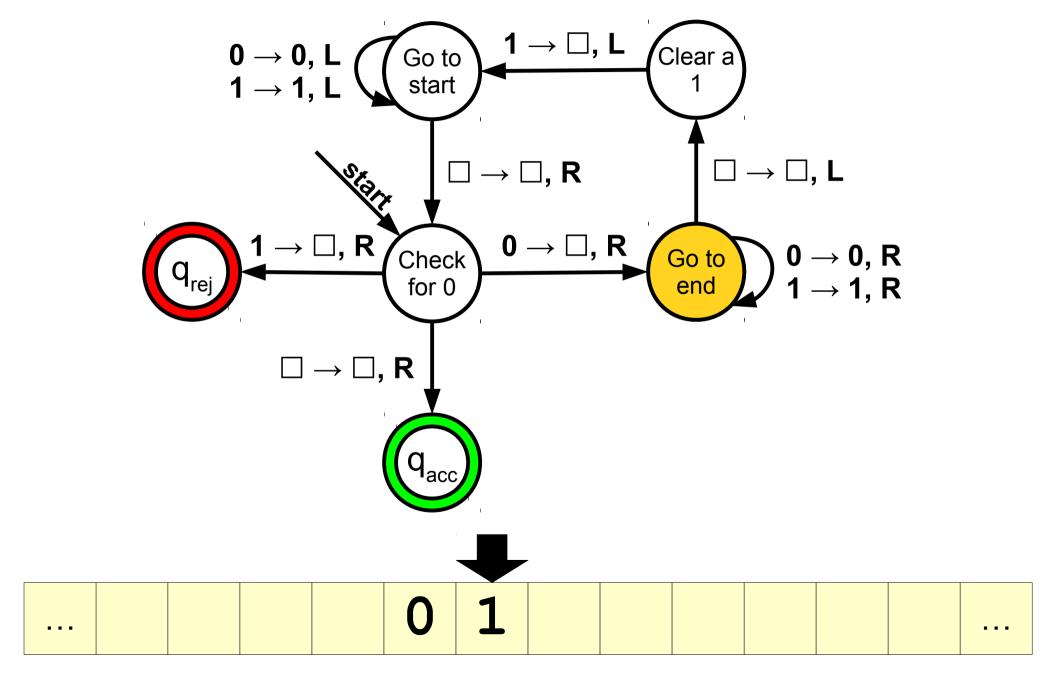


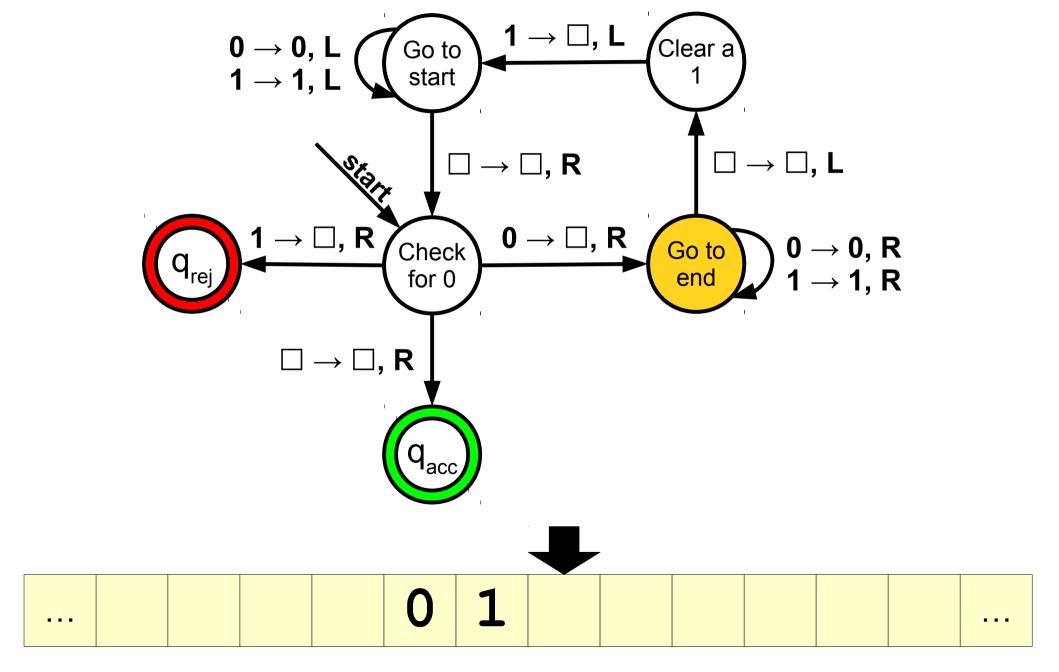


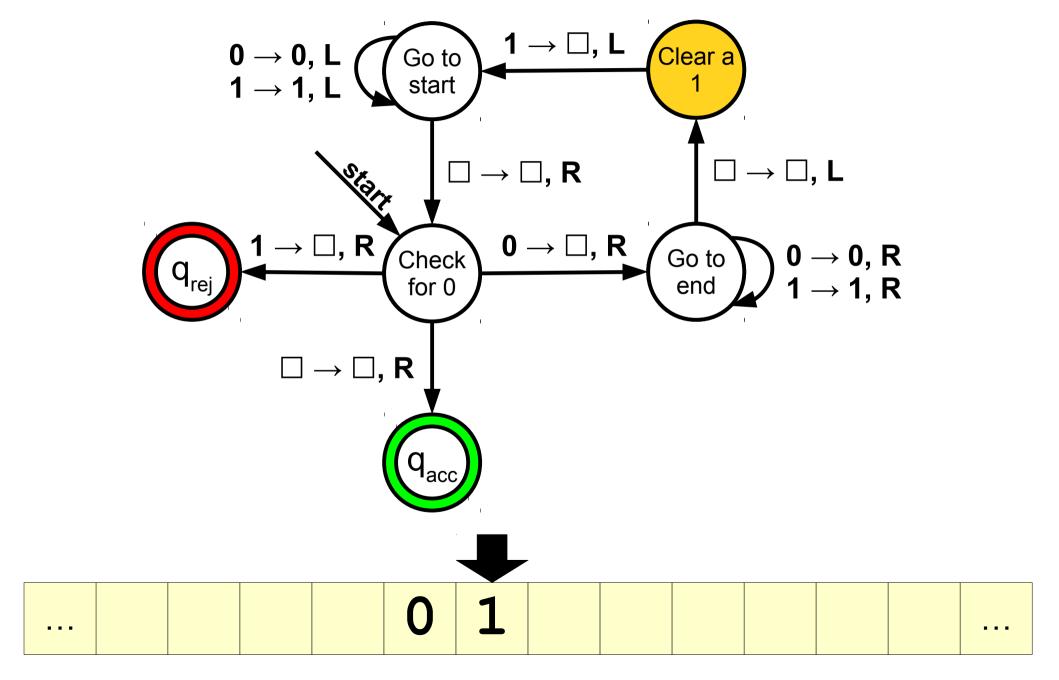


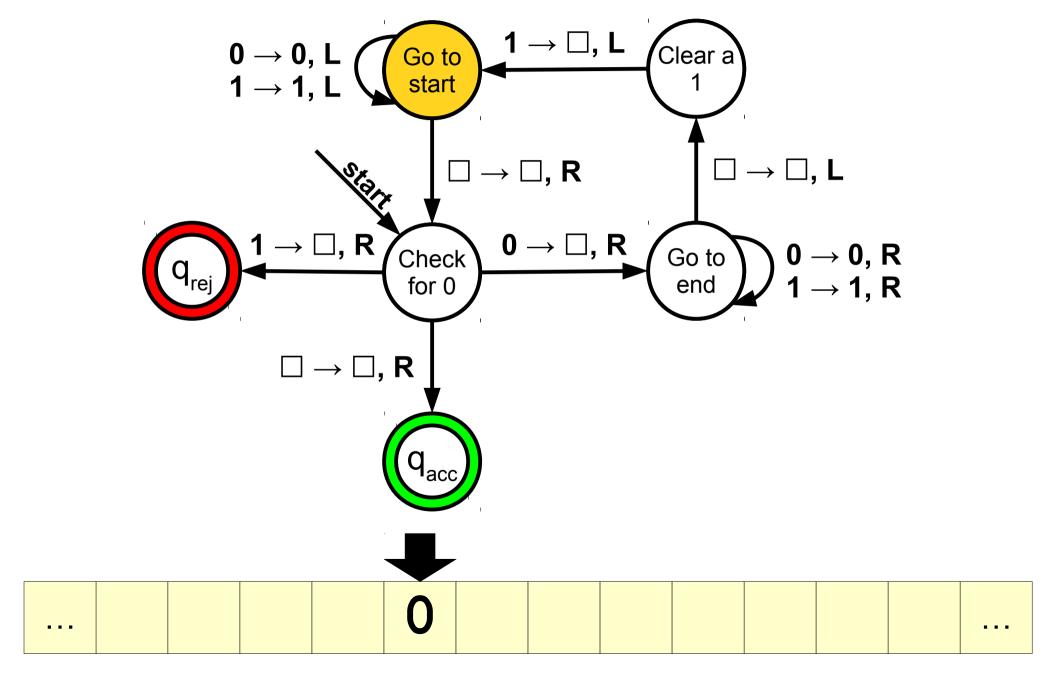


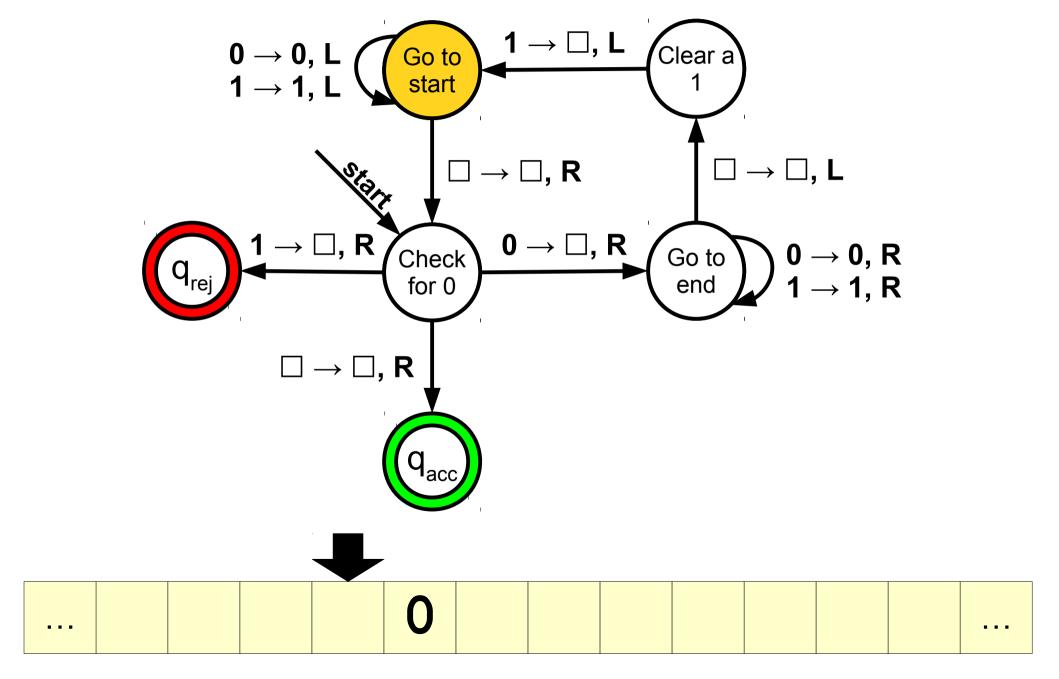


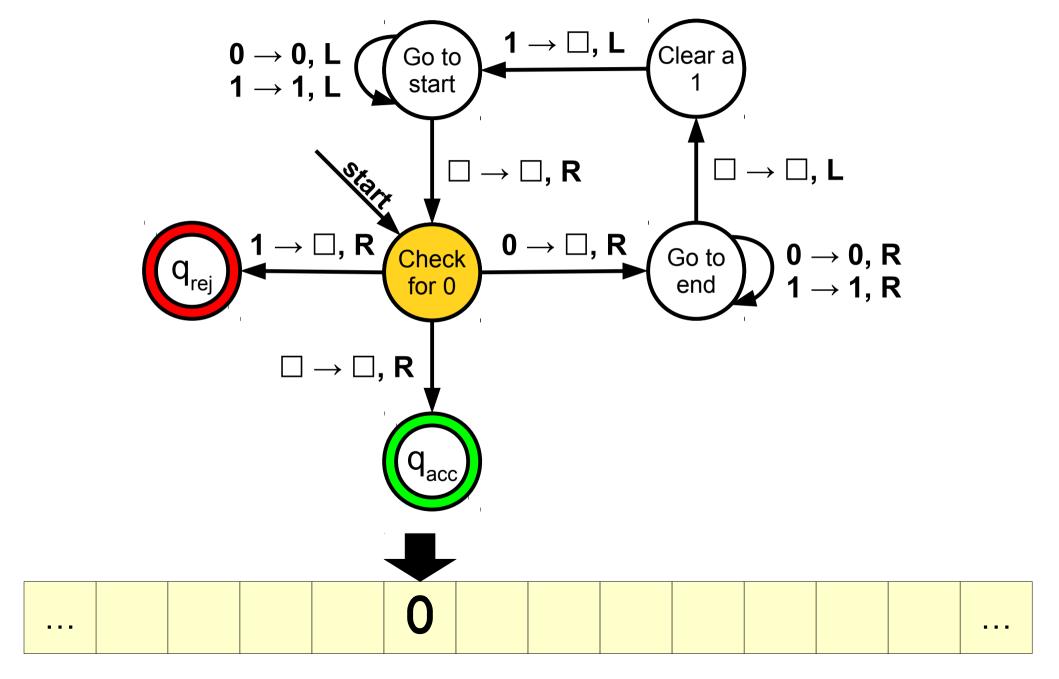


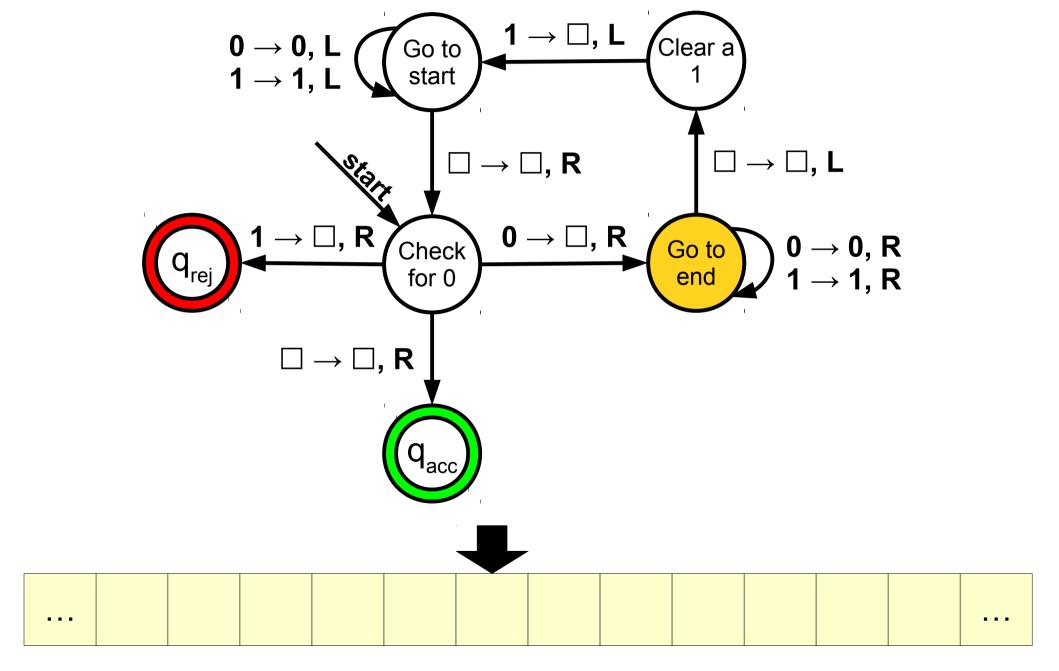


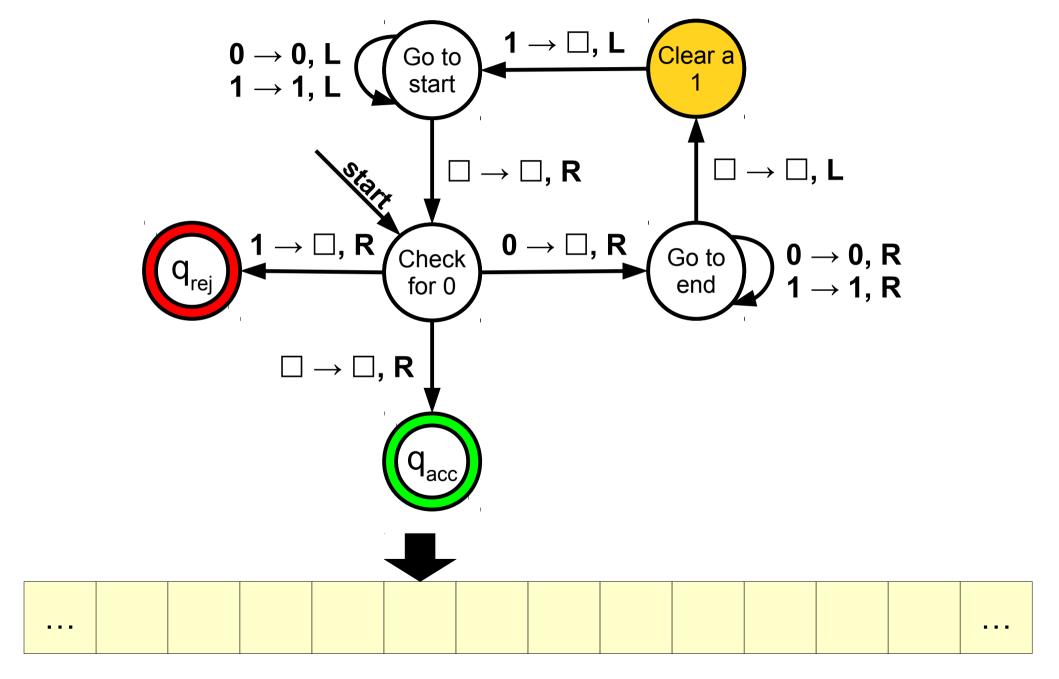


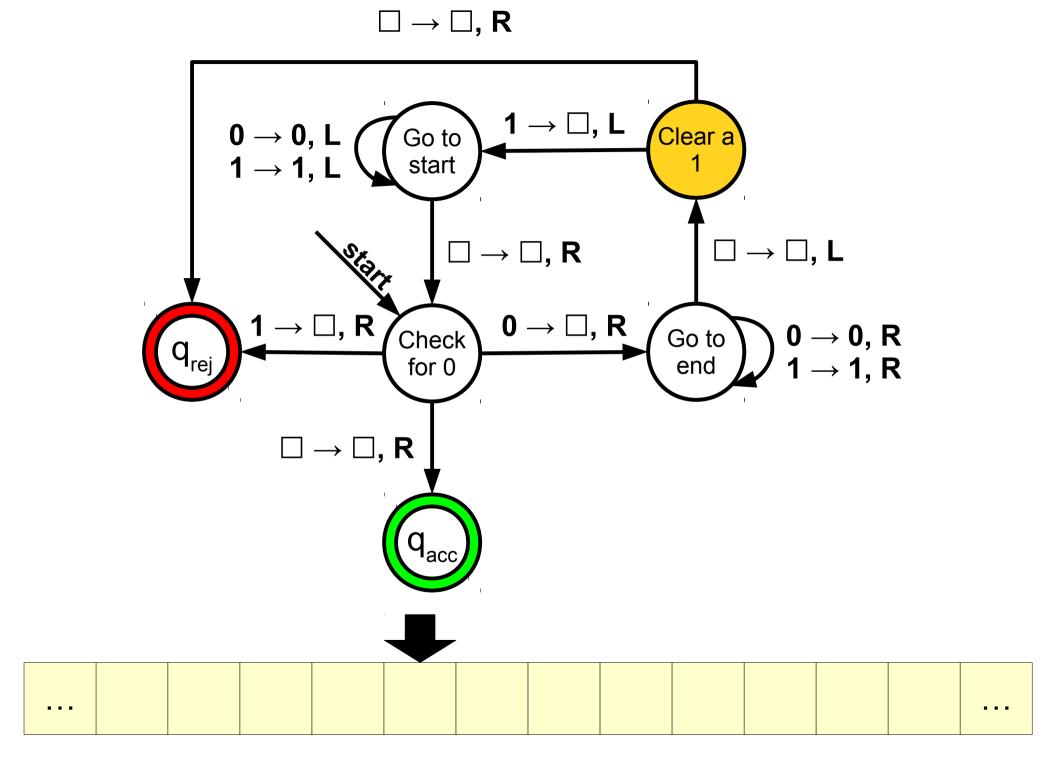


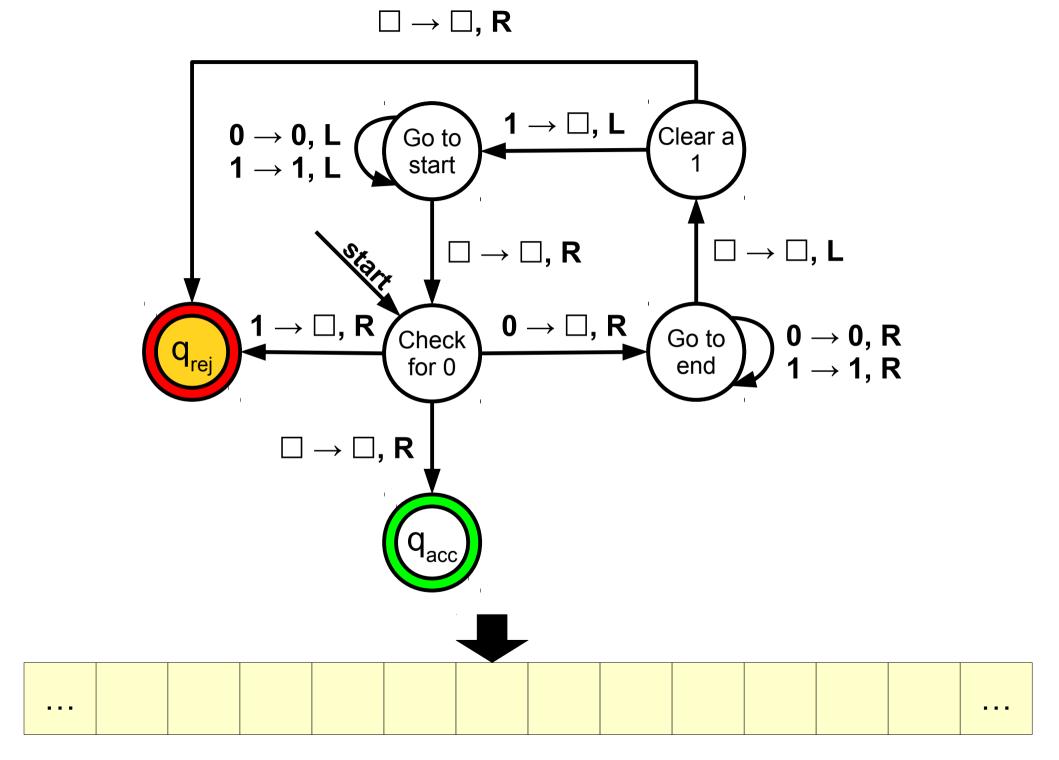


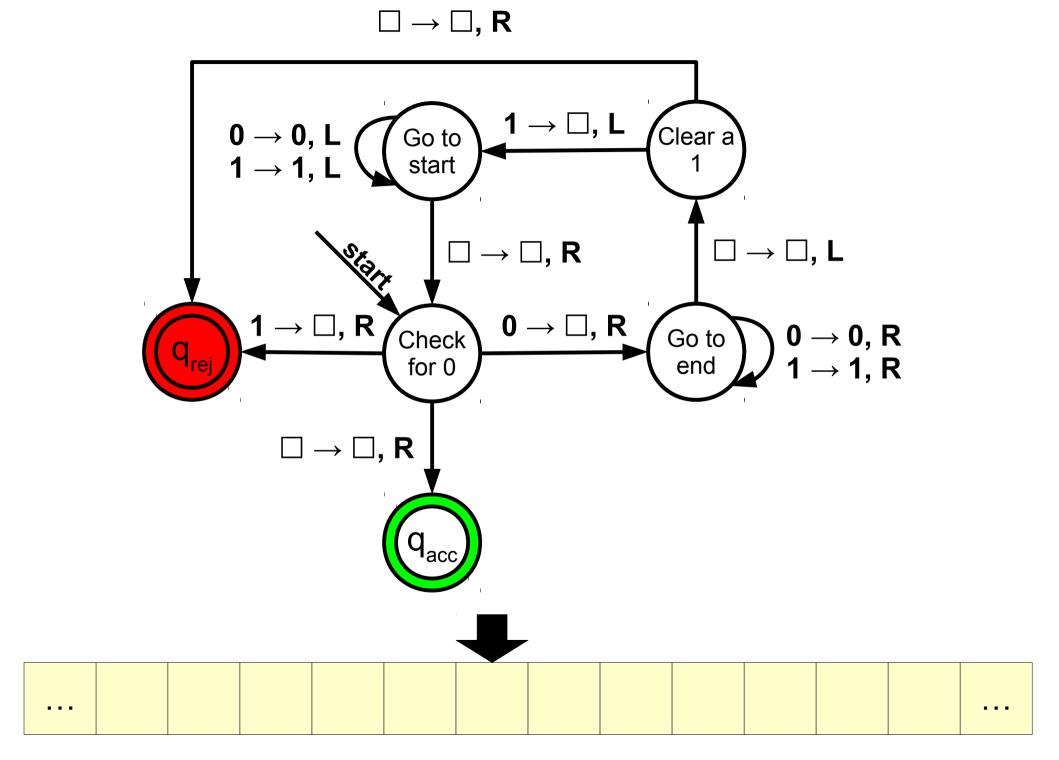




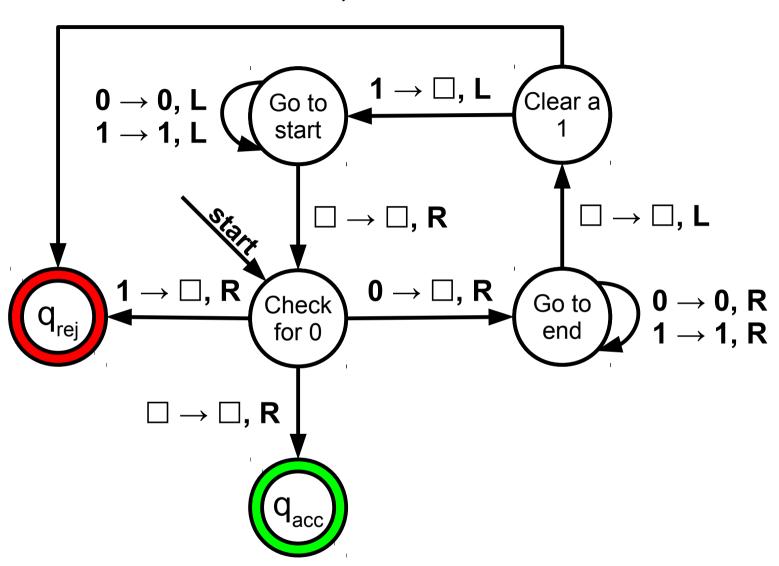


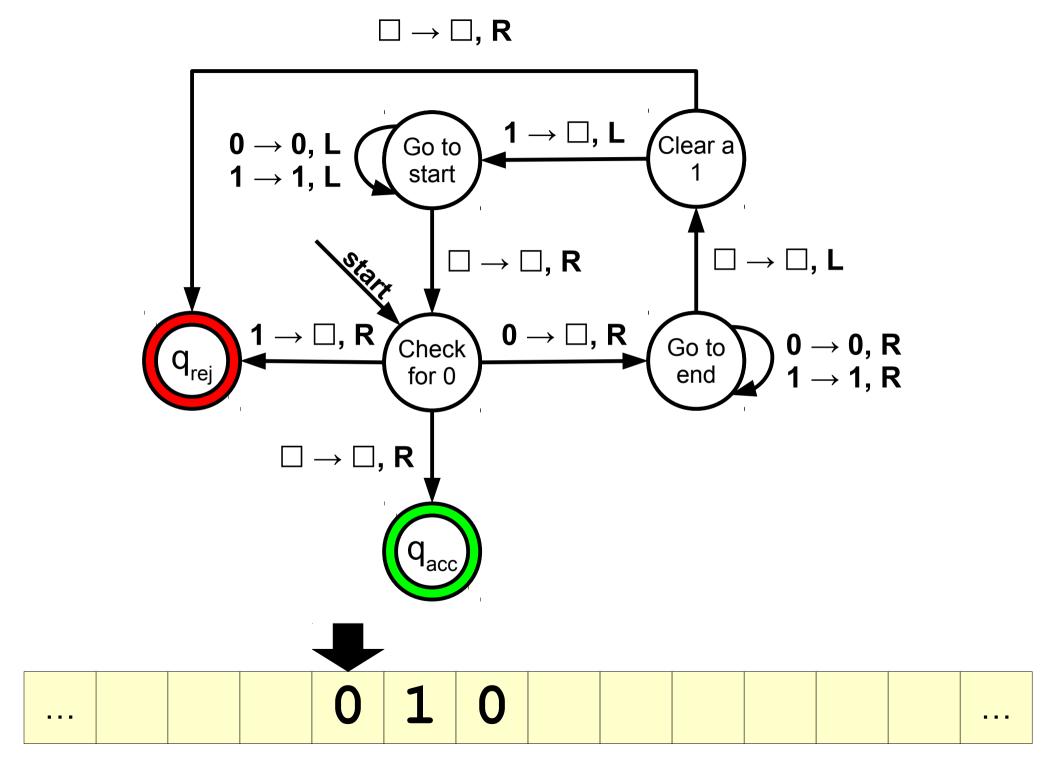


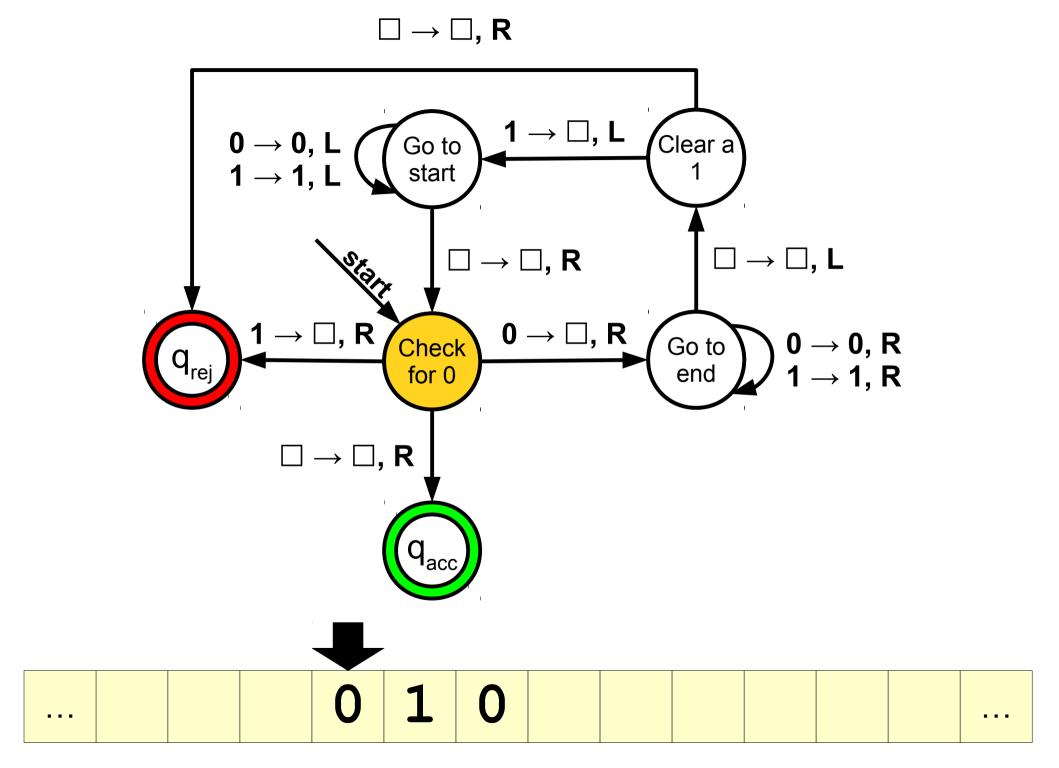


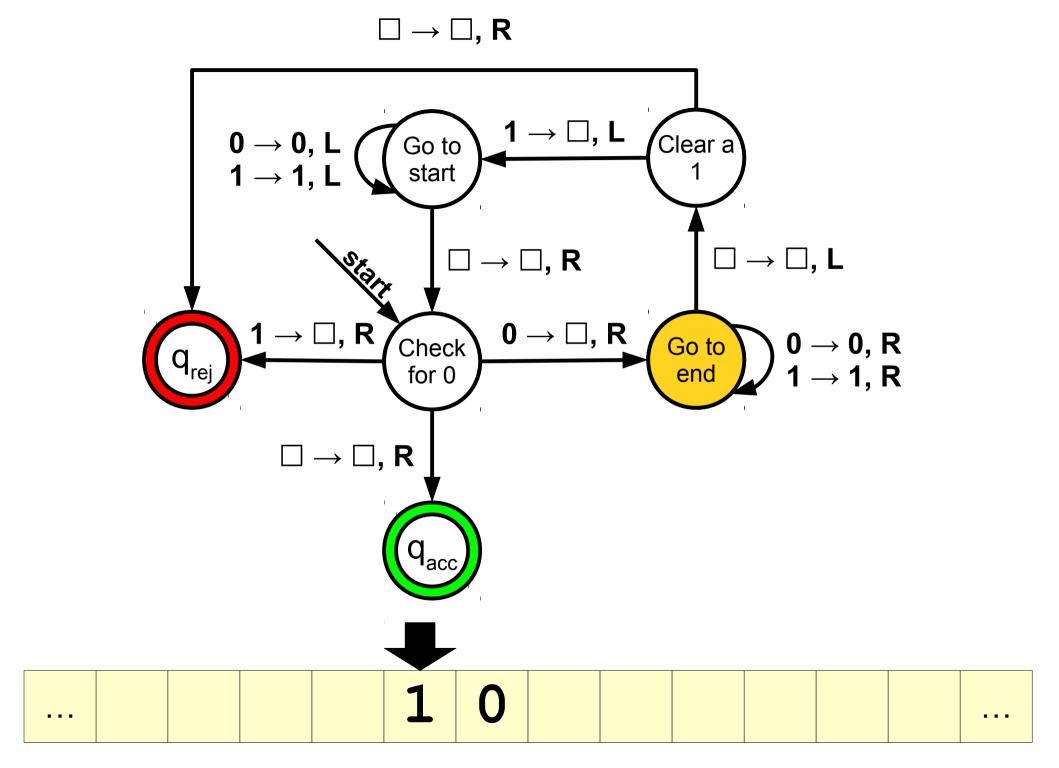


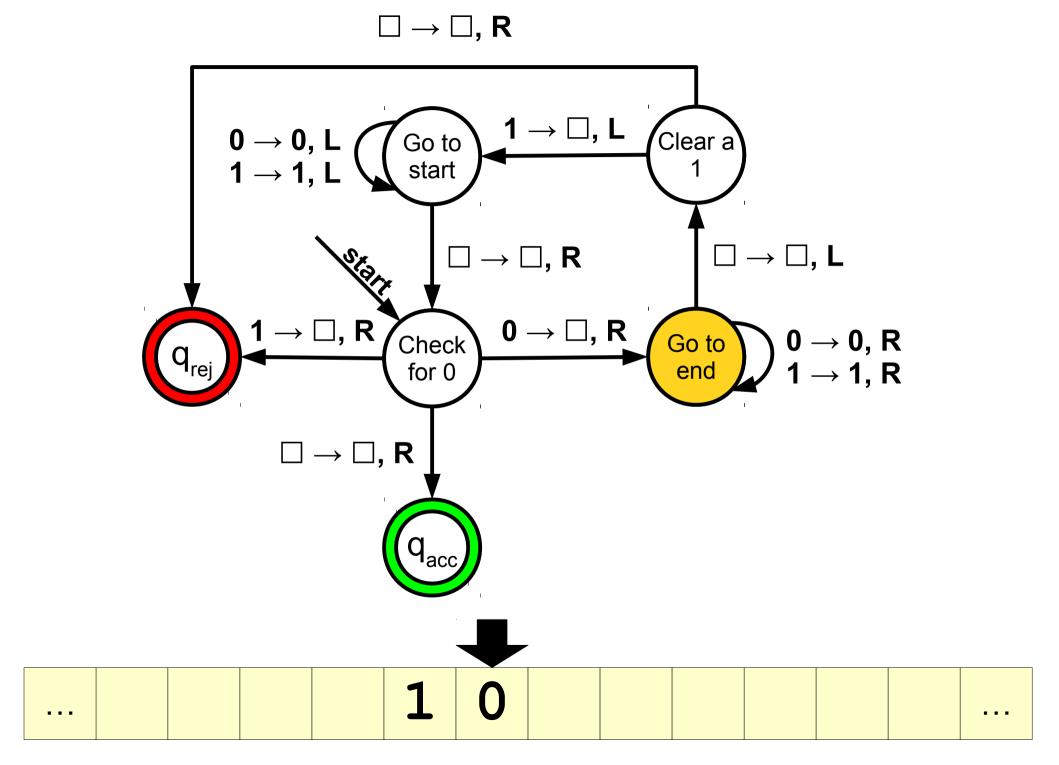
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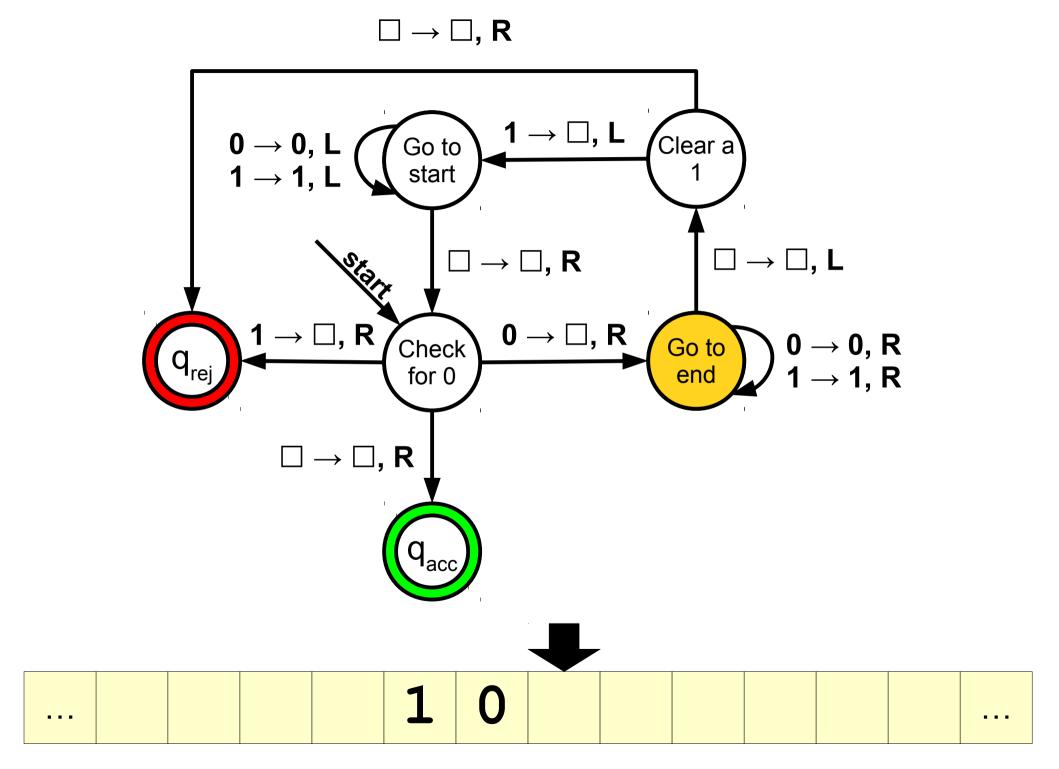


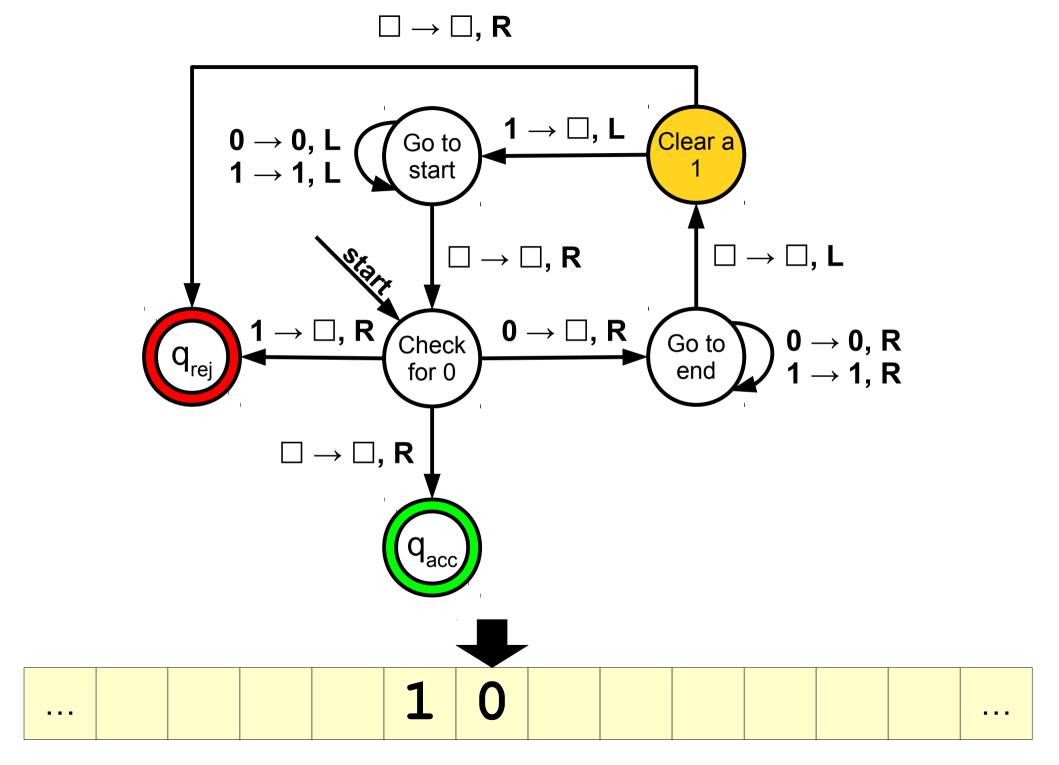


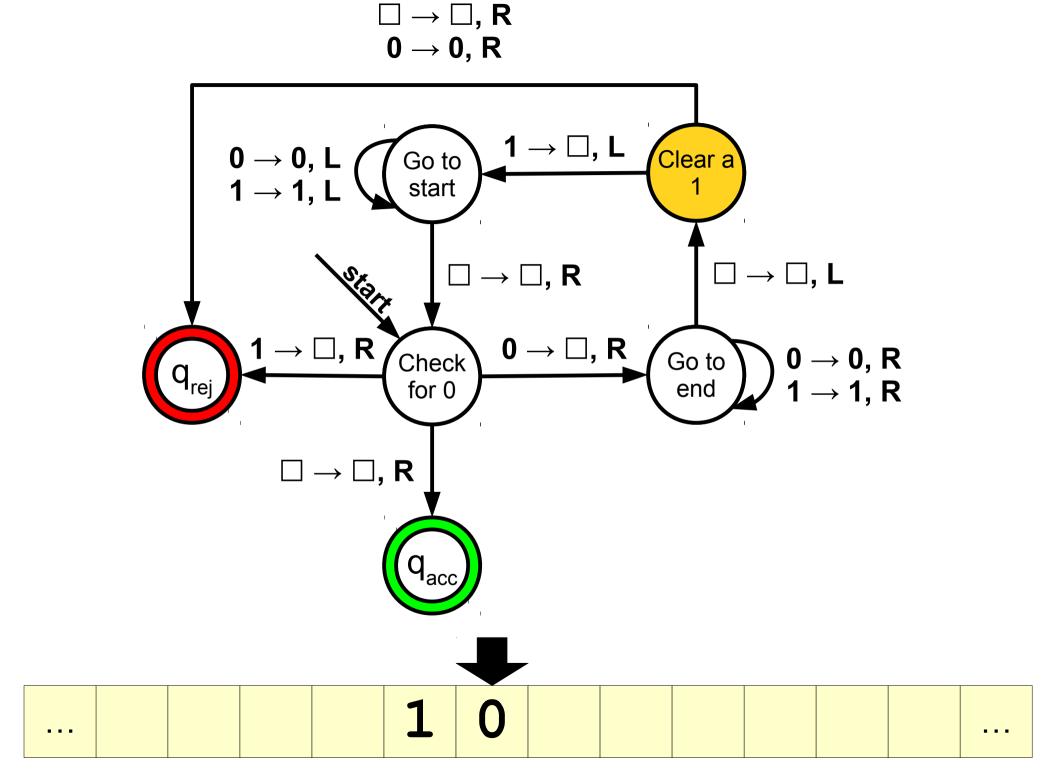


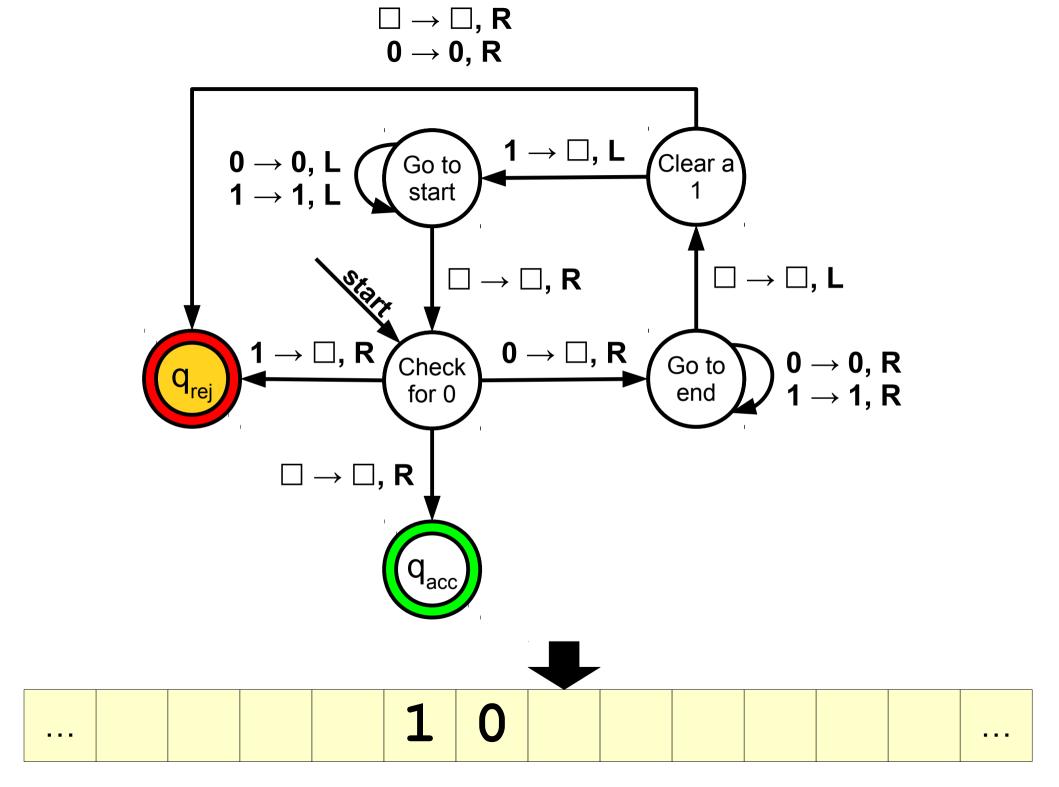


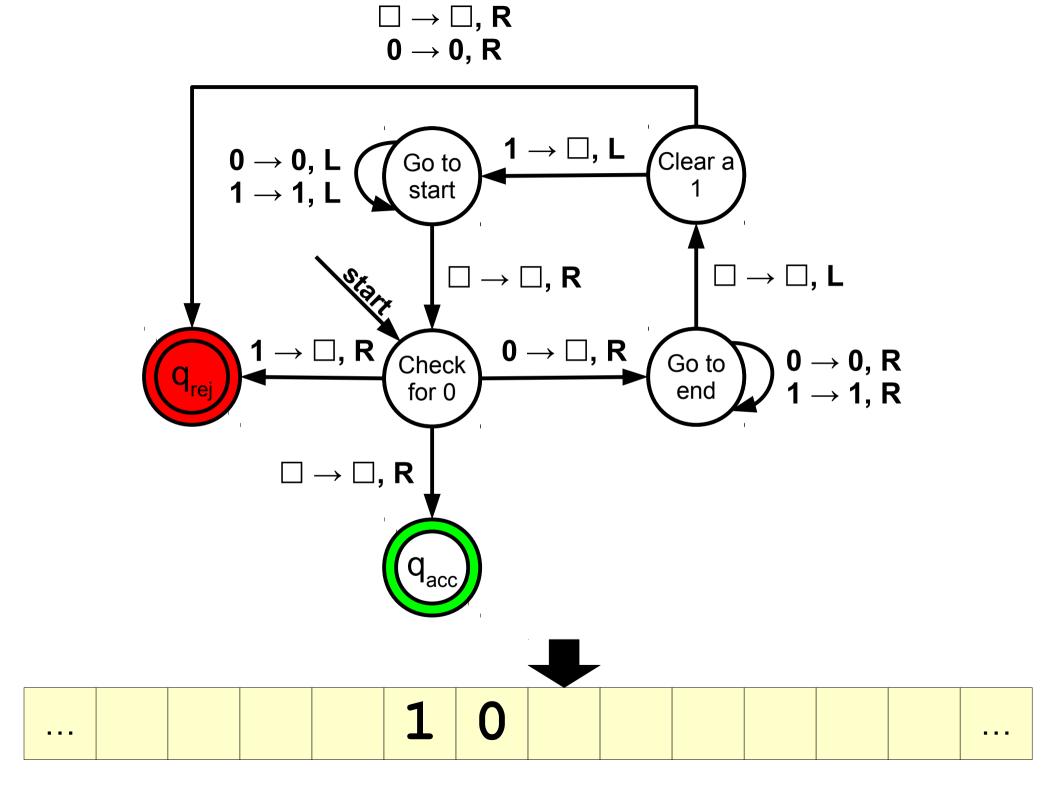




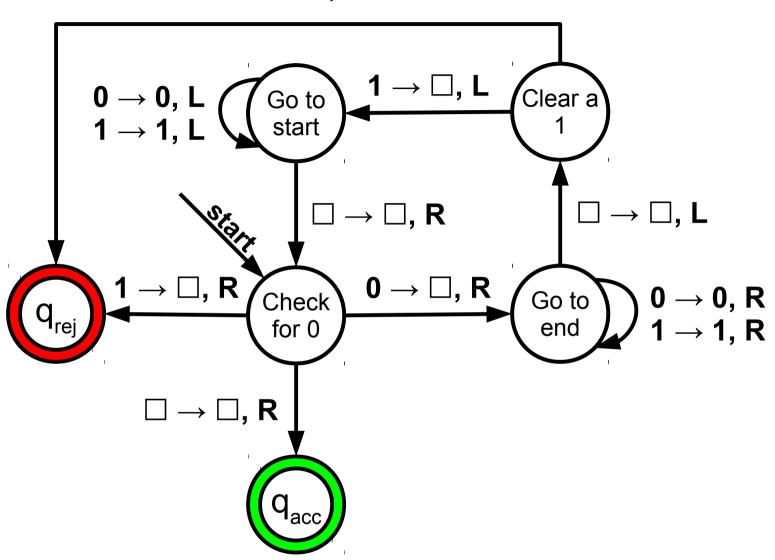








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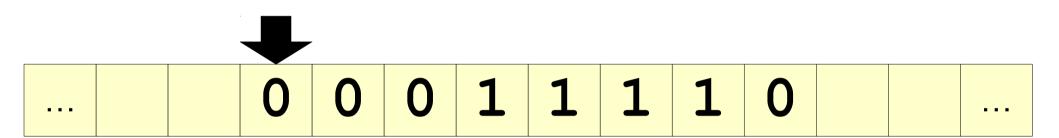


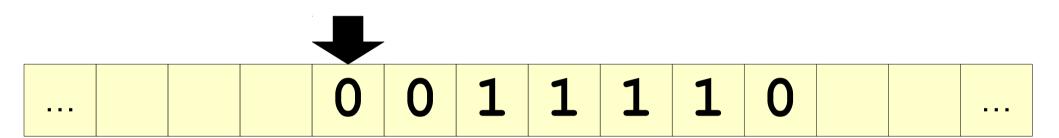
# Another TM Design

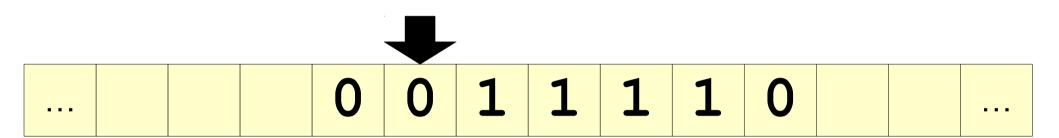
- We've designed a TM for  $\{0^n1^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ .
- Consider this language over  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ :

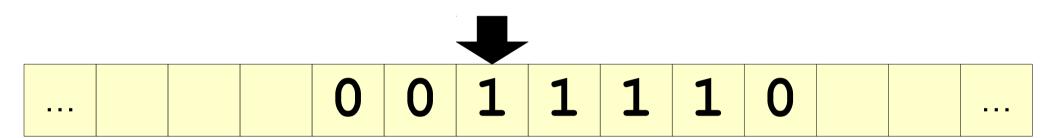
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L = \{ w \in \Sigma^* \mid w \text{ has the same number of 0s and 1s } \}
```

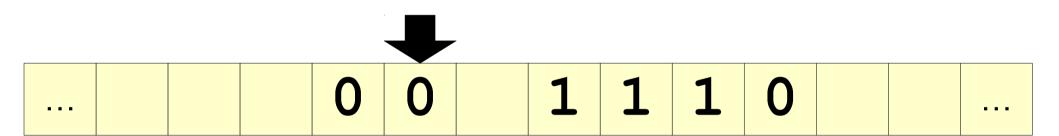
- This language is also not regular, but it is context-free.
- How might we design a TM for it?

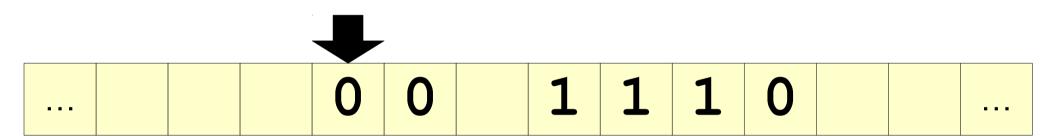


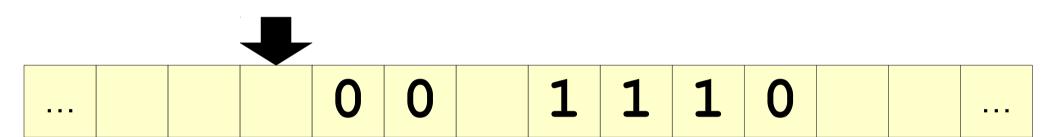


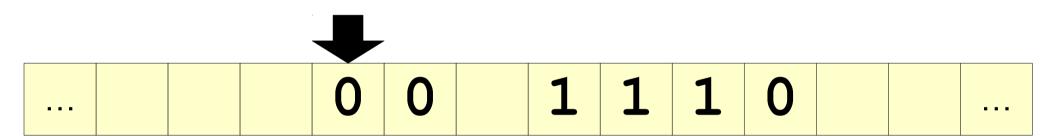


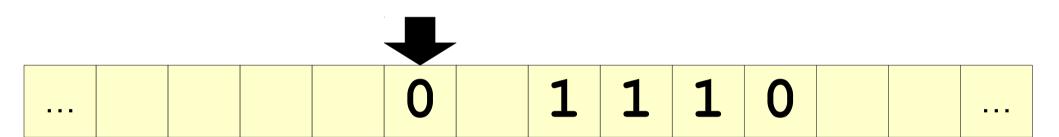


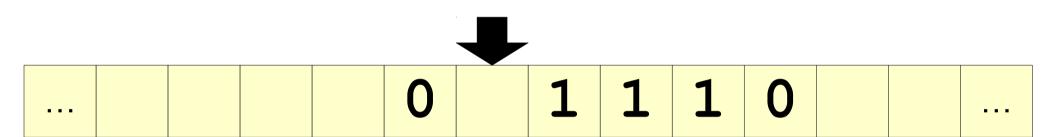


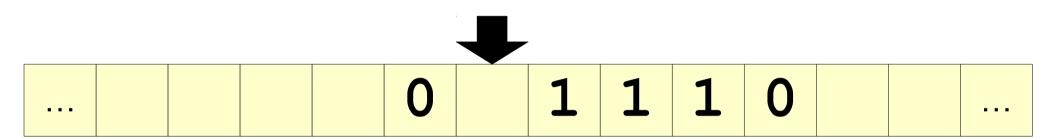




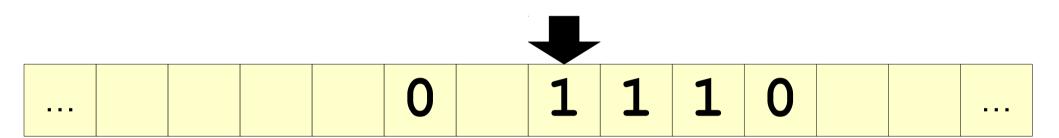


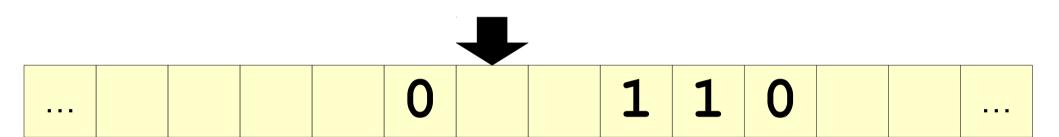


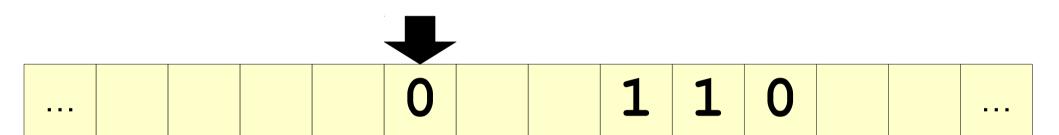


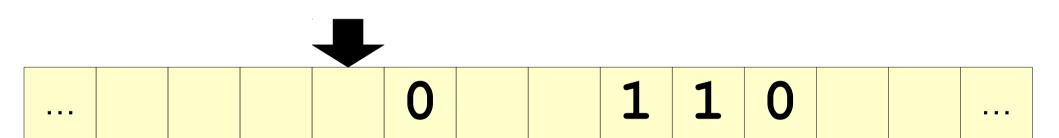


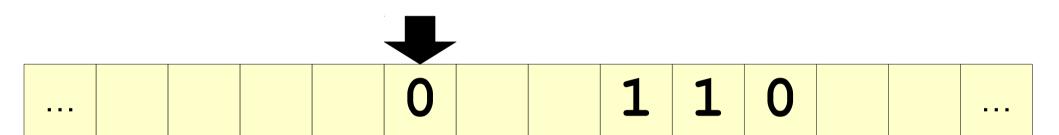
How do we know that this blank isn't one of the infinitely many blanks after our input string?

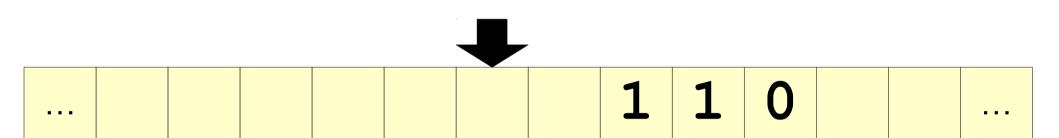


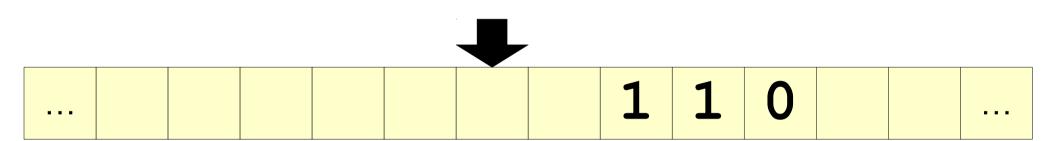




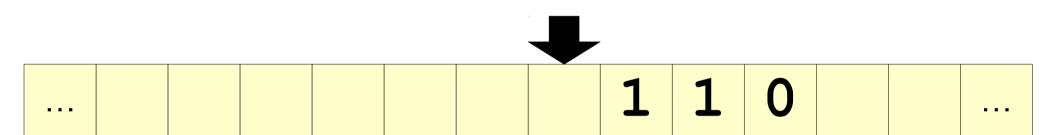


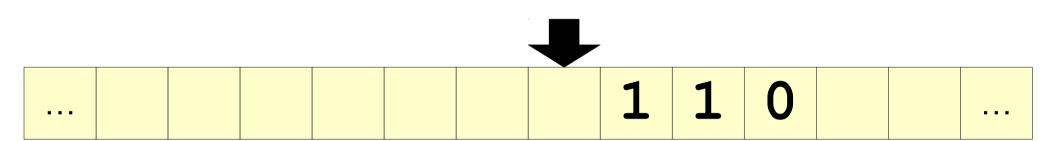




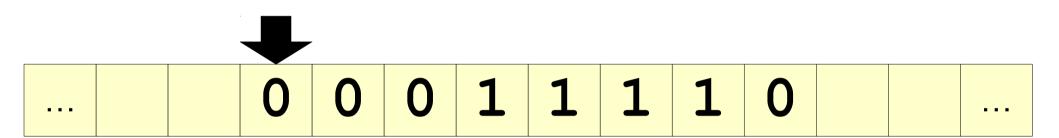


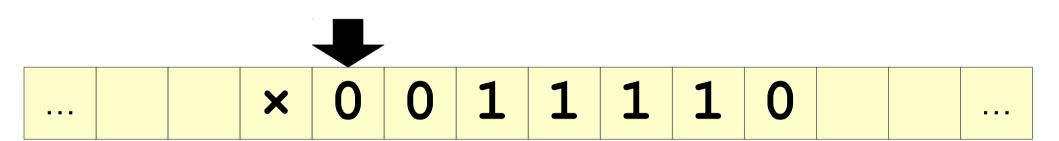
How do we know that this blank isn't one of the infinitely many blanks after our input string?



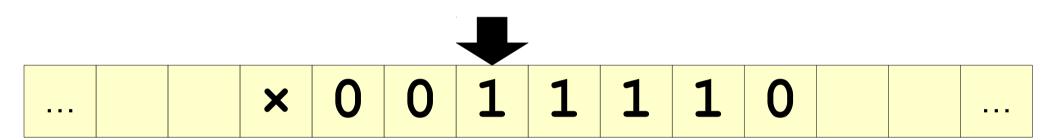


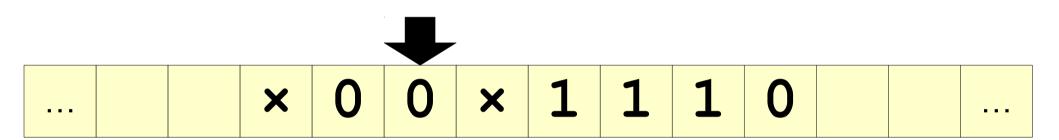
How do we know that this blank isn't one of the infinitely many blanks after our input string?

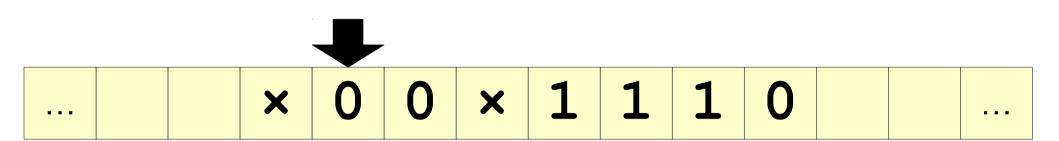


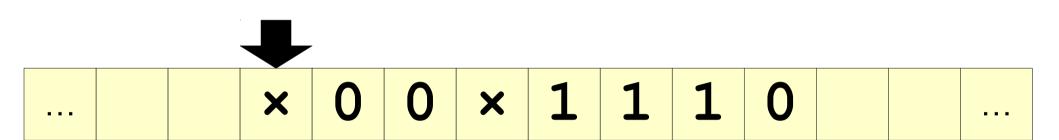


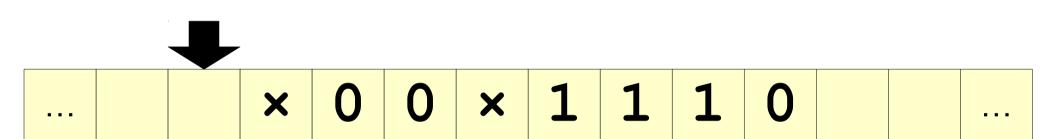


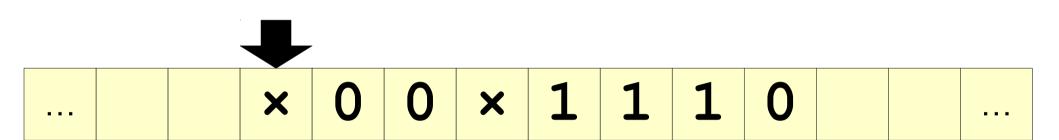


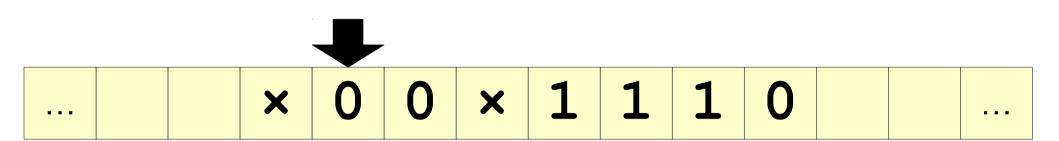


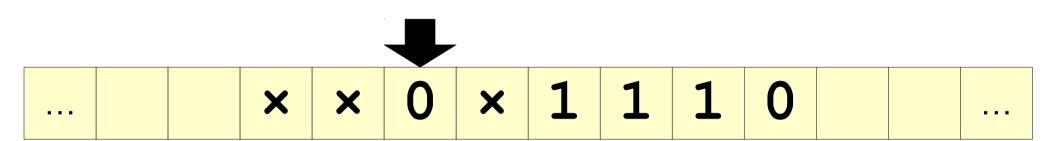


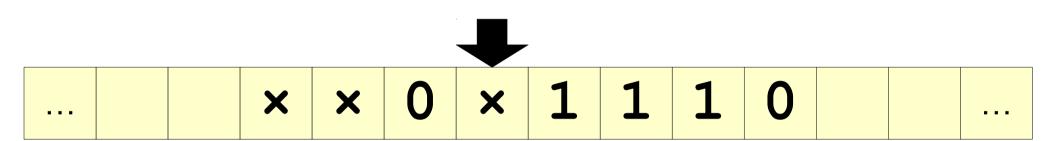


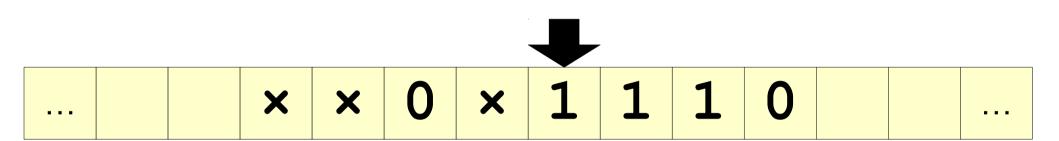


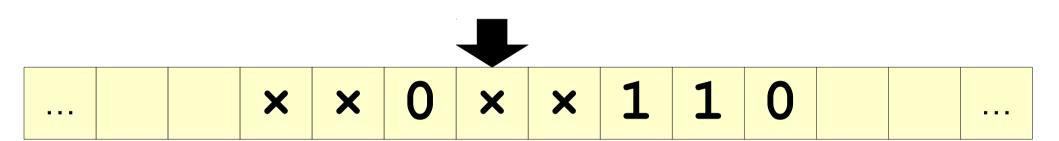






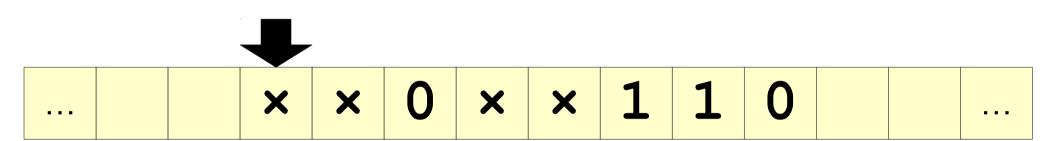




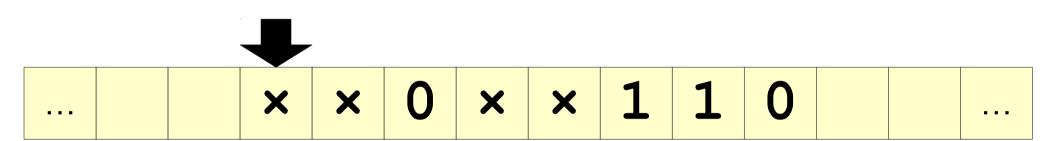






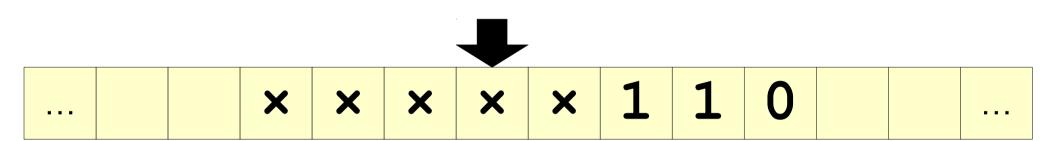


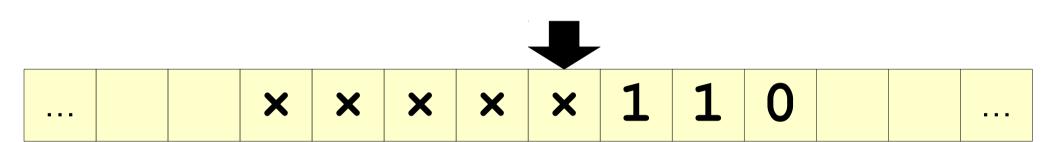


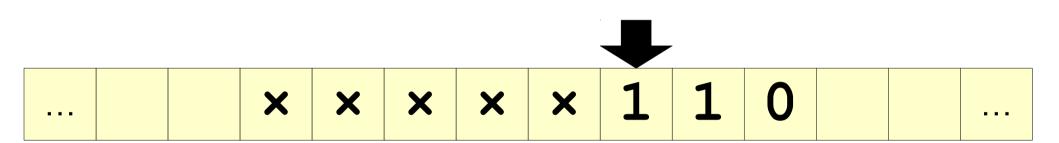


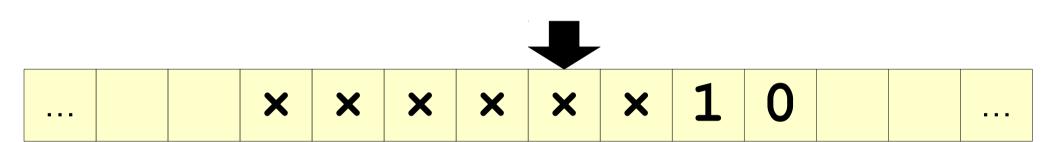


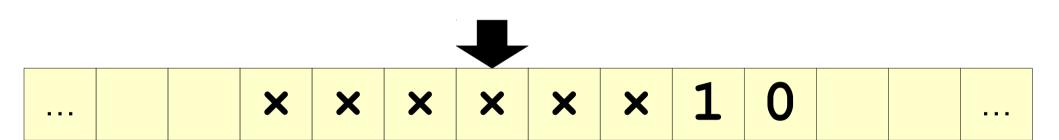


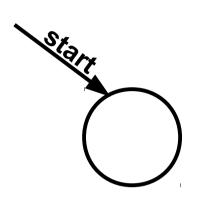




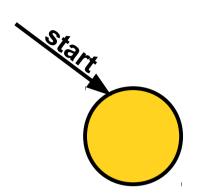




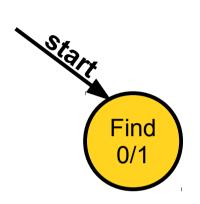




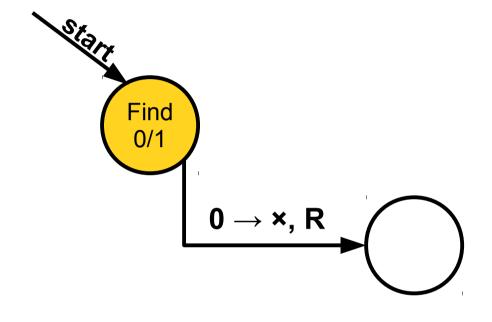


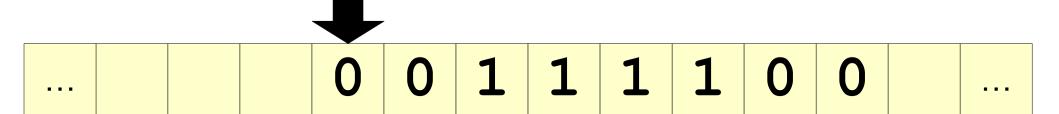


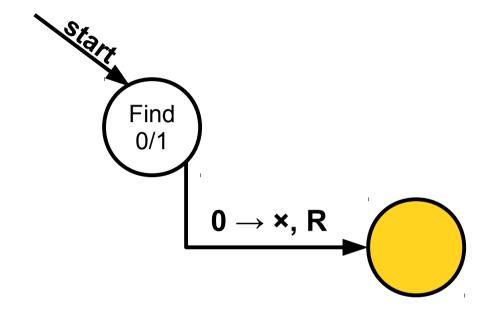




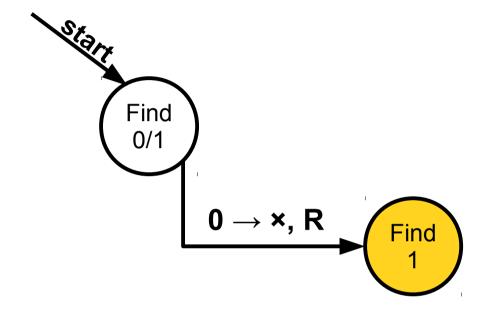
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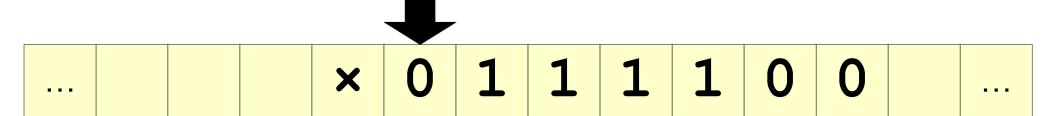


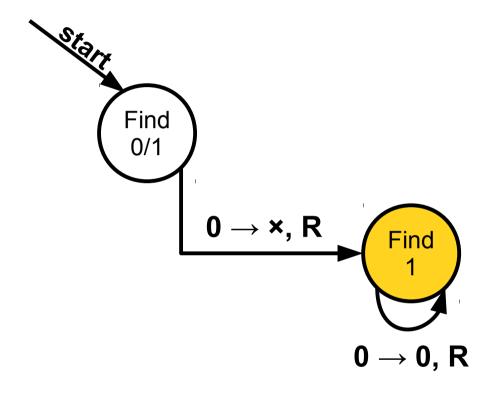


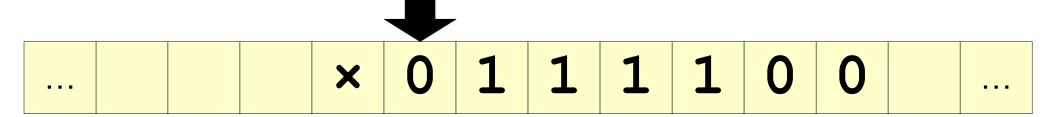


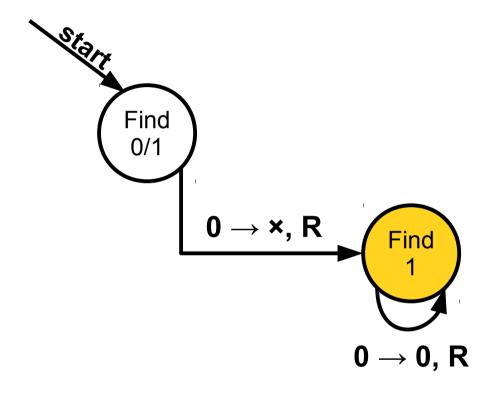


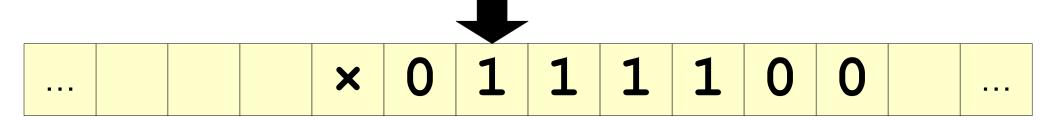


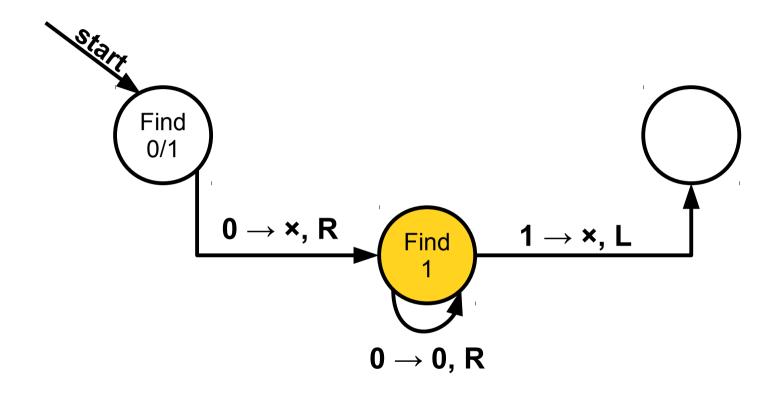


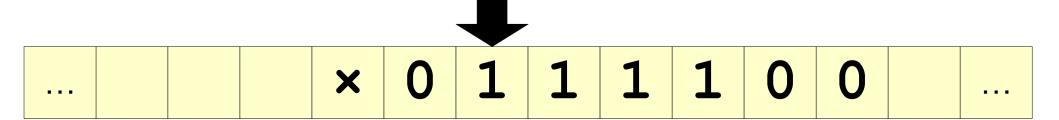


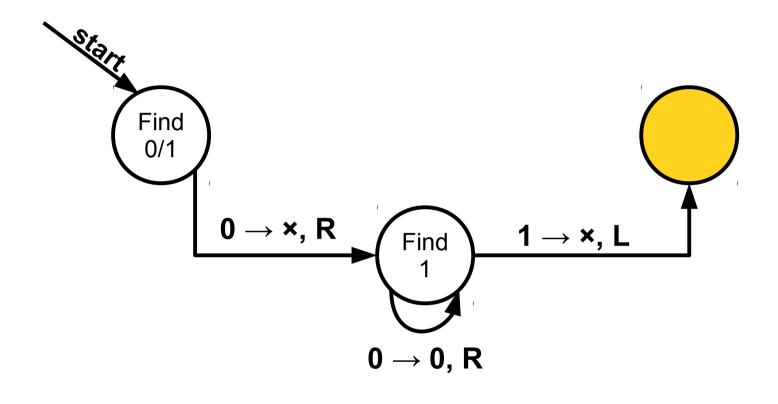


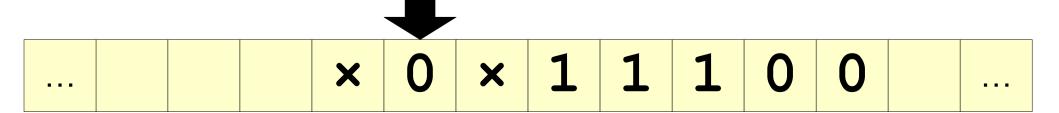


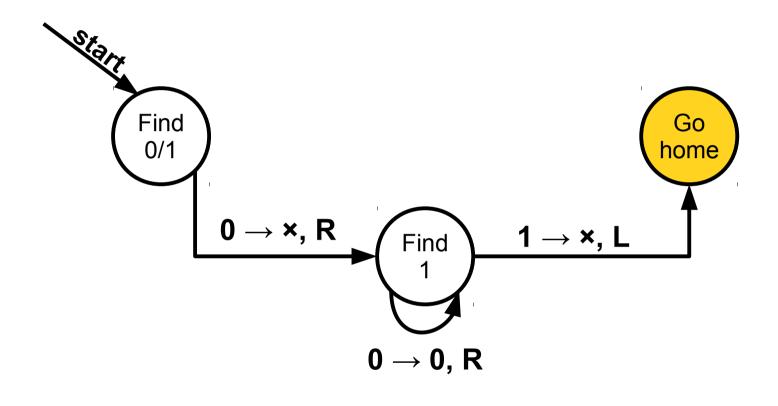


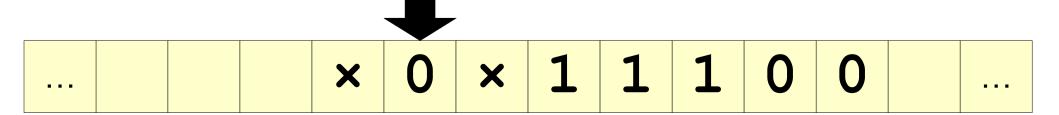


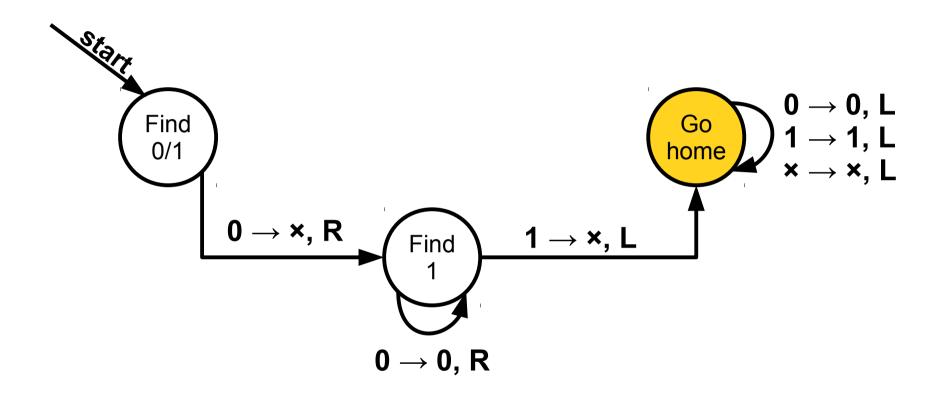




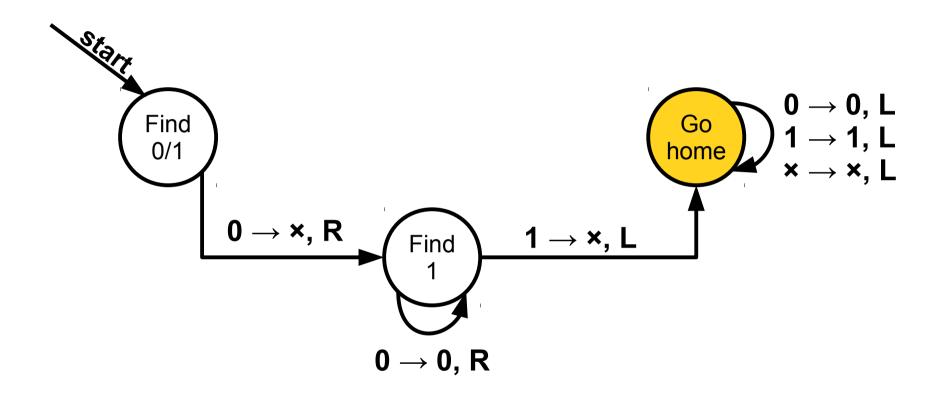




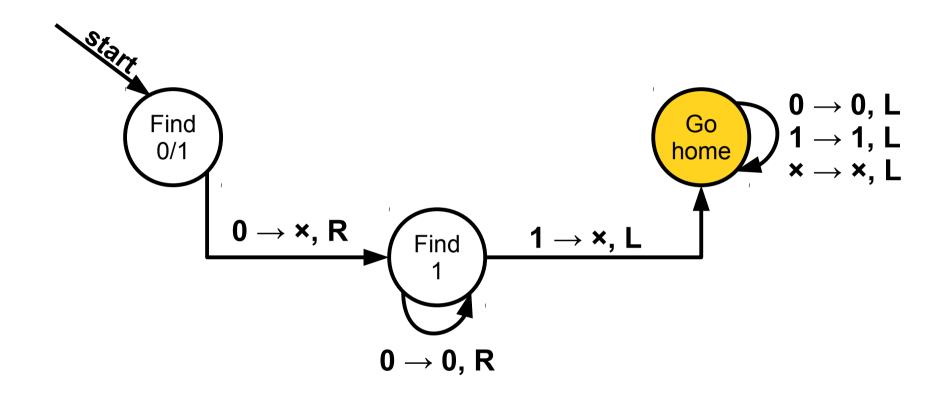




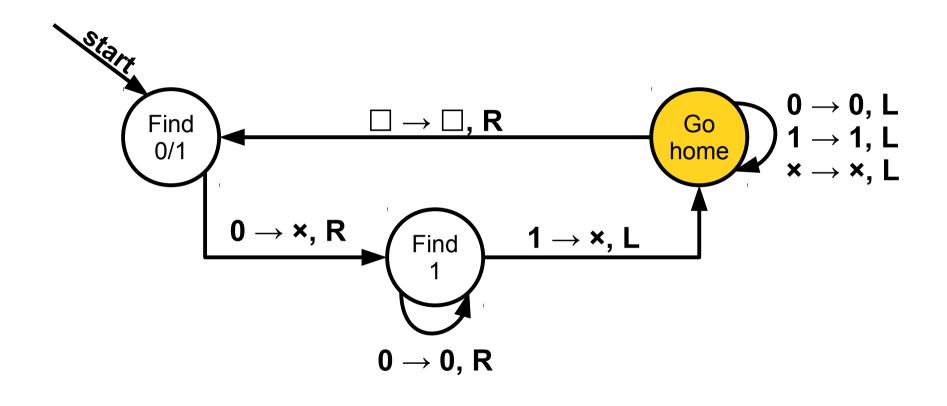




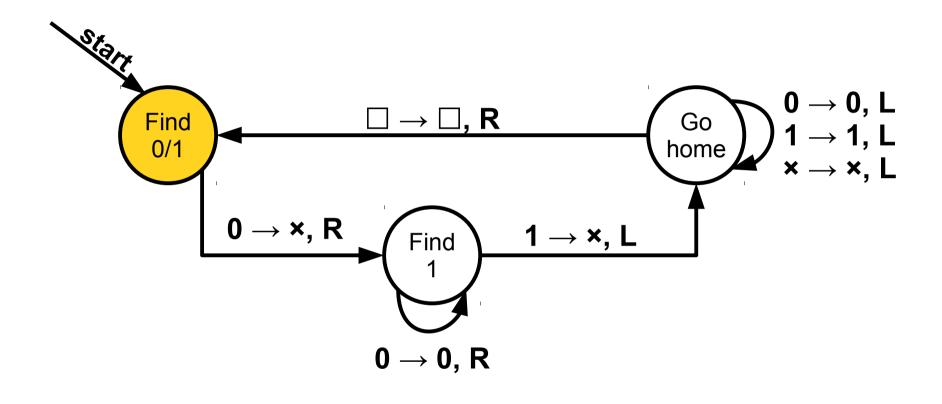




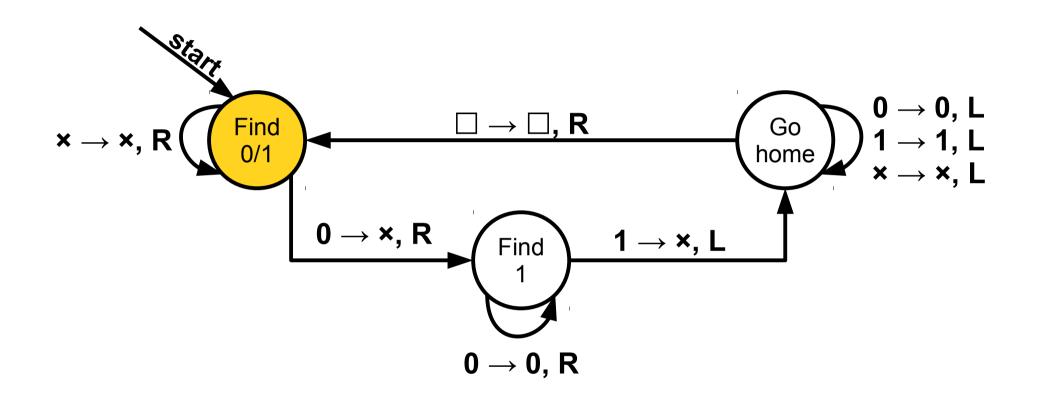


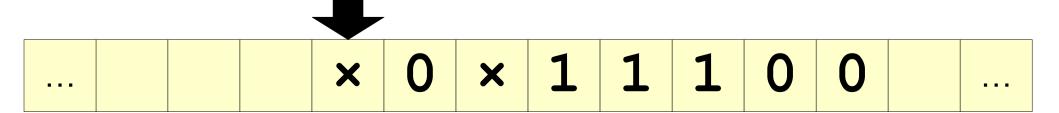


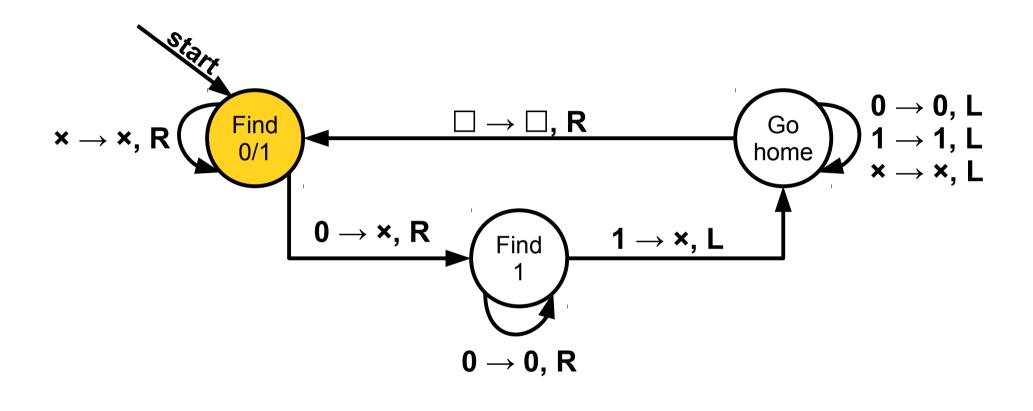


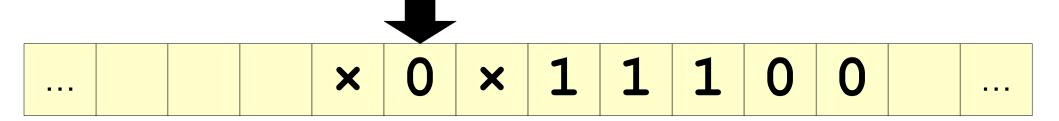


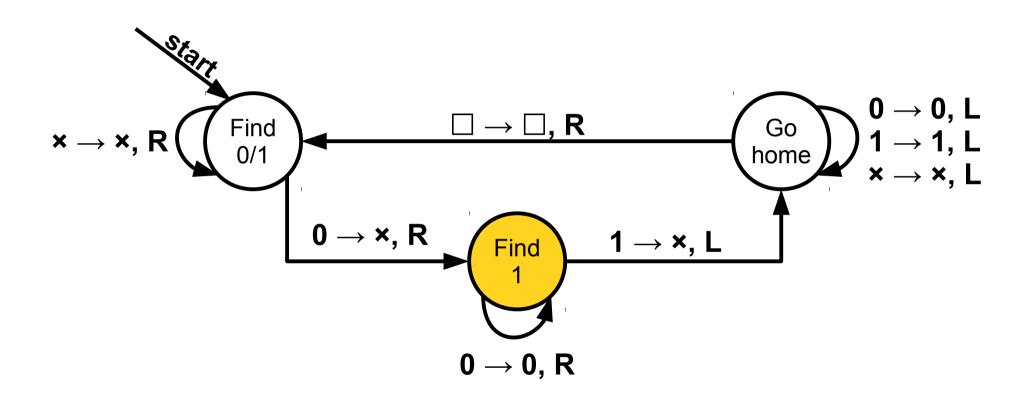


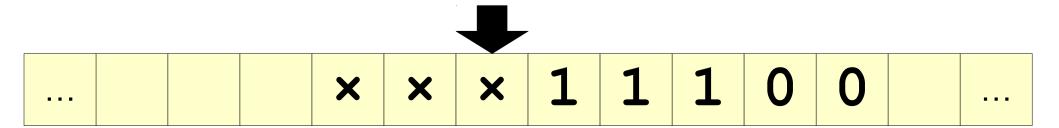


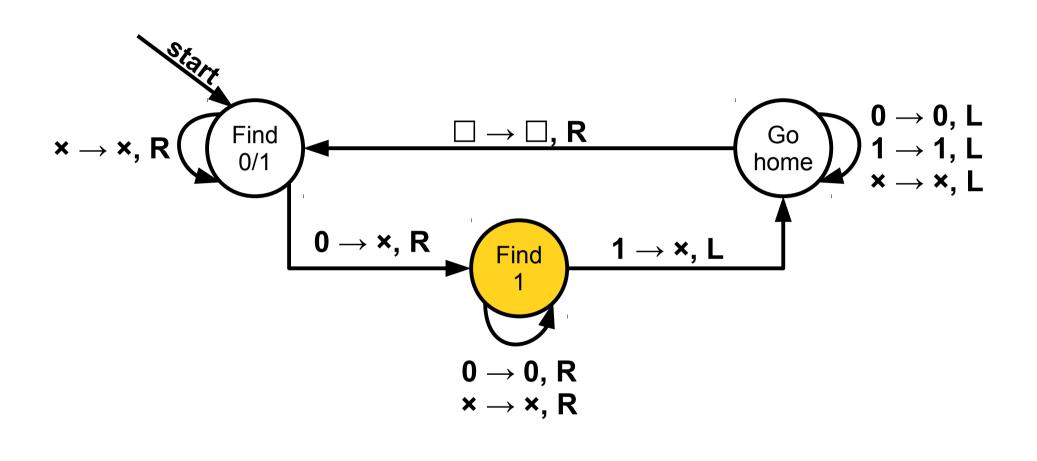


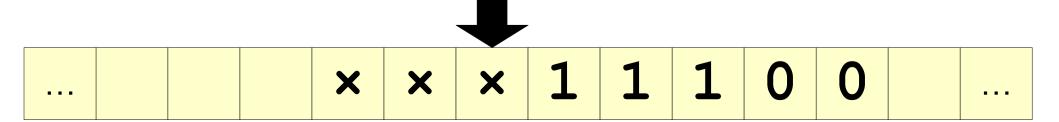


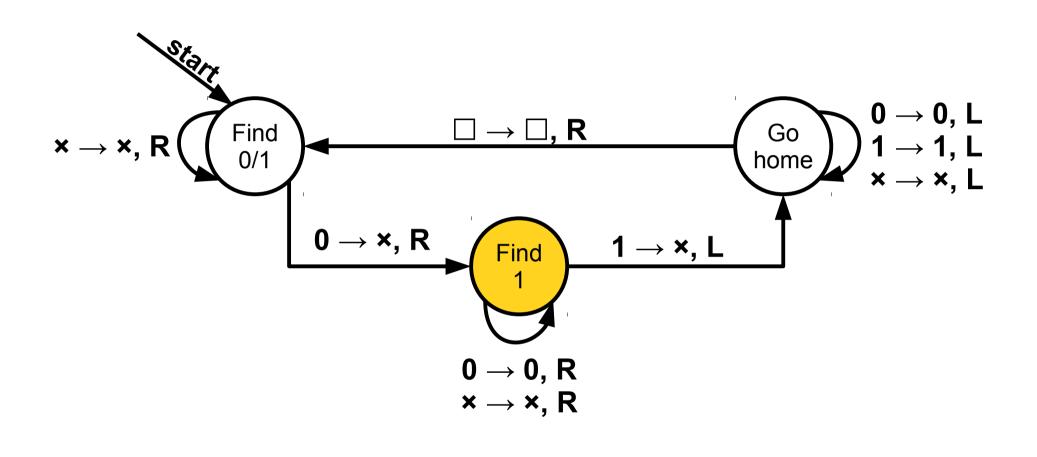


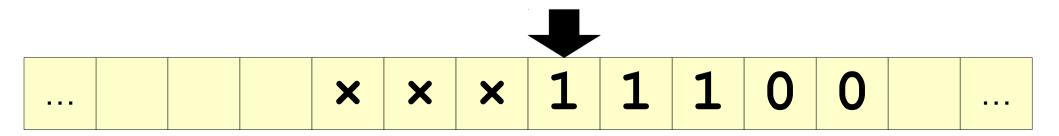


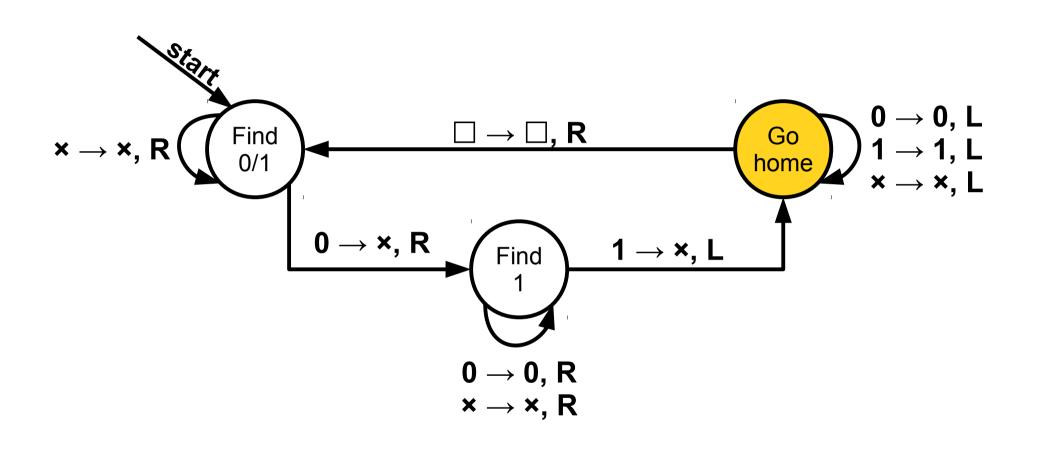


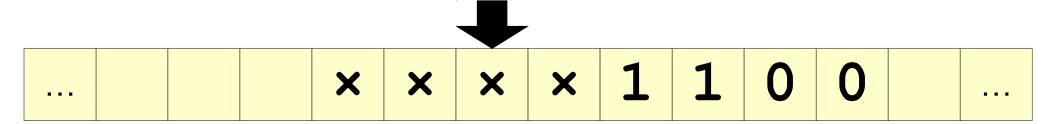


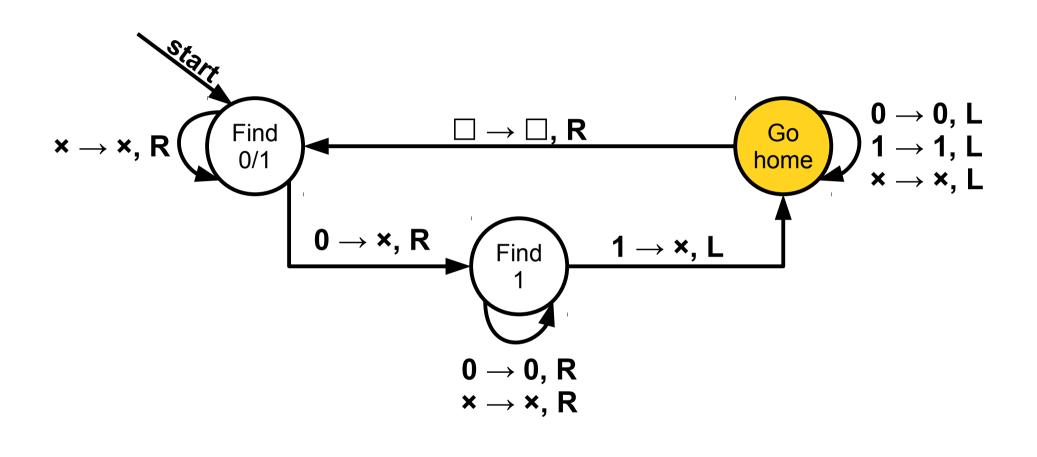


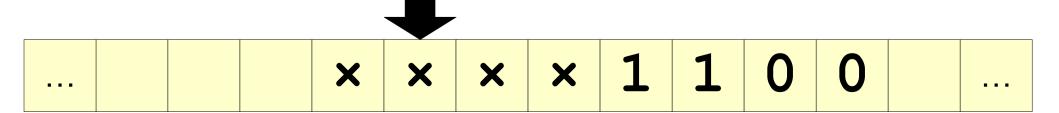


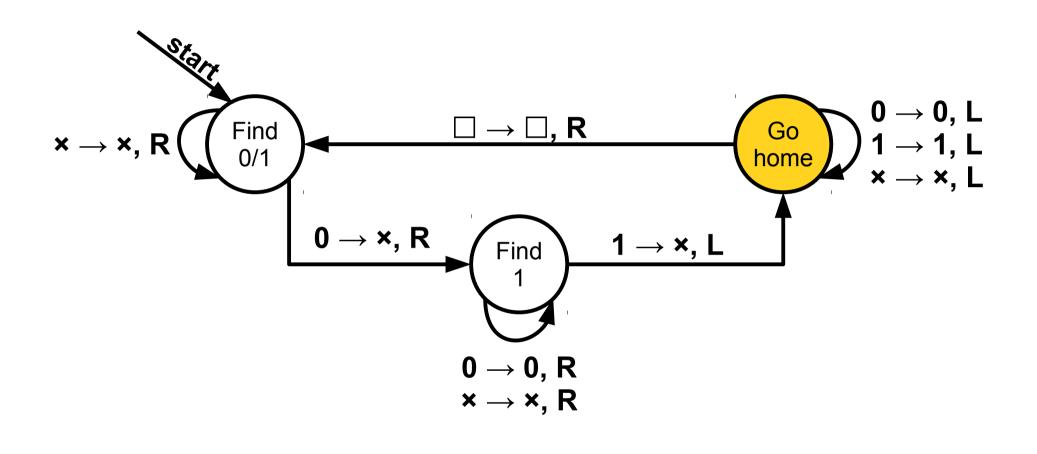


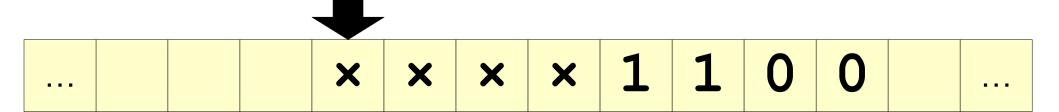


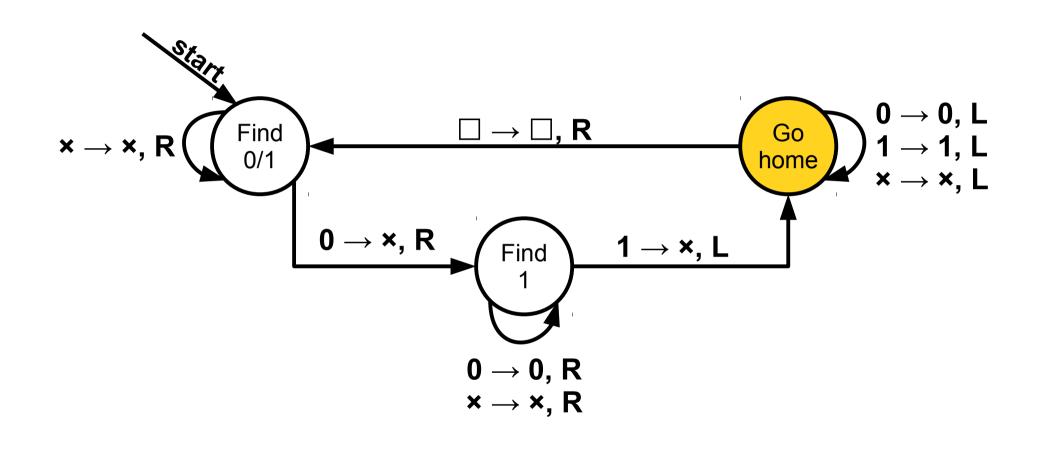




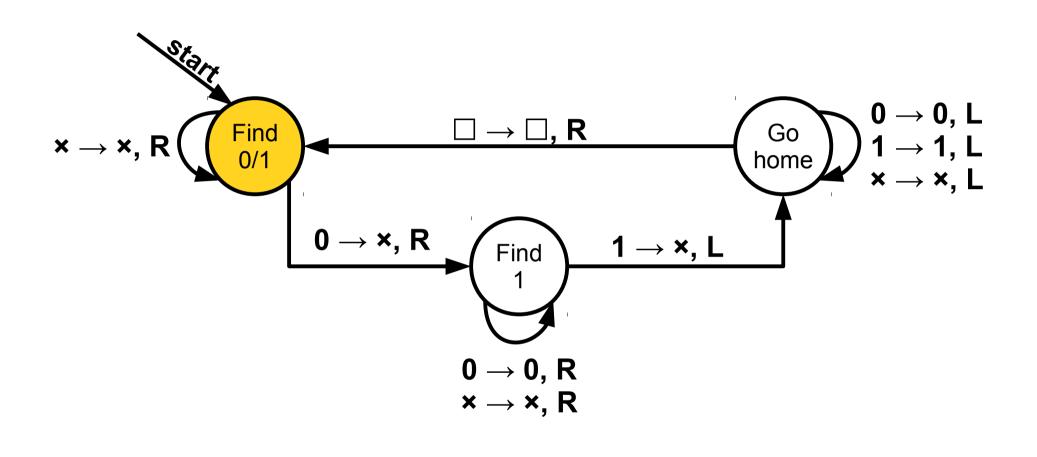




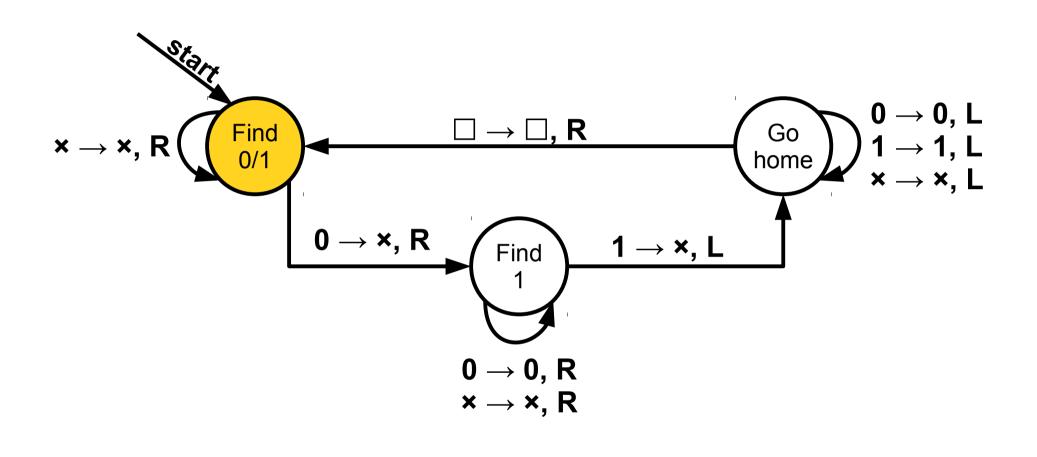


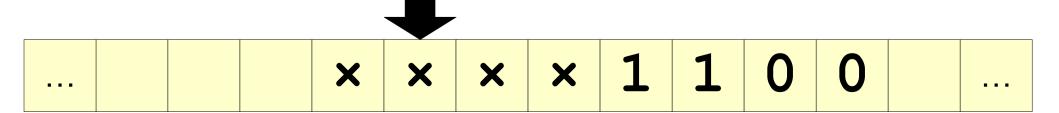


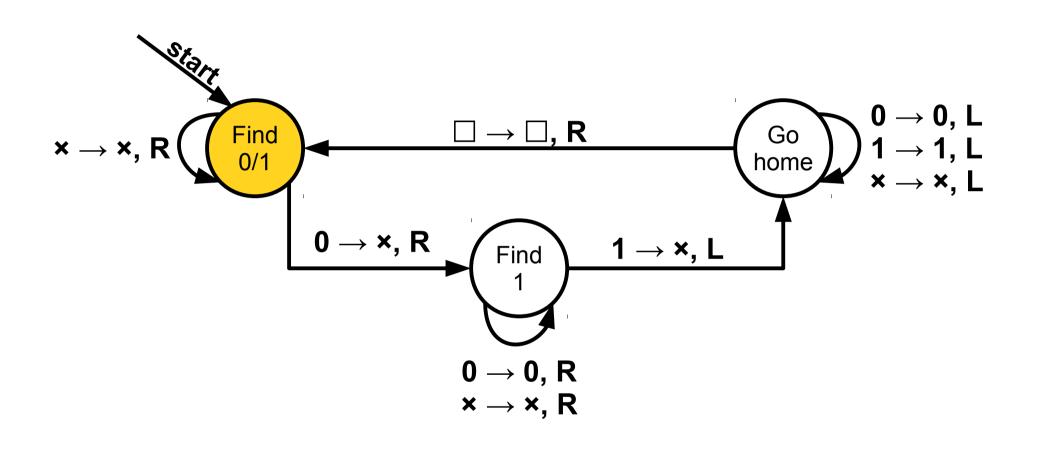


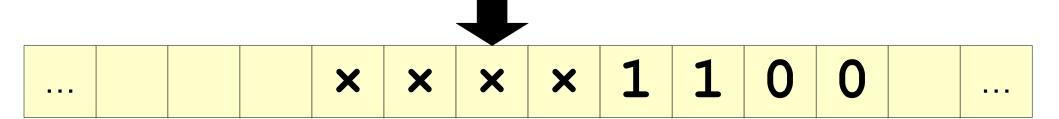


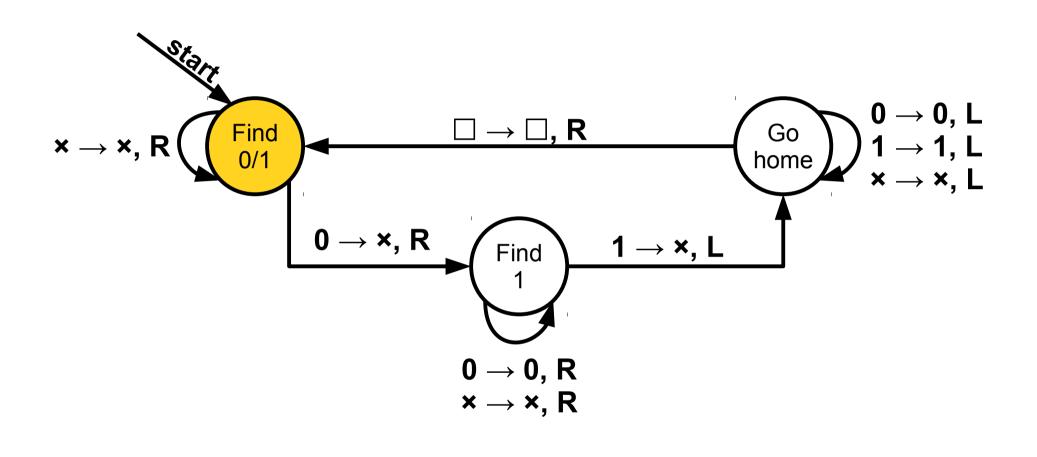


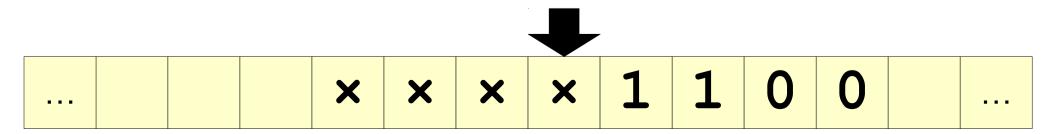


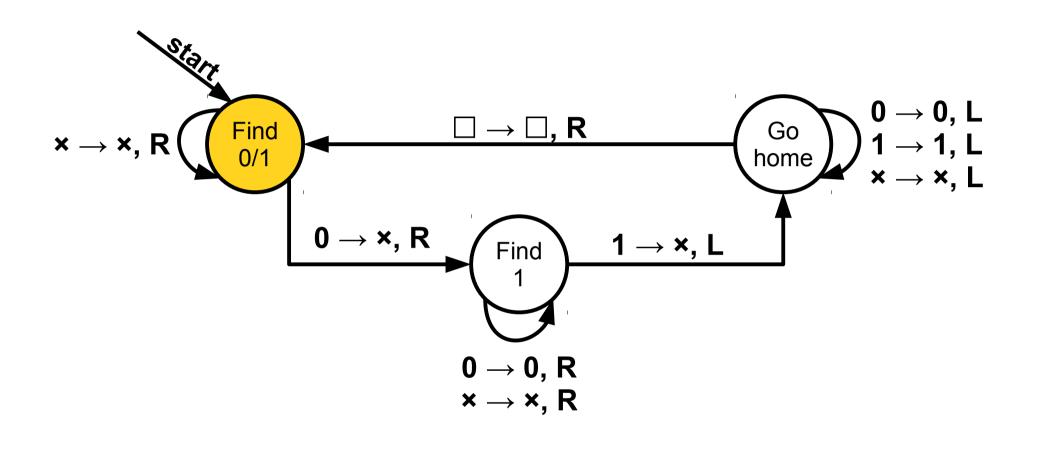


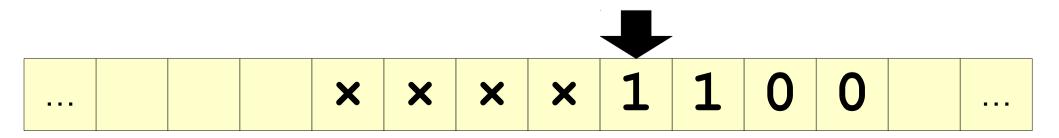


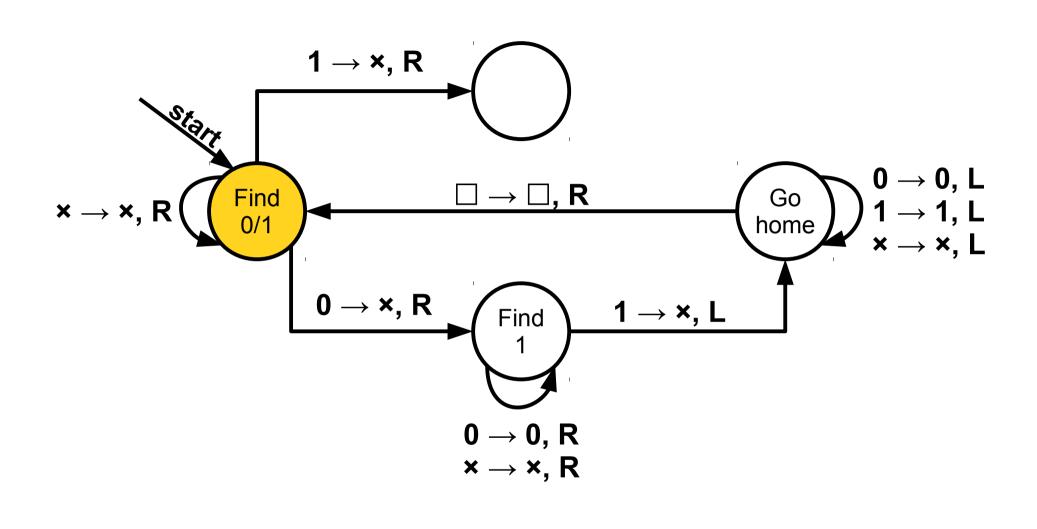


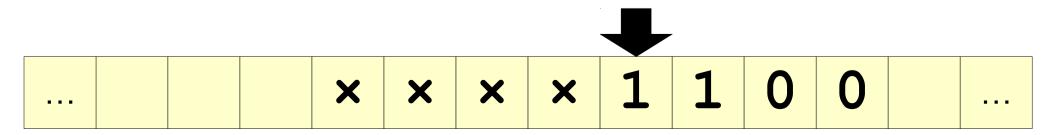


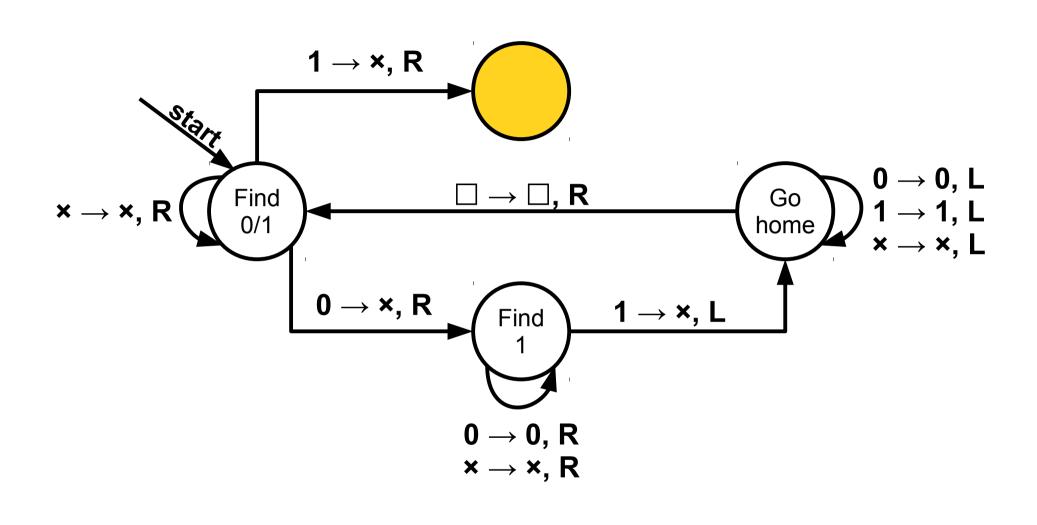


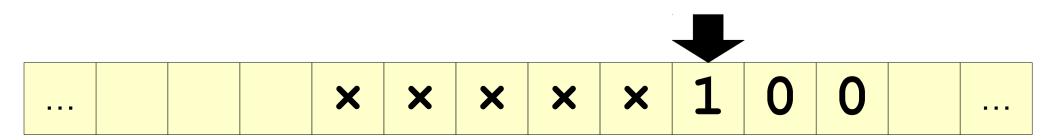


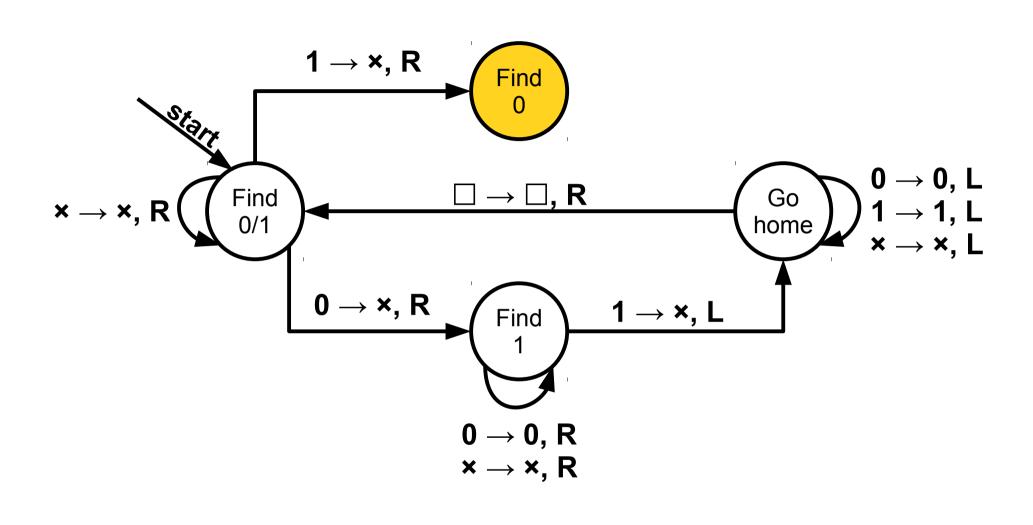


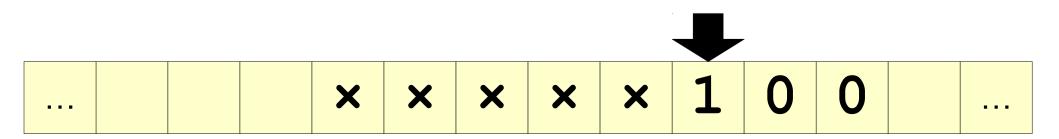


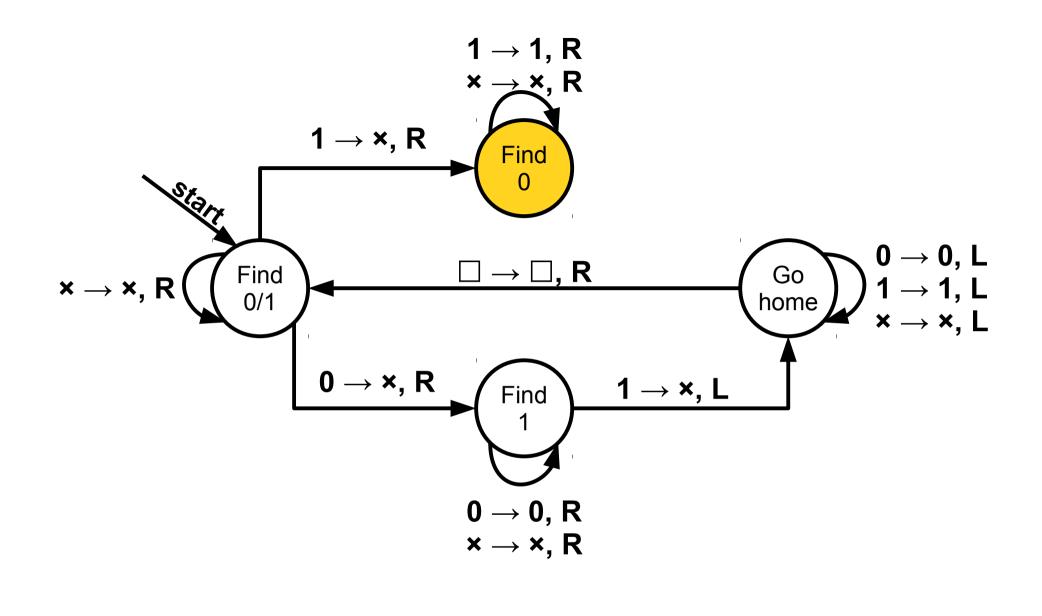


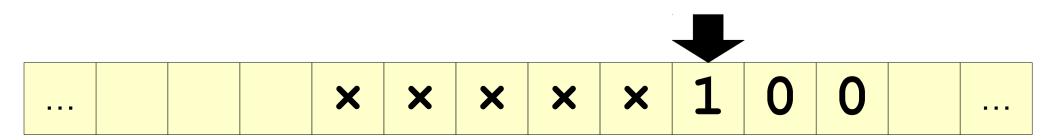


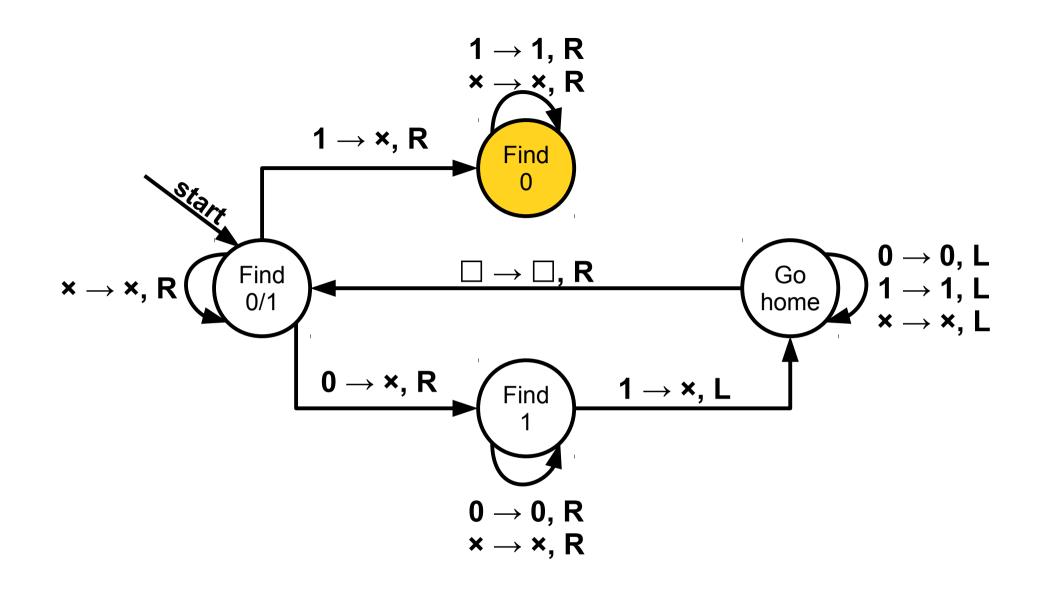


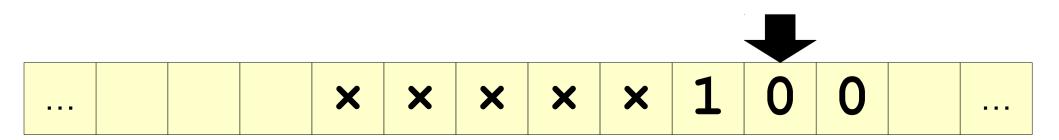


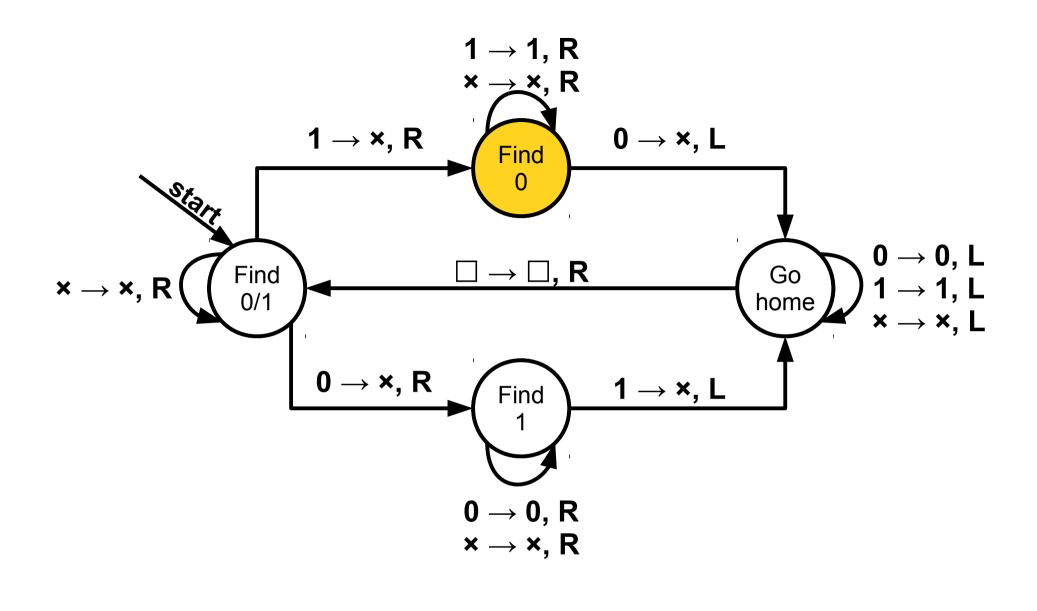


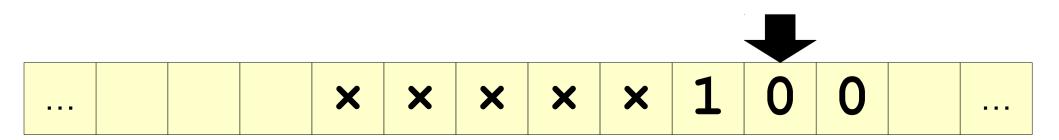


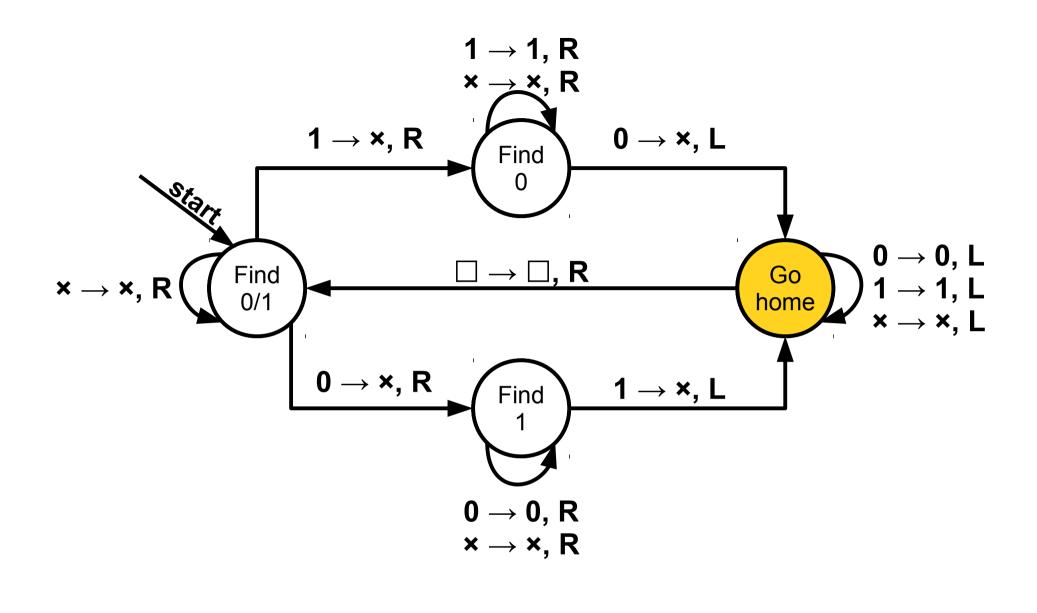


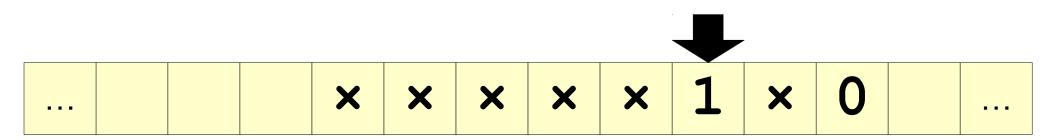


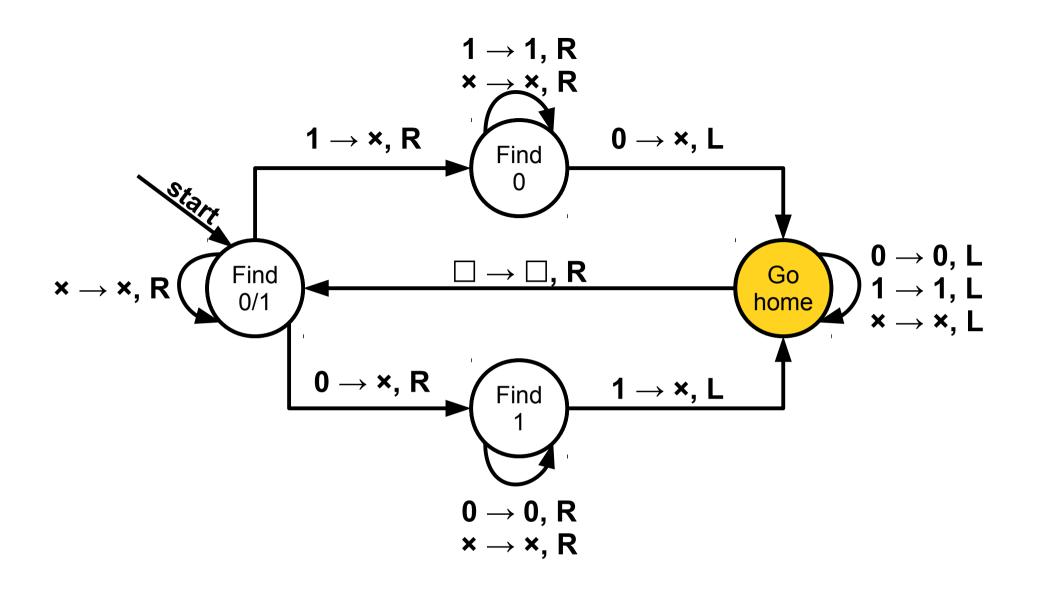


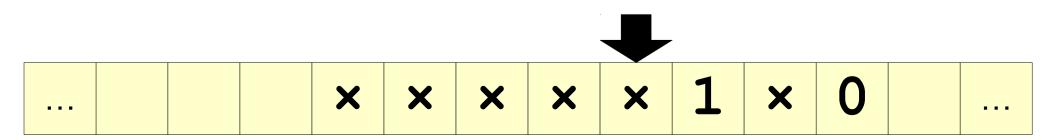


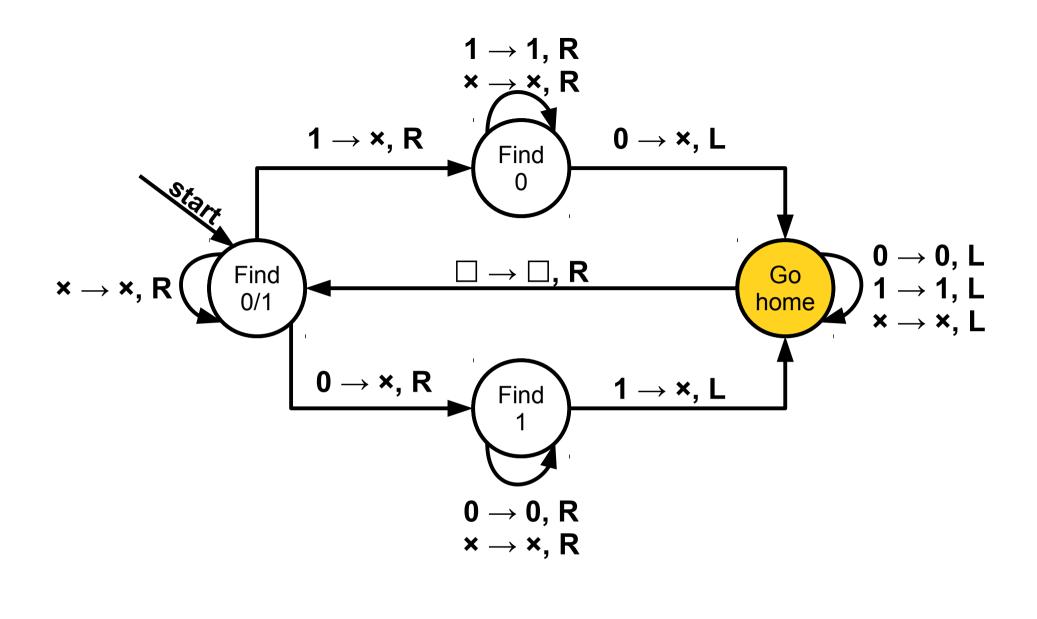


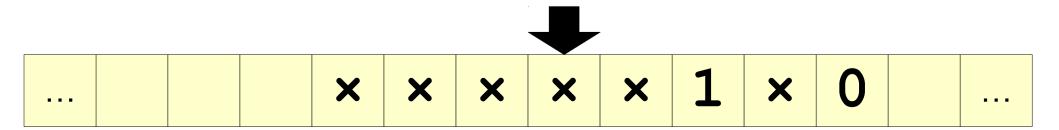


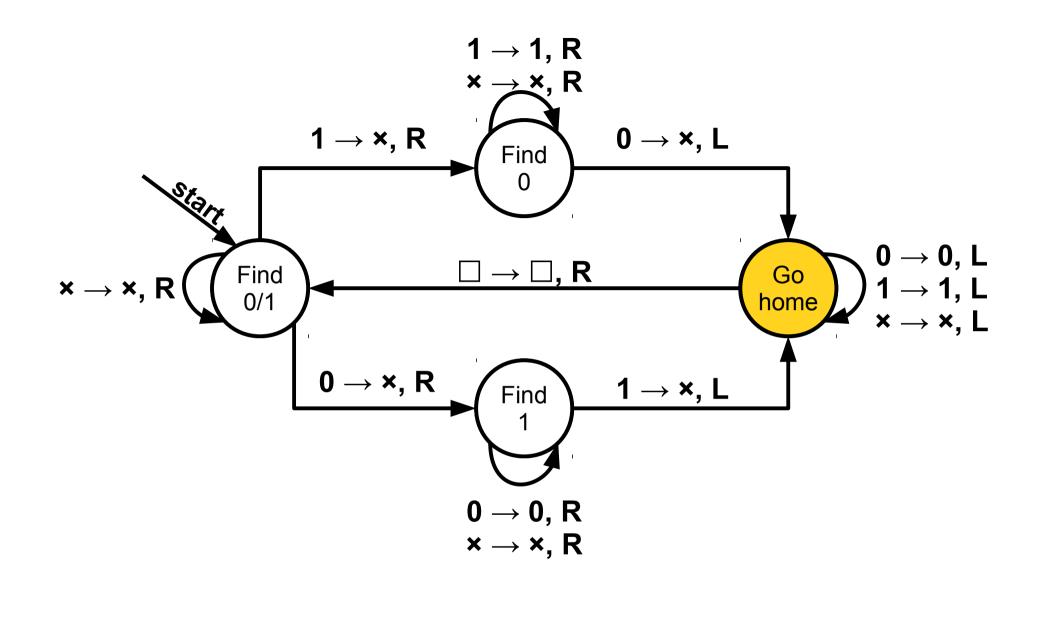


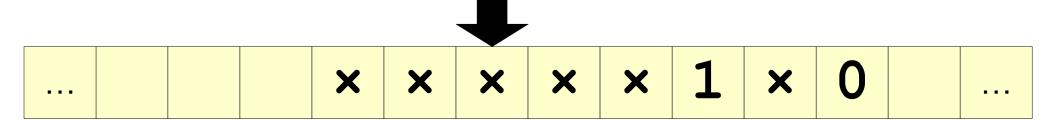


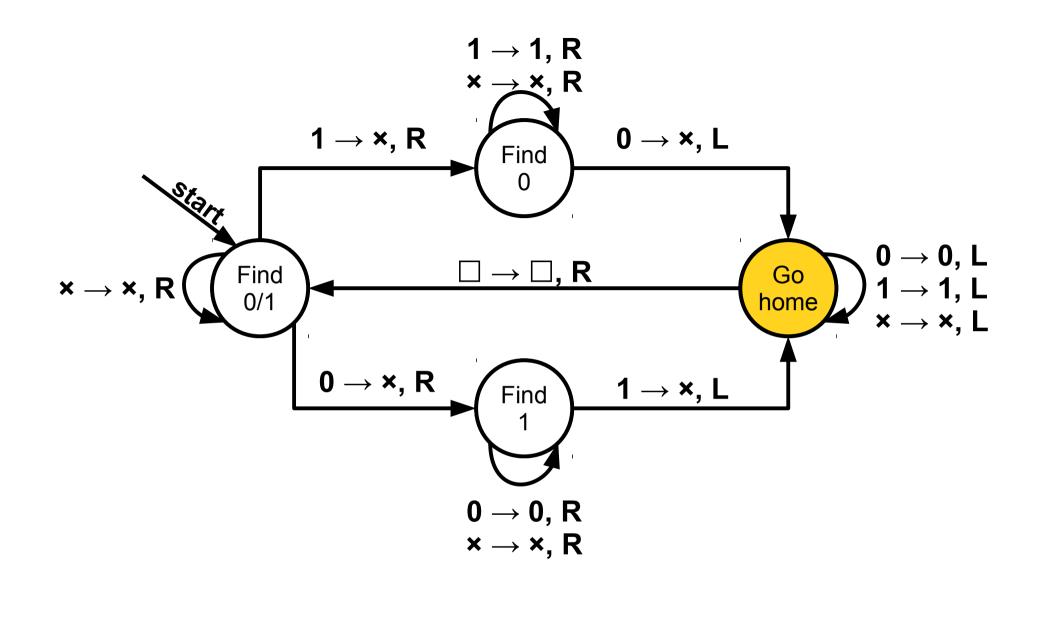




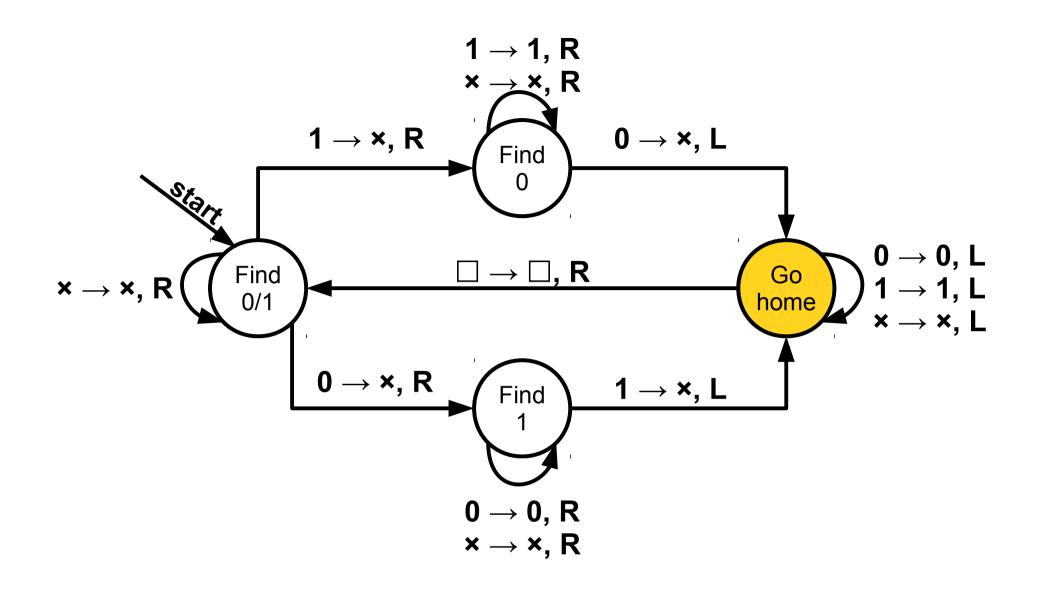




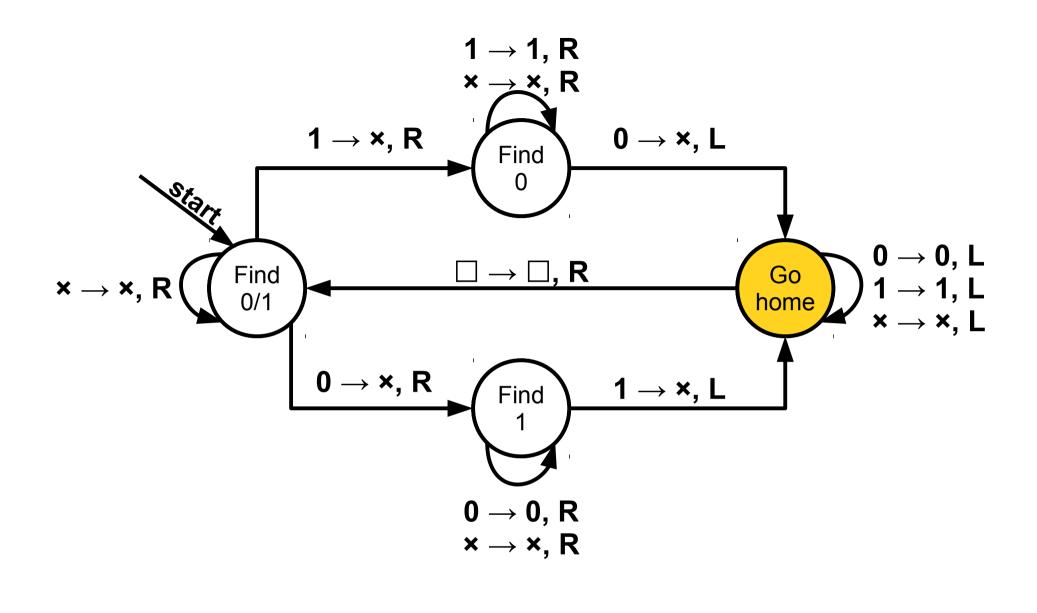




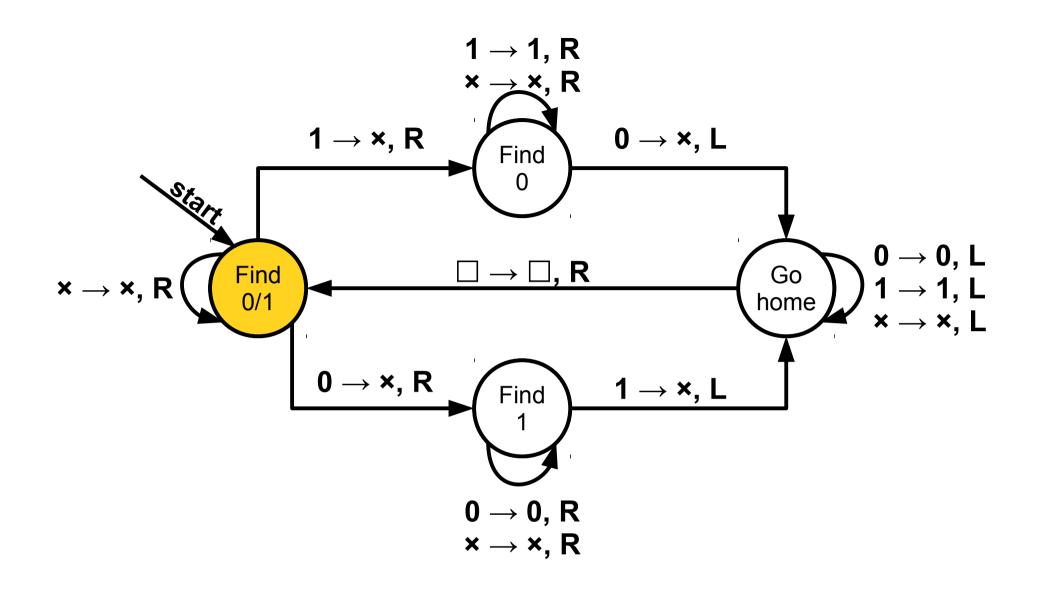




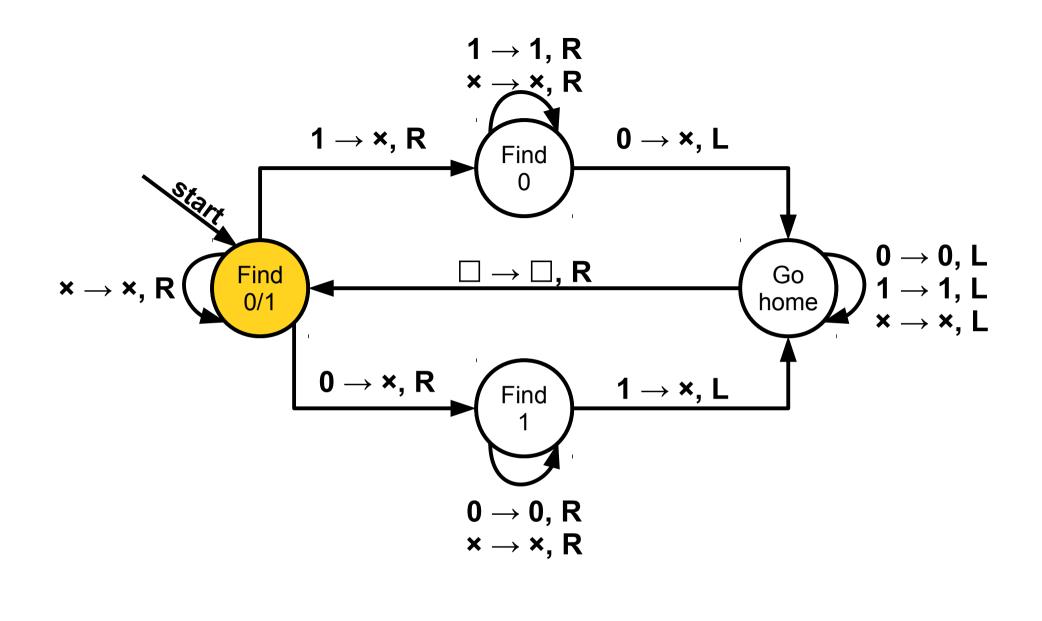




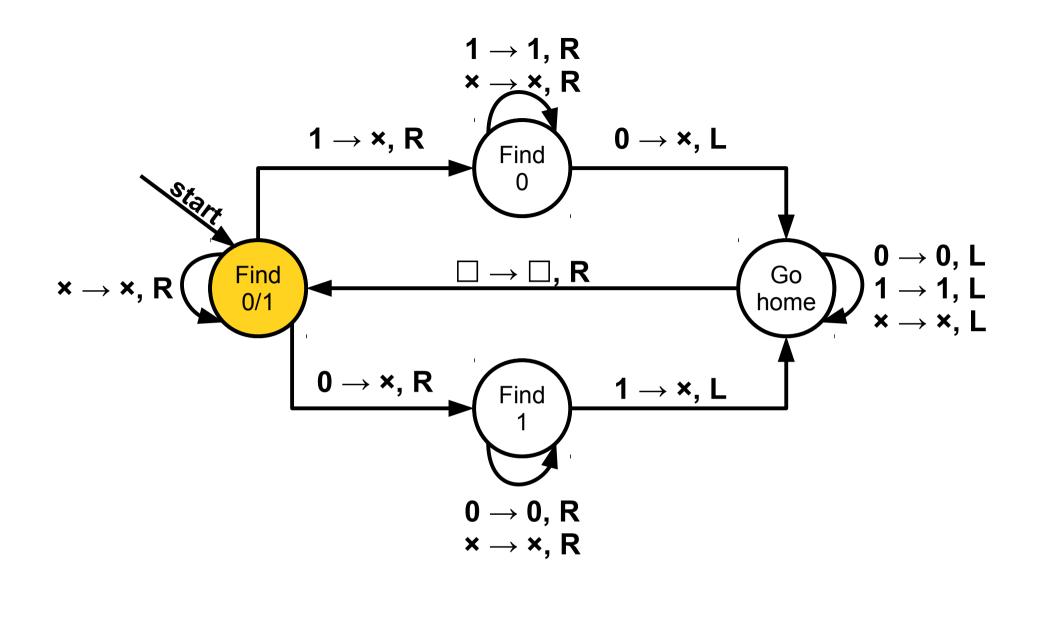


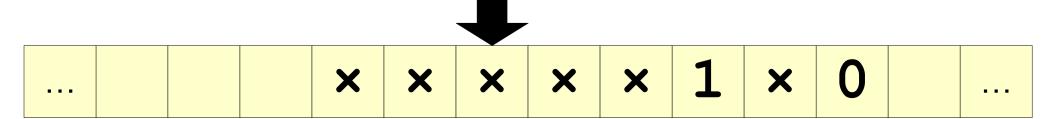


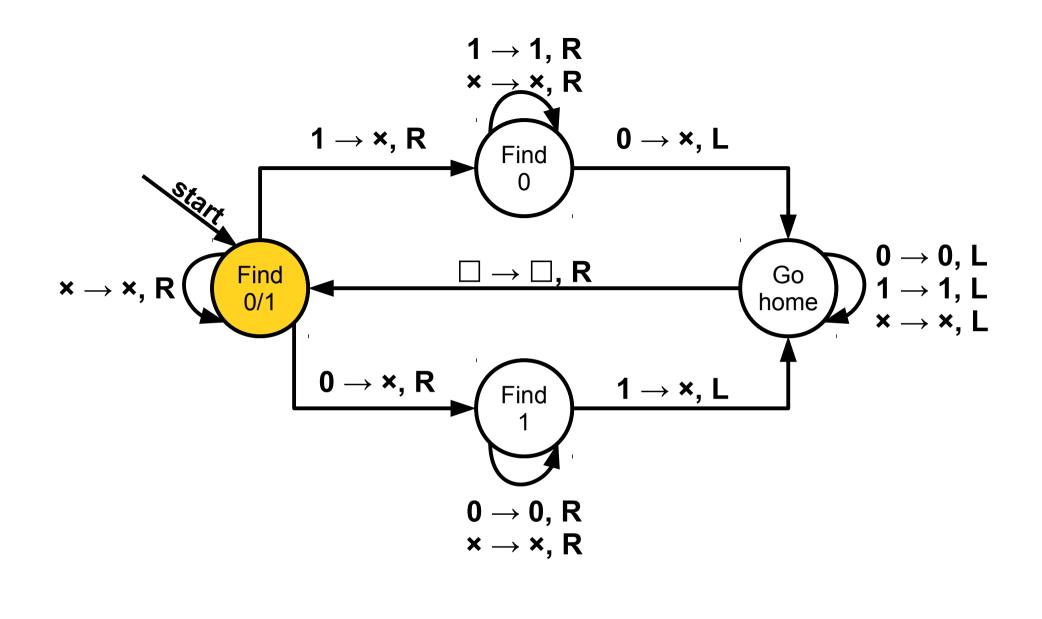


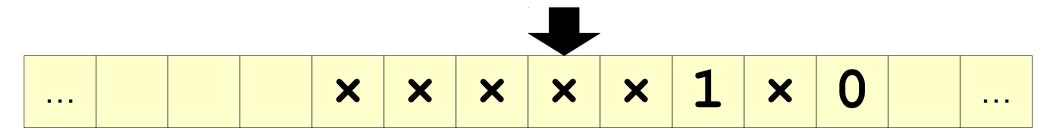


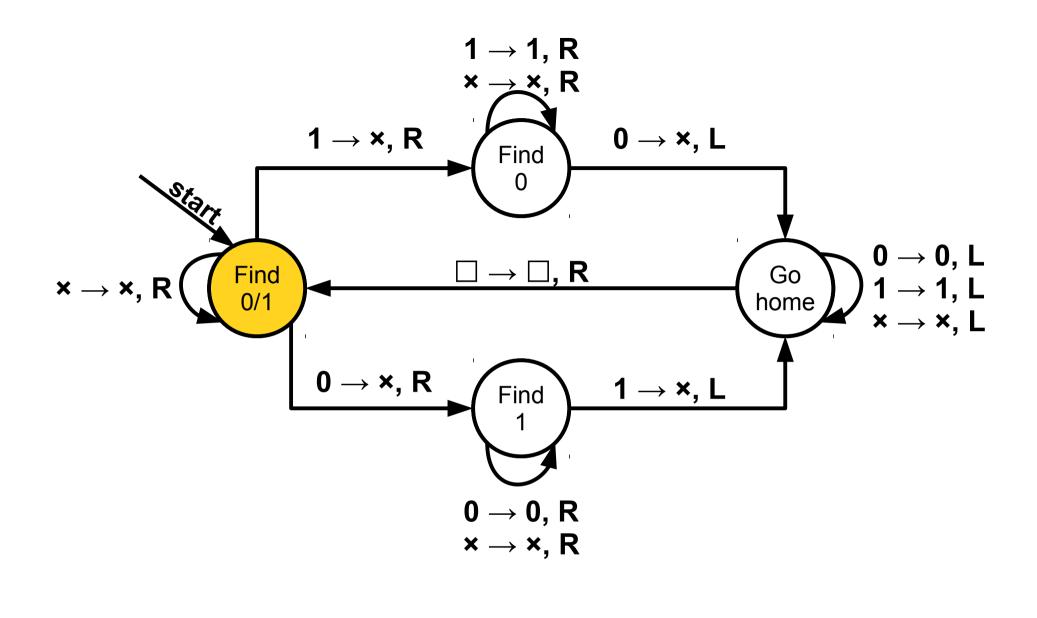


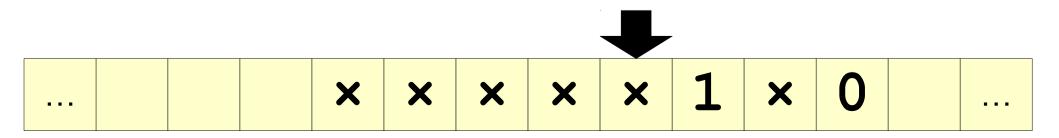


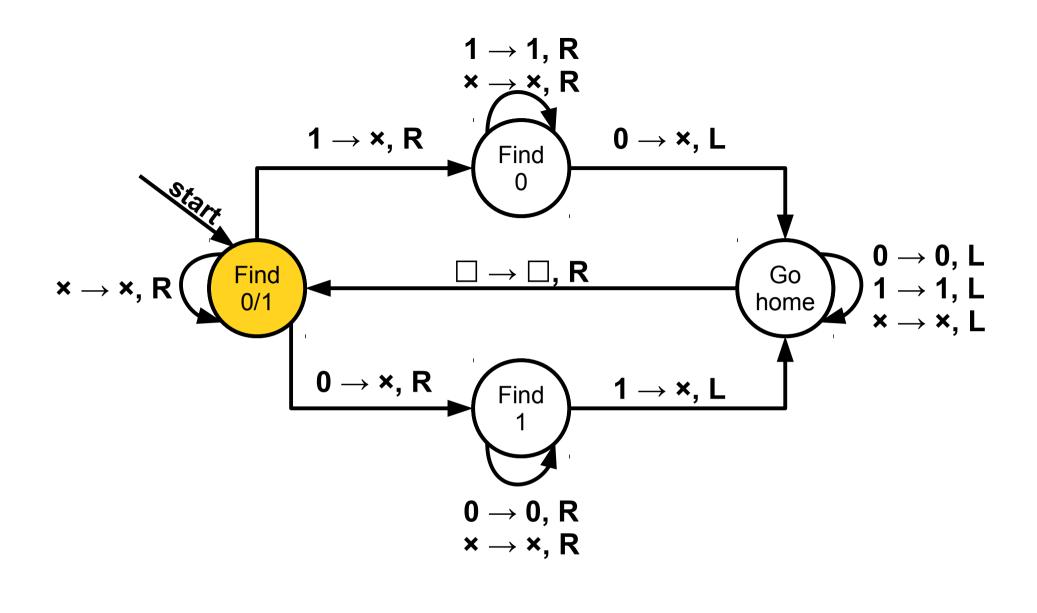


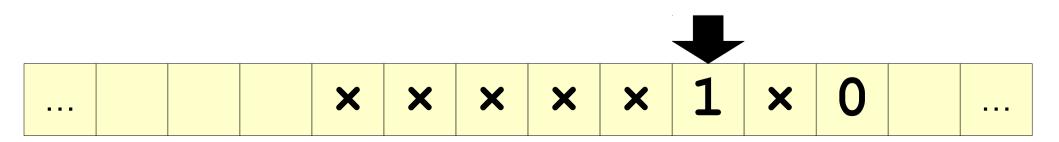


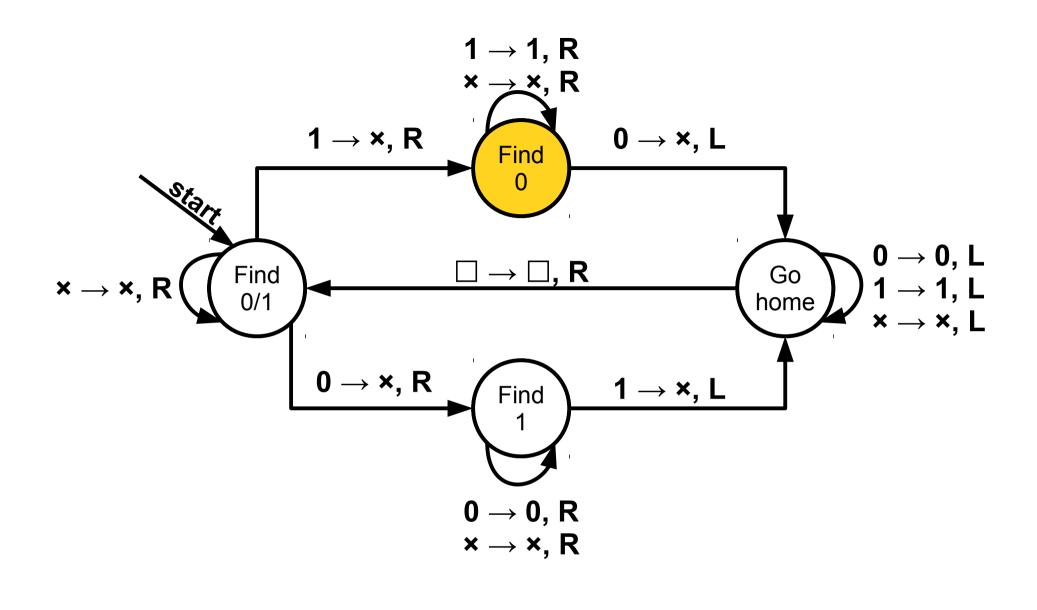


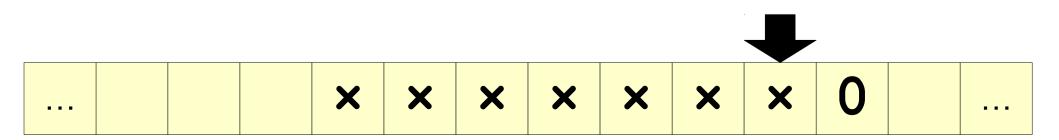


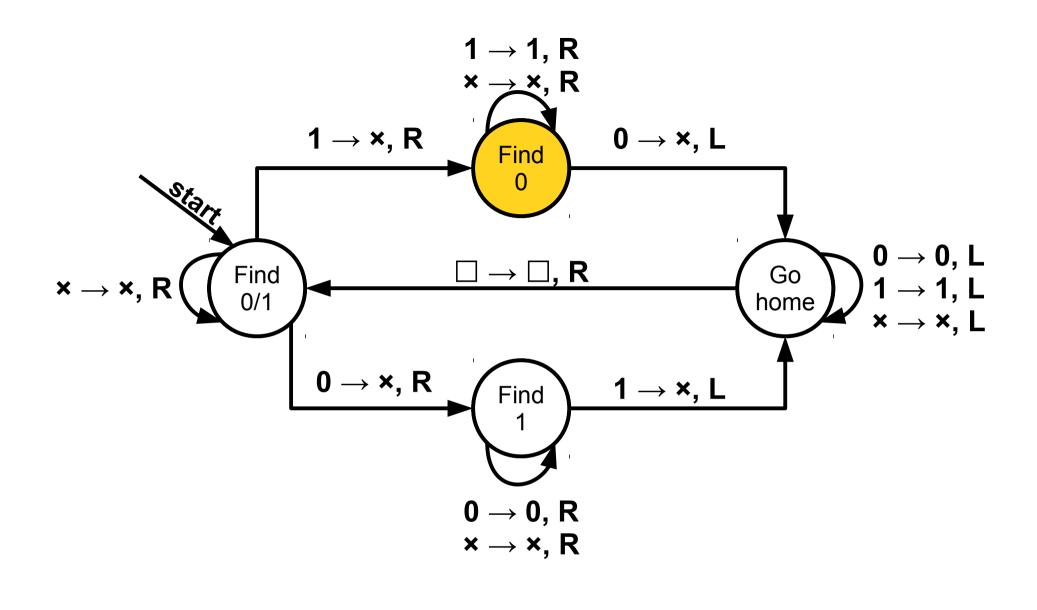




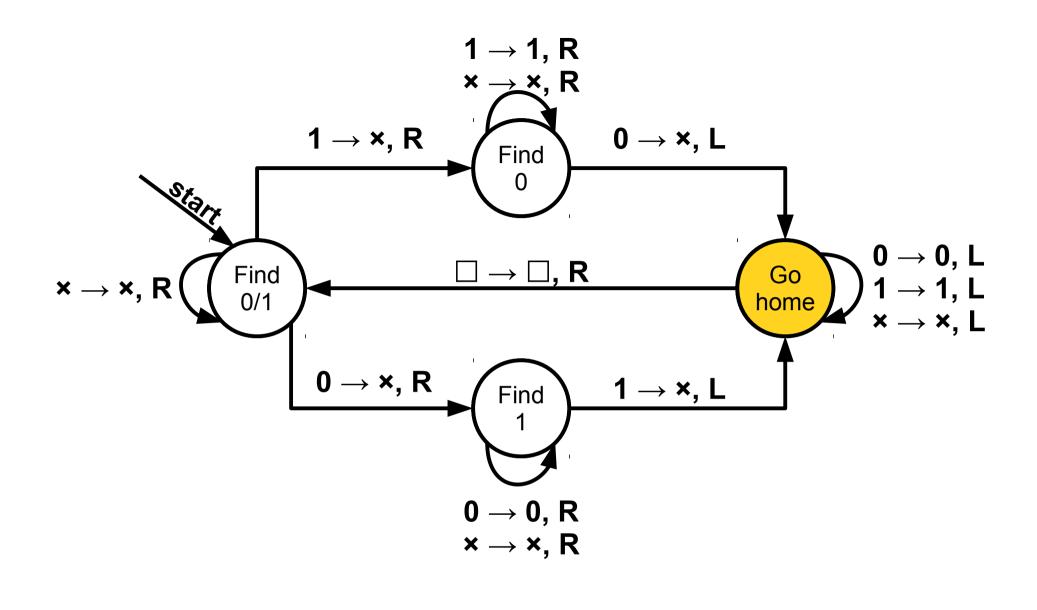


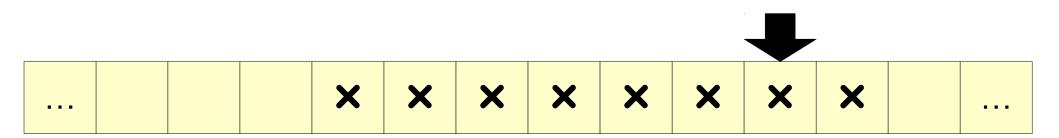


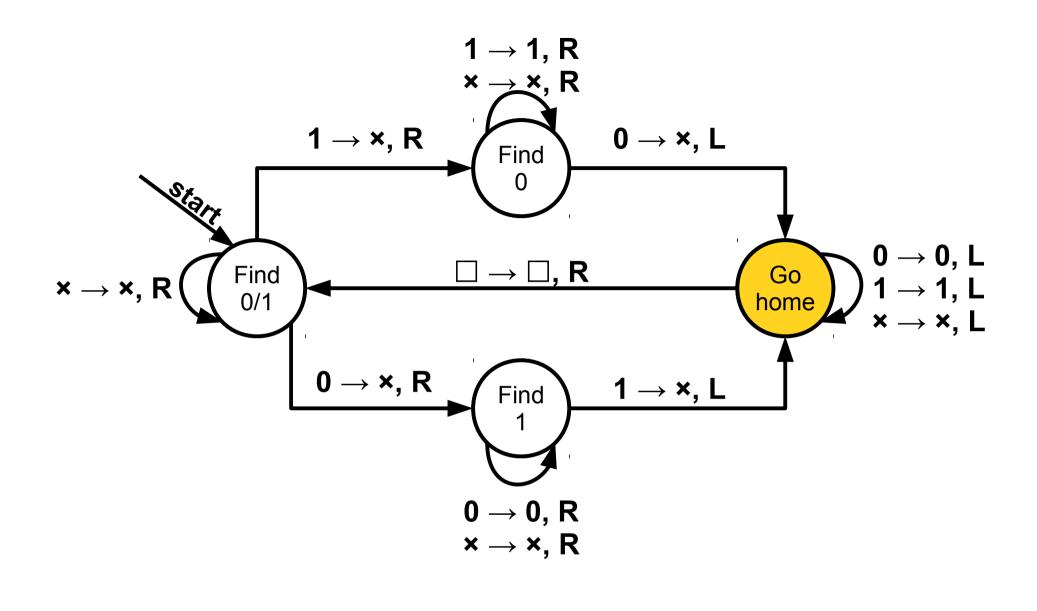


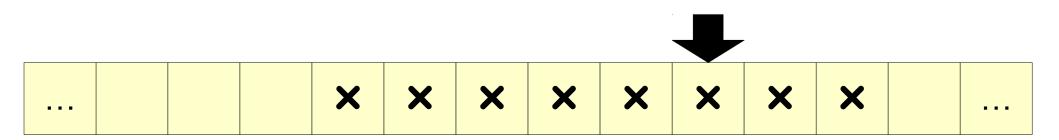


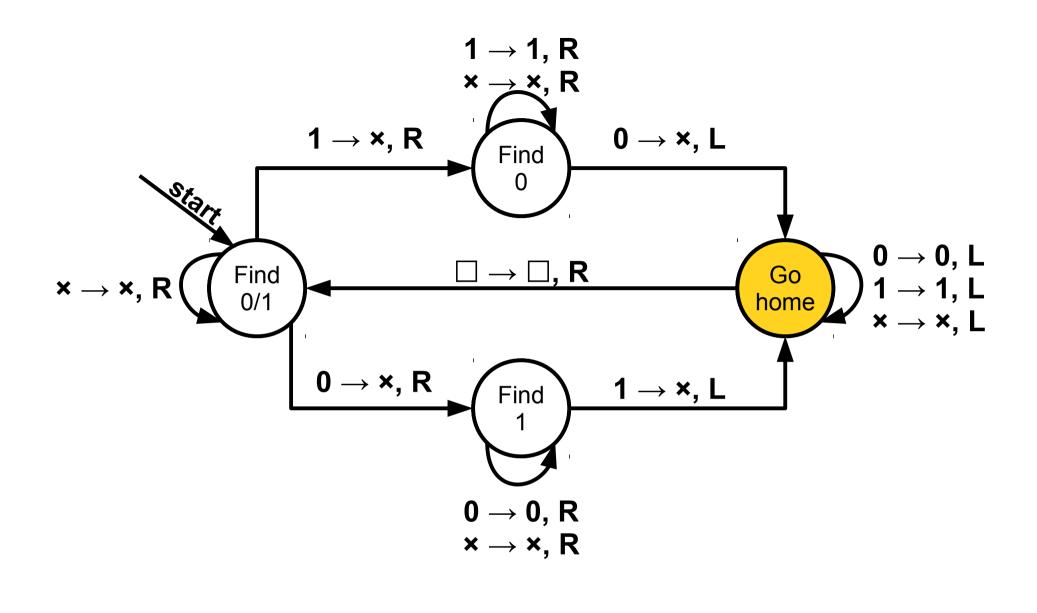


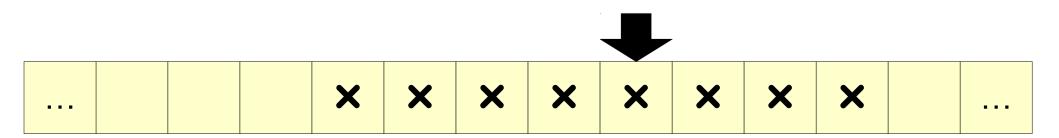


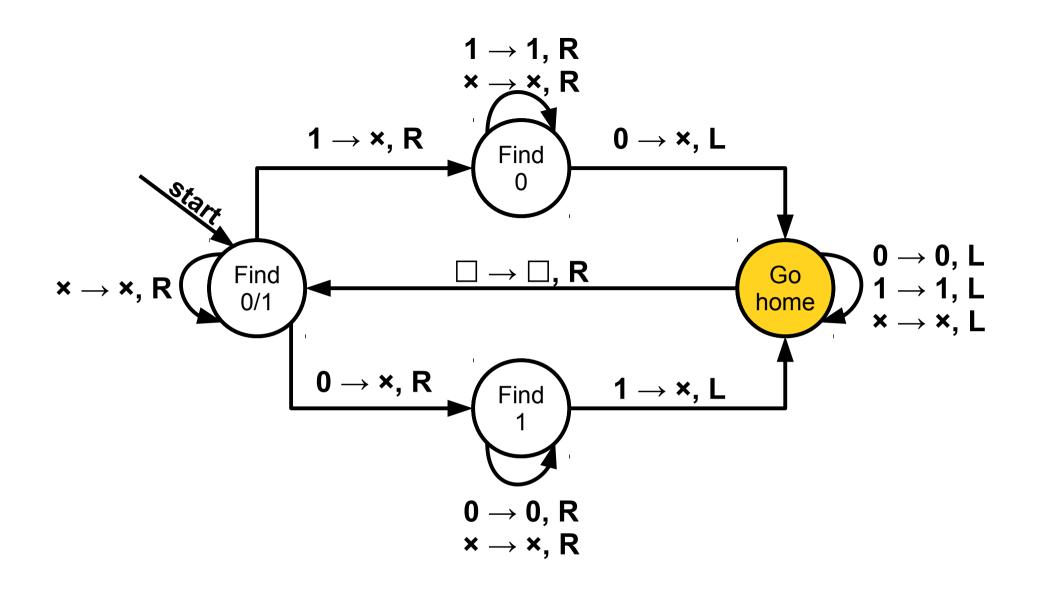


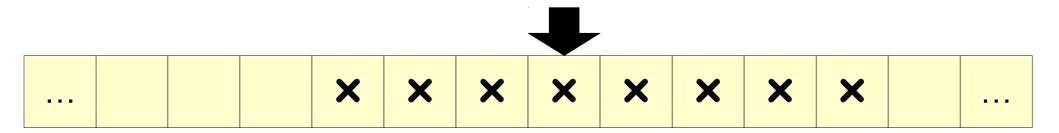


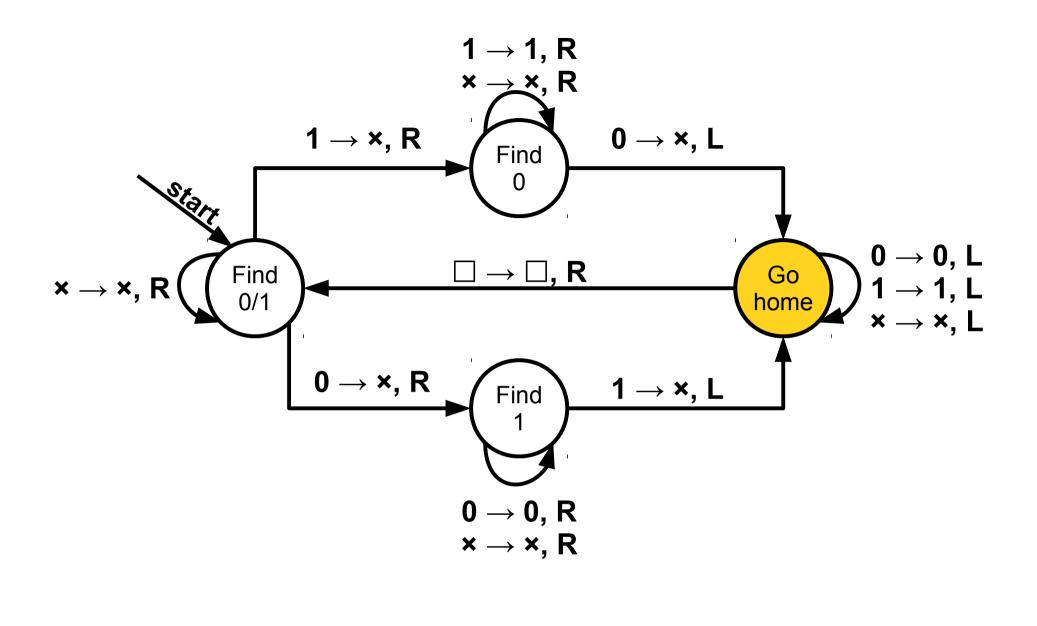


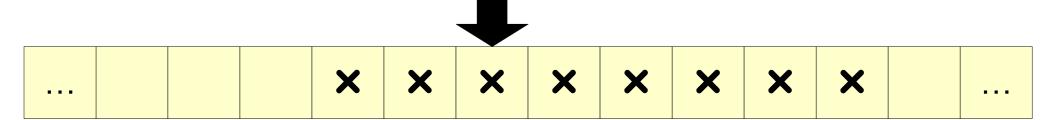


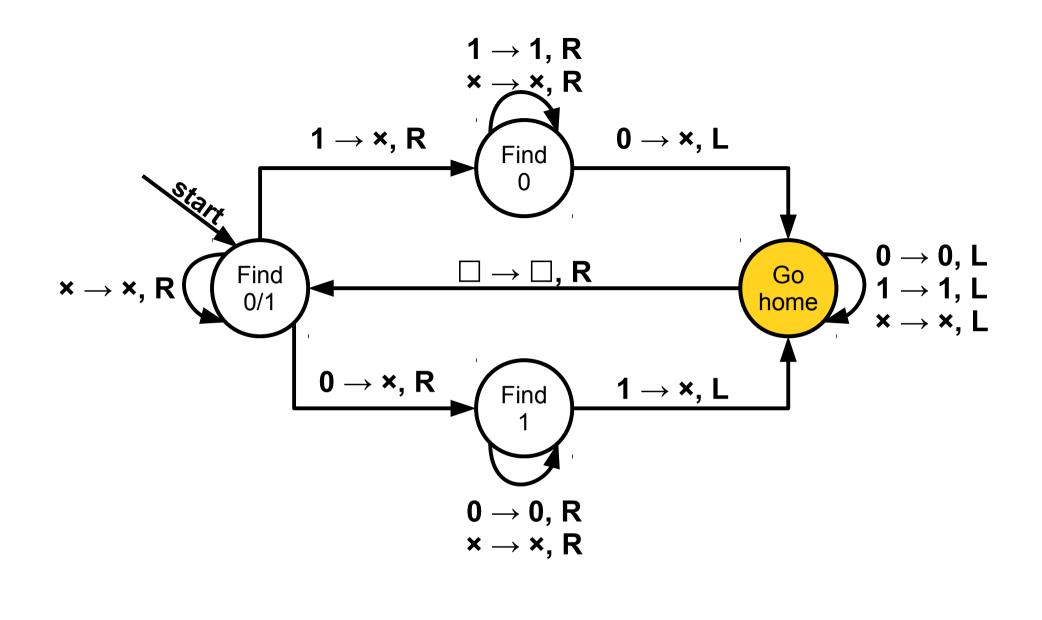


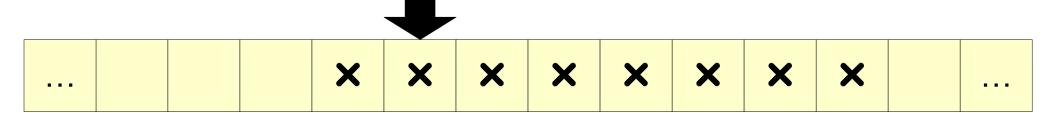


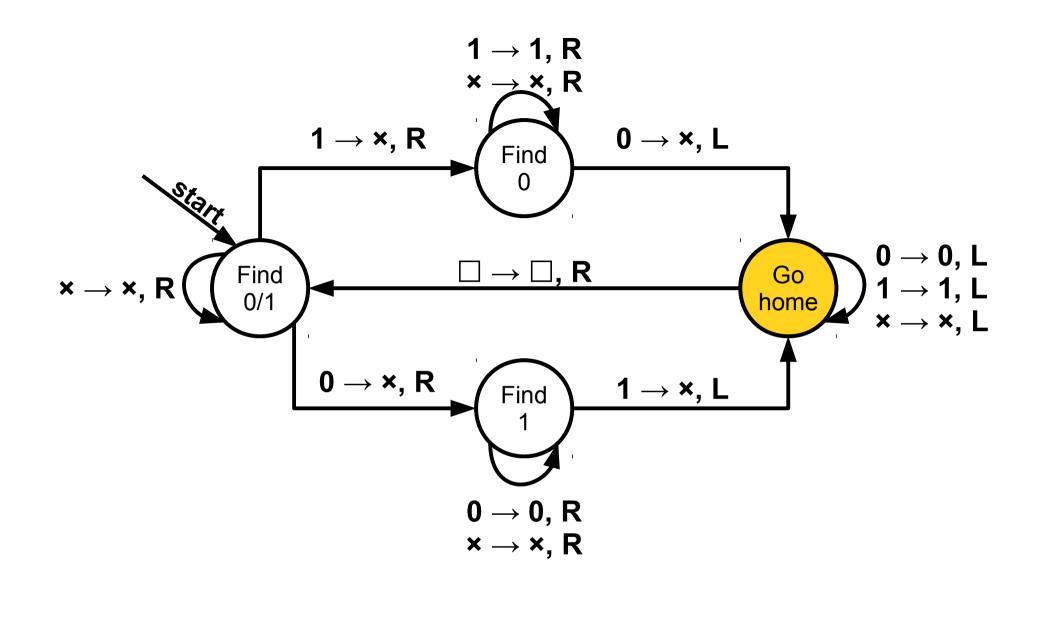




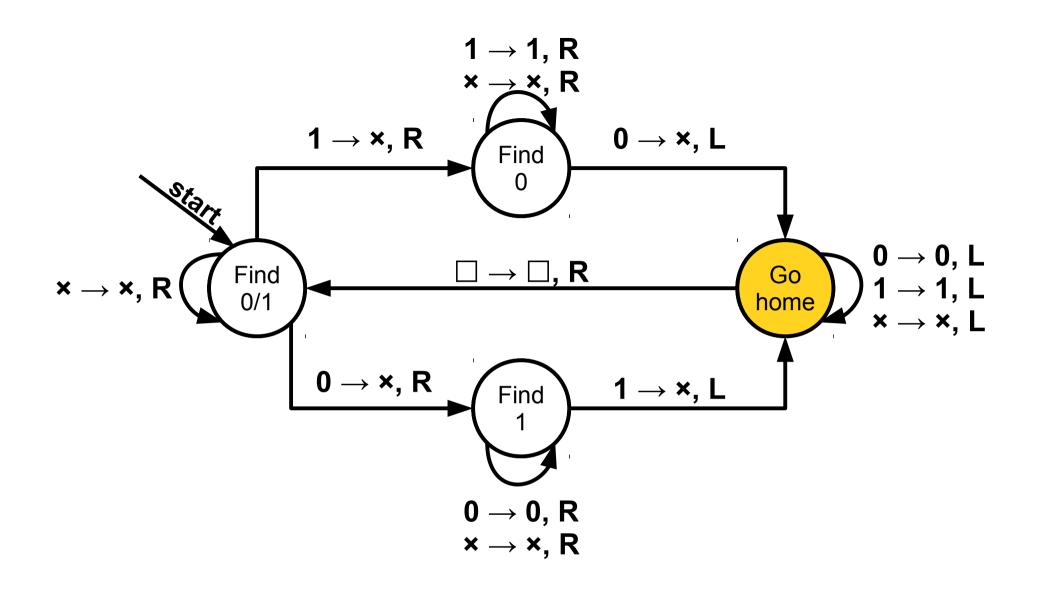


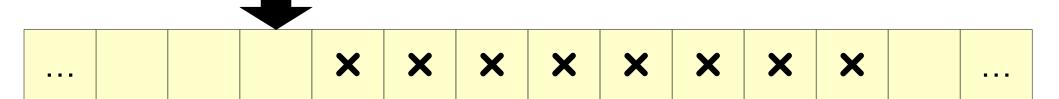


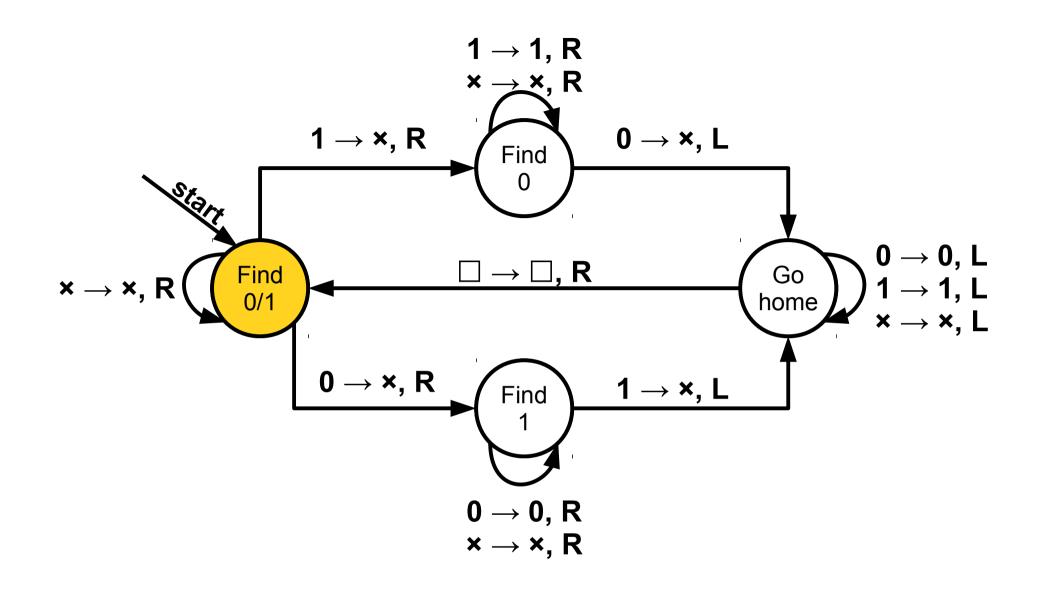




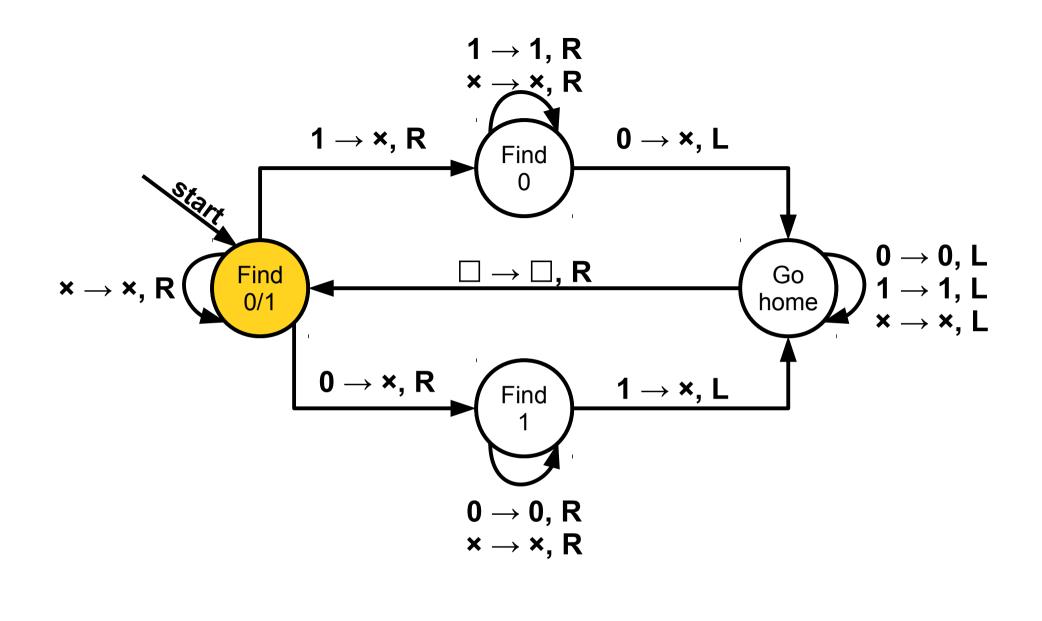




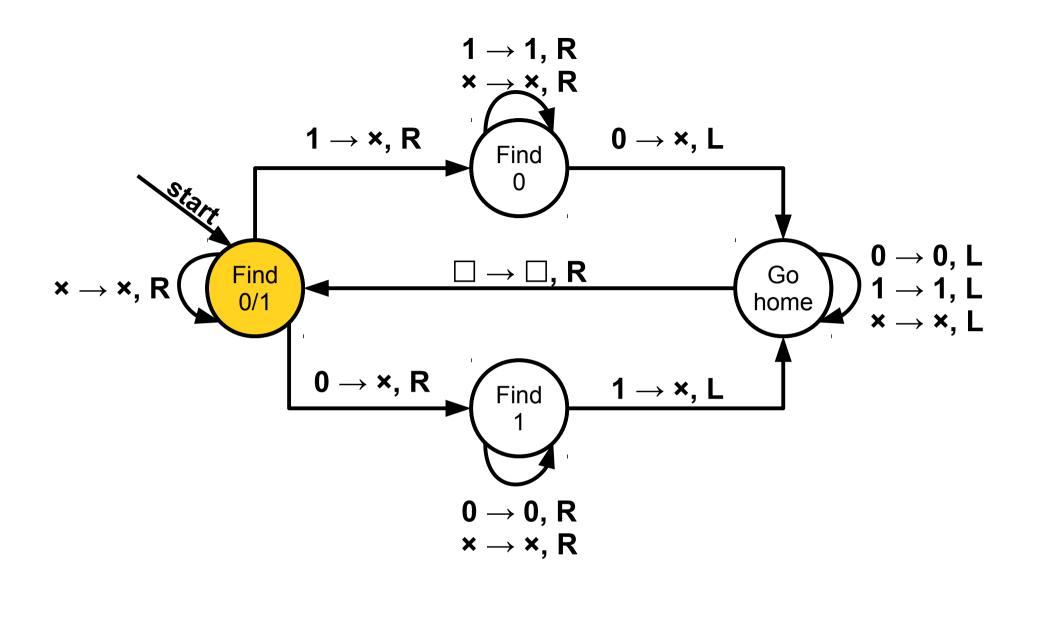


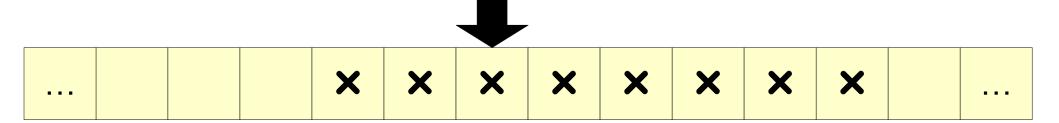


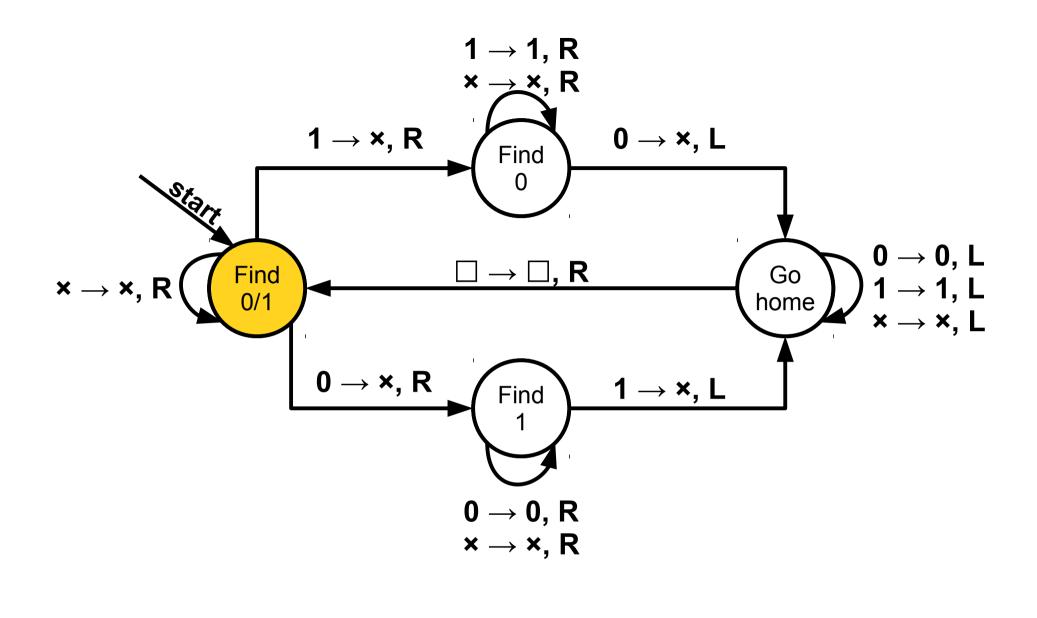


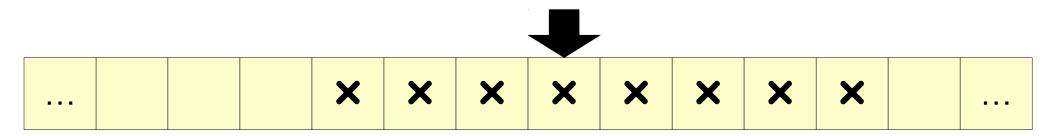


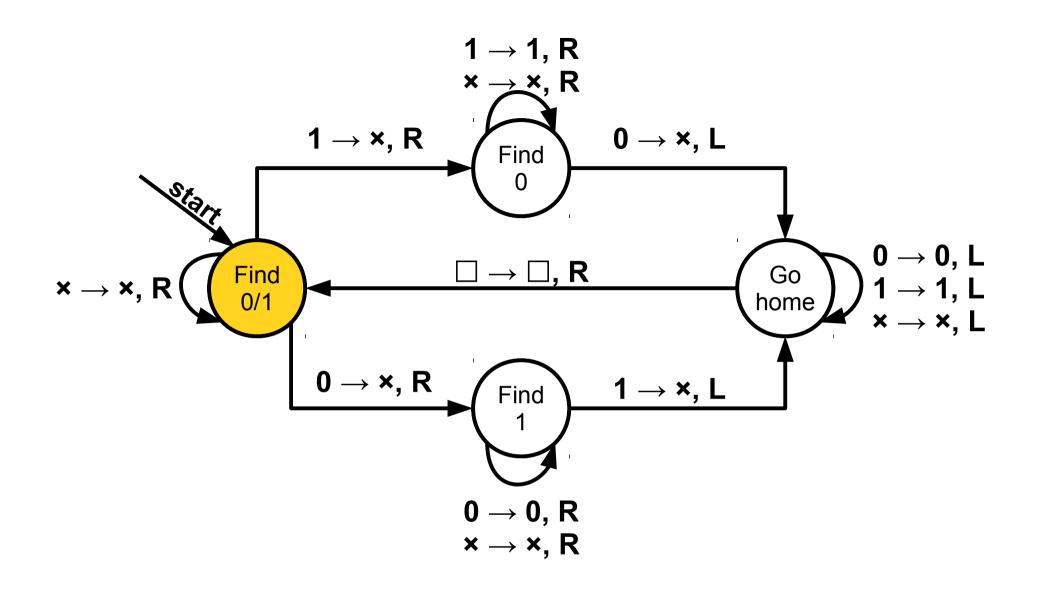


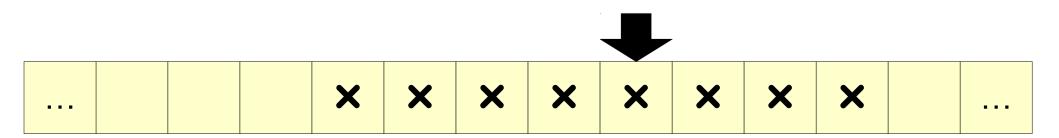


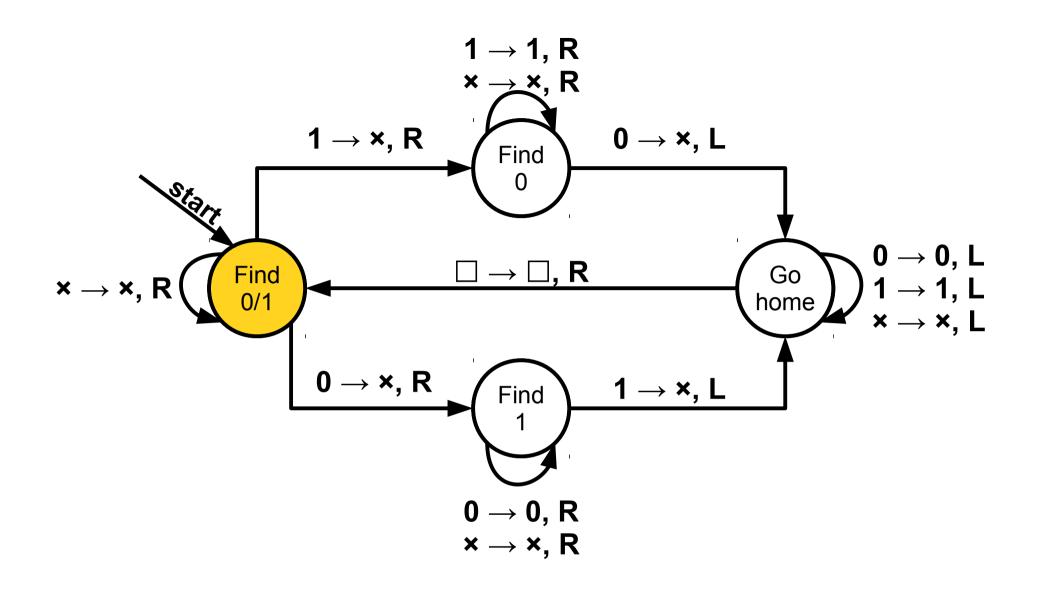


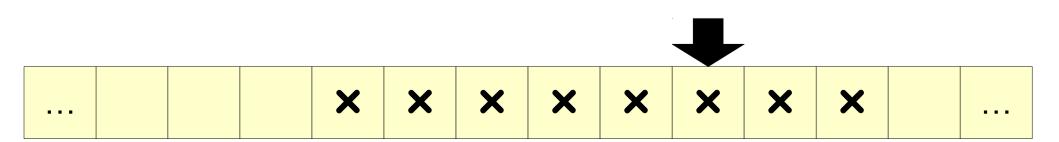


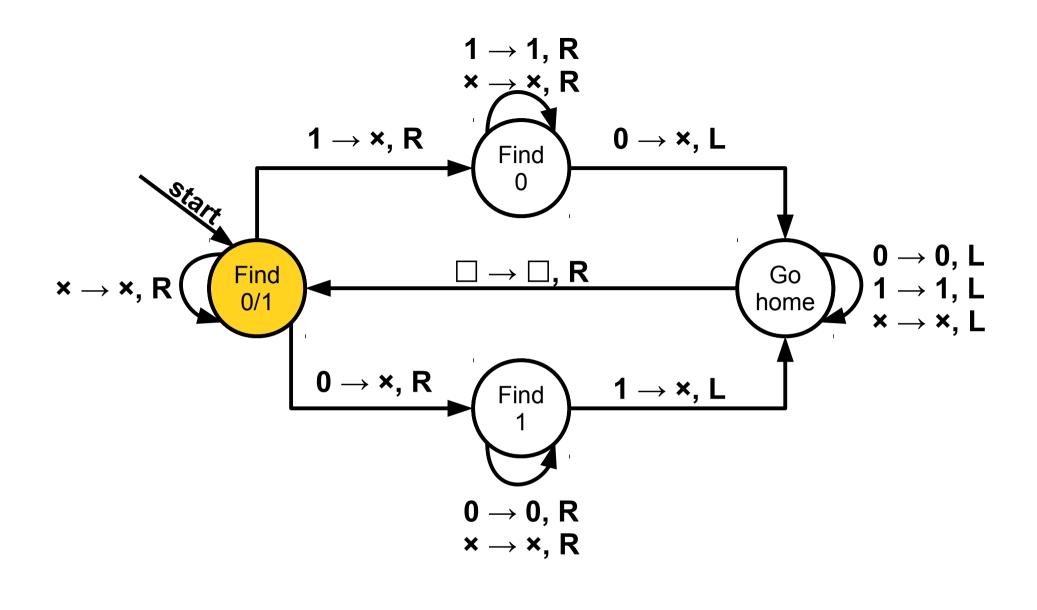


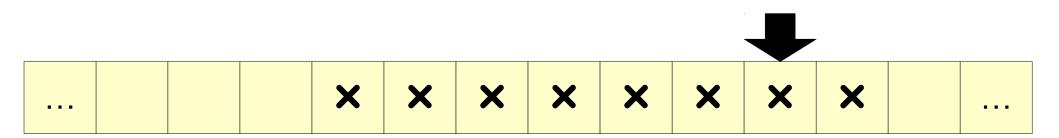


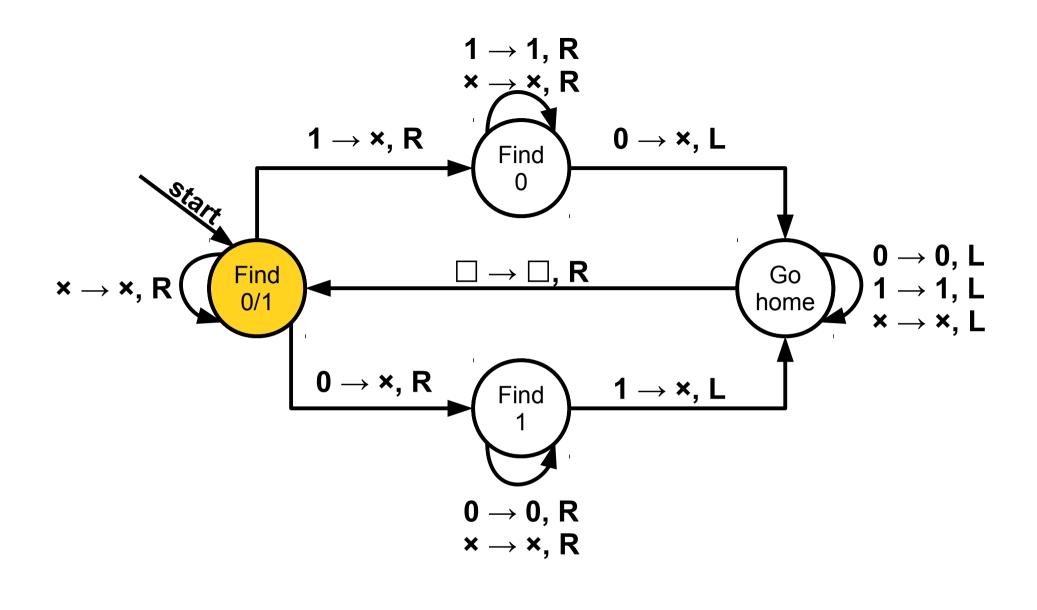


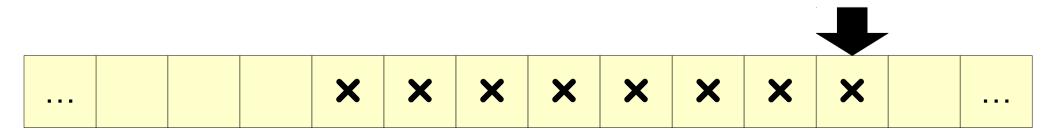


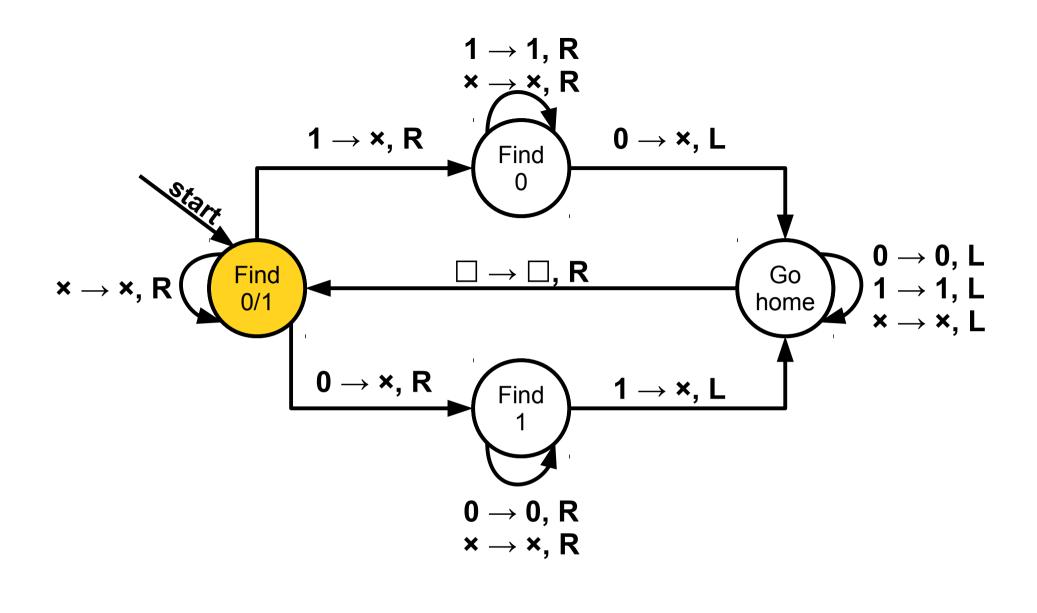


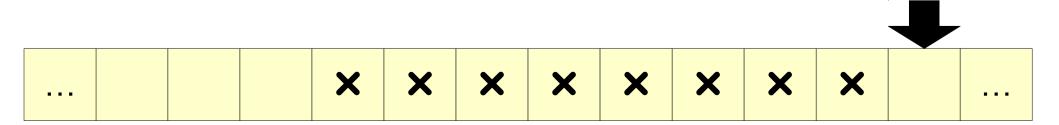


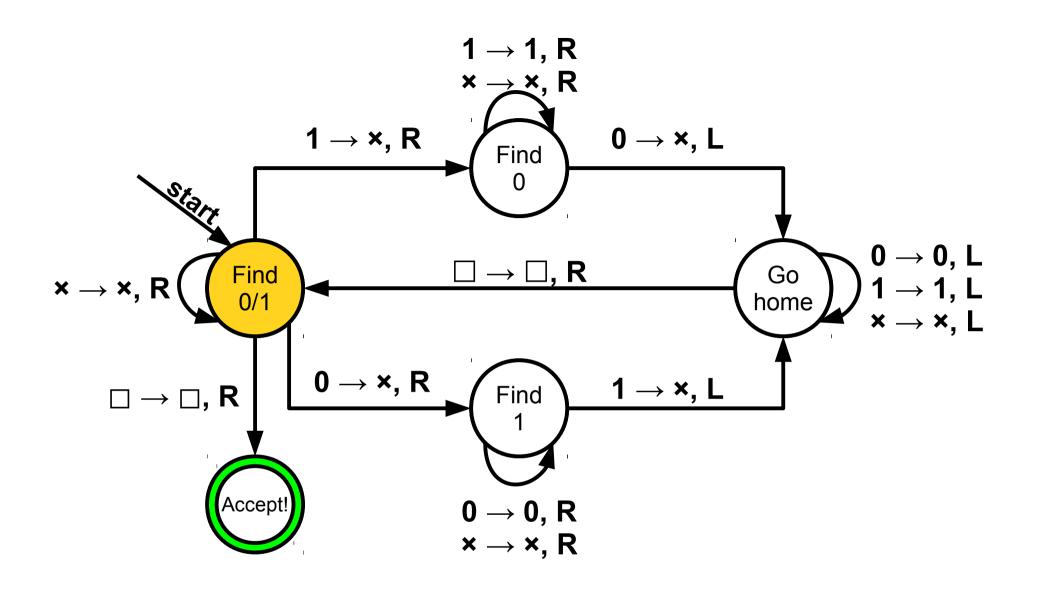


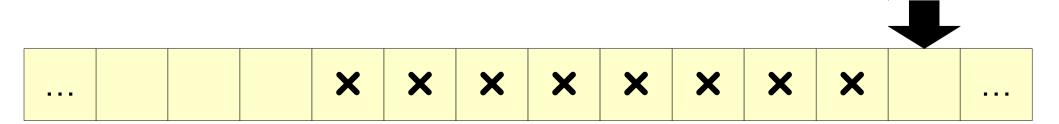


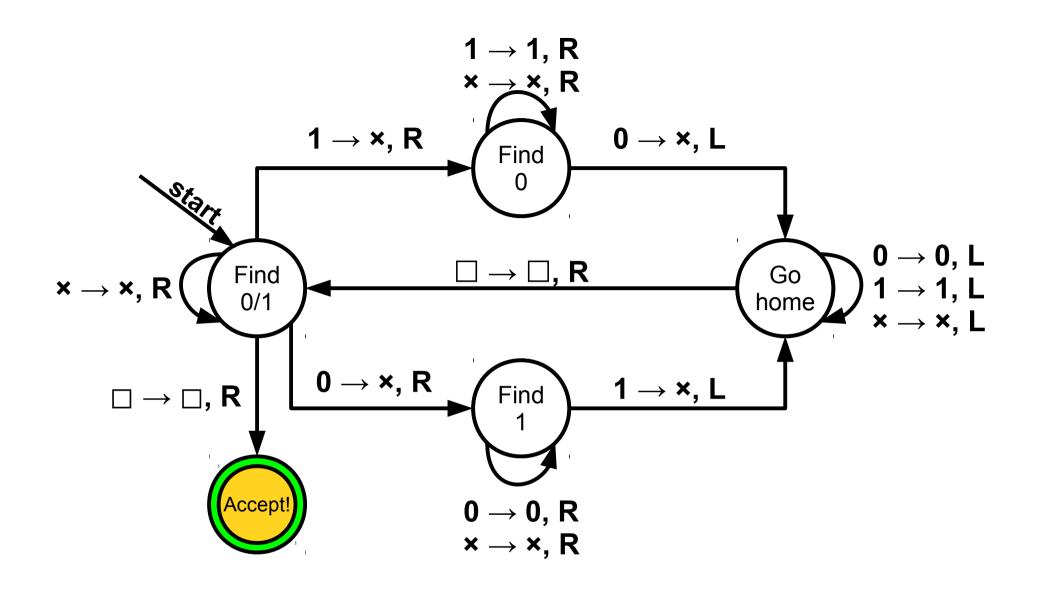


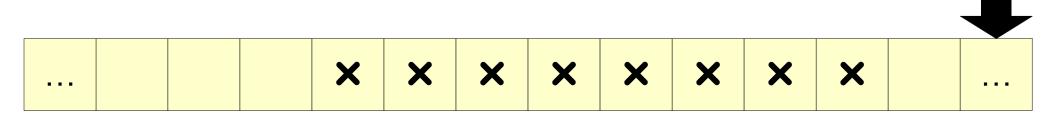


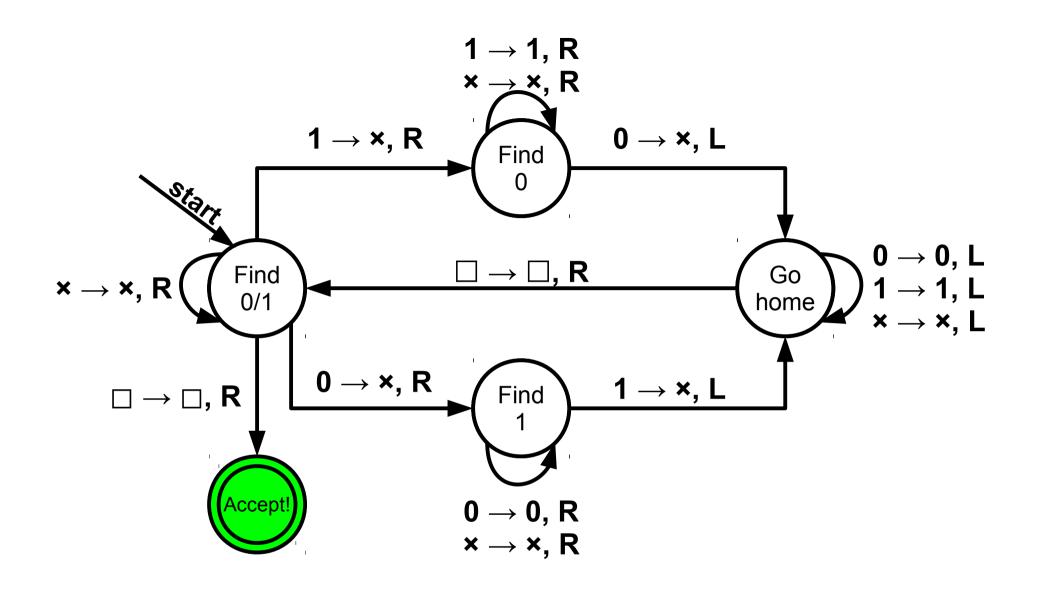


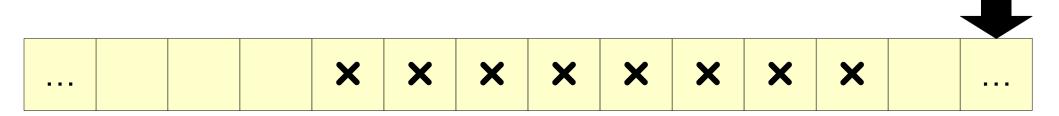


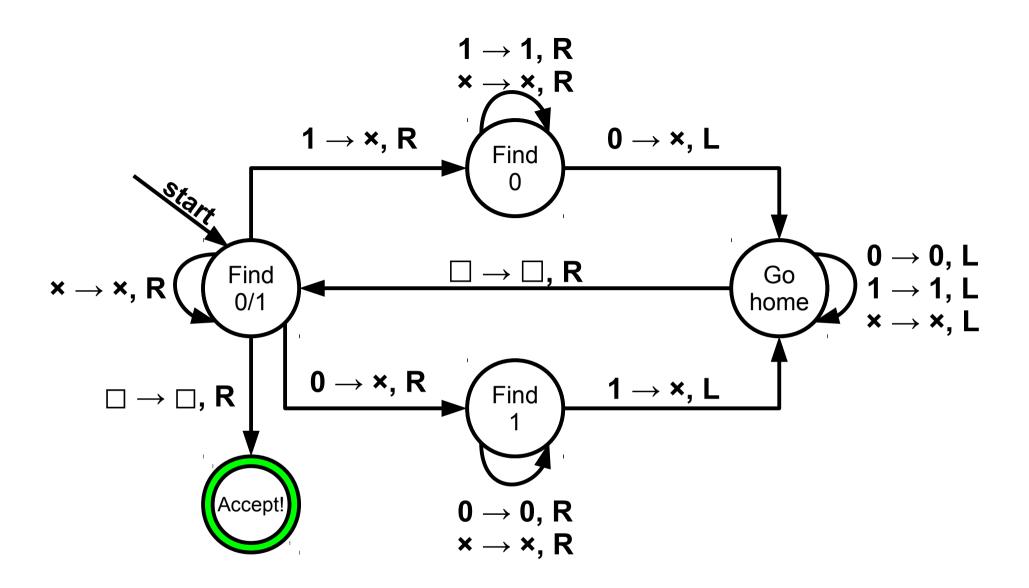


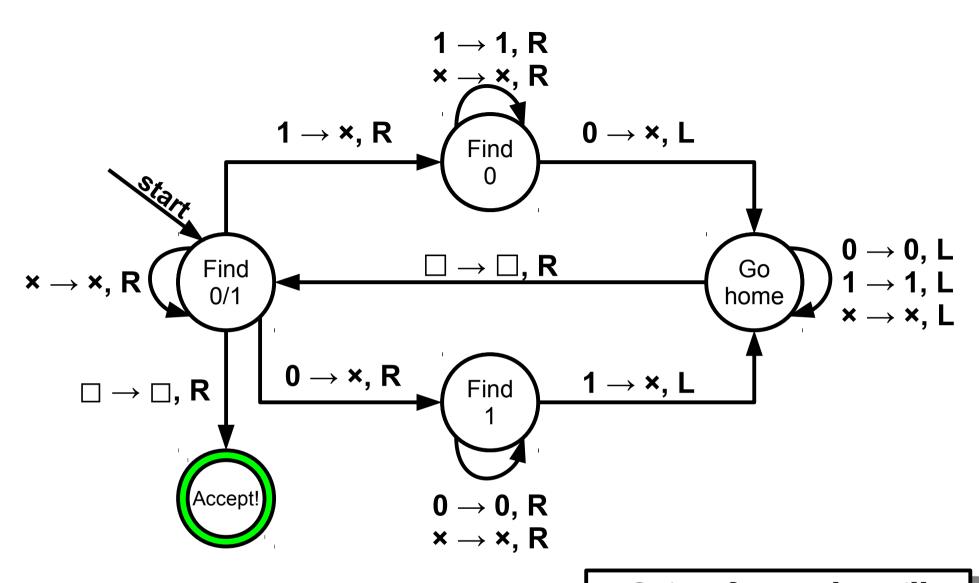




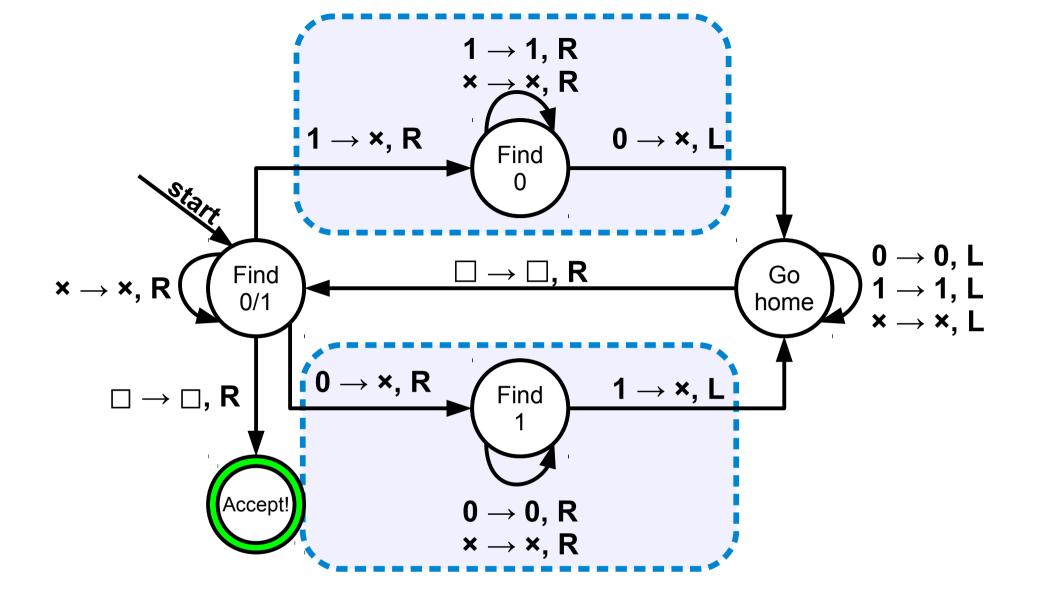








Going forward, we'll ignore the missing transitions and pretend they implicitly reject.



# Constant Storage

- Sometimes, a TM needs to remember some additional information that can't be put on the tape.
- In this case, you can use similar techniques from DFAs and introduce extra states into the TM's finite-state control.
- The finite-state control can only remember one of finitely many things, but that might be all that you need!

Time-Out for Announcements!

#### Problem Set Seven

- Problem Set Seven is due on Friday.
- Have questions? Please feel free to stop by office hours or to ask questions on Piazza.

#### Second Midterm Exam

- The second midterm exam is next Monday, February
   29 from 7PM 10PM, location TBA.
- Topic coverage:
  - Focus is on PS4 PS6 and lectures 09 16.
  - Topics from PS7 and from lecture 17 onward will not be tested... yet. ☺
  - *Major topics:* strict orders, graphs, the pigeonhole principle, induction, finite automata, regular expressions, regular languages, closure properties.
- Policies and procedures same as the first midterm:
  - Three hours, four questions.
  - Closed-computer, closed-book, and limited-note. You can have a double-sided  $8.5" \times 11"$  sheet of paper with you when you take the exam.

## Preparing for the Exam

- We have just released four sets of extra practice problems (EPP4 EPP7) online. Solutions will go out on Wednesday.
- We will be holding a practice midterm on Wednesday from 7PM - 10PM in Bishop Auditorium.
- By popular demand, we've put together *two* practice exams one that we'll give out at the practice exam and one that will be posted online on Wednesday.
- We've also released a set of challenge problems, and this week's CS103A class will be a cumulative review.
- That's (by my reckoning) four sets of practice problems, two practice exams, one set of challenge problems, and one set of CS103A problems. If that's not enough, let me know and I'll see what I can do.

Stanford Women
In Computer Science

# CASUAL CS DINNER

{w}

Wednesday Feb. 24 from 5:30-7:30pm at the WCC RSVP at goo.gl/forms/U2JY1e9CSu

Come have dinner with CS students and faculty. Everyone is welcome, especially students just starting out in CS! Your Questions

# "What's your favorite (and lesser-known) place on campus?"

There (used to be? still is?) a fire escape on one of the inner quad buildings that lets you climb up to the third floor. You get a great view and it's nice and quiet. It's a great place to study or cuddle and watch a movie.

#### "What keeps you motivated?"

I never cease to be amazed by the world. There's always so much to learn and discover.

Which reminds me - I haven't yet asked you the Three Key Questions yet!

## Three Questions

- What is something that you now know that, at the start of the quarter, you knew you didn't know?
- What is something that you now know that, at the start of the quarter, you didn't know you didn't know?
- What is something that you don't know that, at the start of the quarter, you didn't know you didn't know?

Back to CS103!

# Another TM Design

• Consider the following language over  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ :

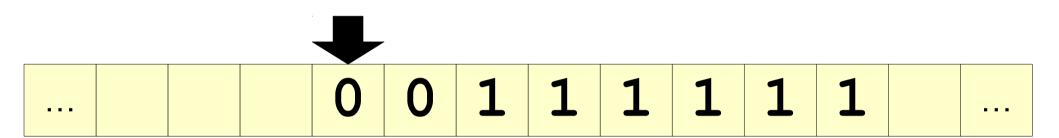
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L = \{0^n 1^m \mid n, m \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } m \text{ is a multiple of } n \}
```

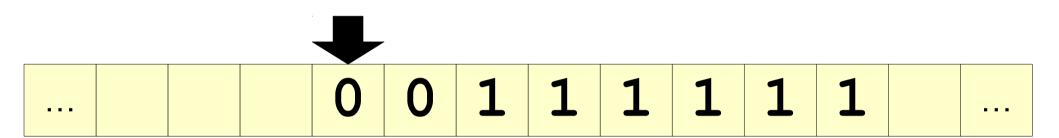
- Is this language regular?
- How might we design a TM for this language?

#### An Observation

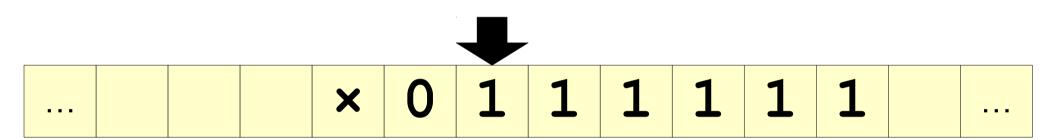
- We can recursively describe when one number m is a multiple of n:
  - If m = 0, then m is a multiple of n.
  - Otherwise, m is a multiple of n iff m-n is a multiple of n.
- Idea: Repeatedly subtract *n* from *m* until *m* becomes zero (good!) or drops below zero (bad!)

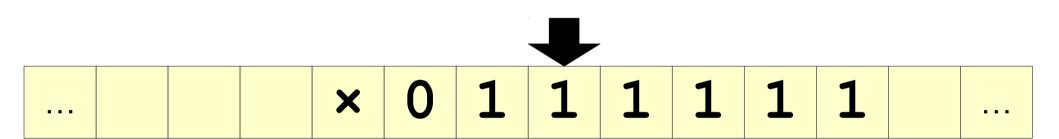
# The Challenge

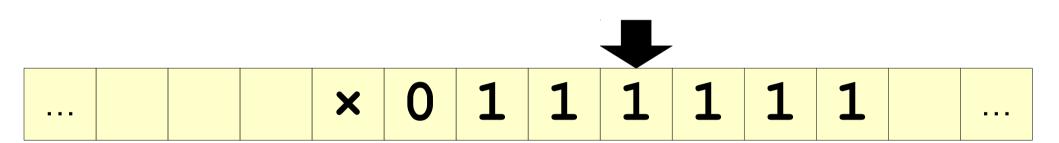


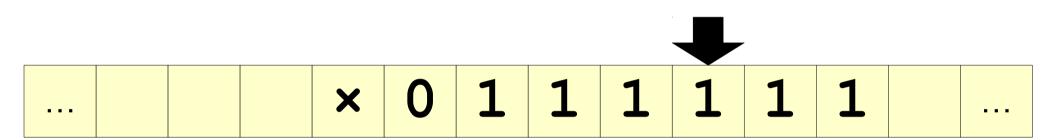


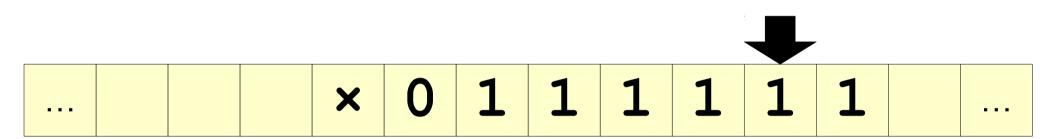


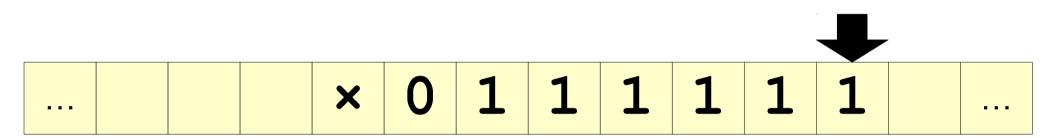


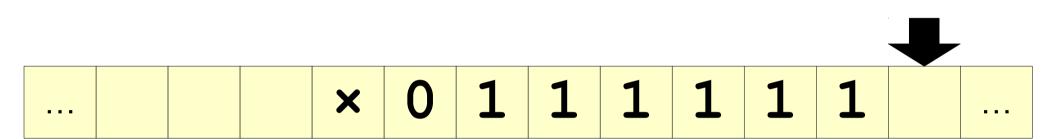


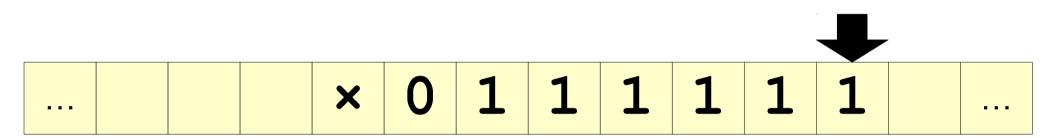


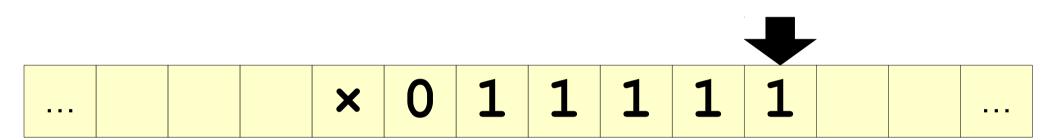


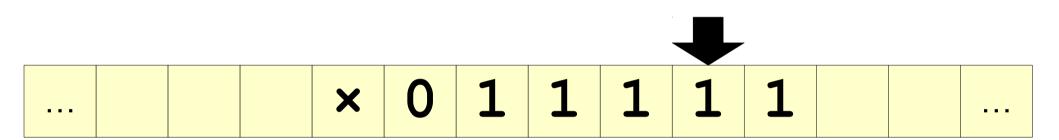


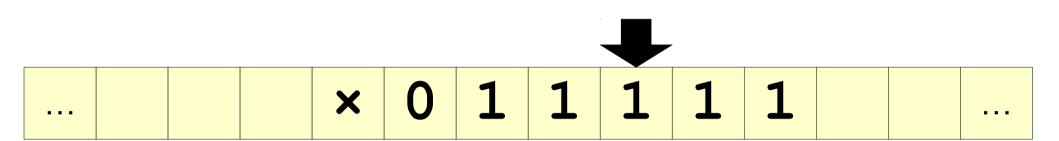


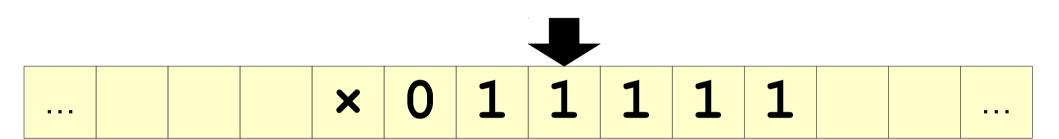


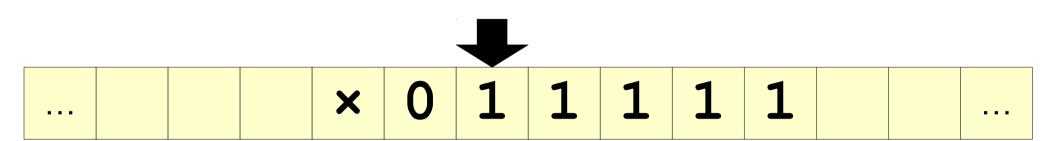


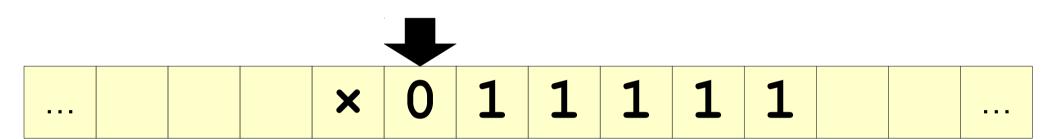




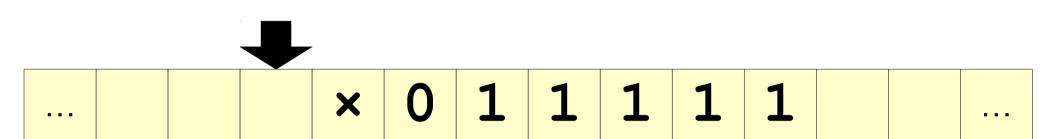




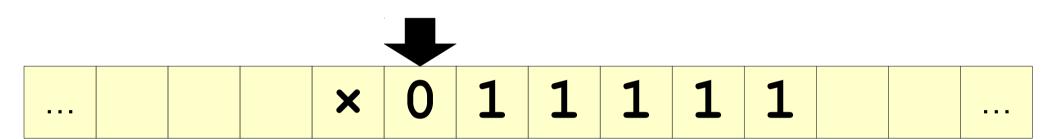


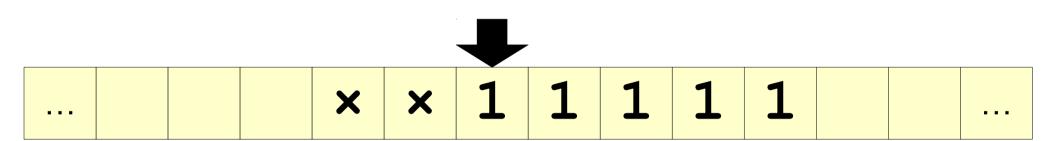


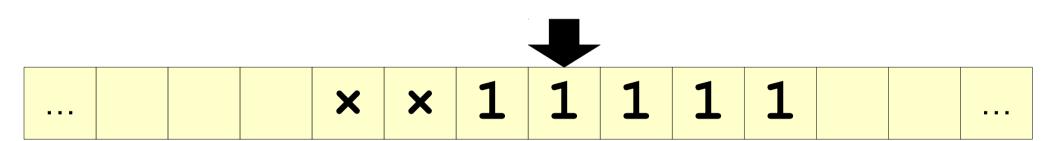


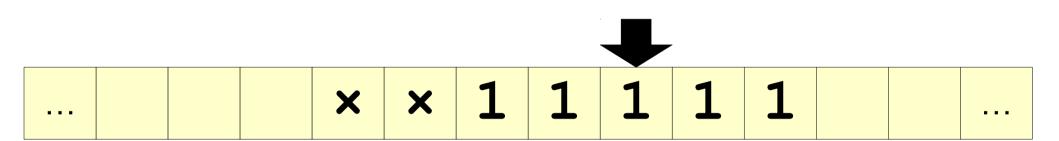




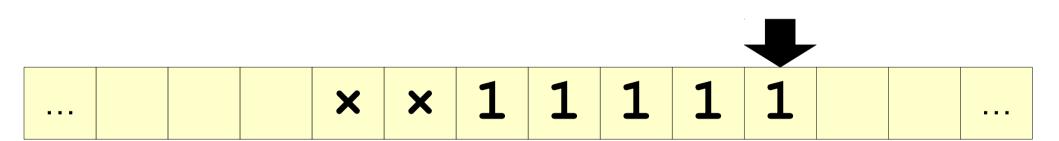


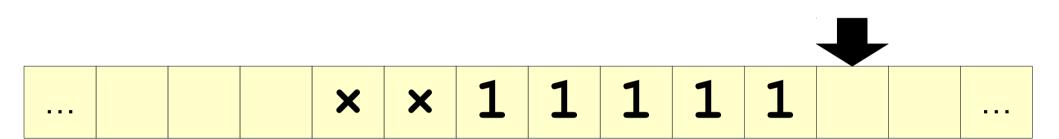


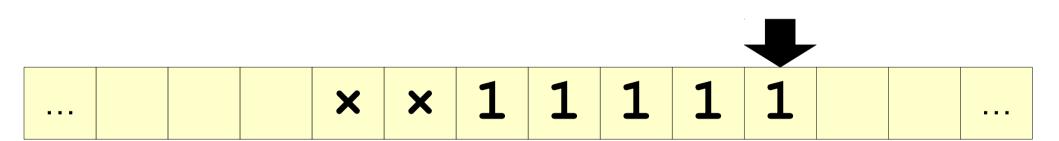


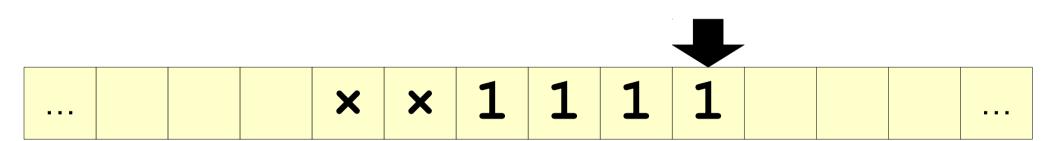


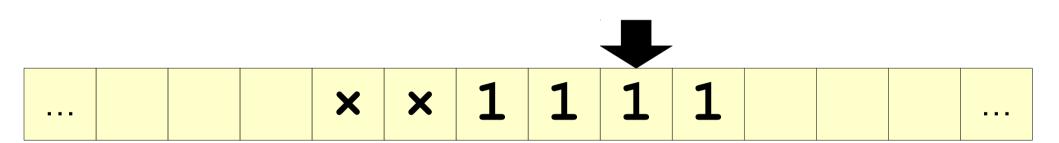


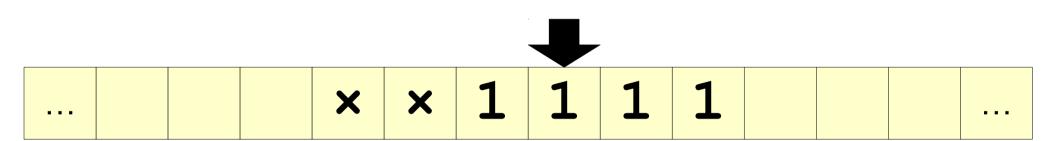


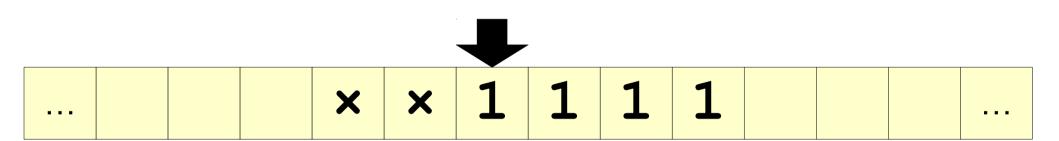












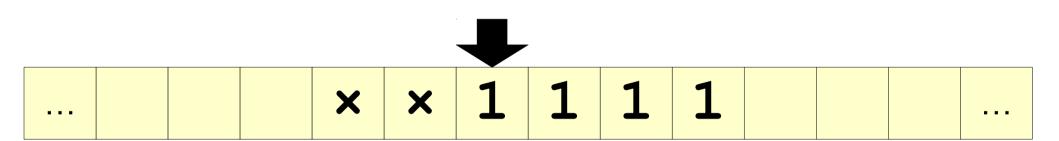






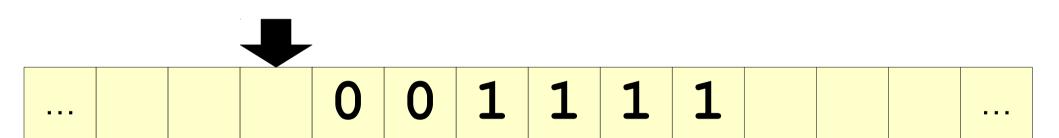




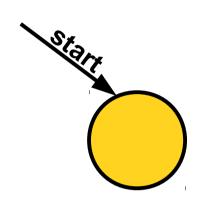




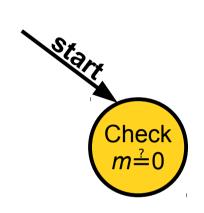




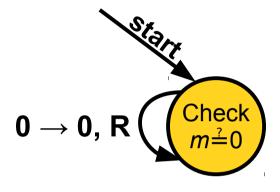


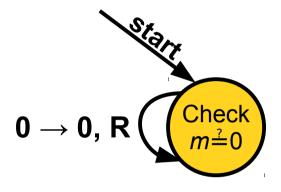


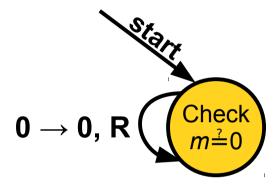


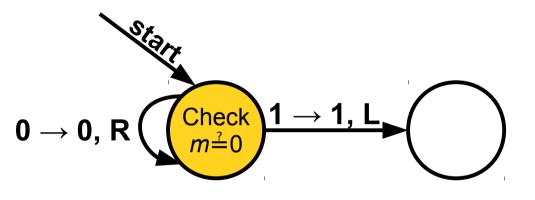


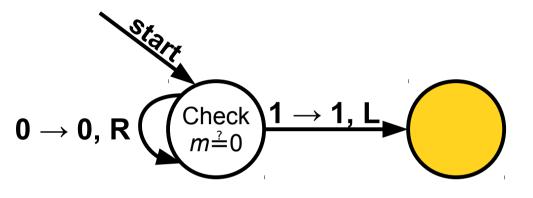


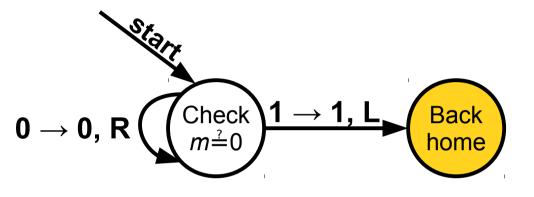


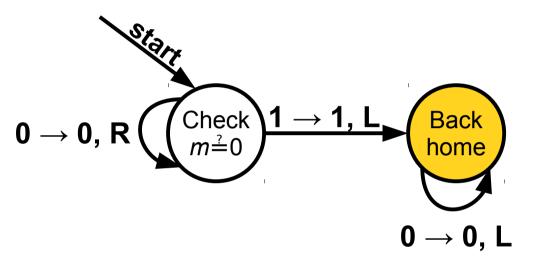




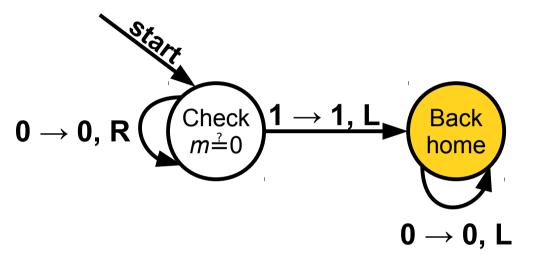


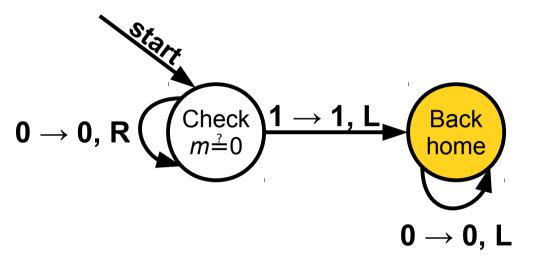




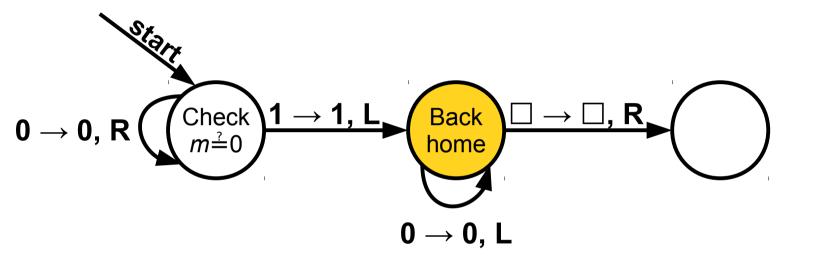


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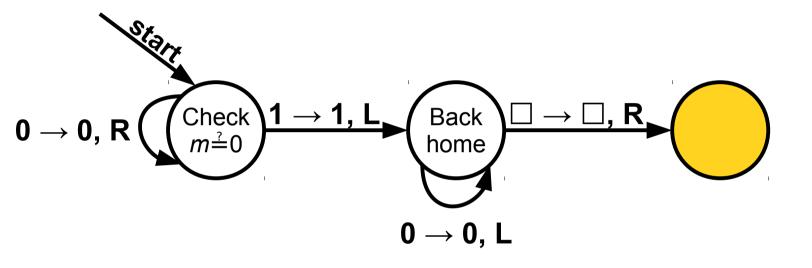




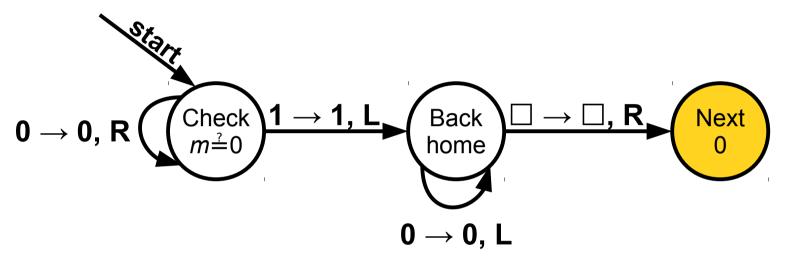
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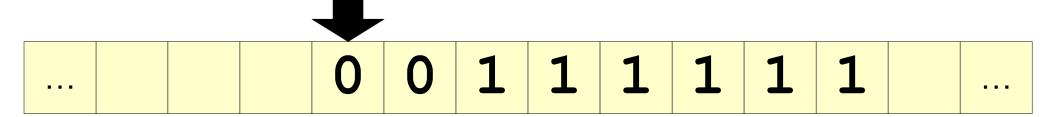


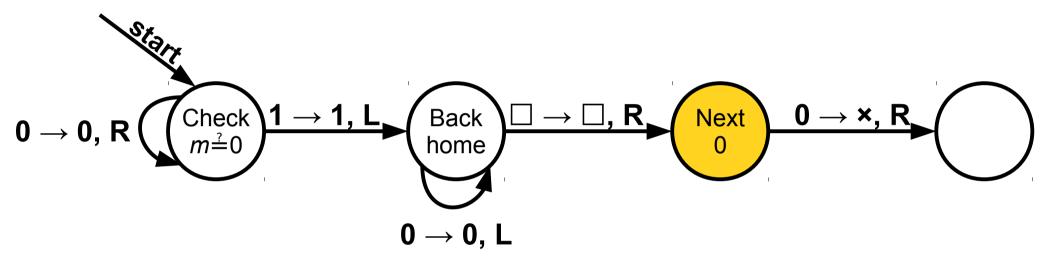
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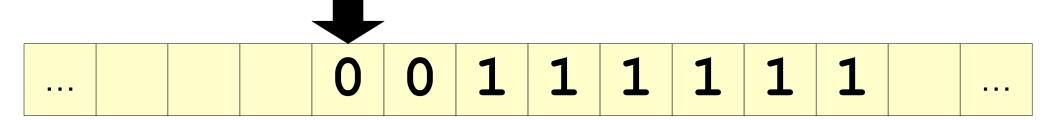


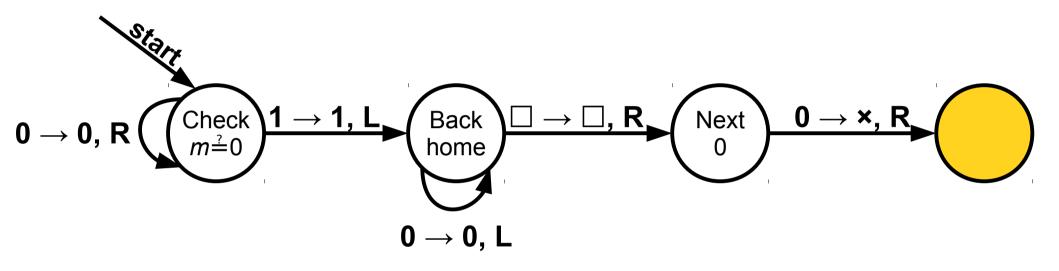
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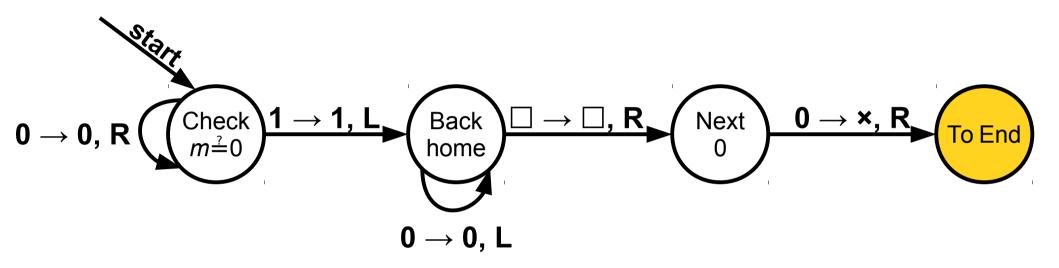


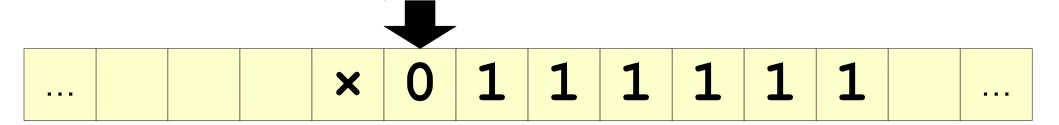


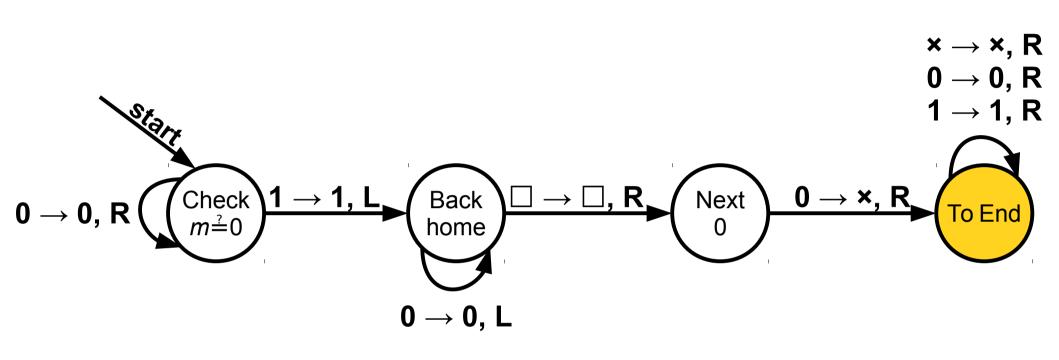




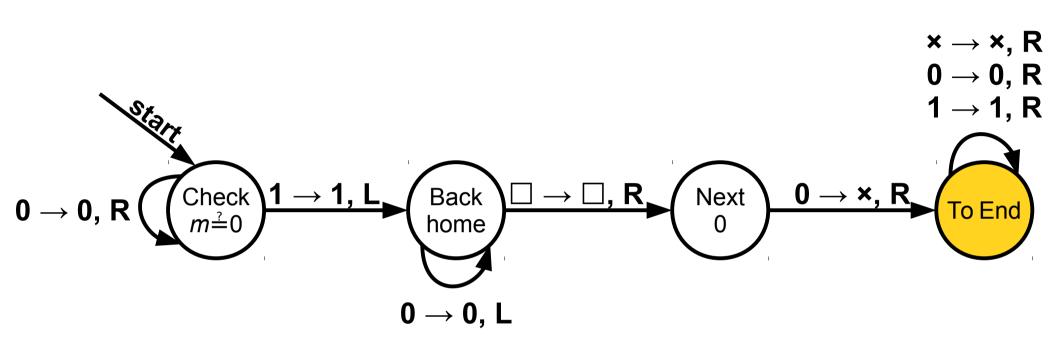




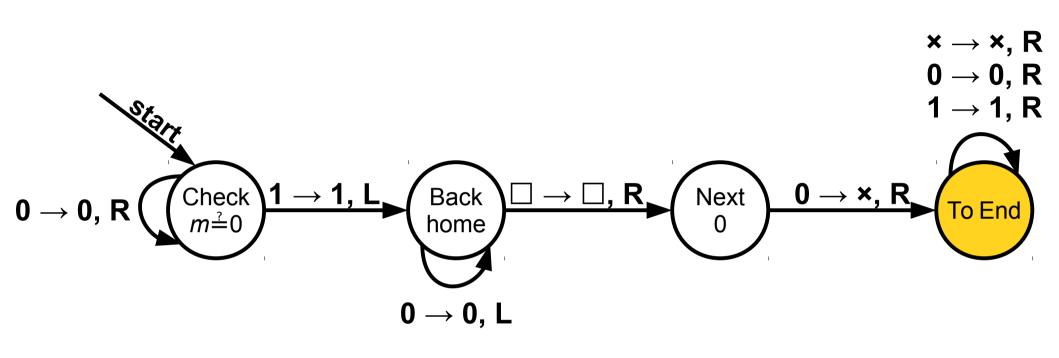




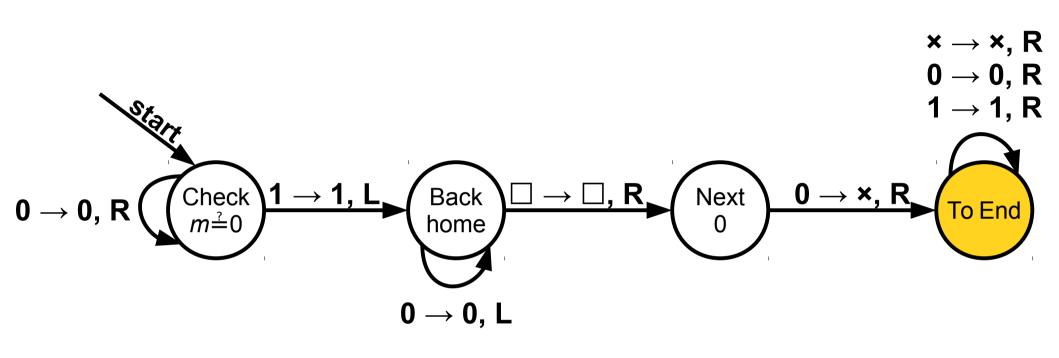
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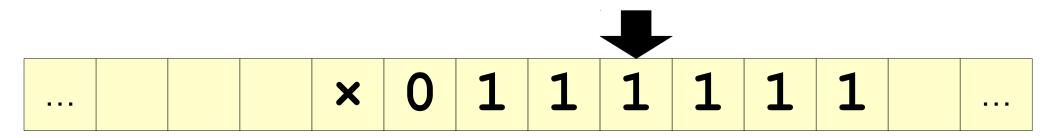


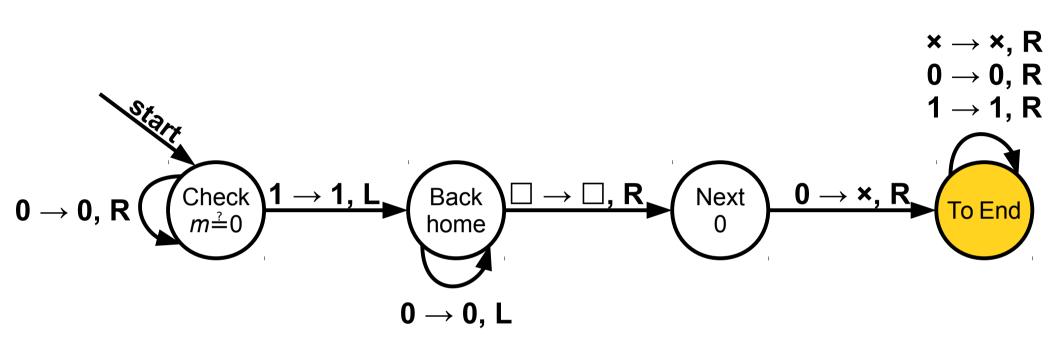
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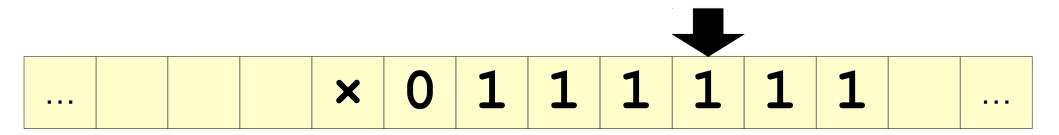


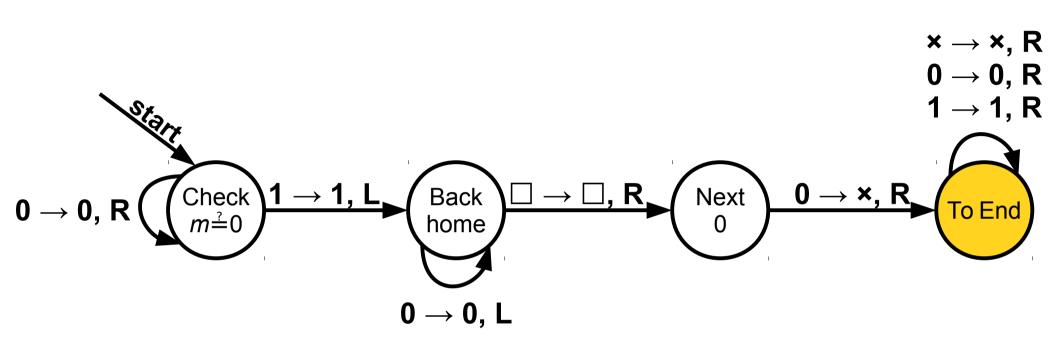
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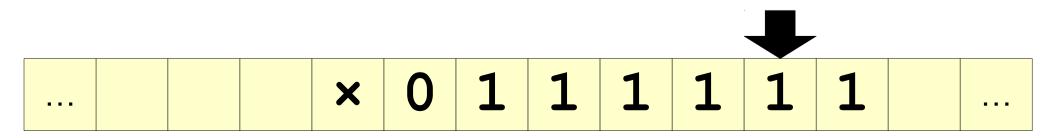


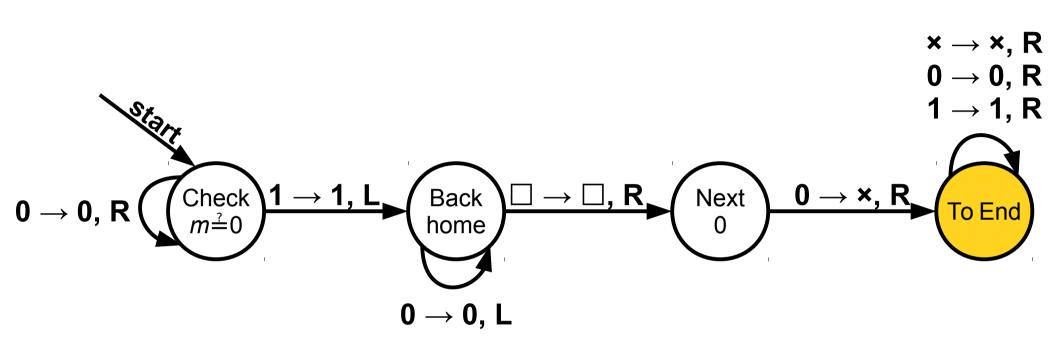


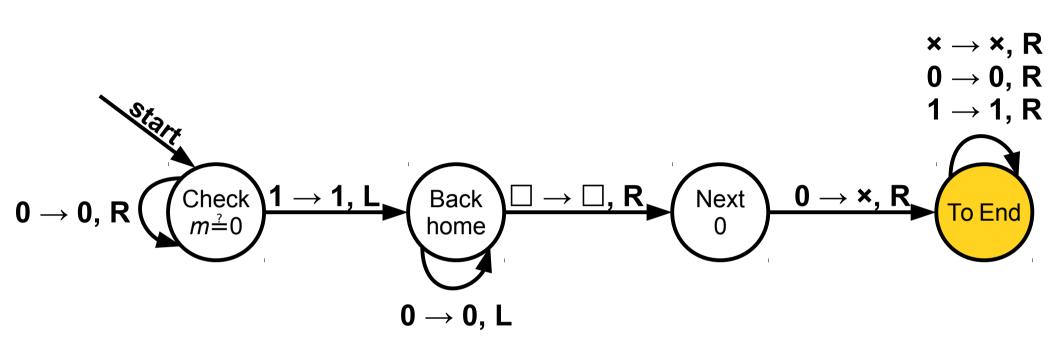


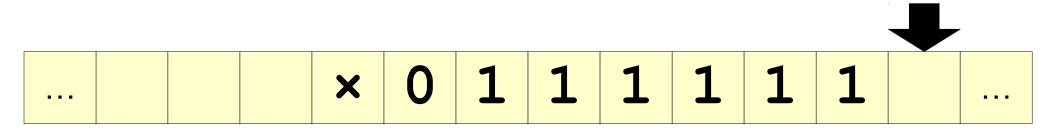


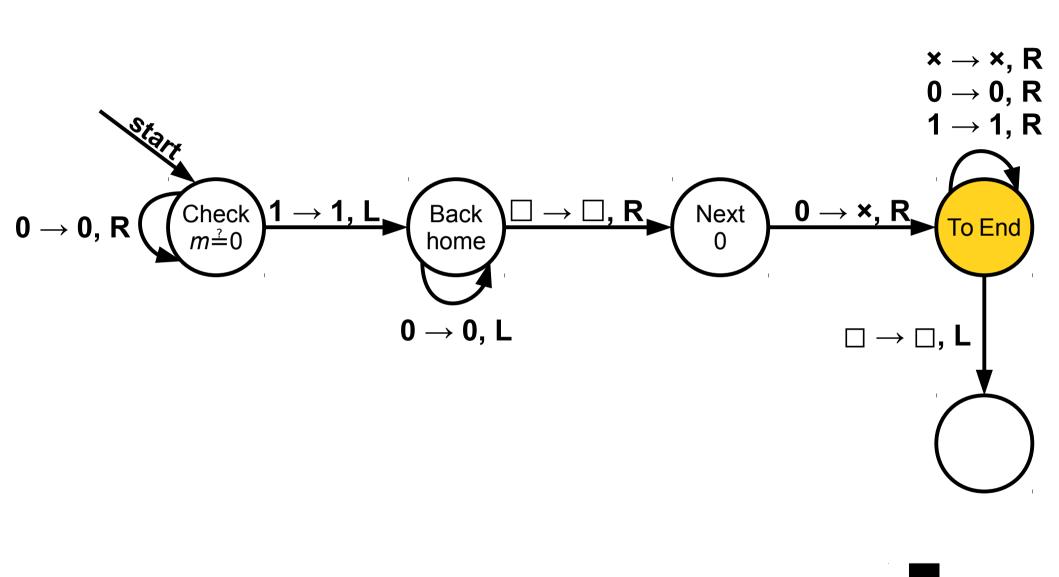


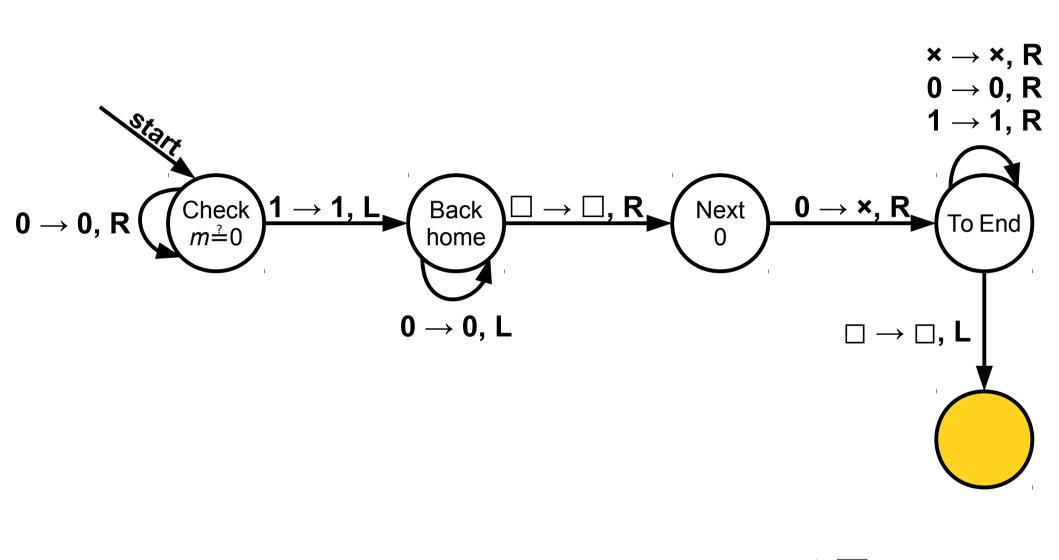


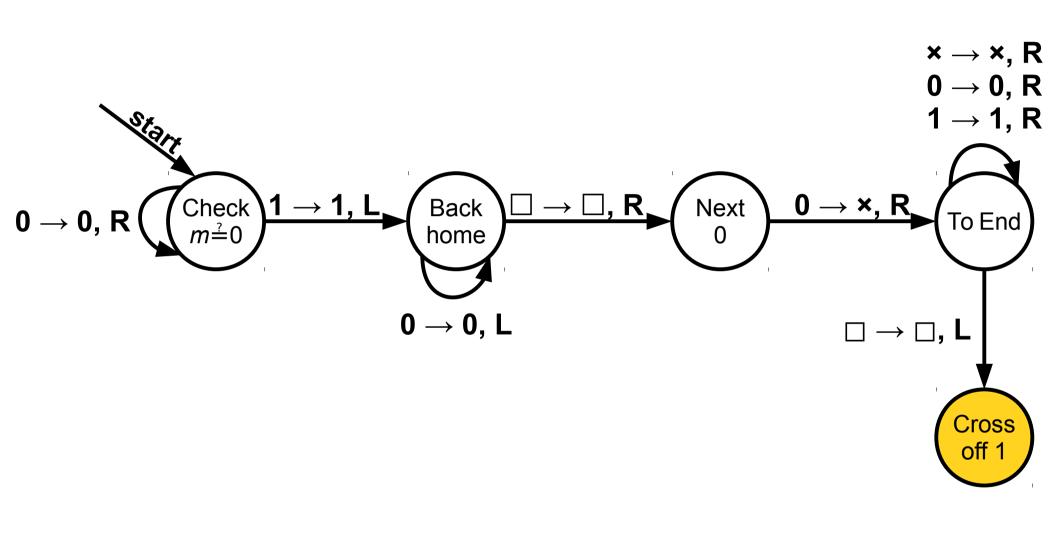


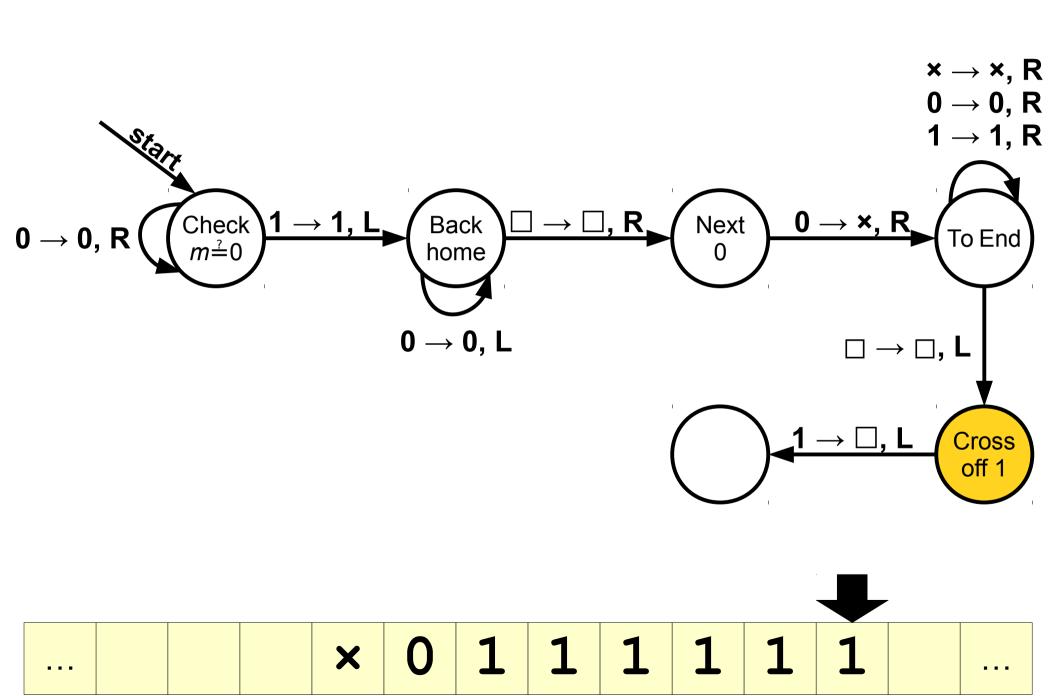


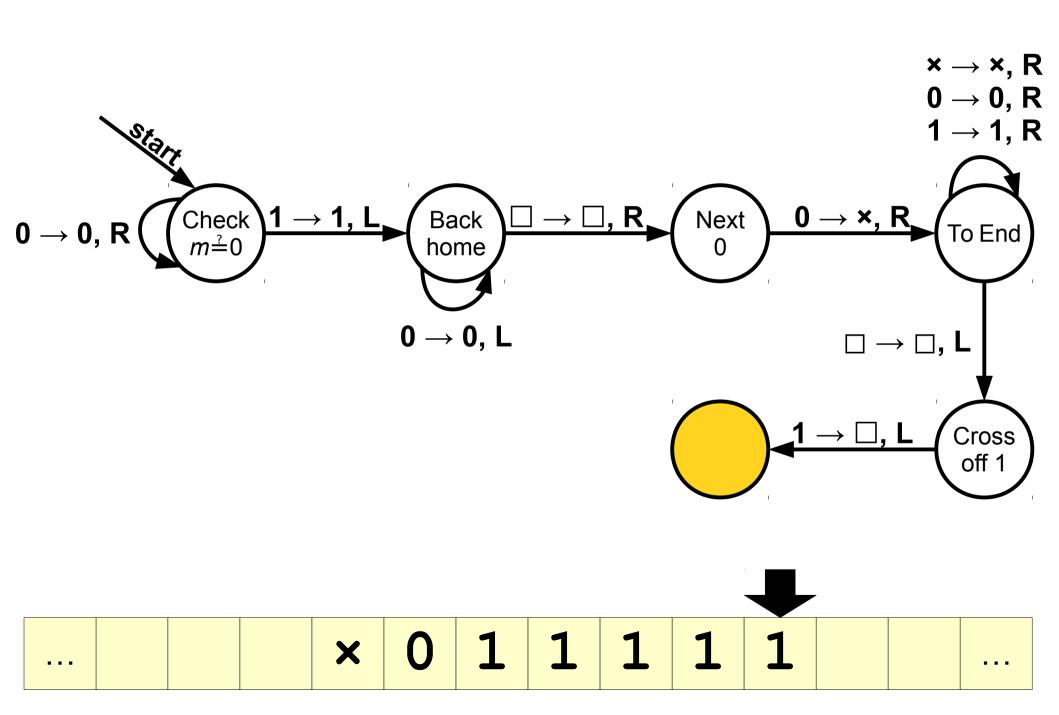


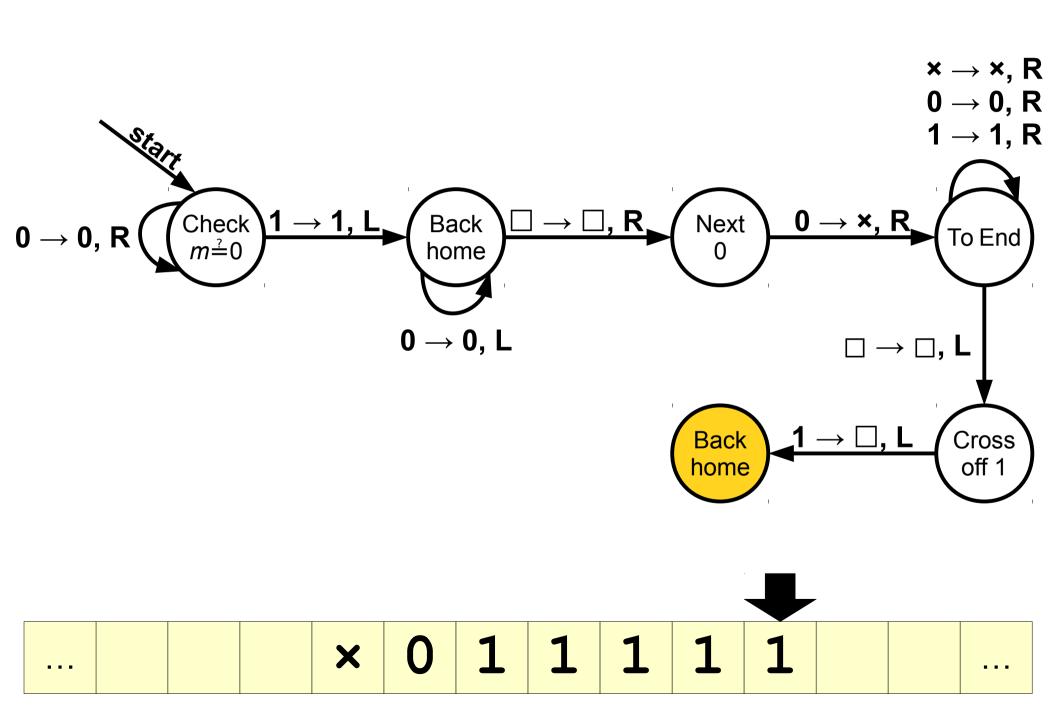


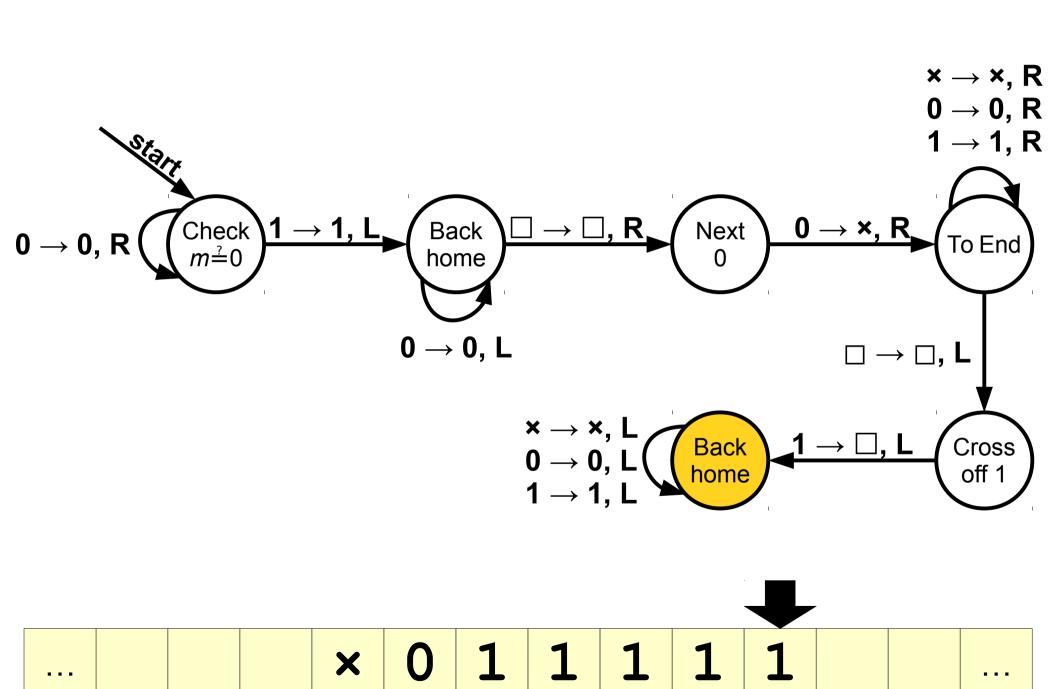


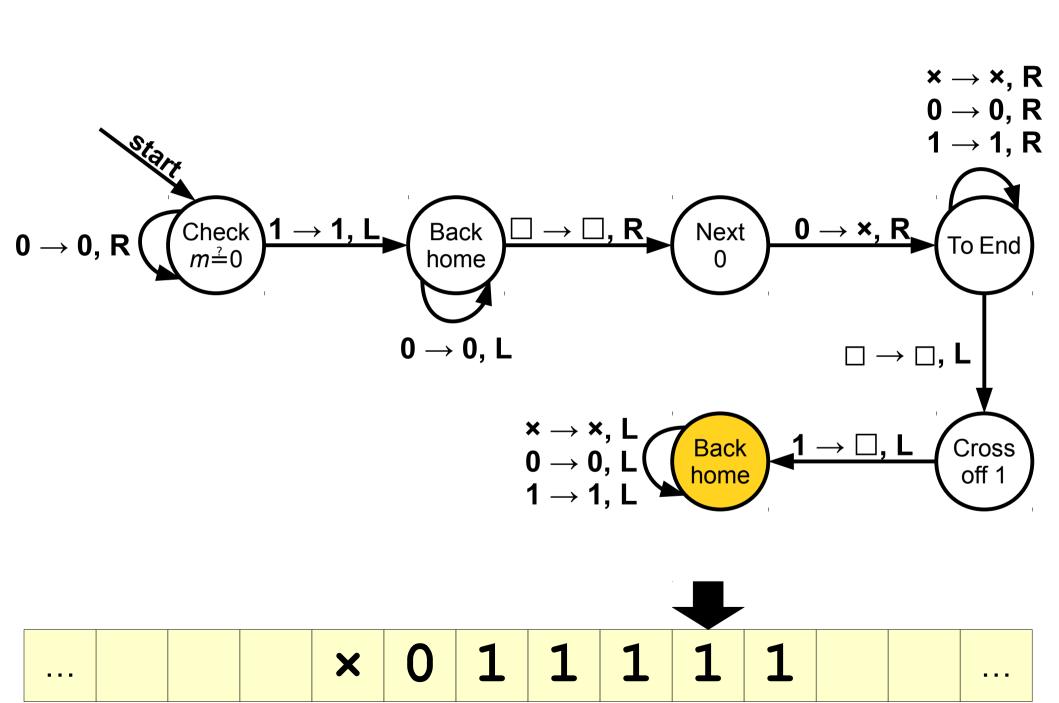


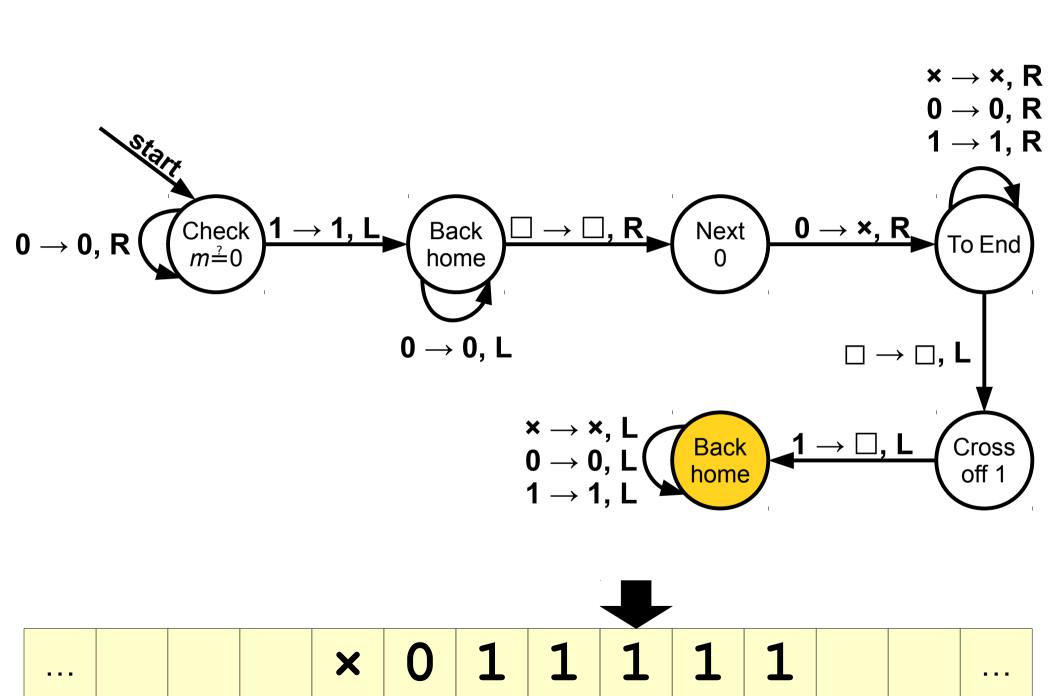


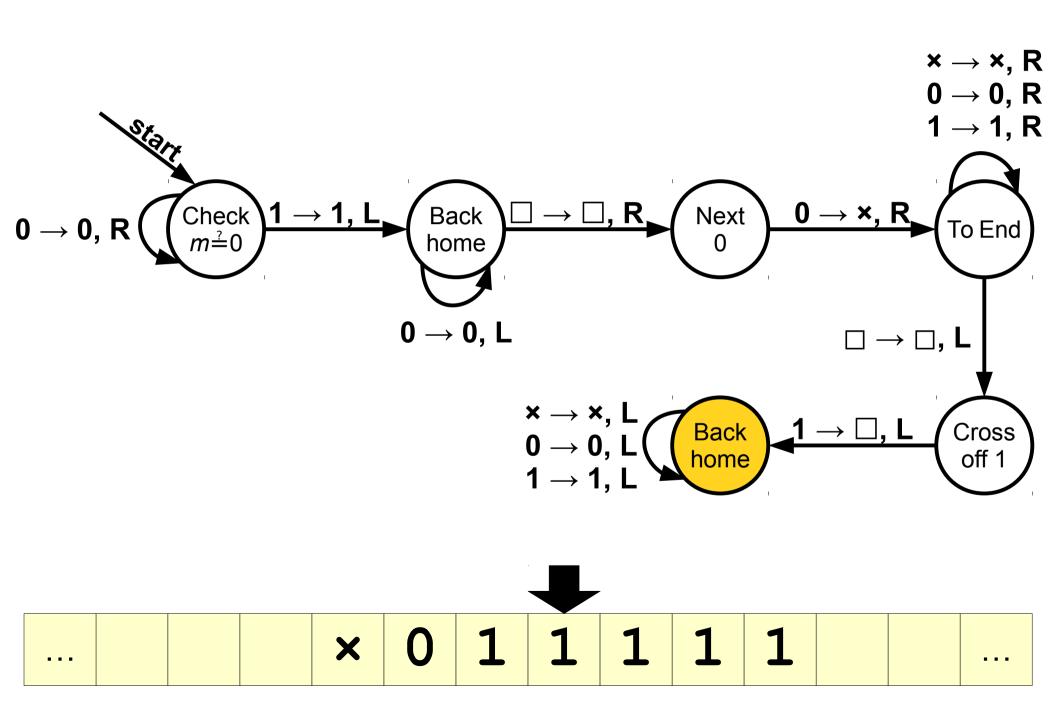


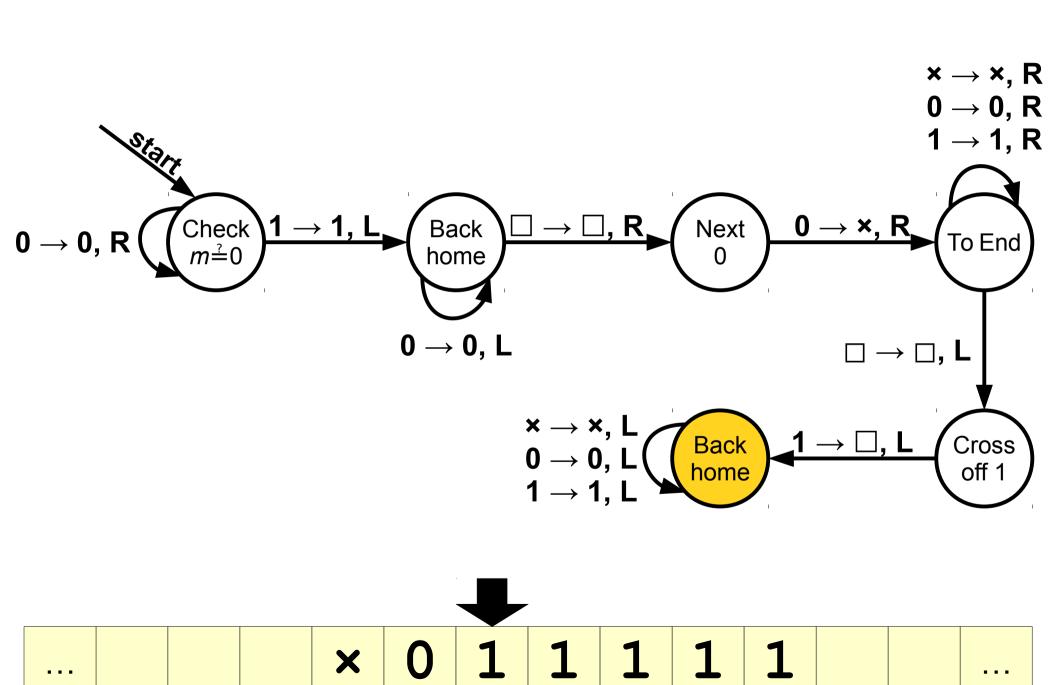


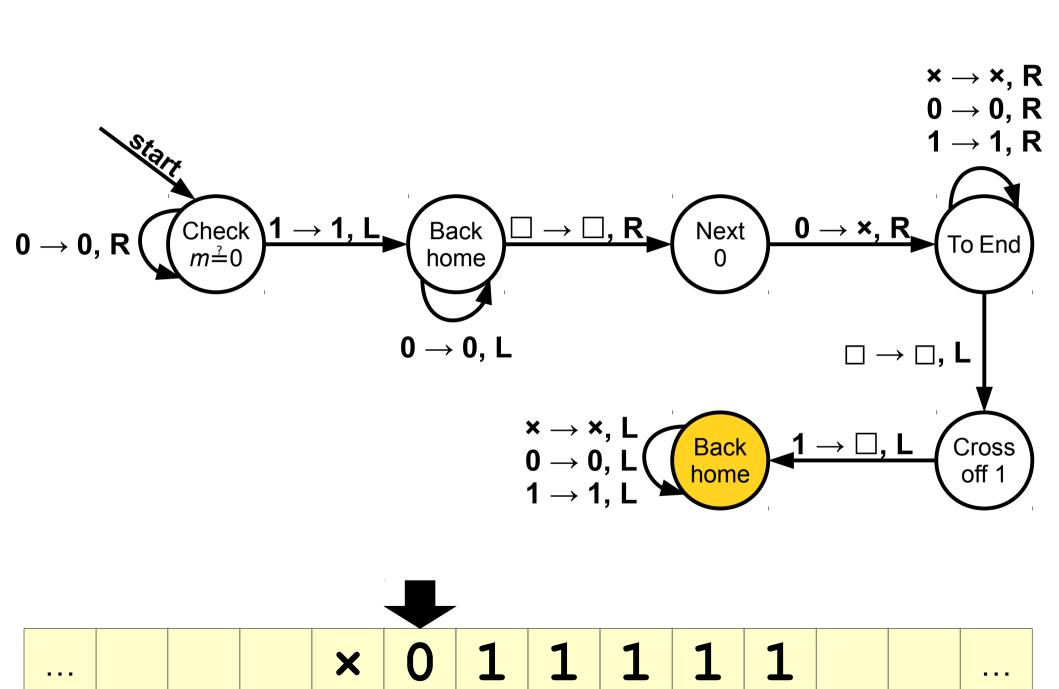


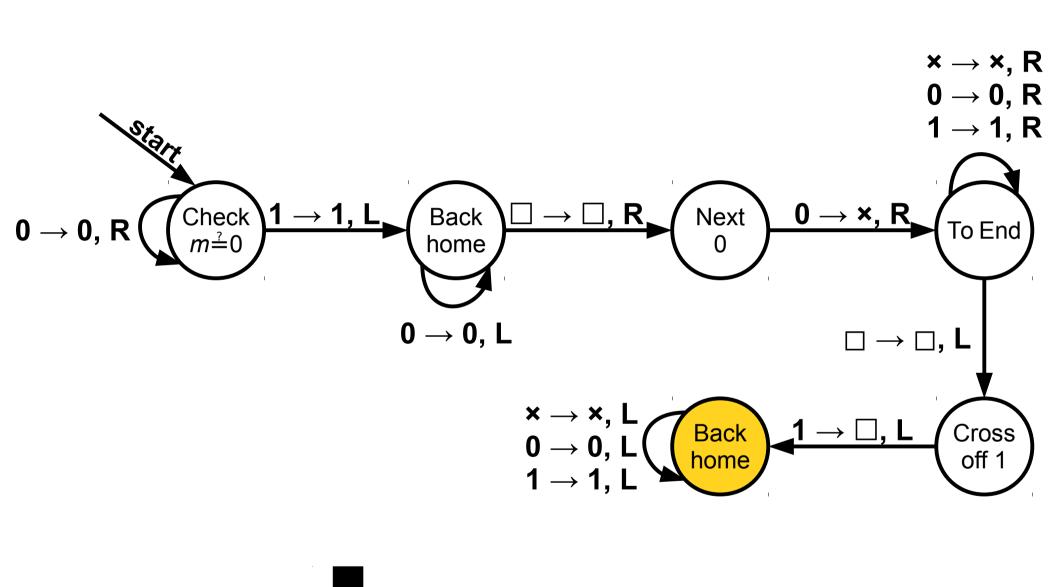




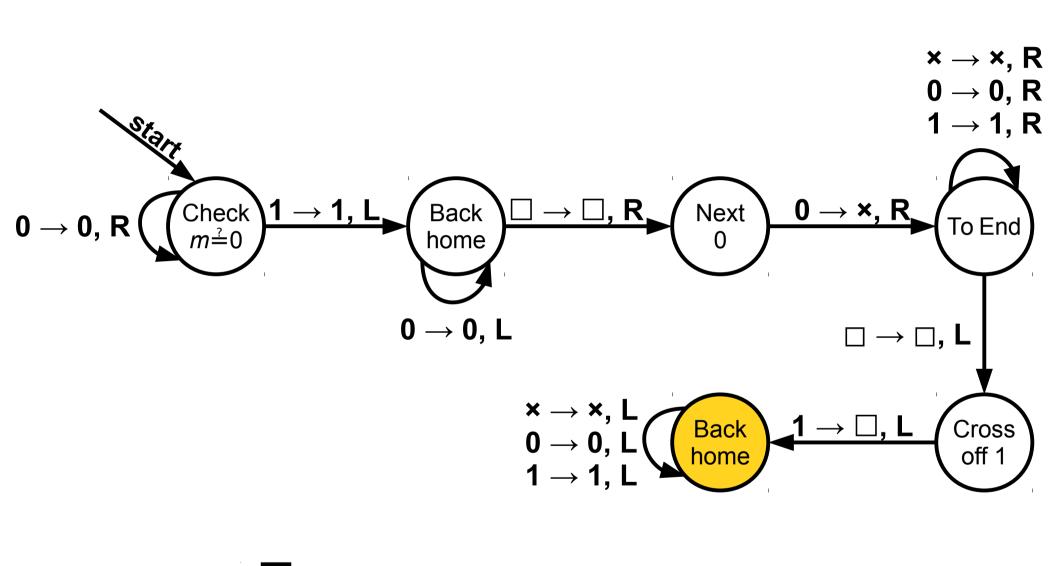


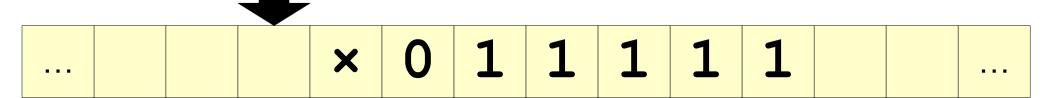


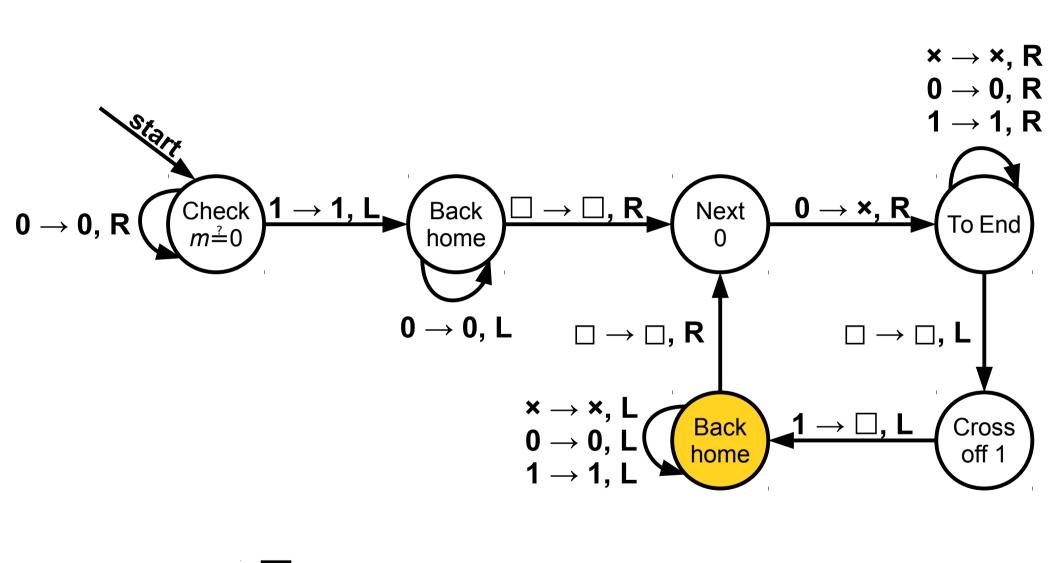


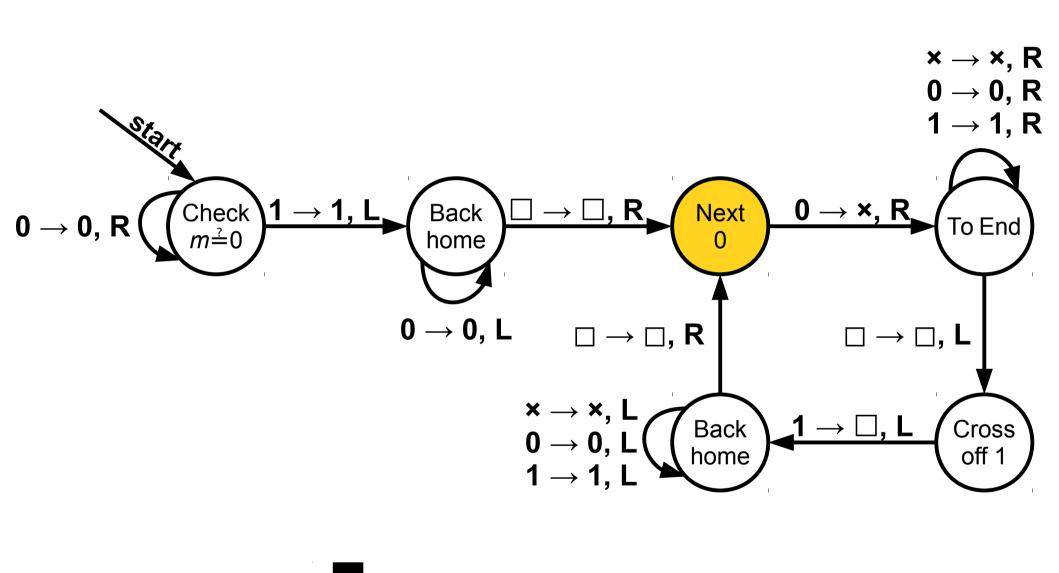


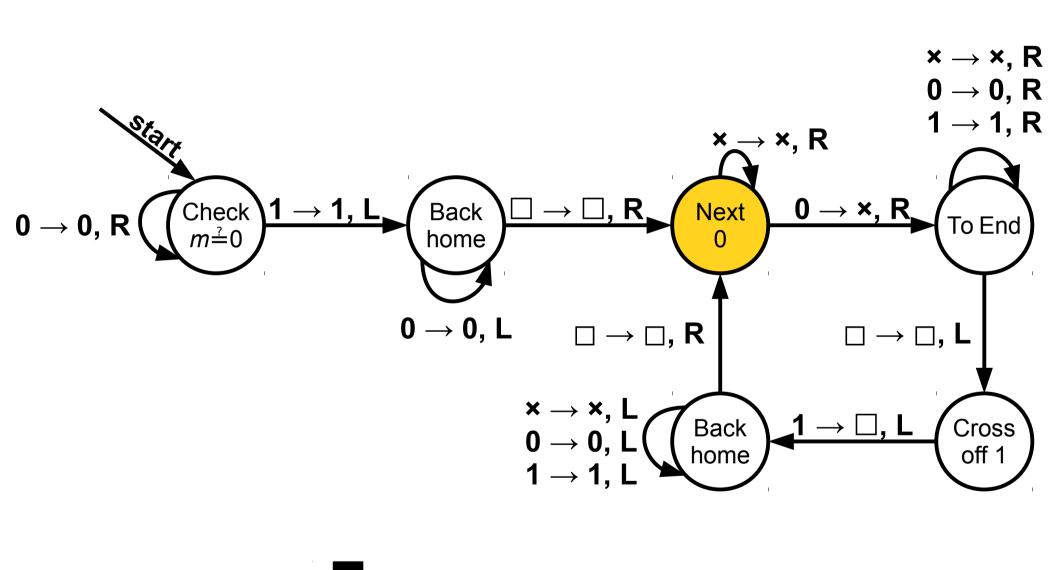


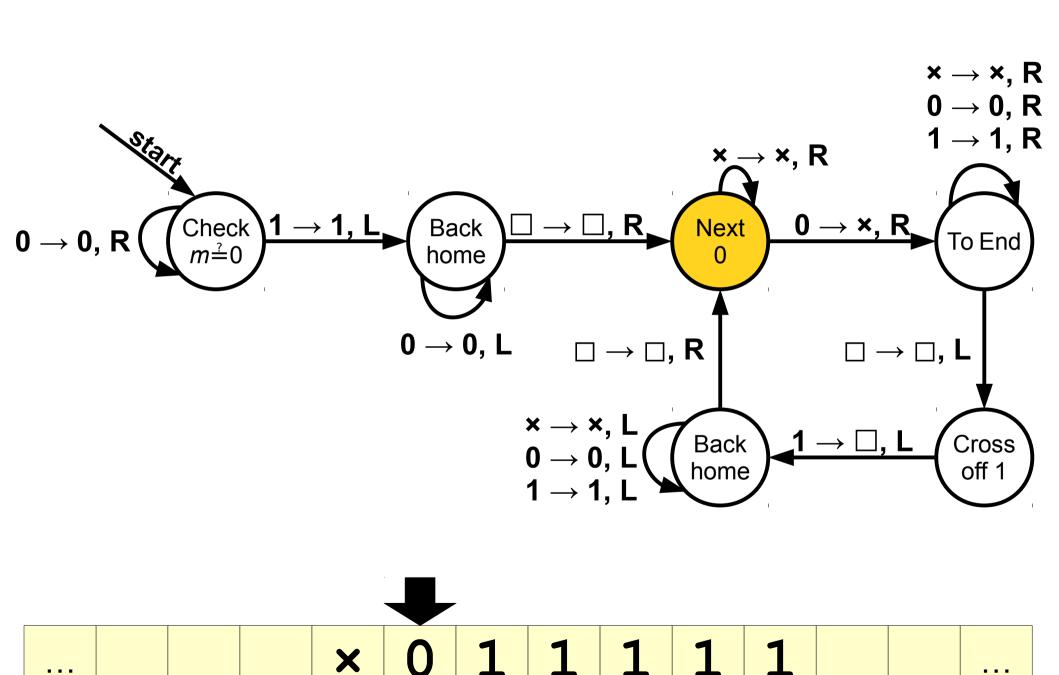


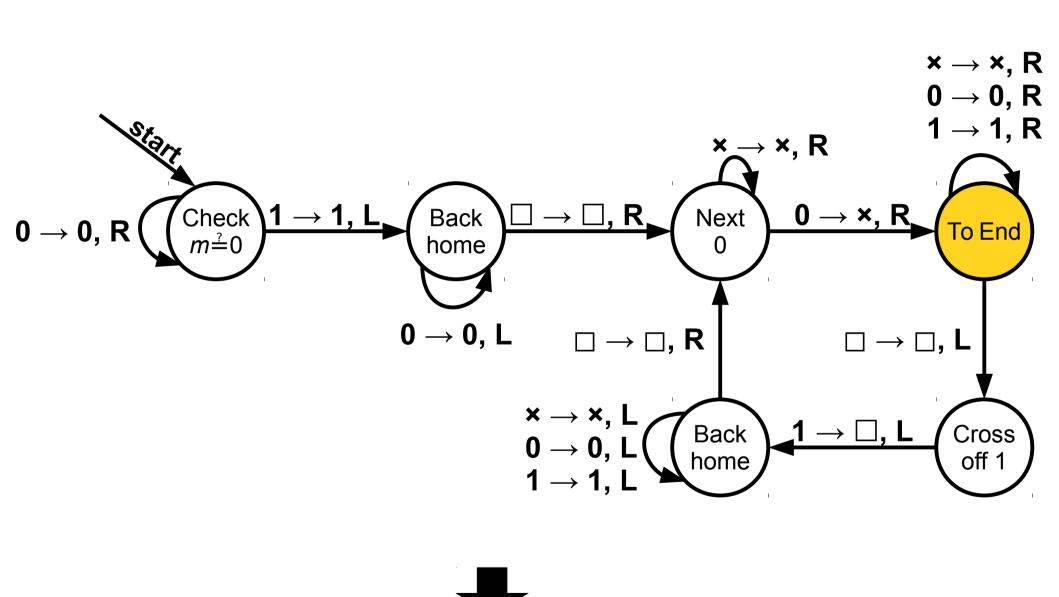


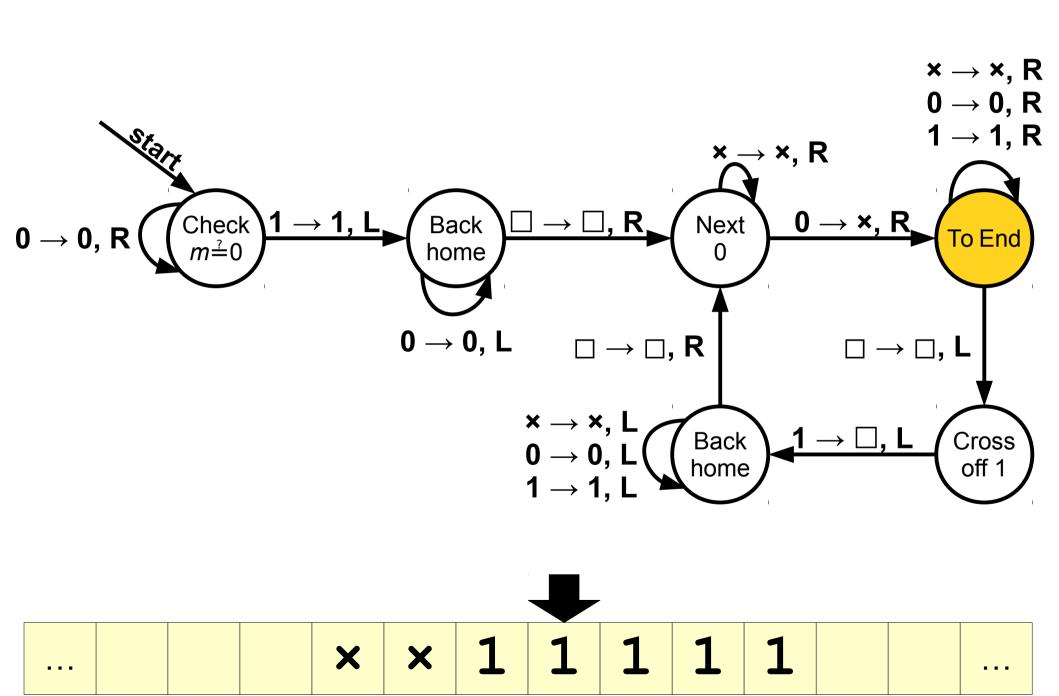


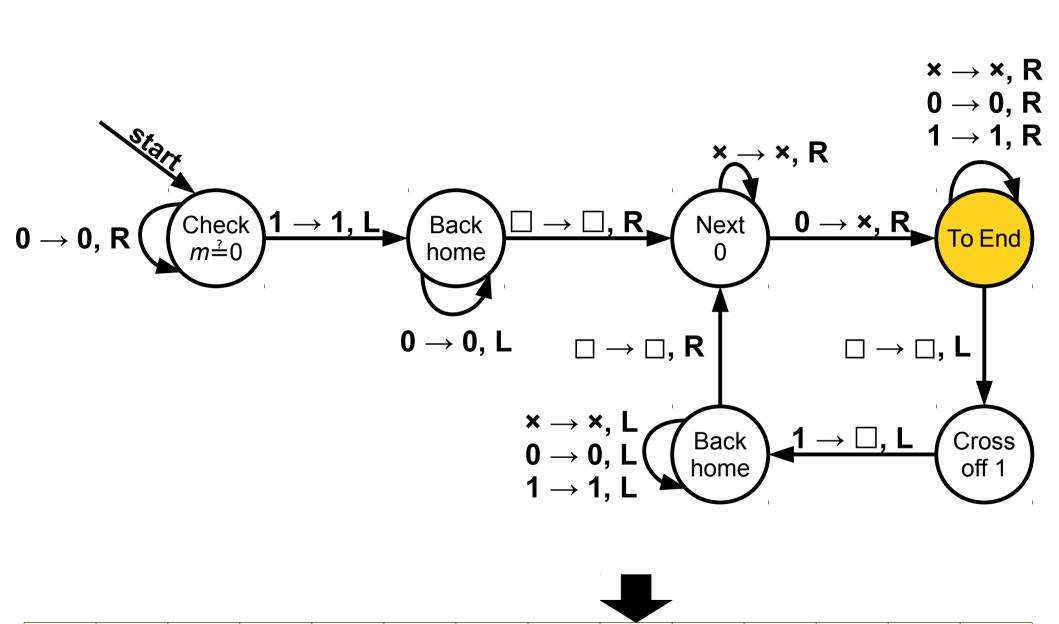


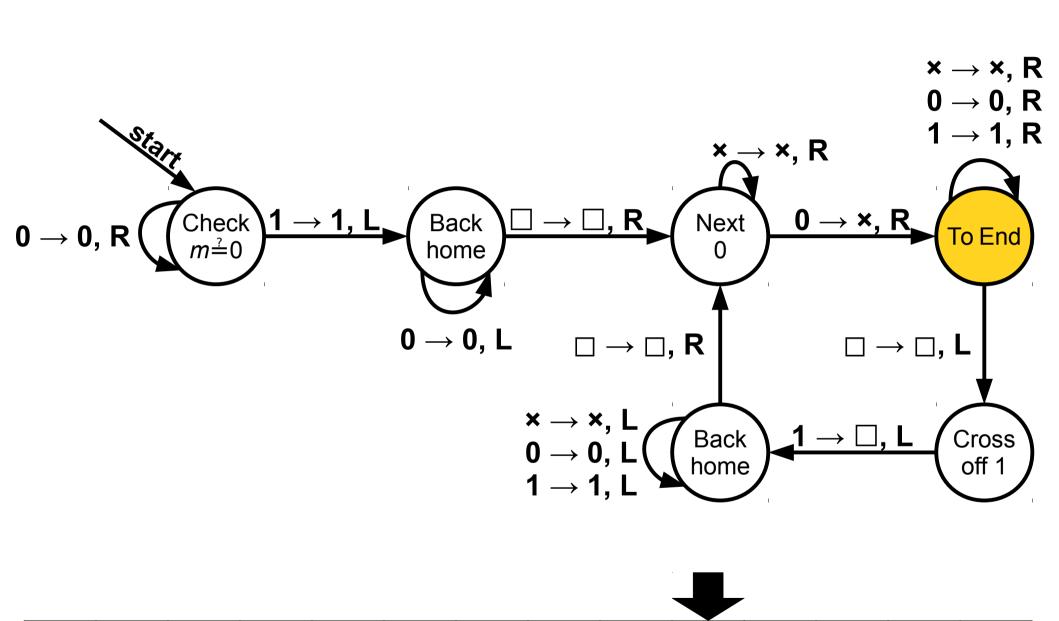


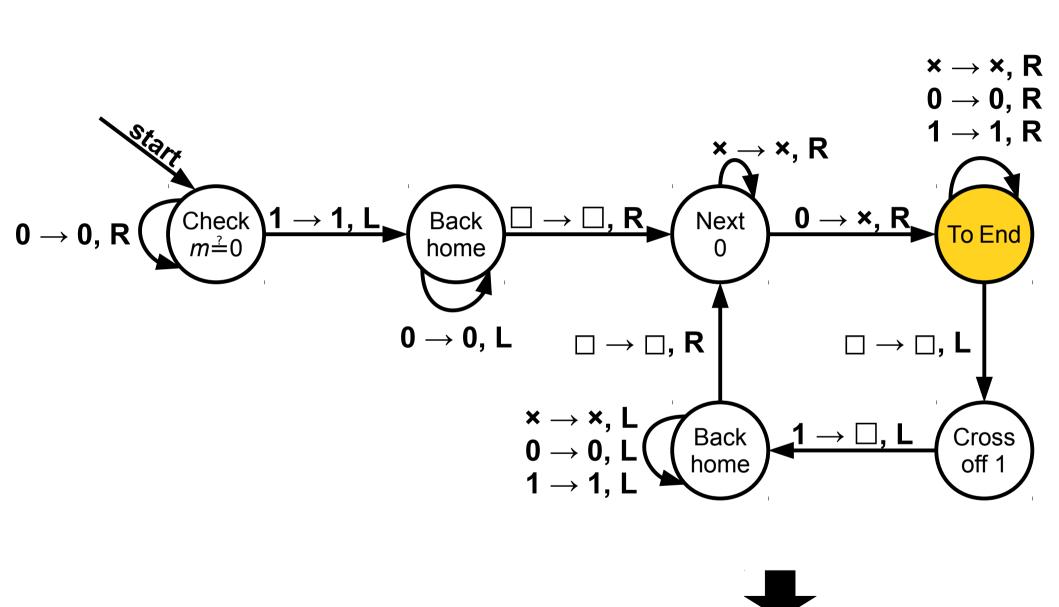


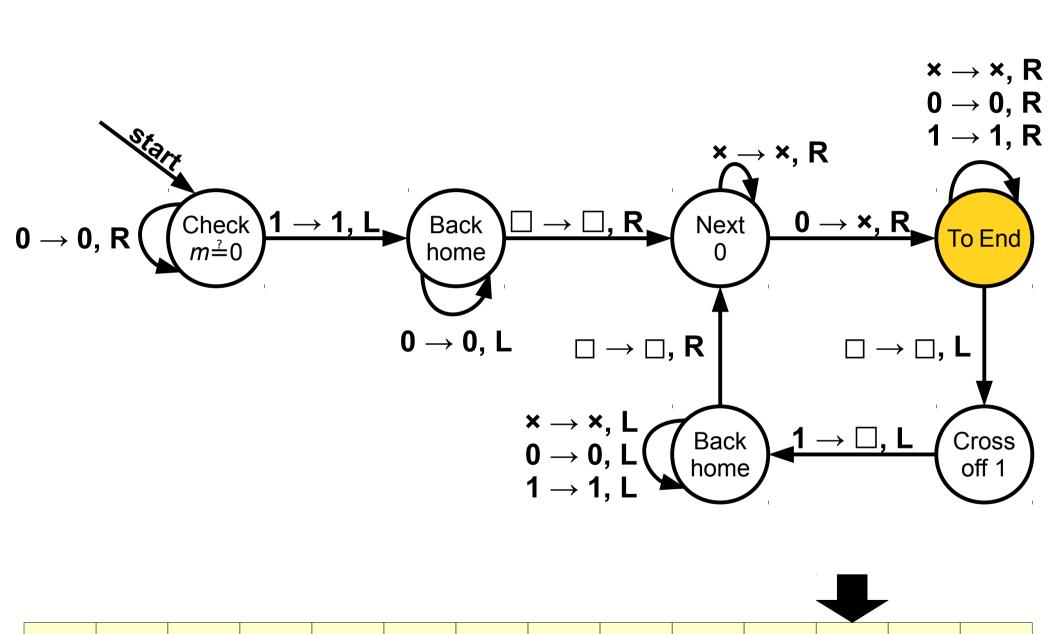


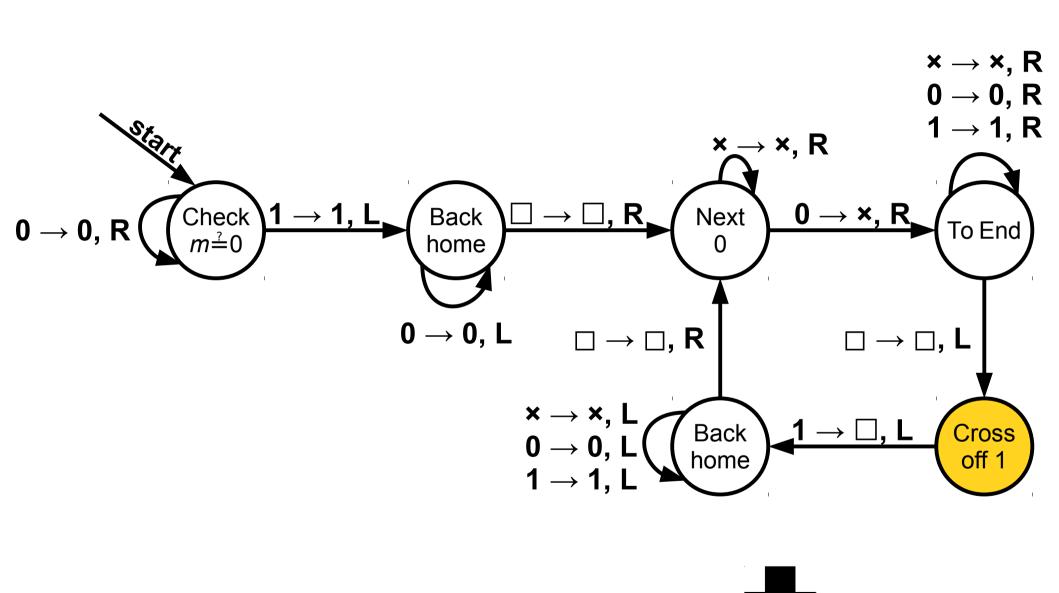


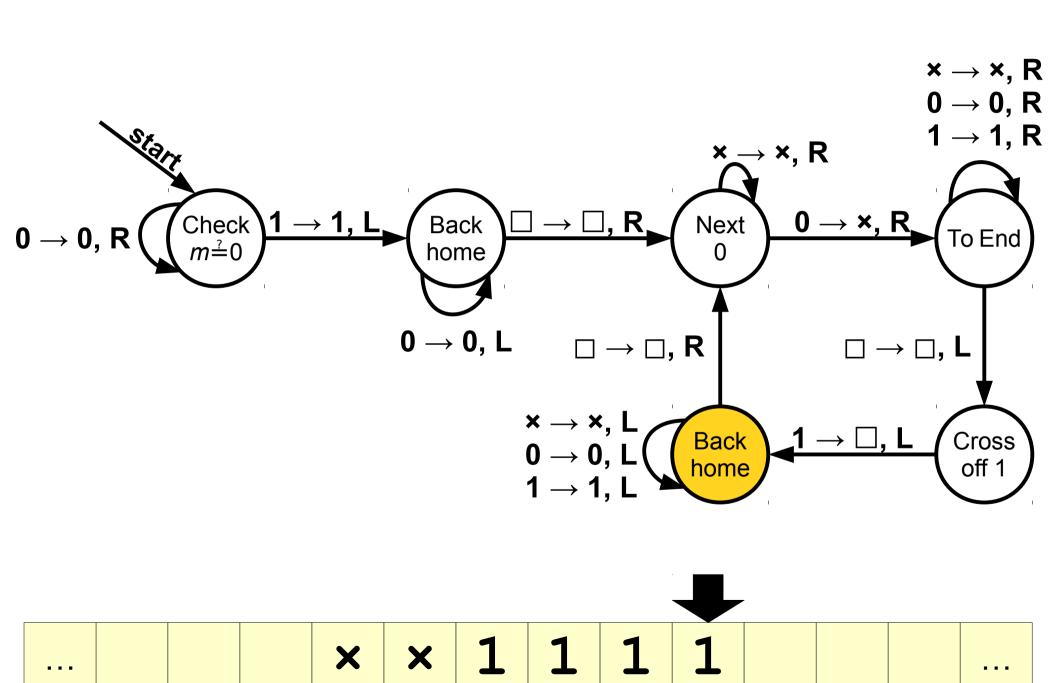


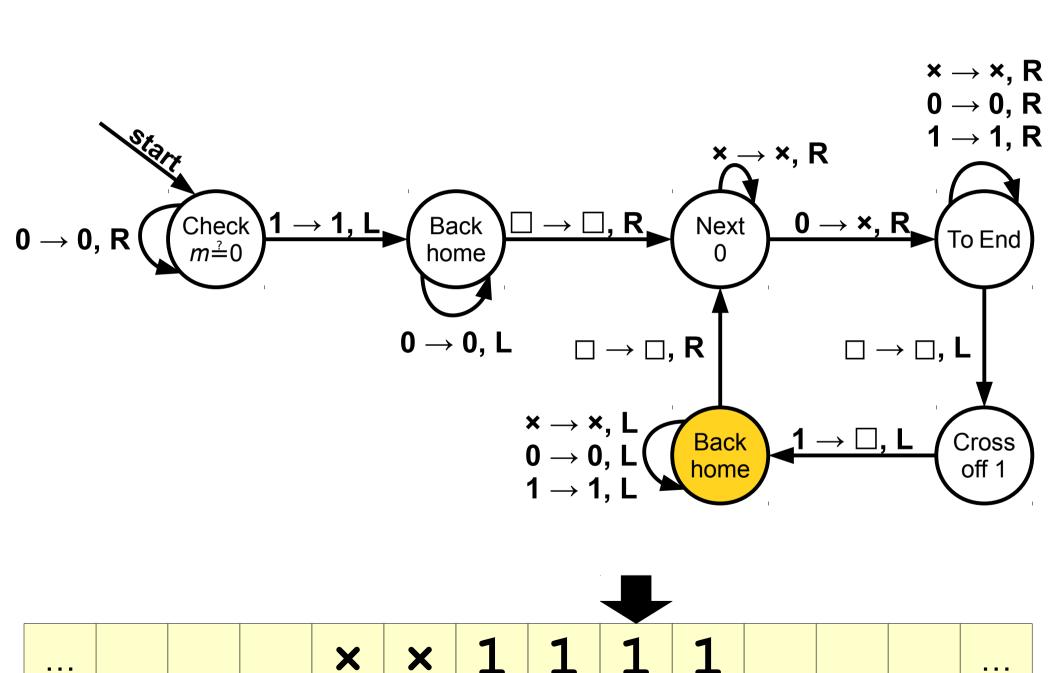


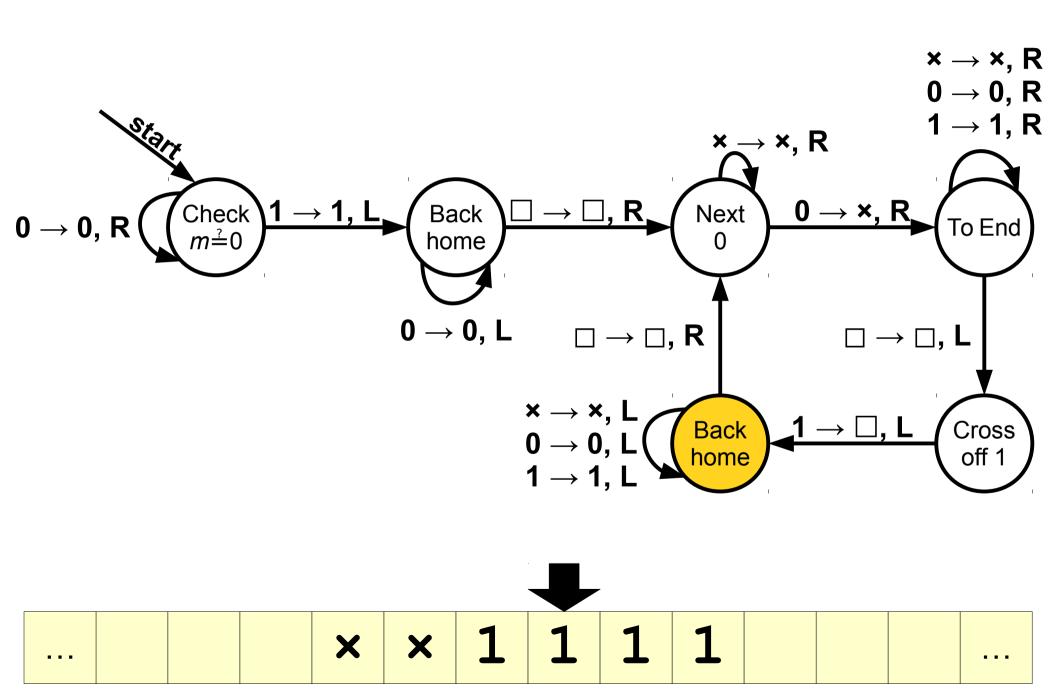


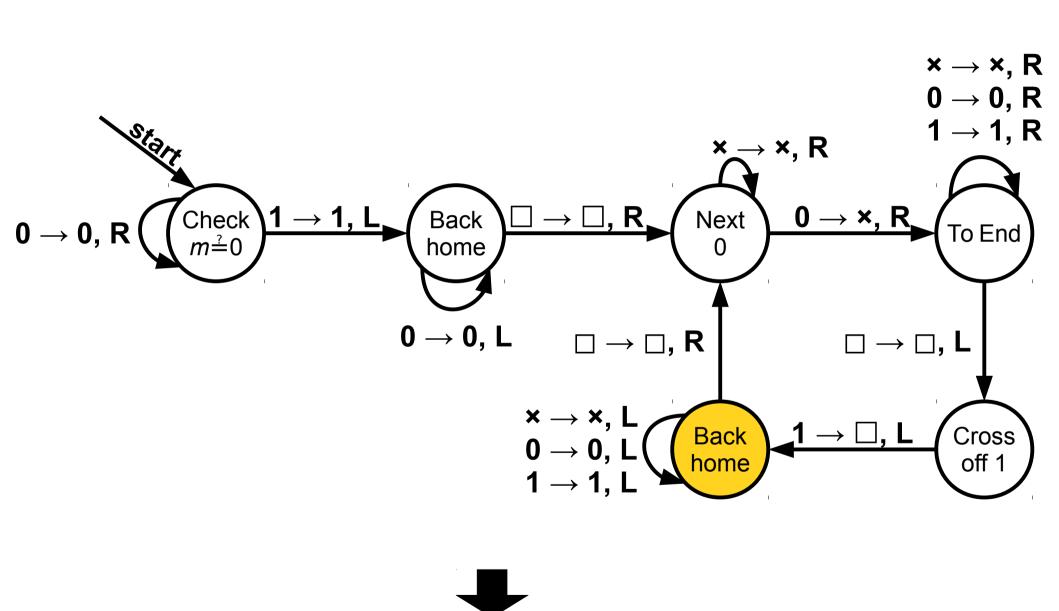


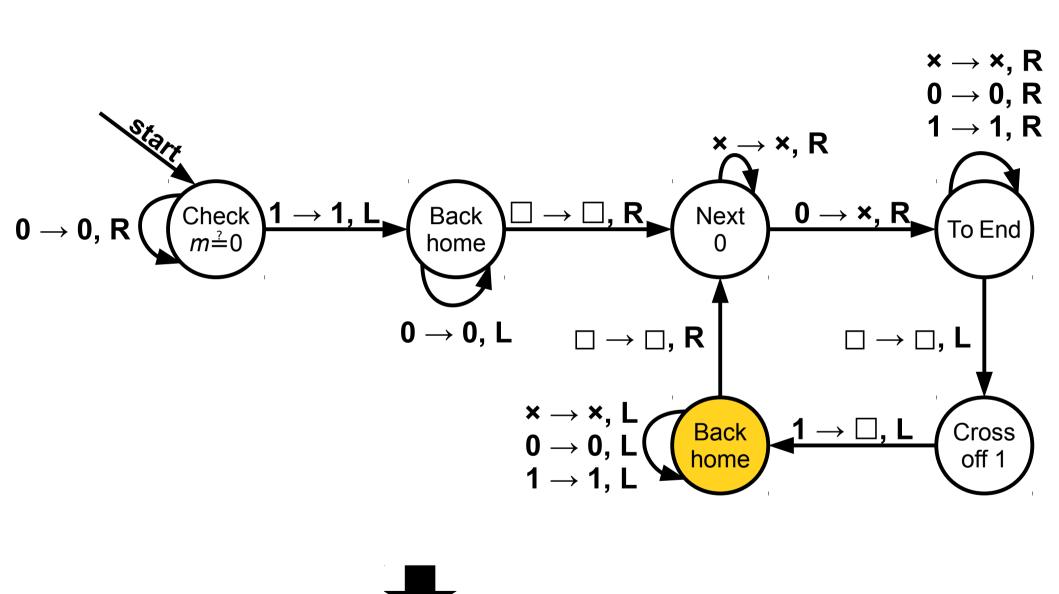


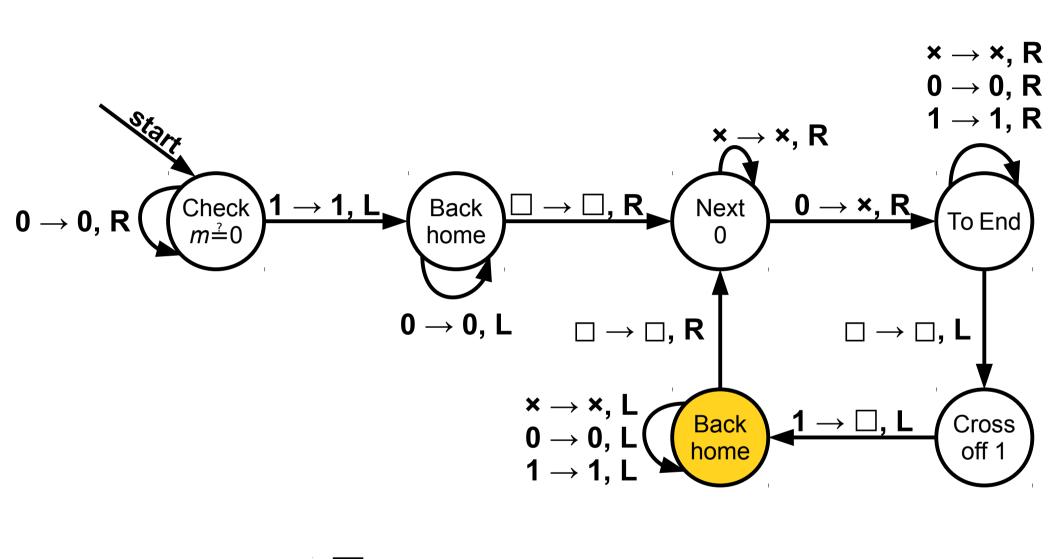


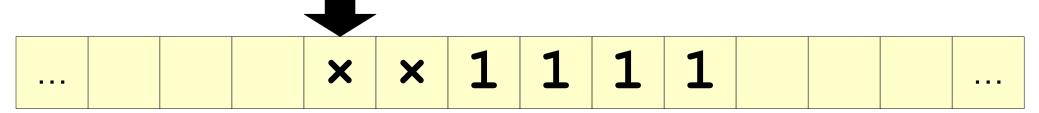


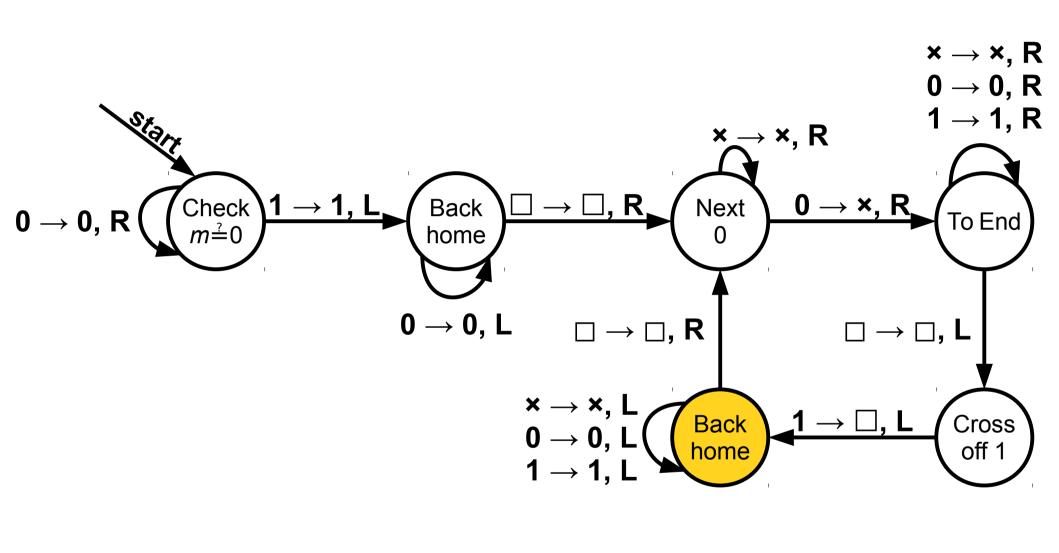


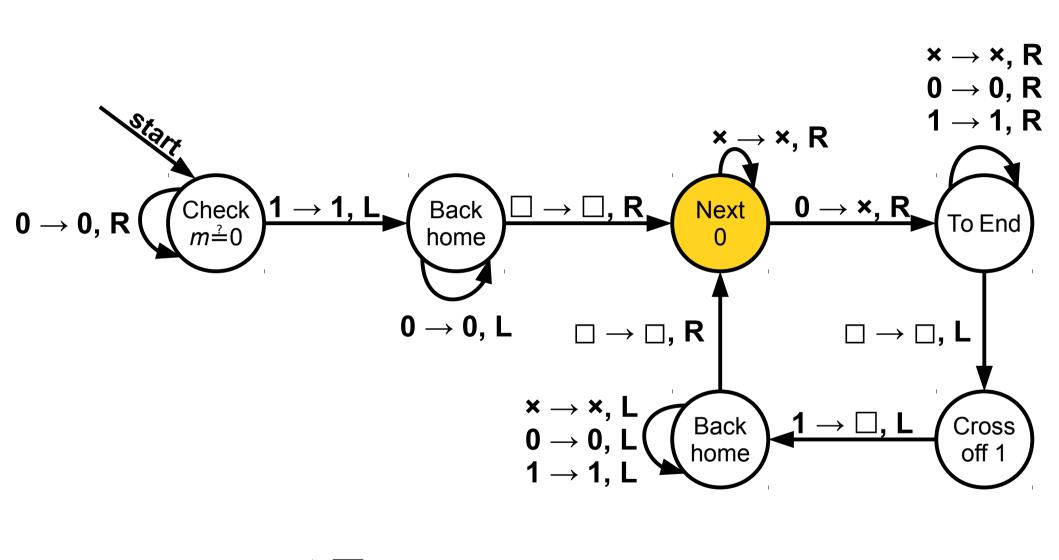




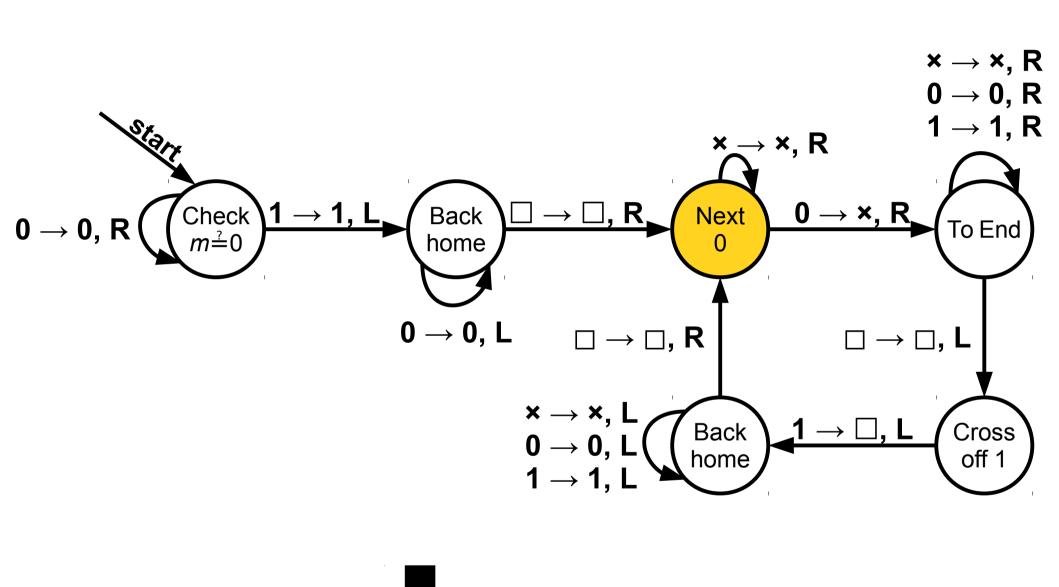


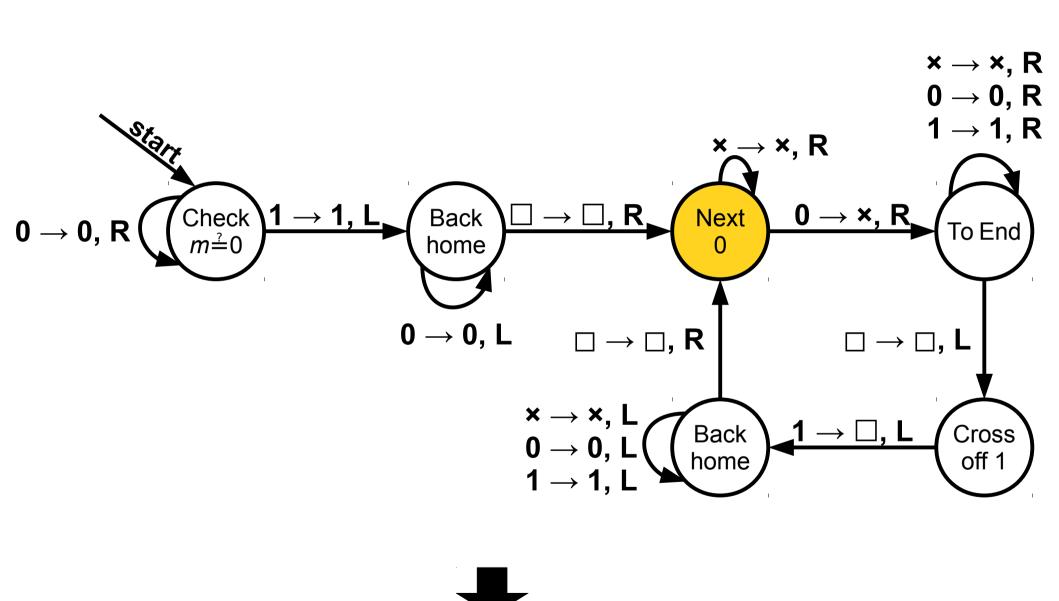


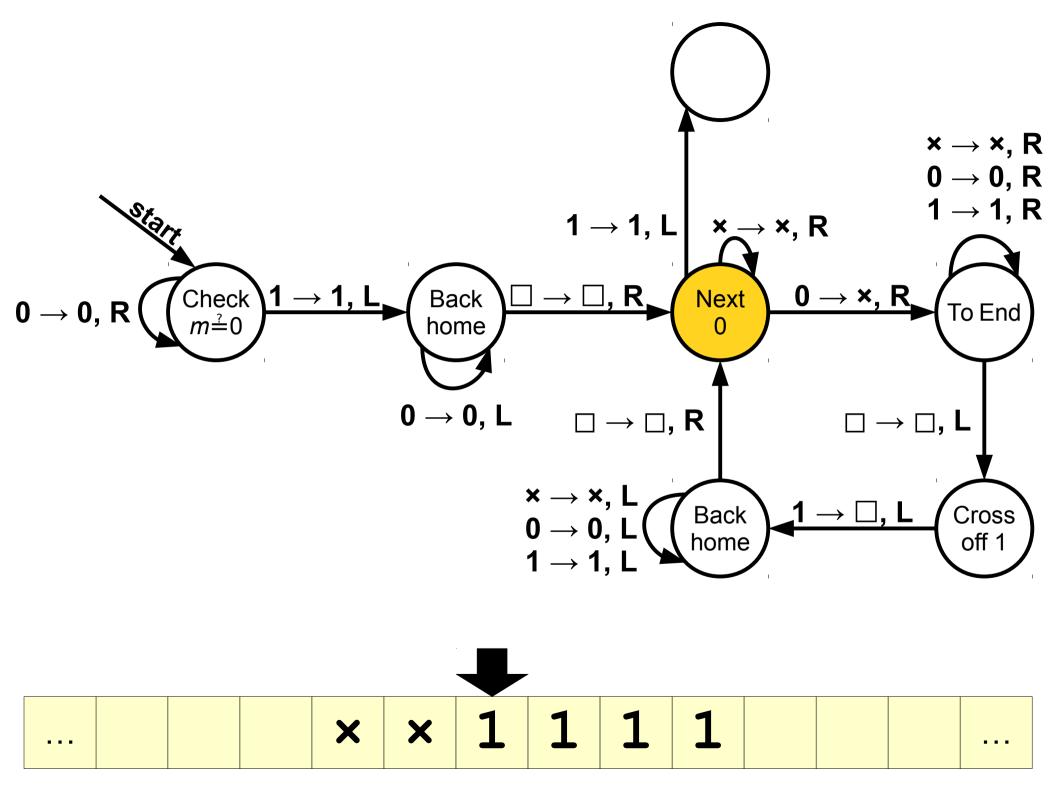


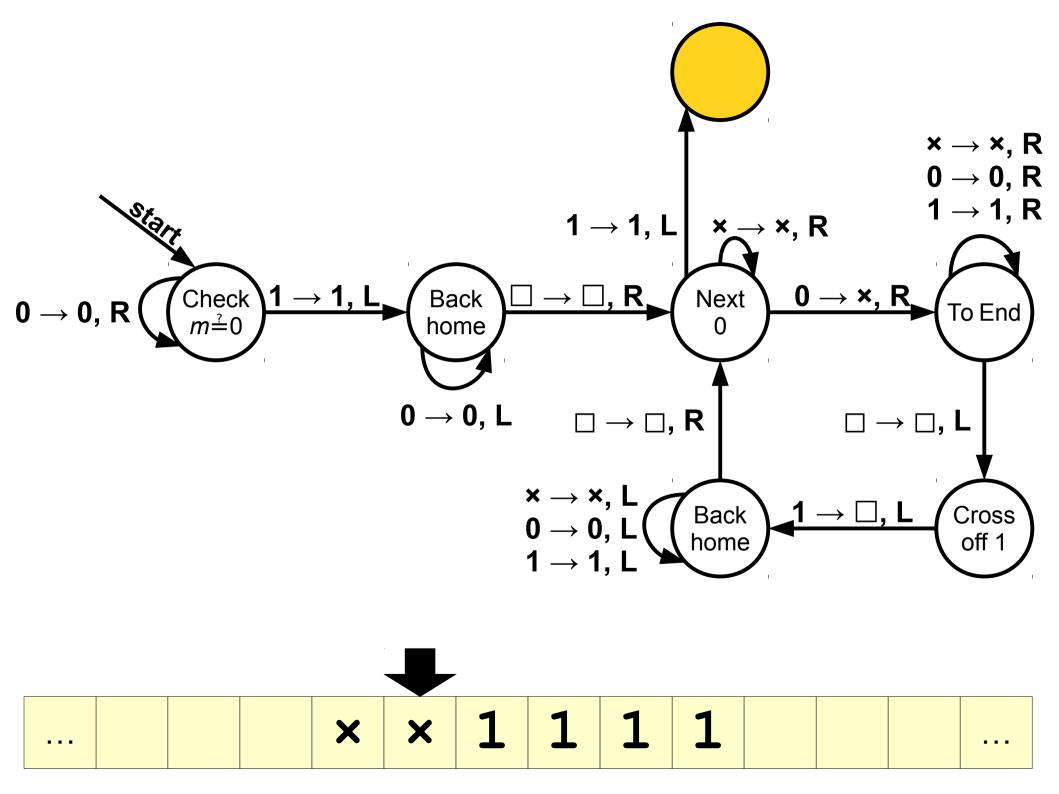


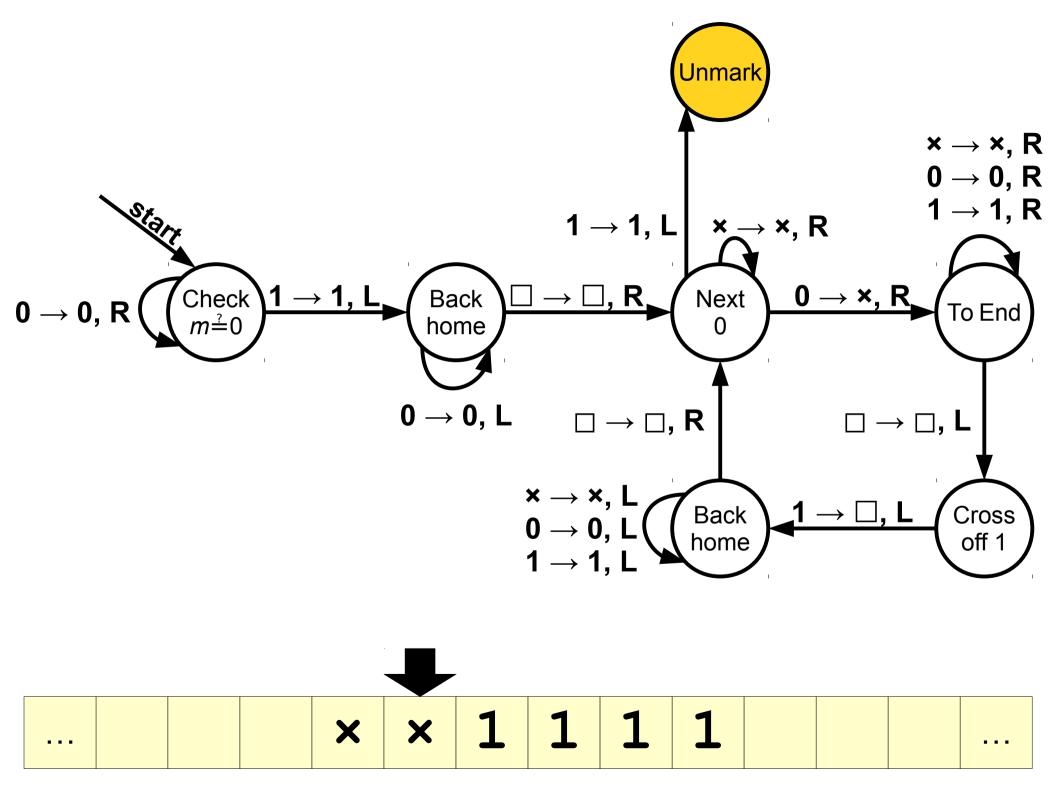


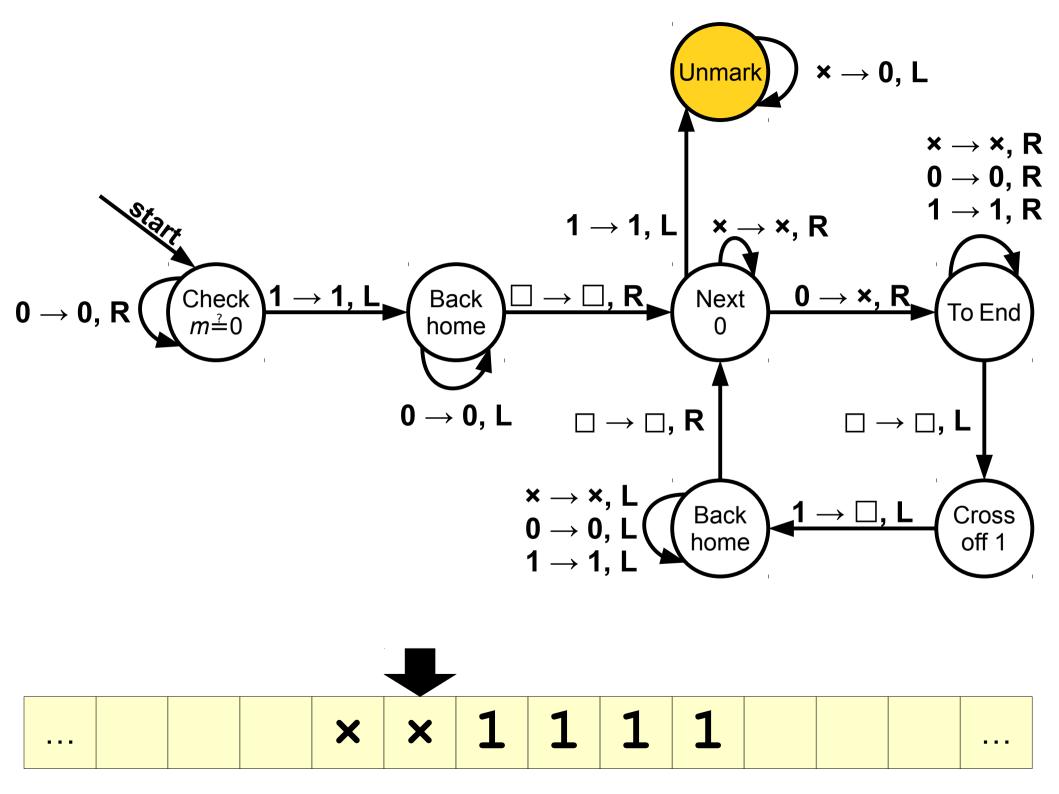


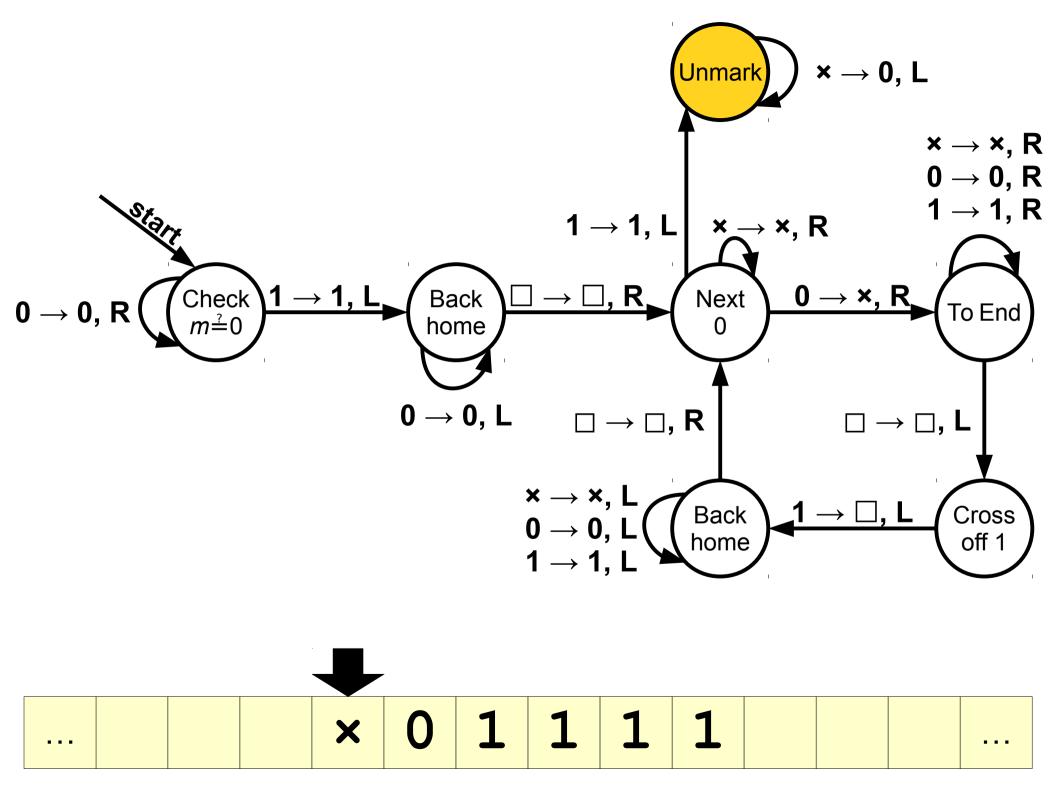


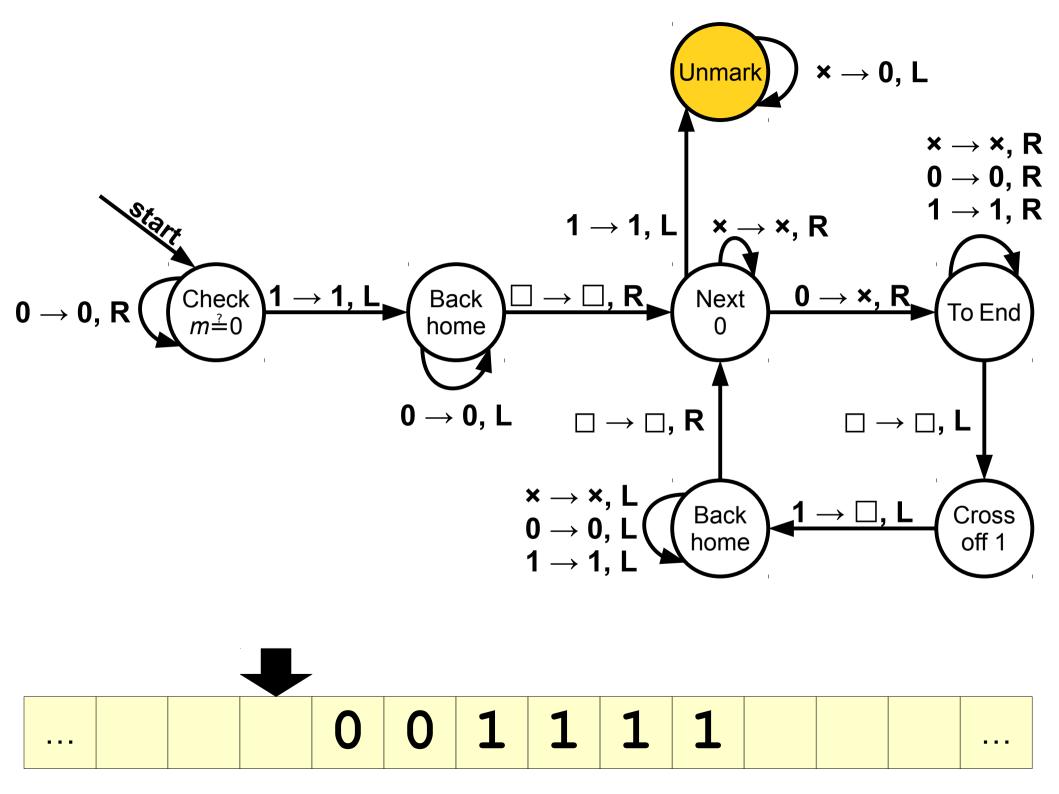


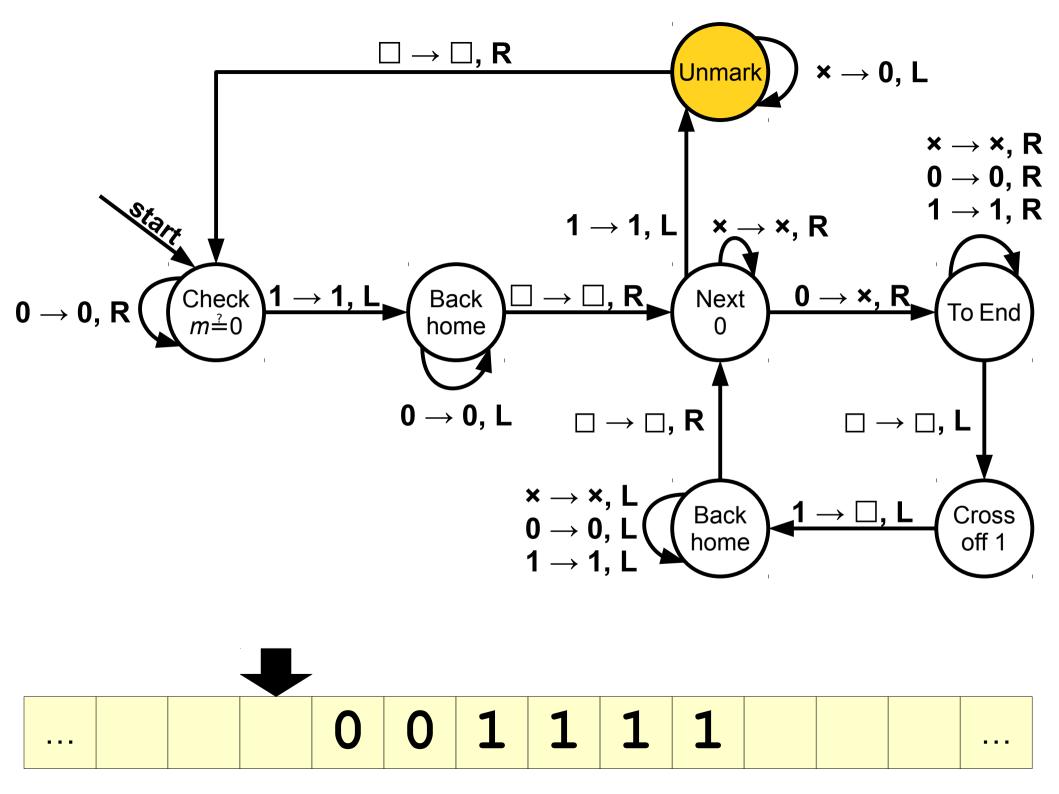


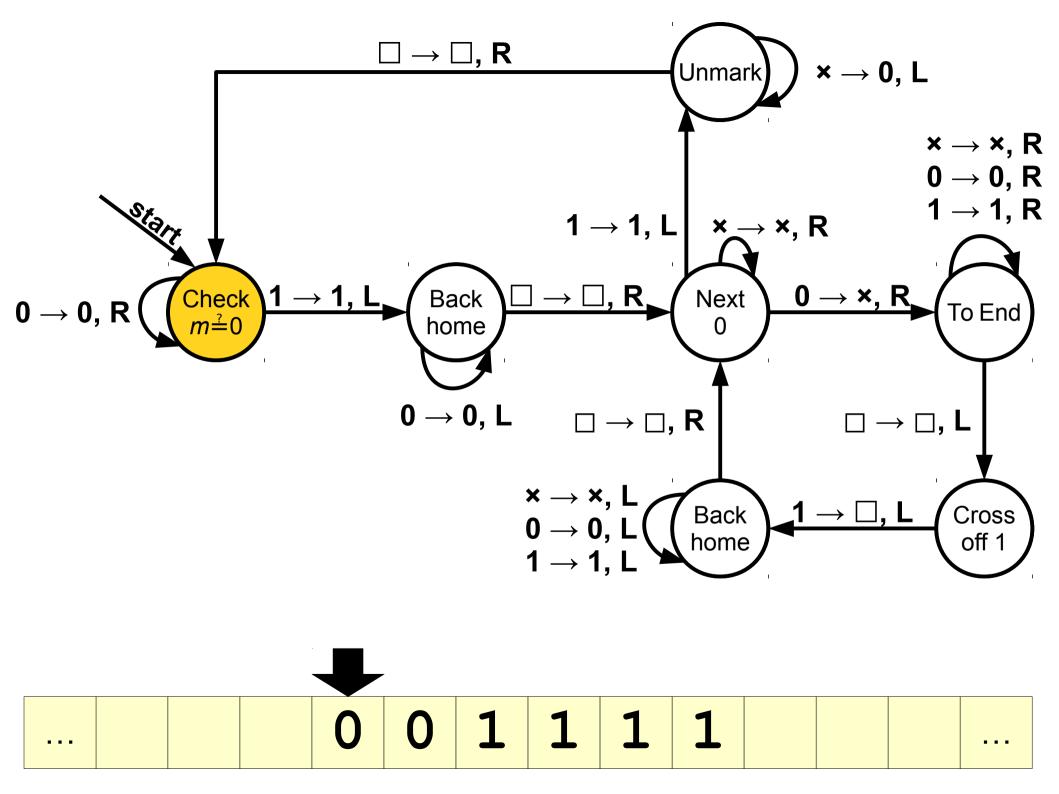


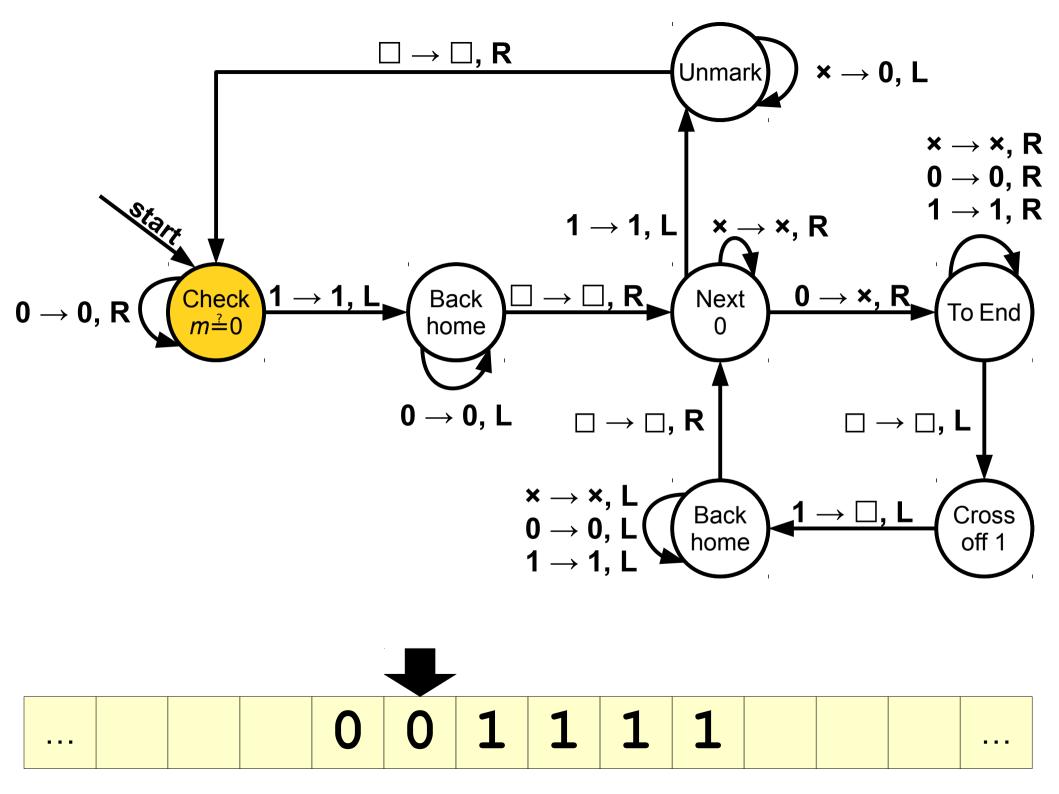


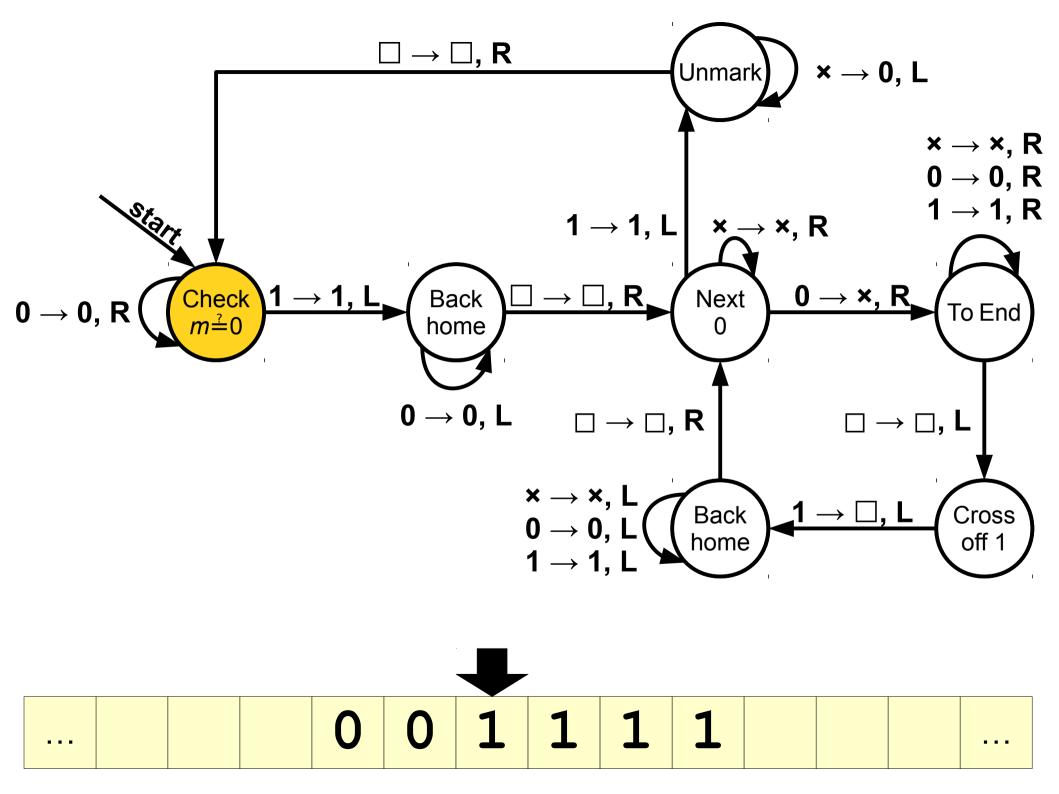


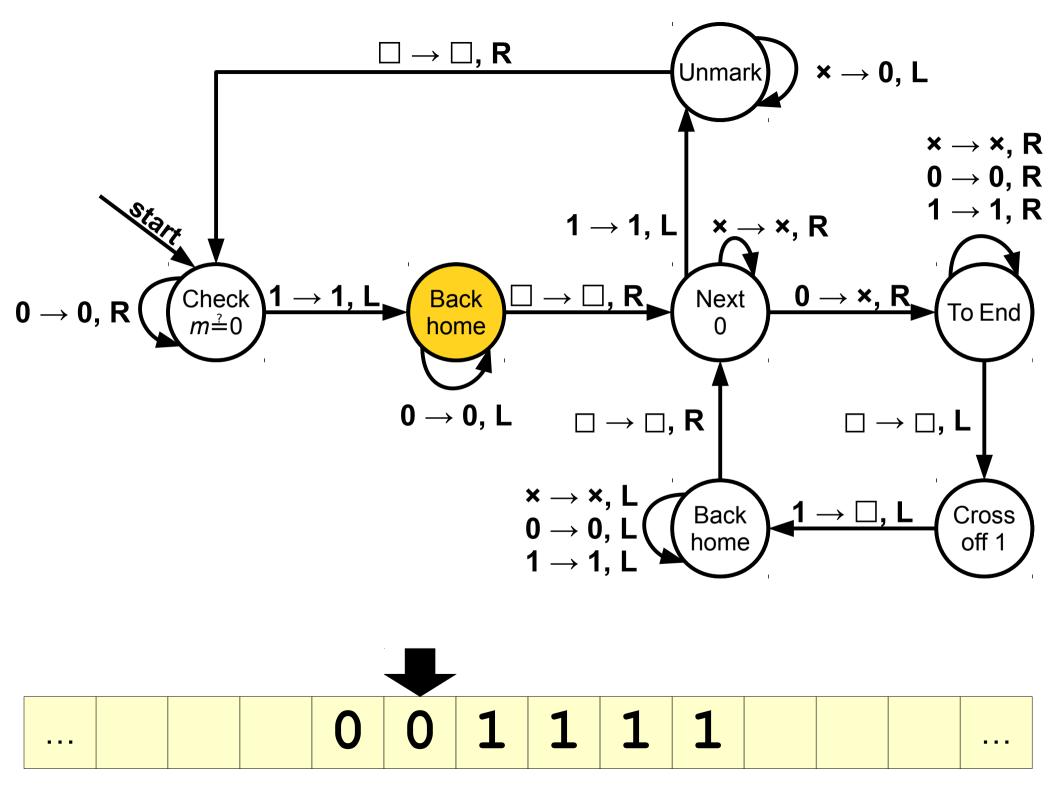


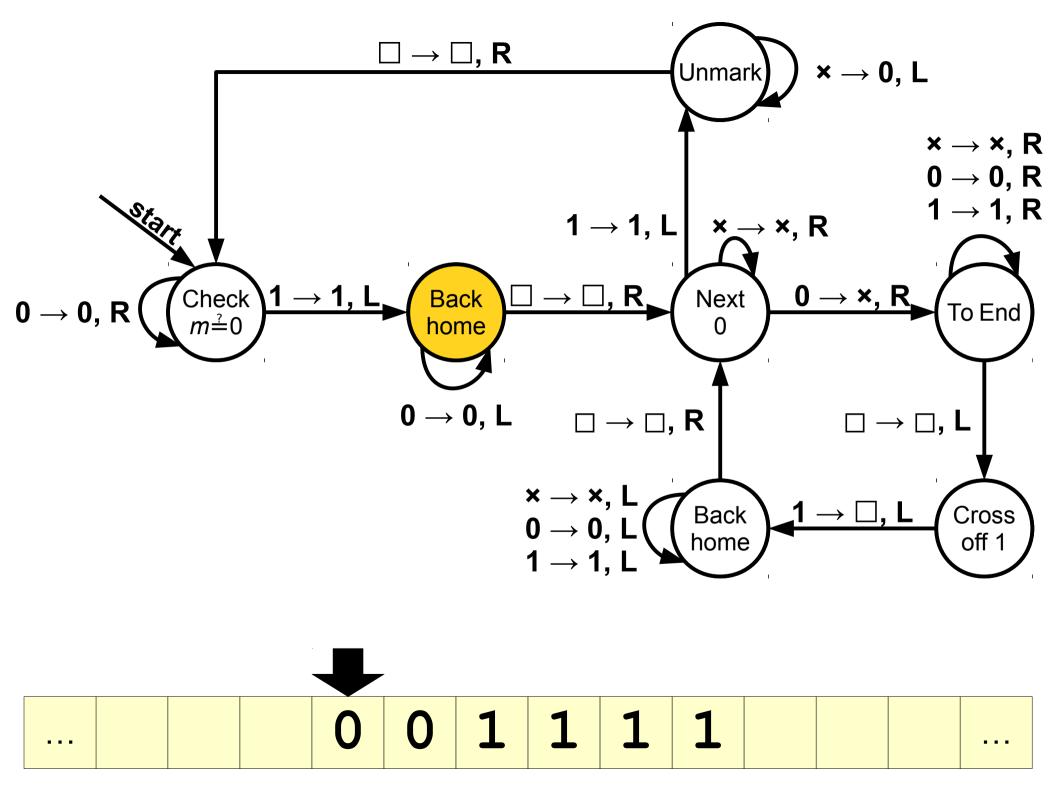


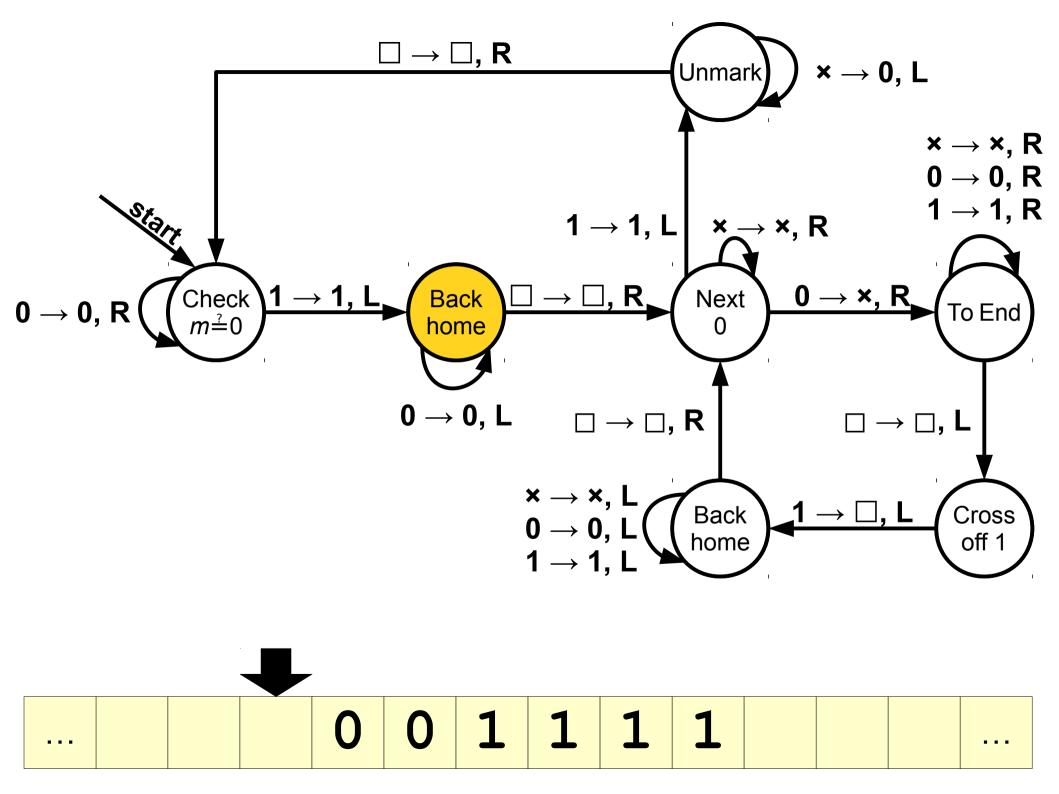


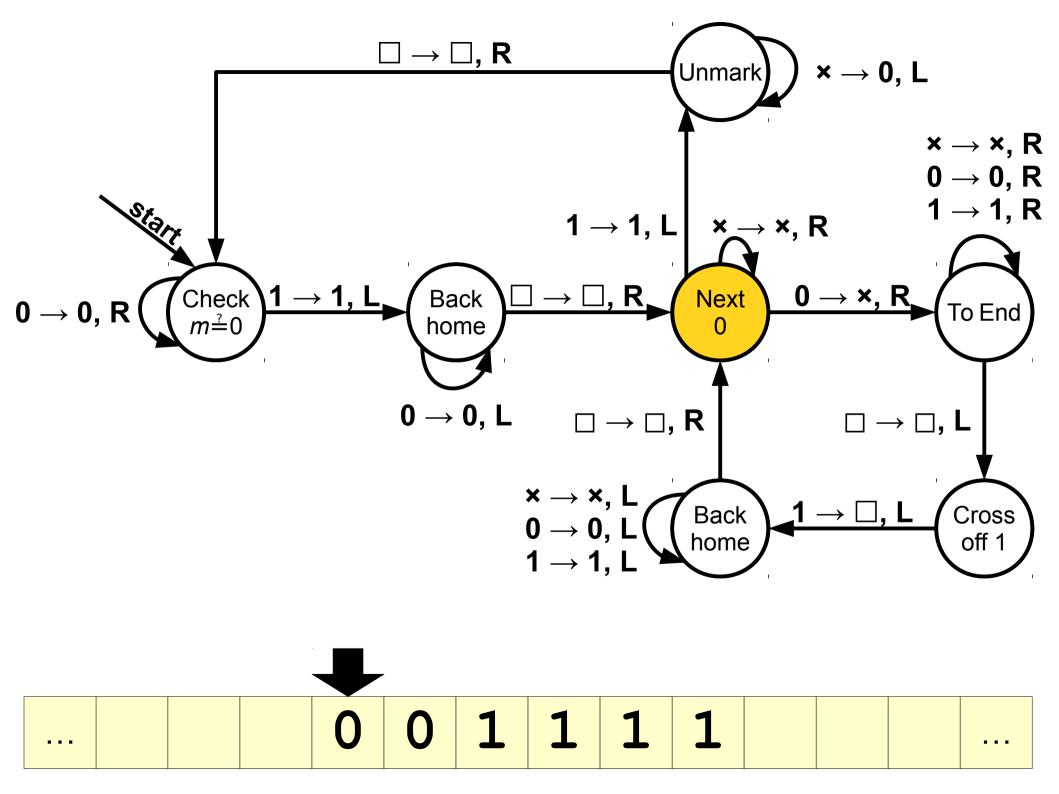


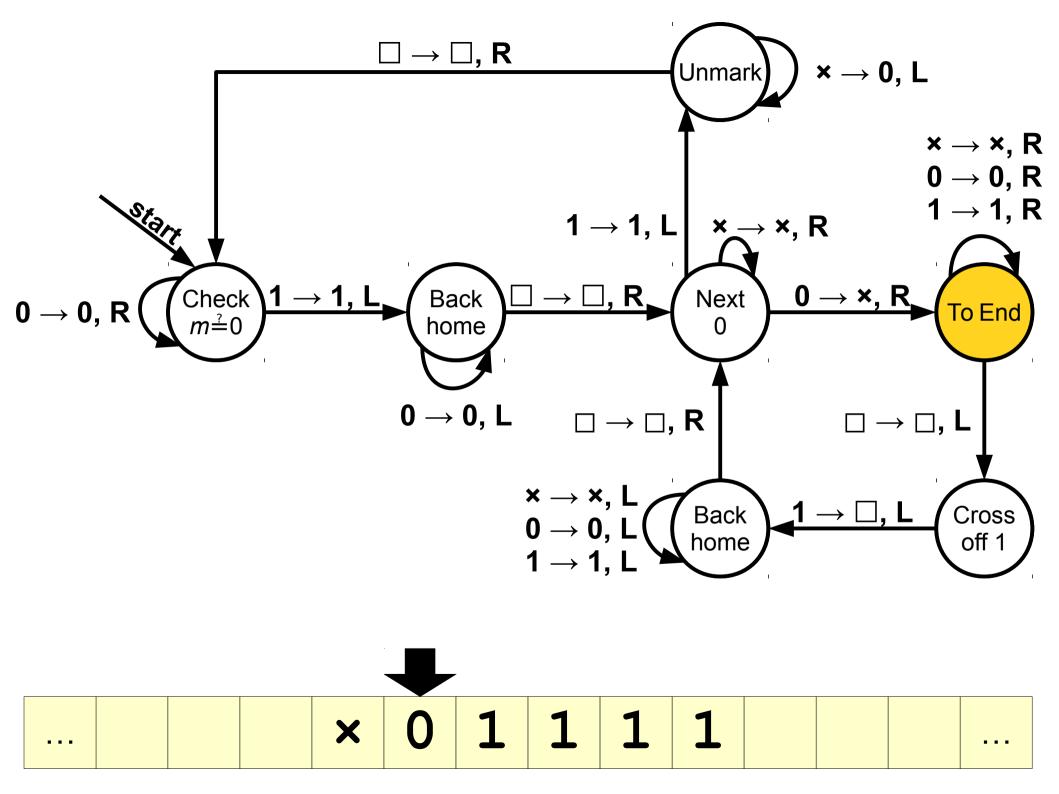


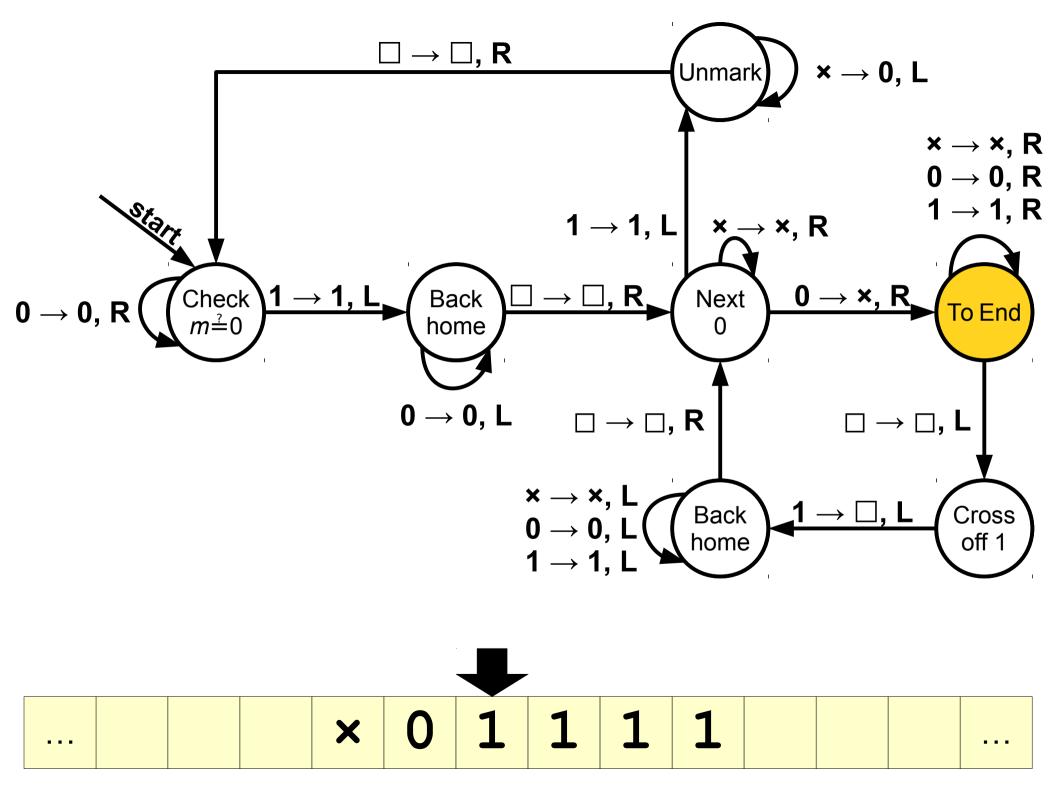


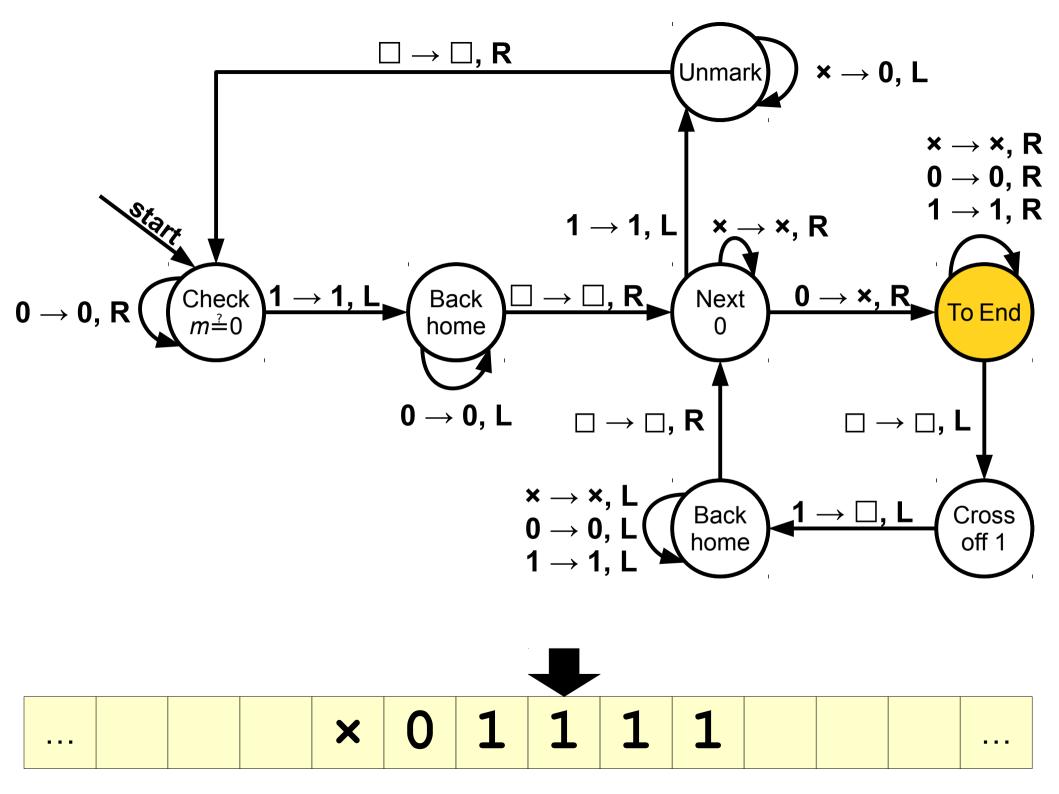


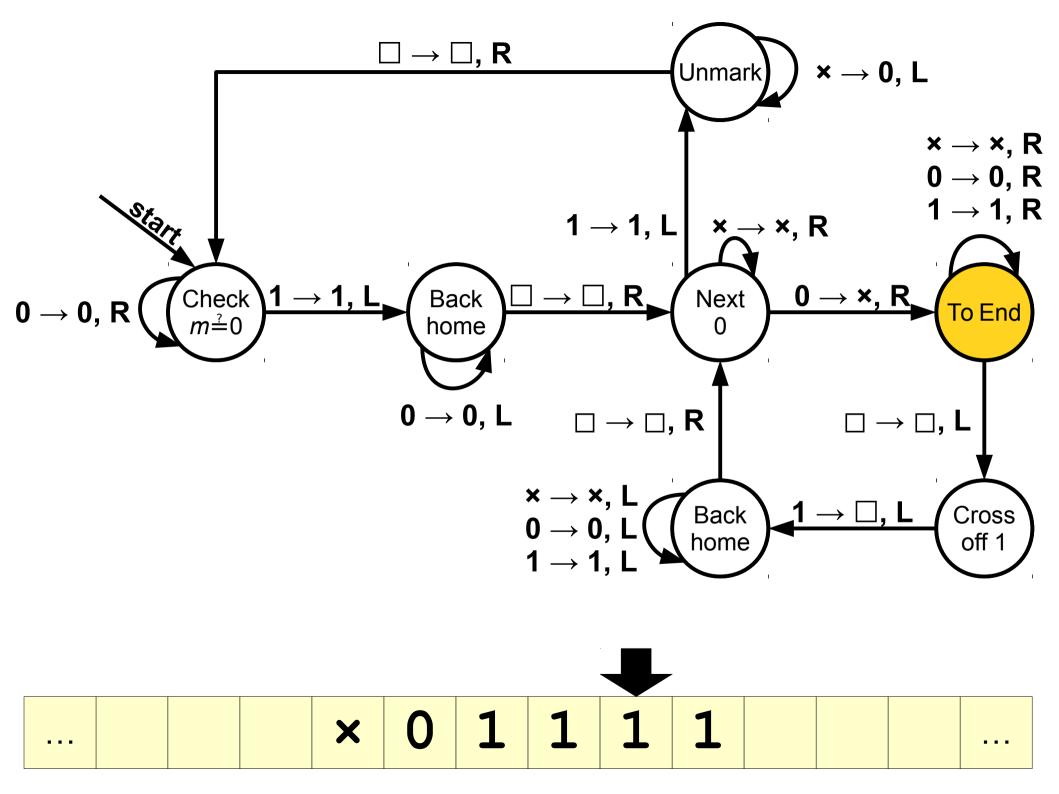


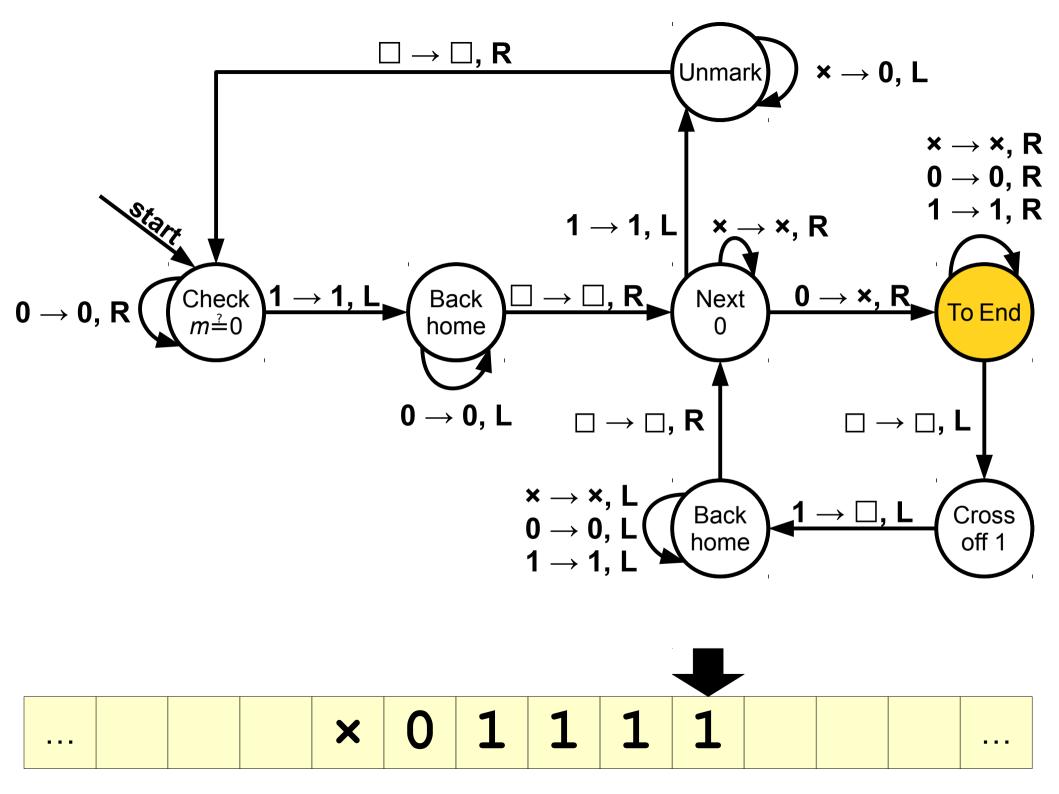


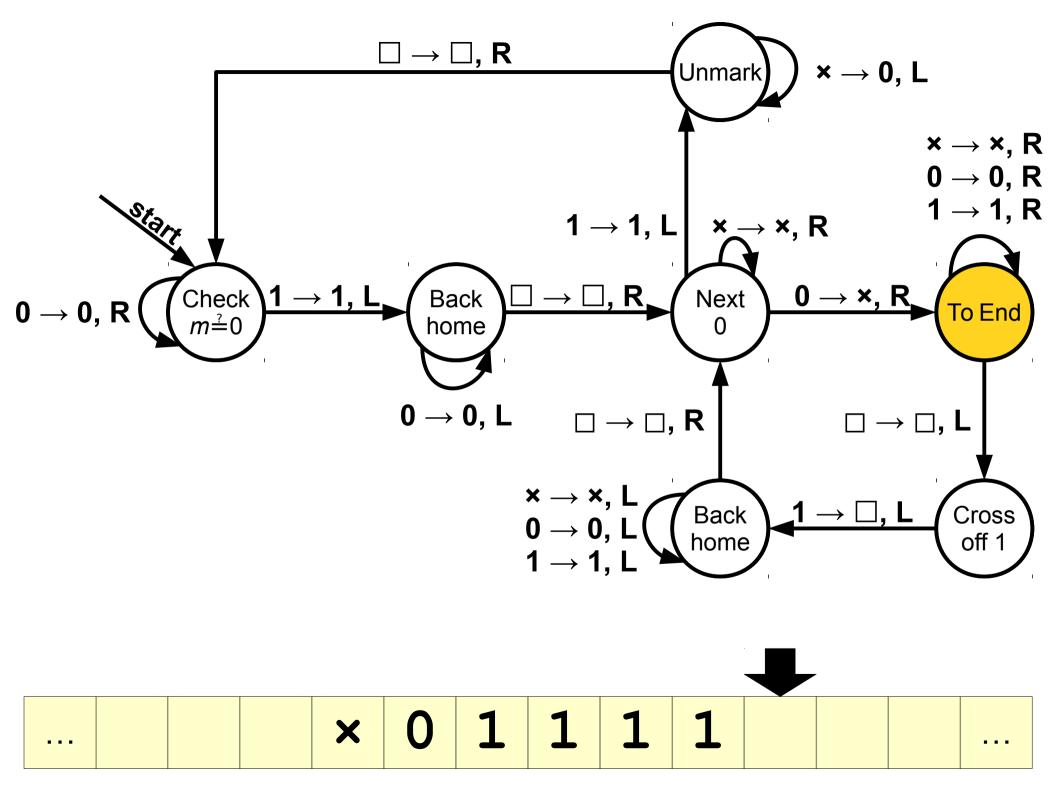


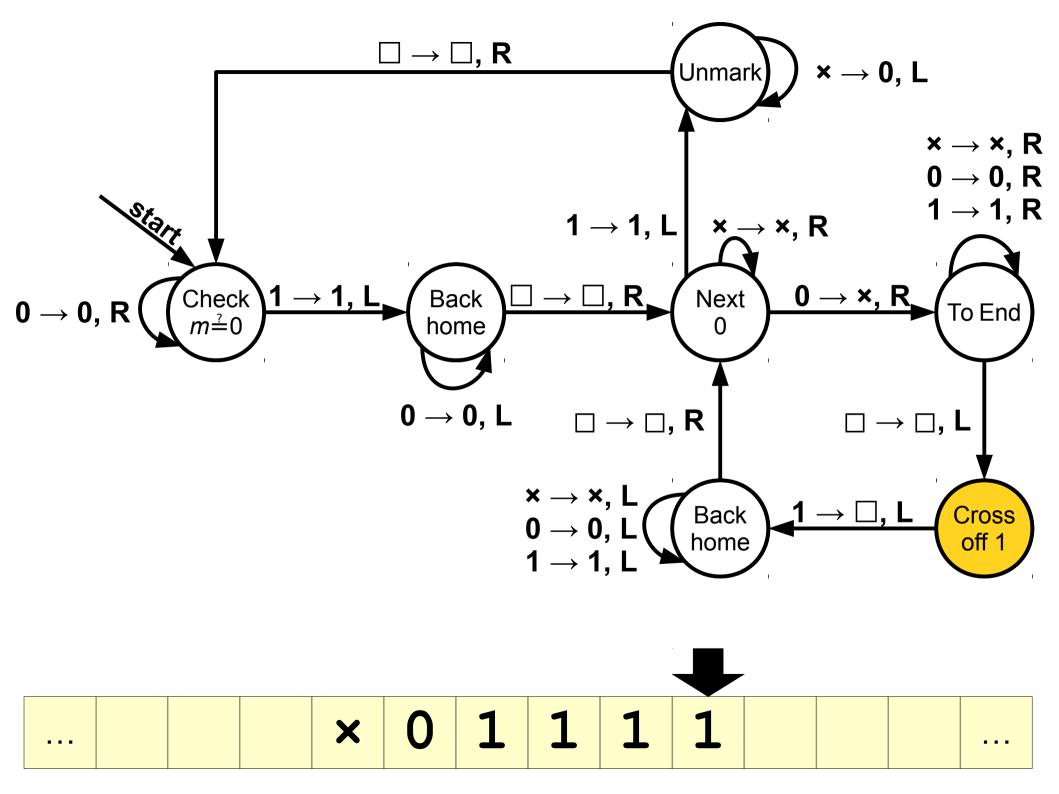


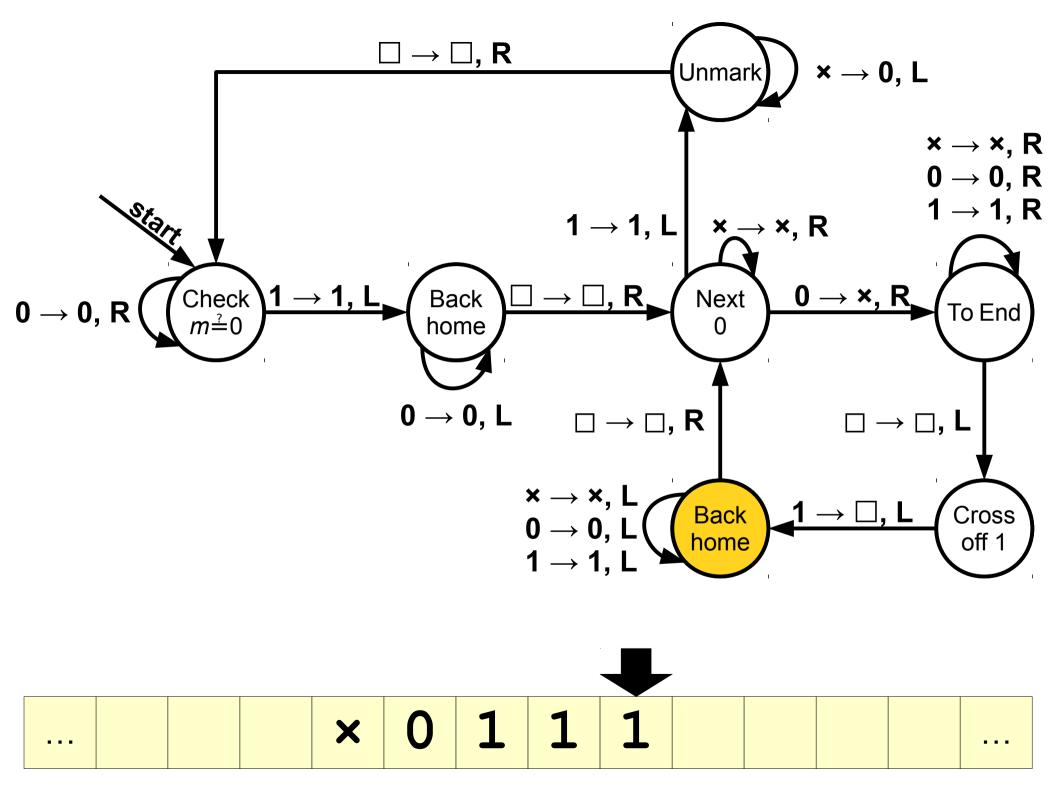


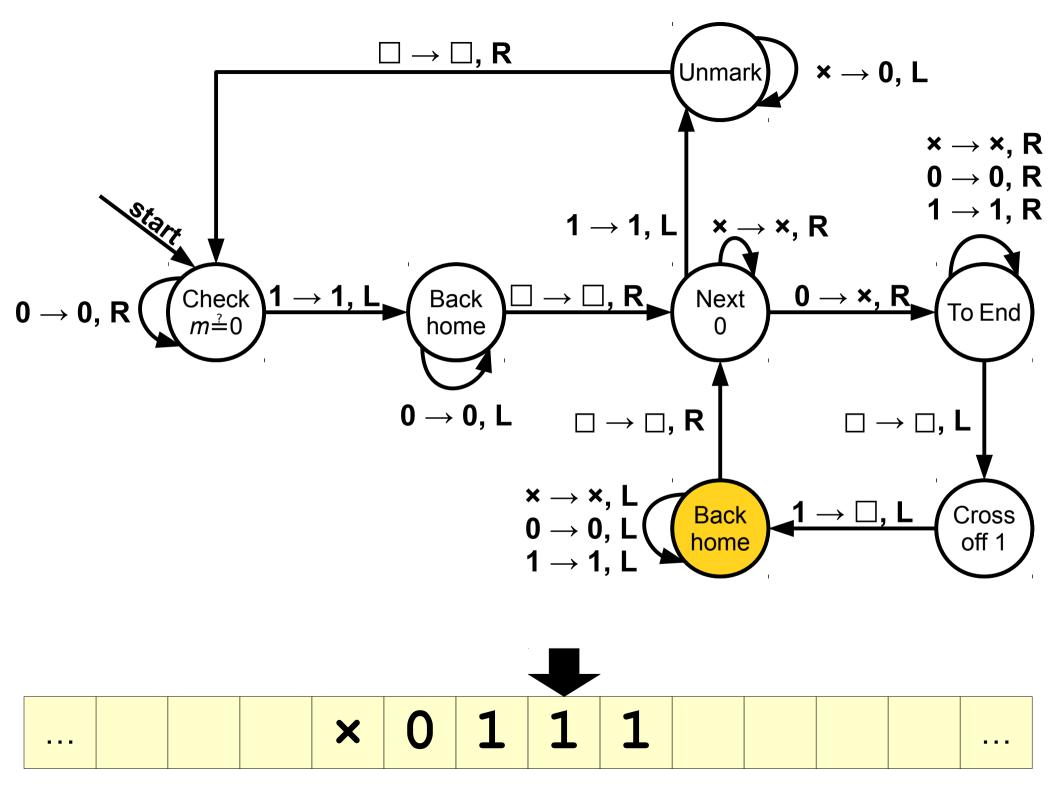


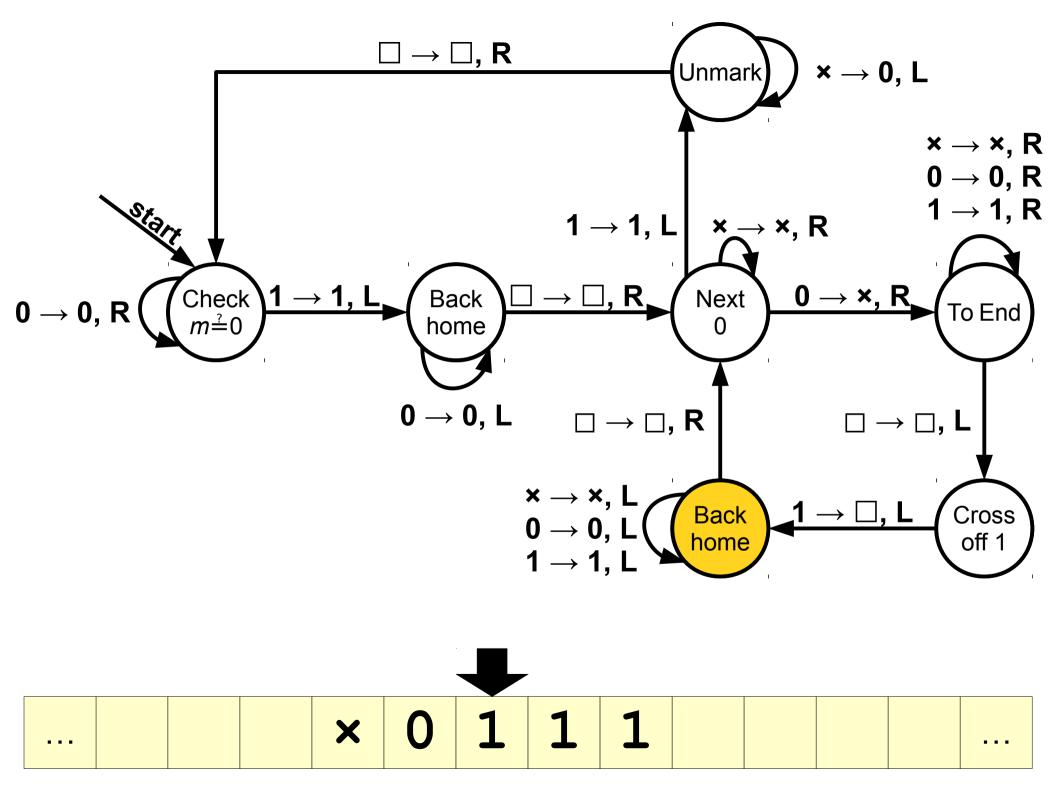


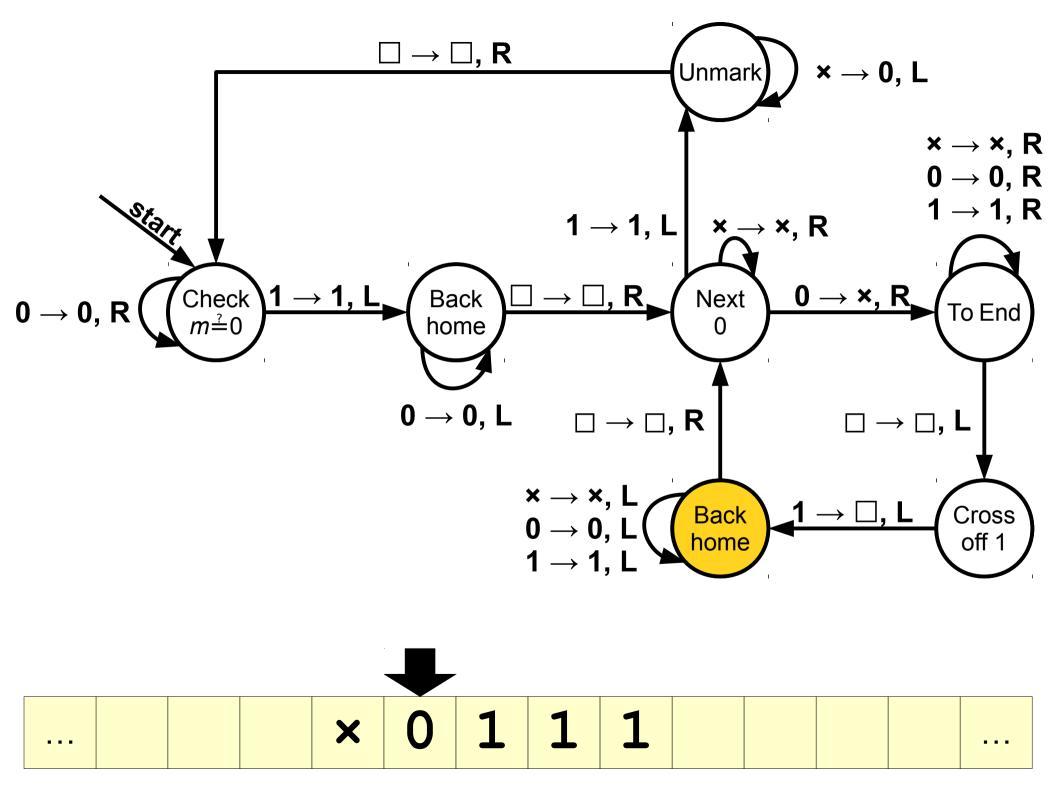


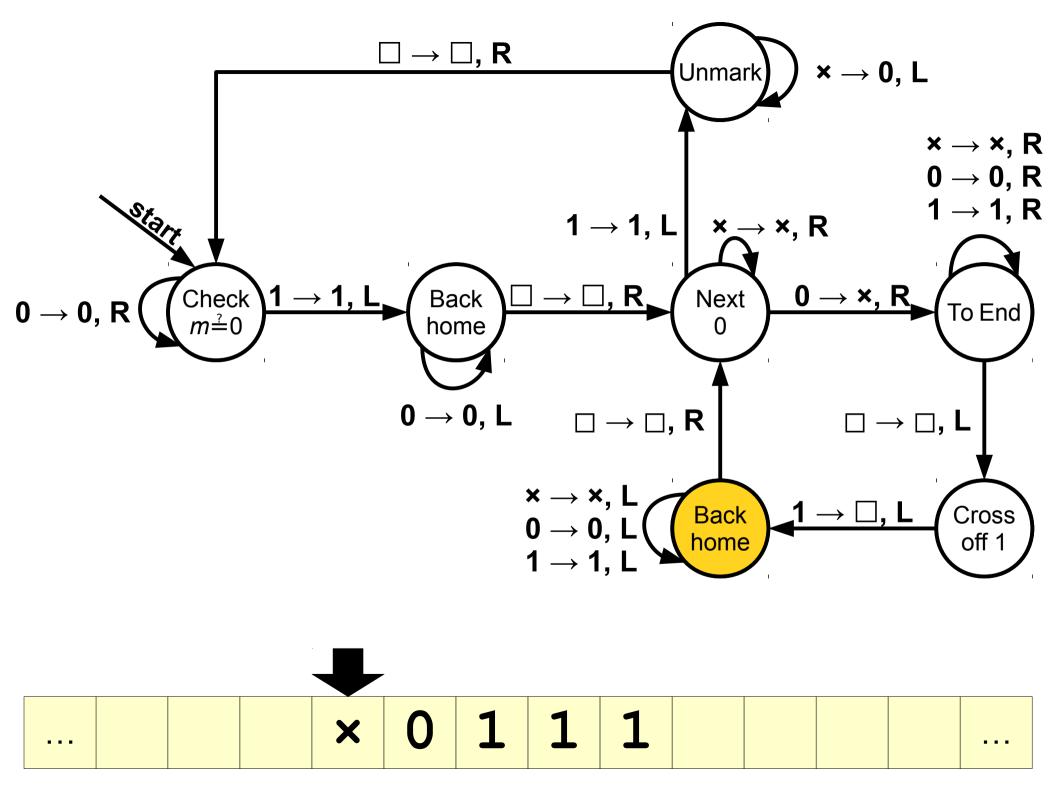


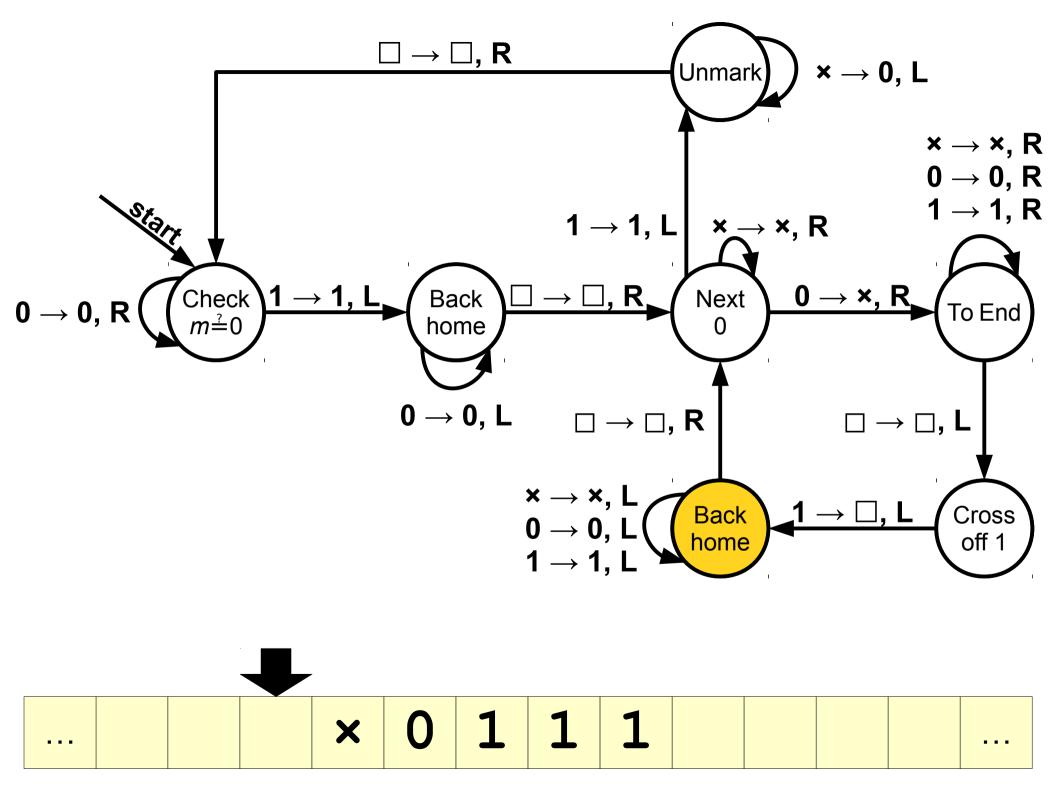


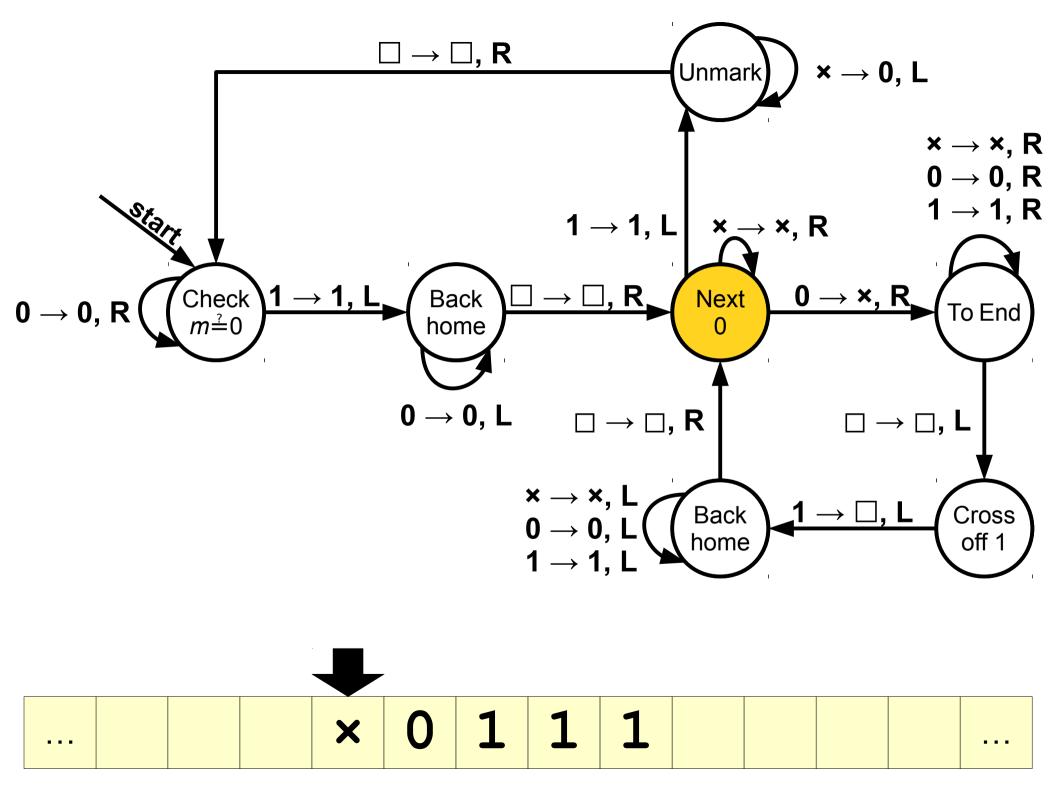


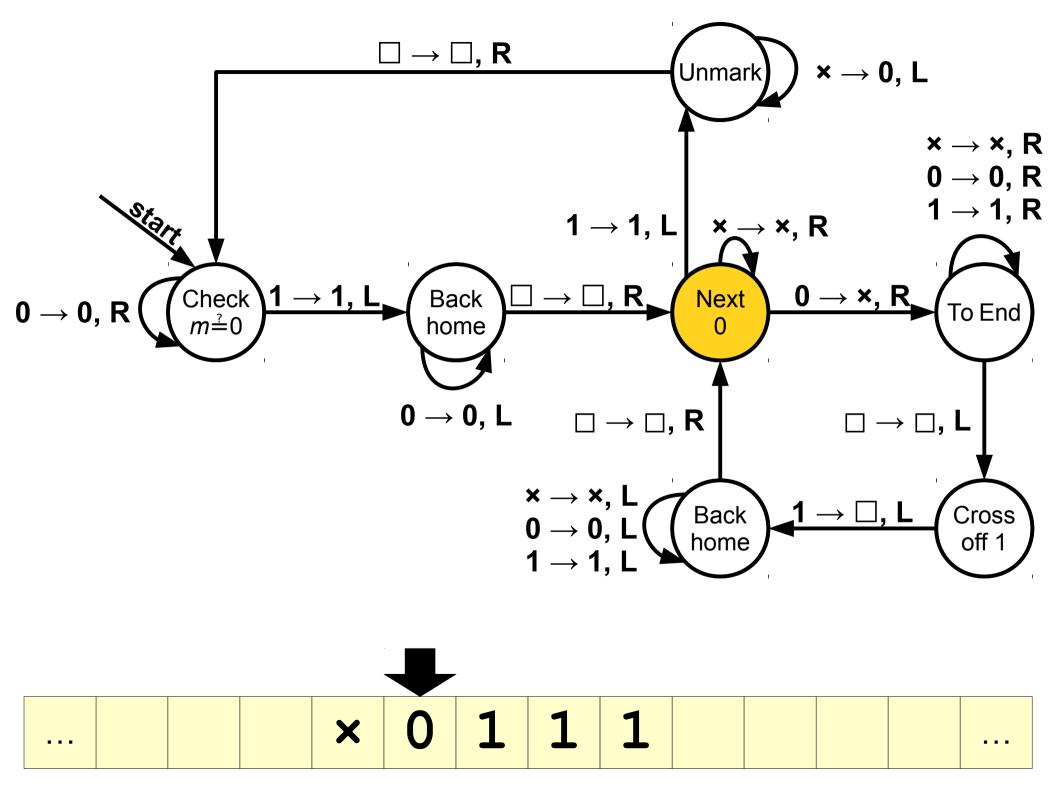


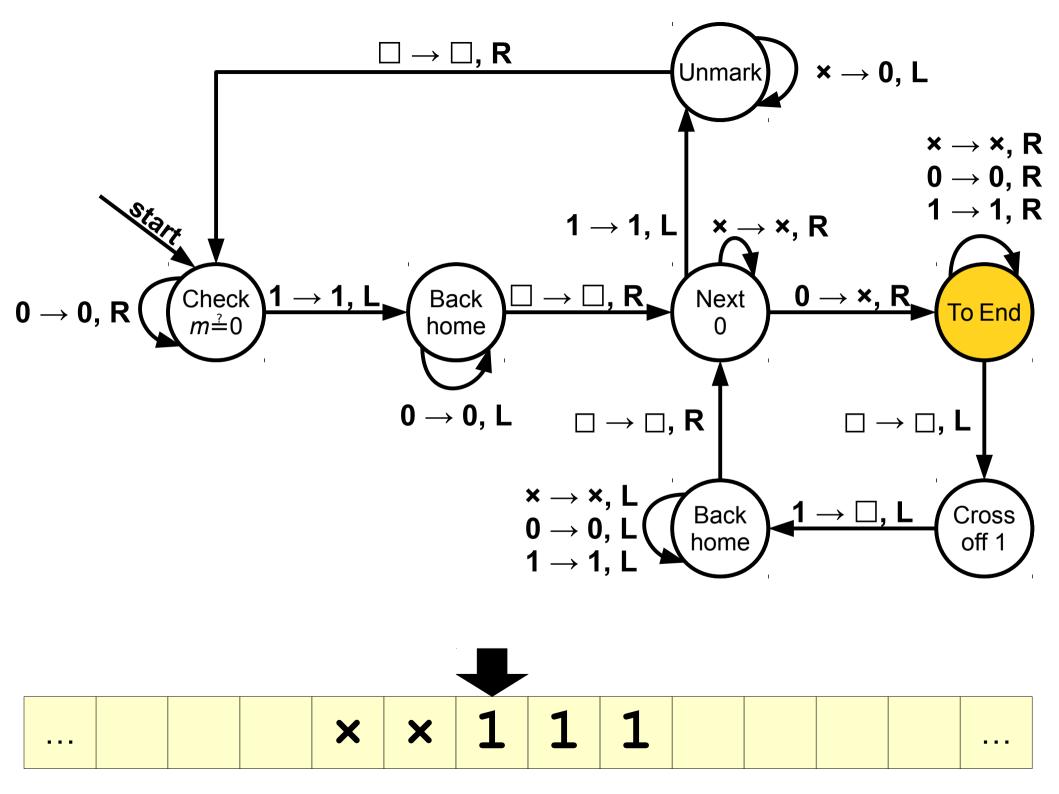


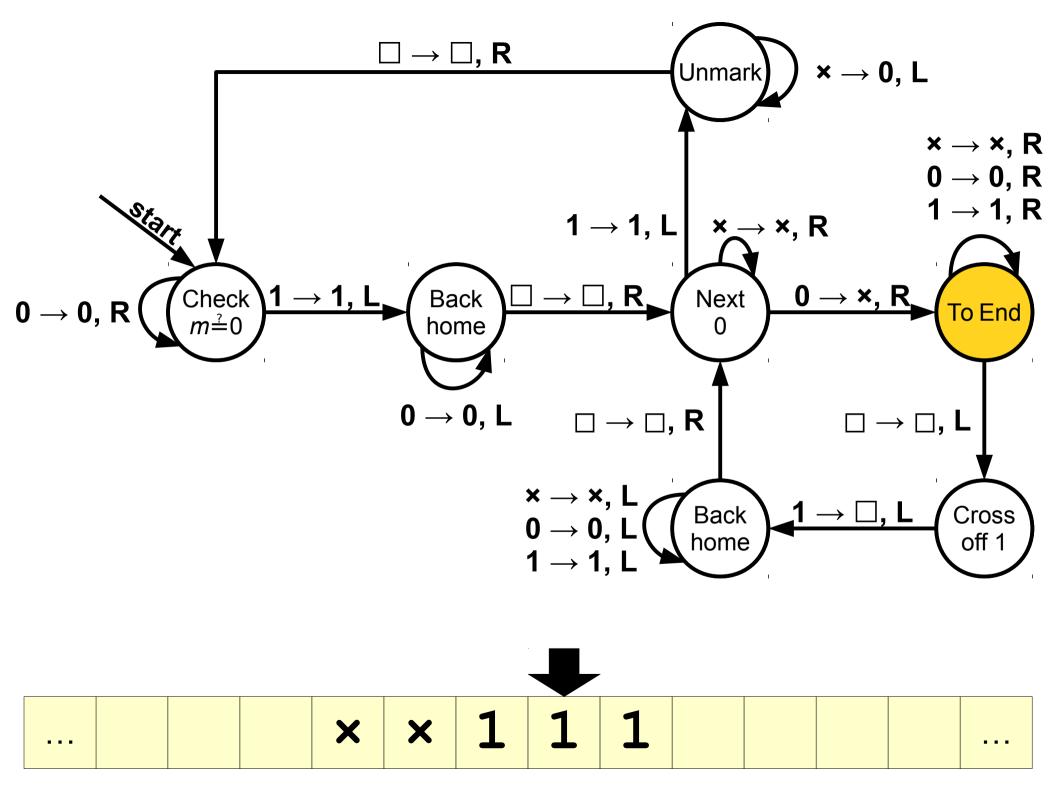


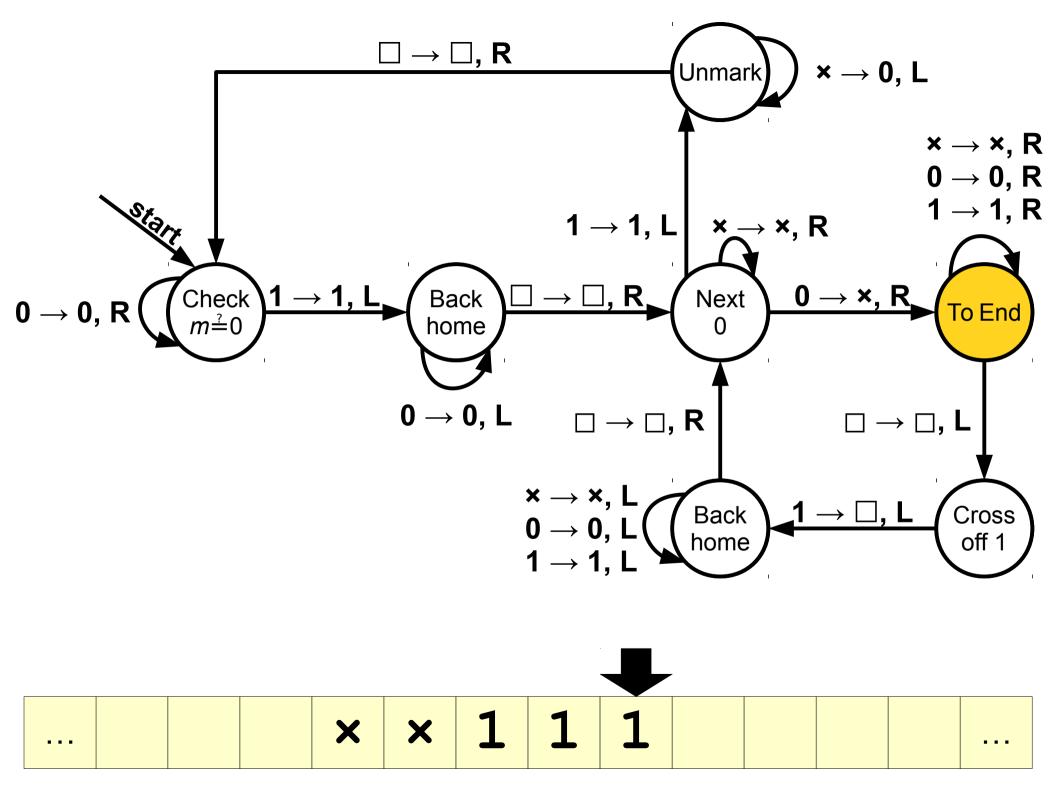


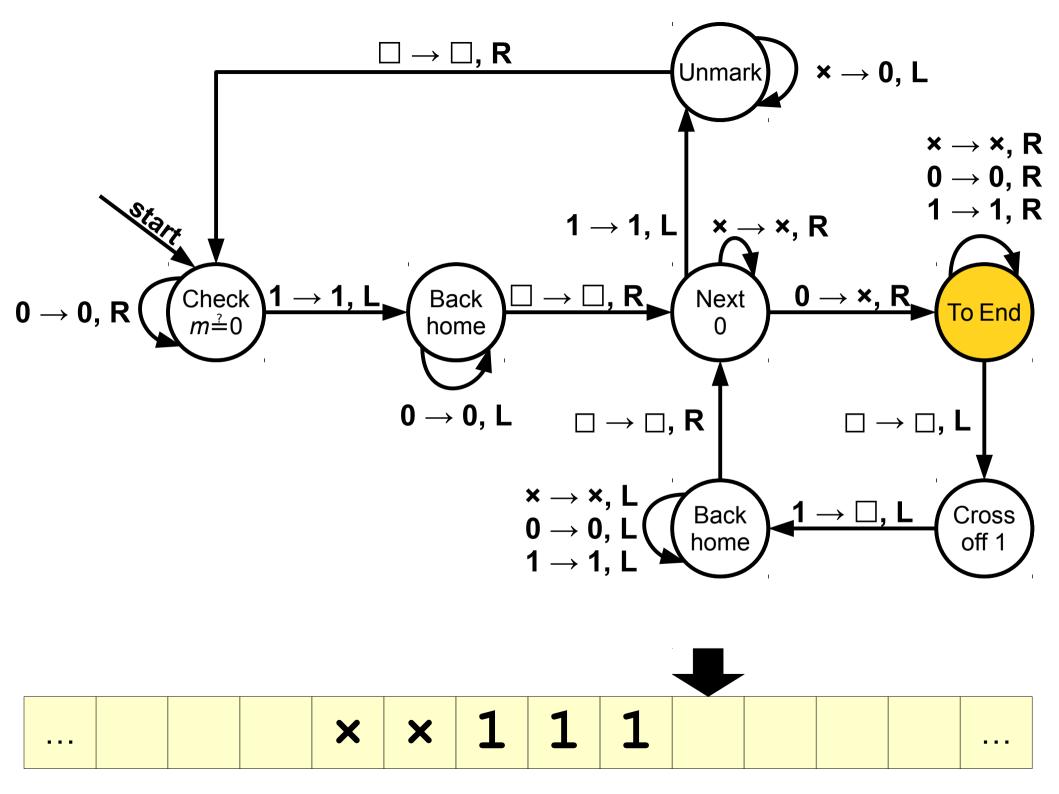


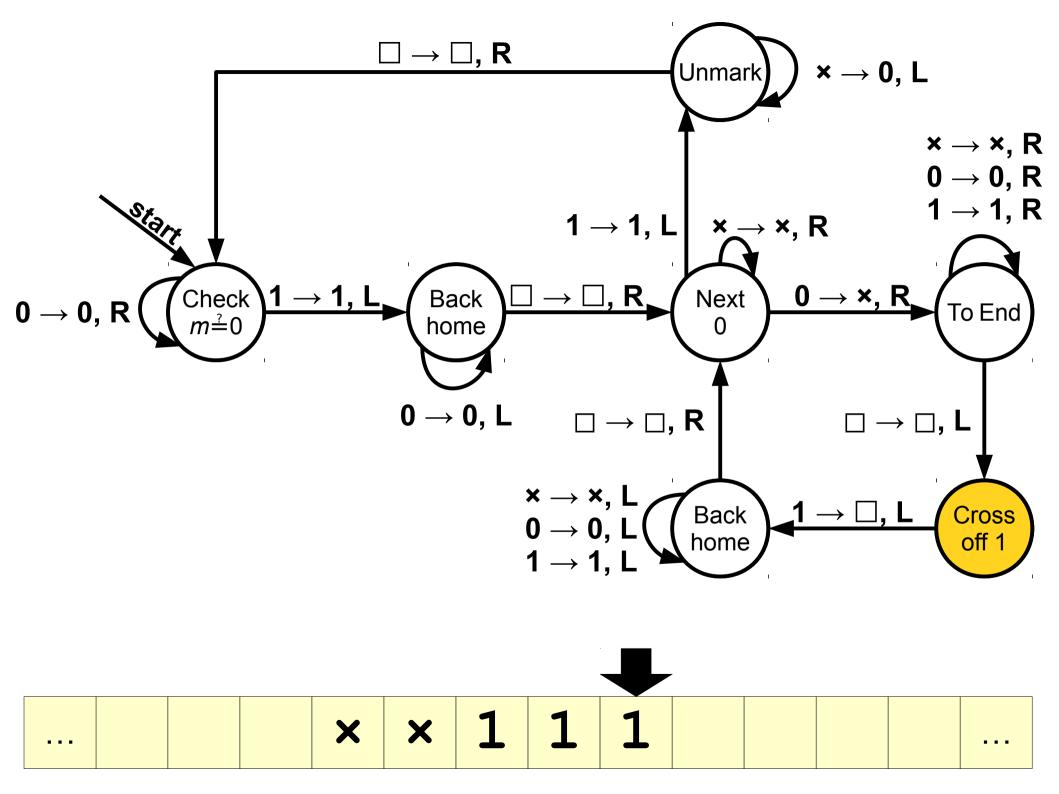


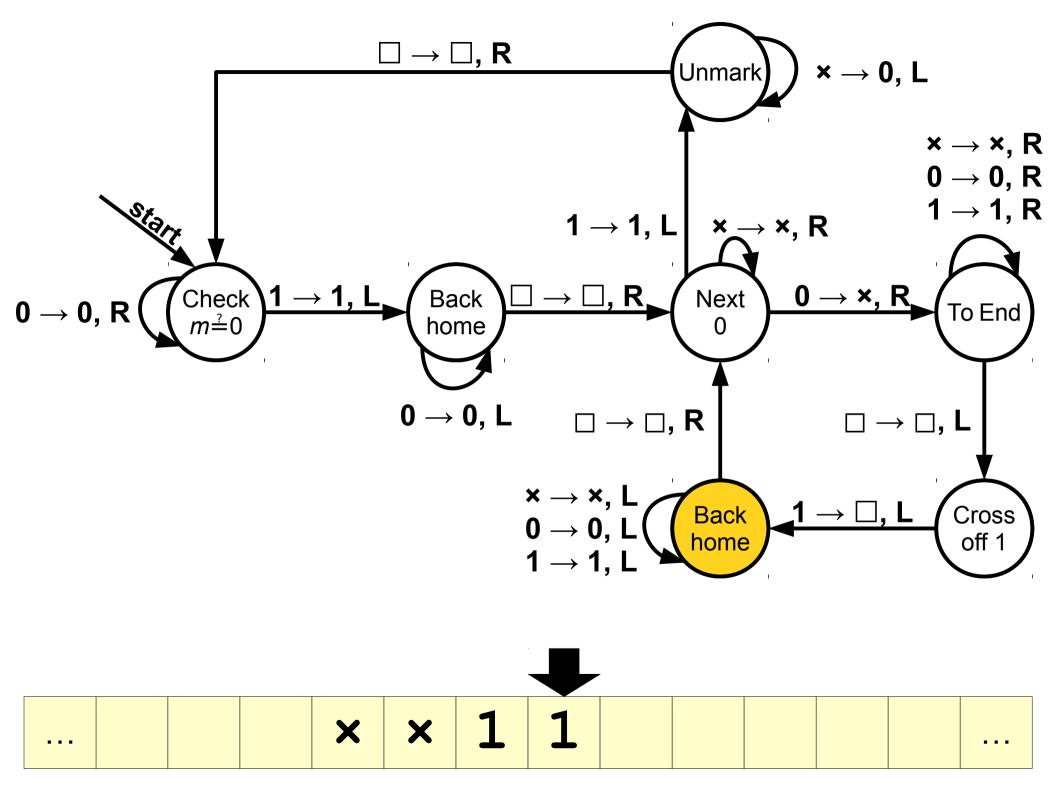


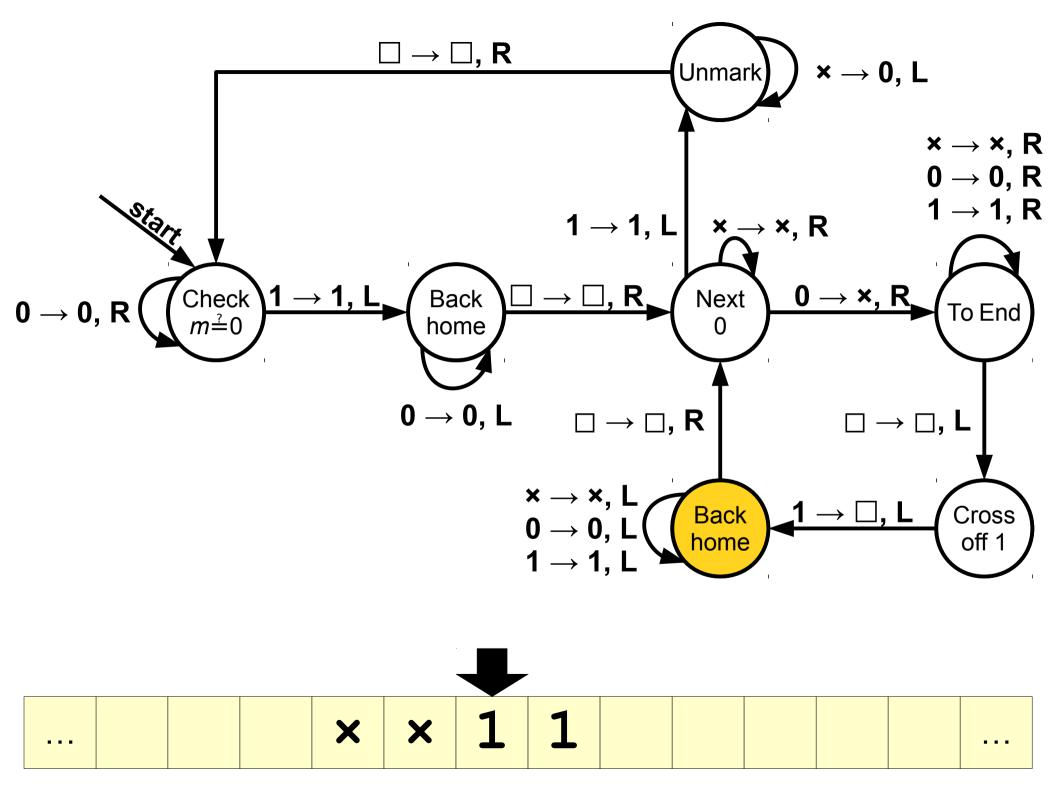


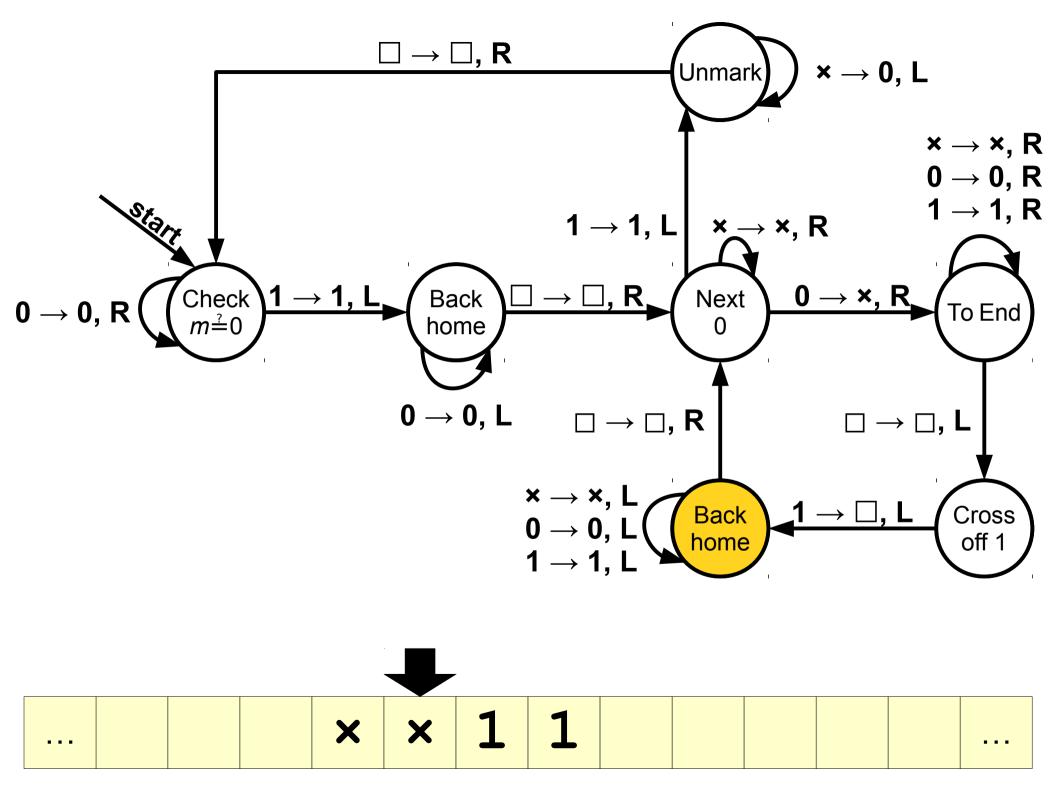


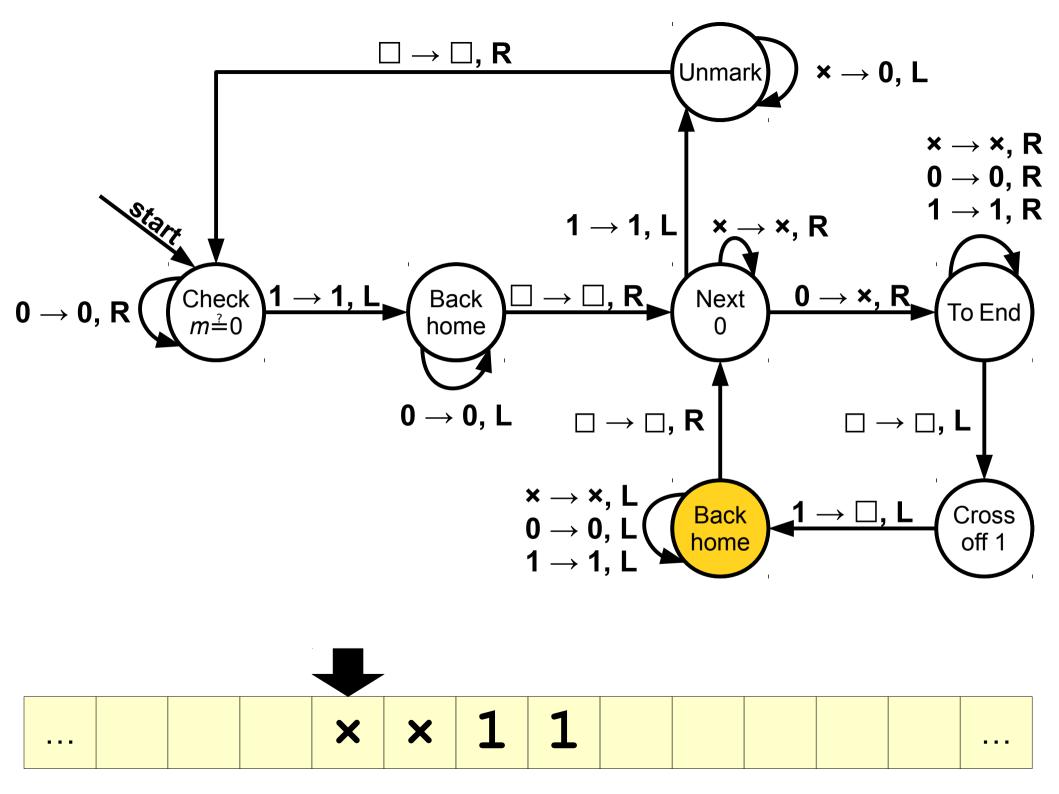


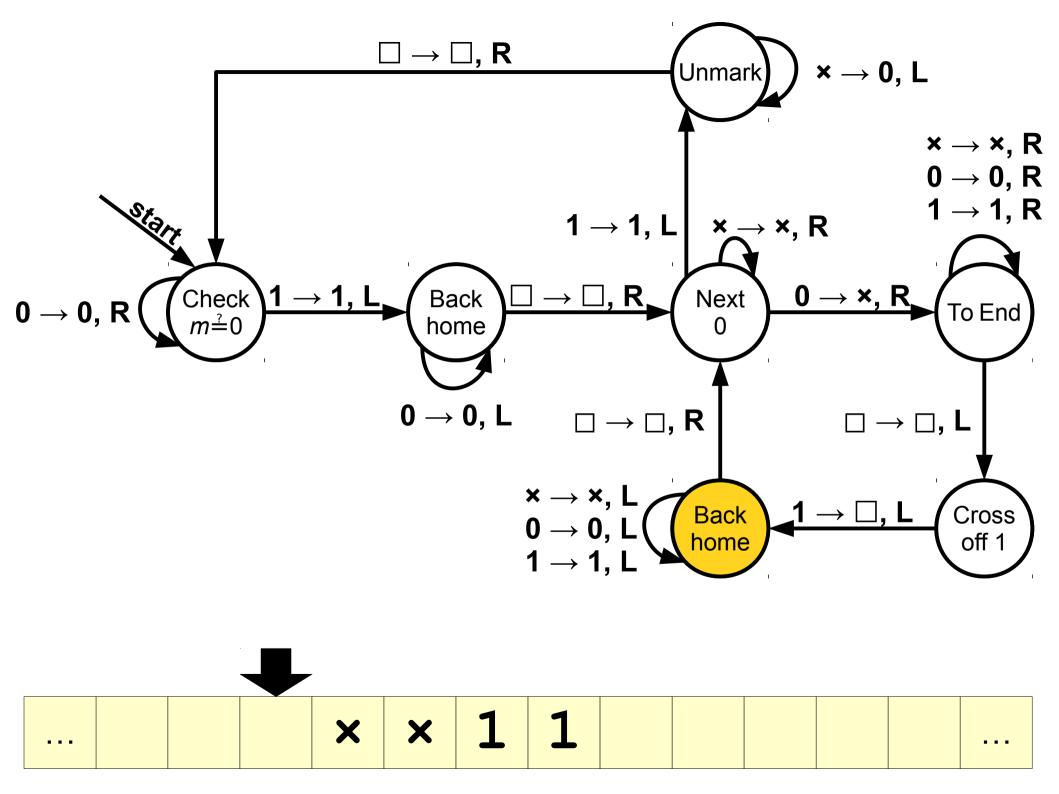


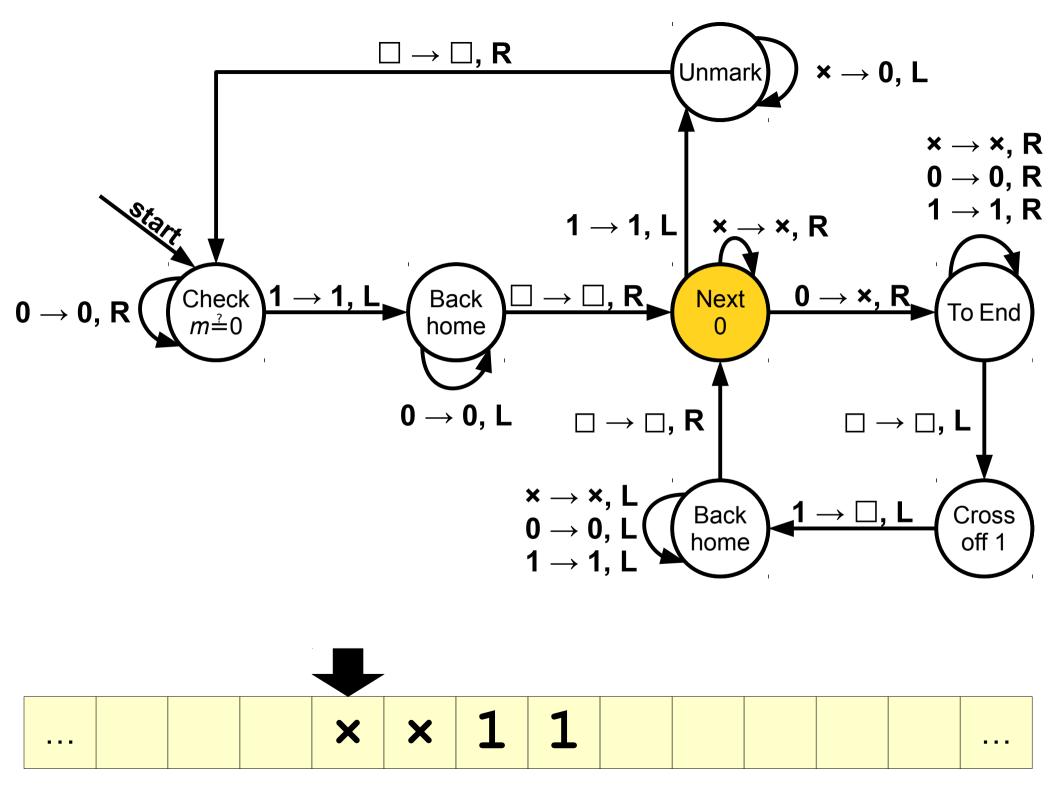


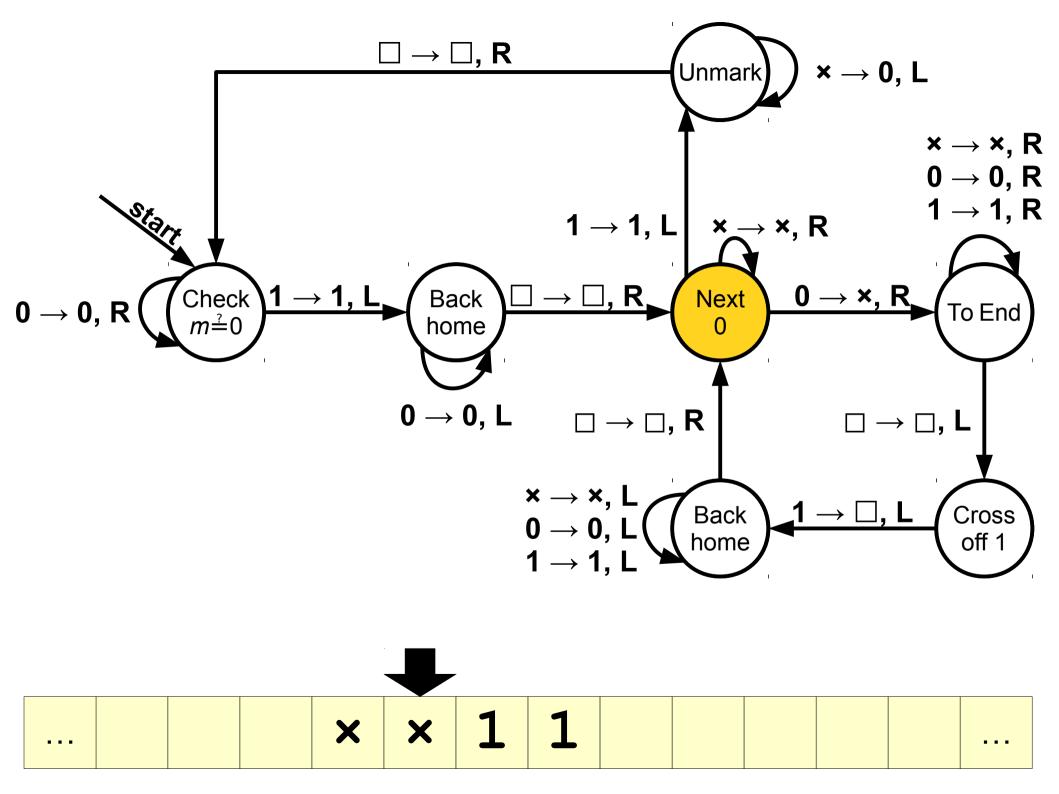


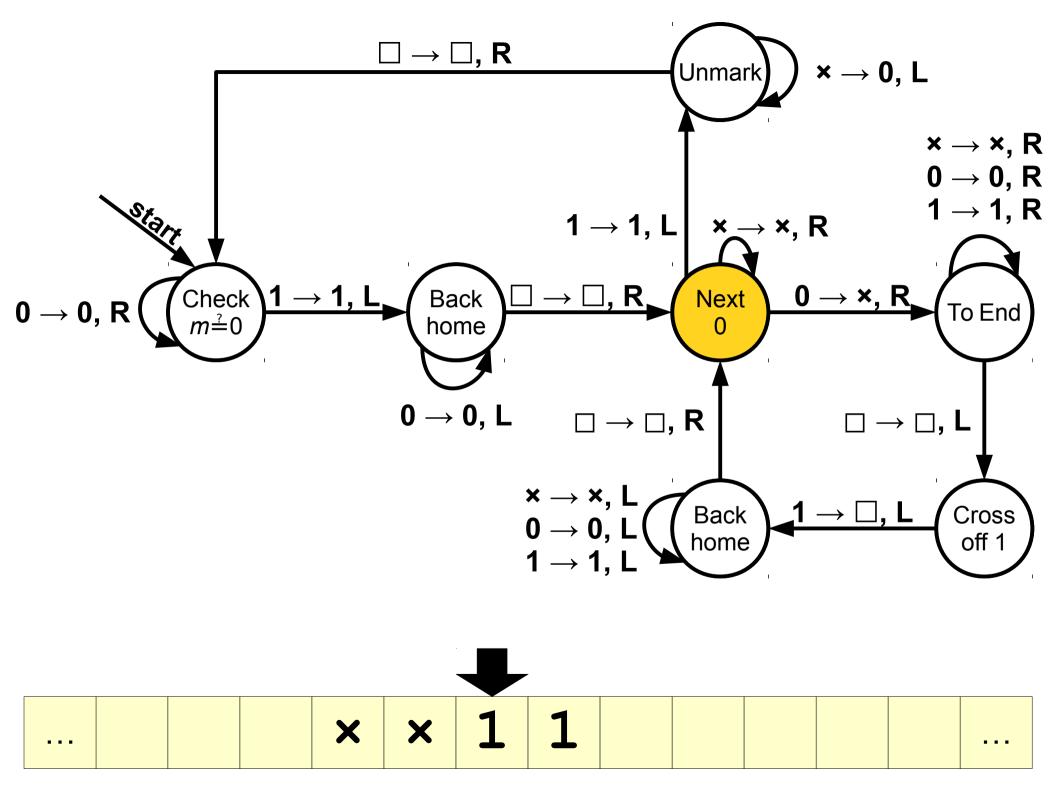


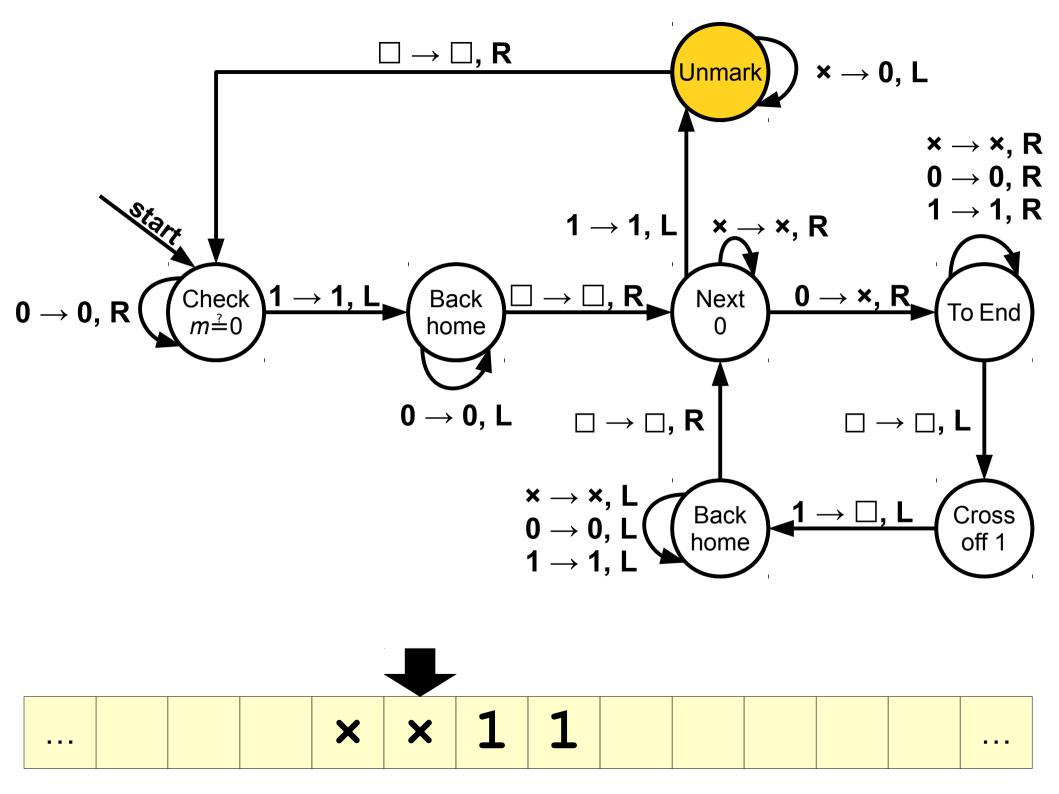


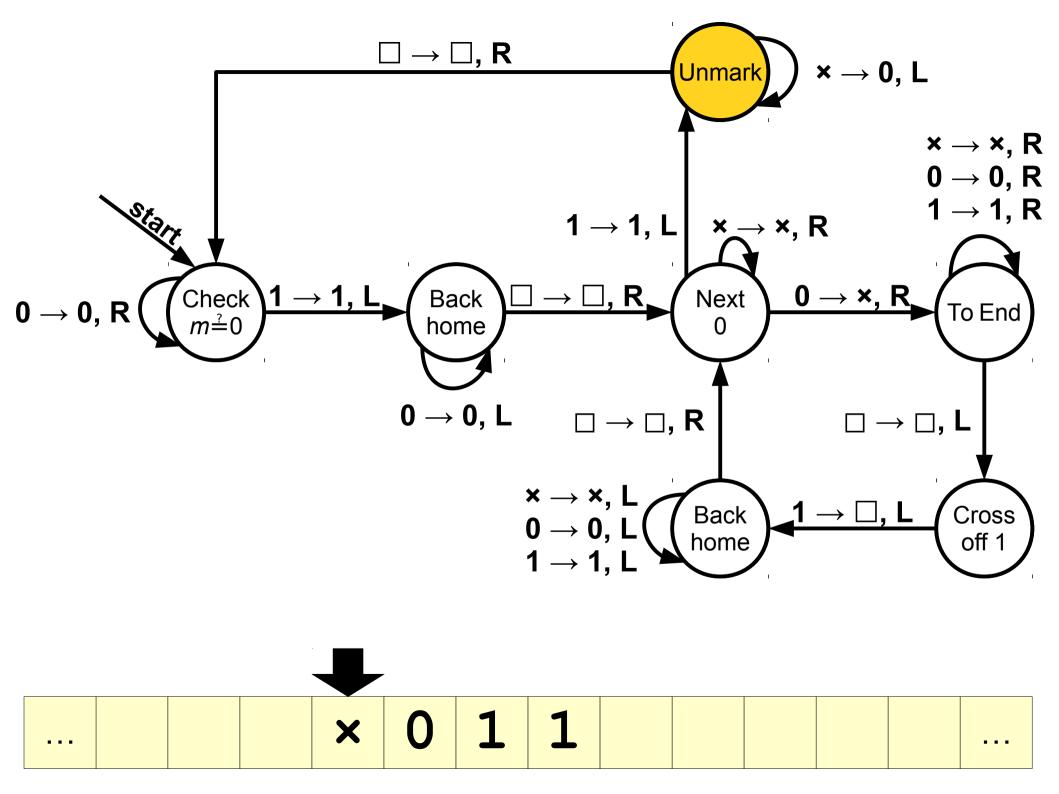


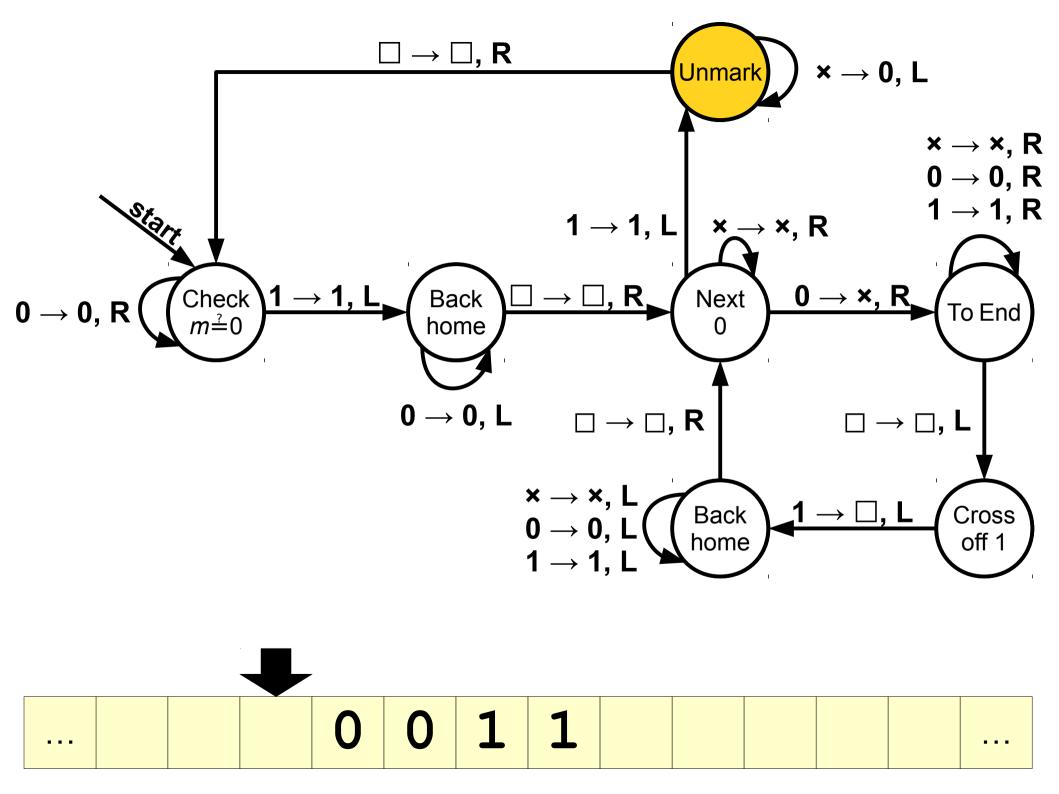


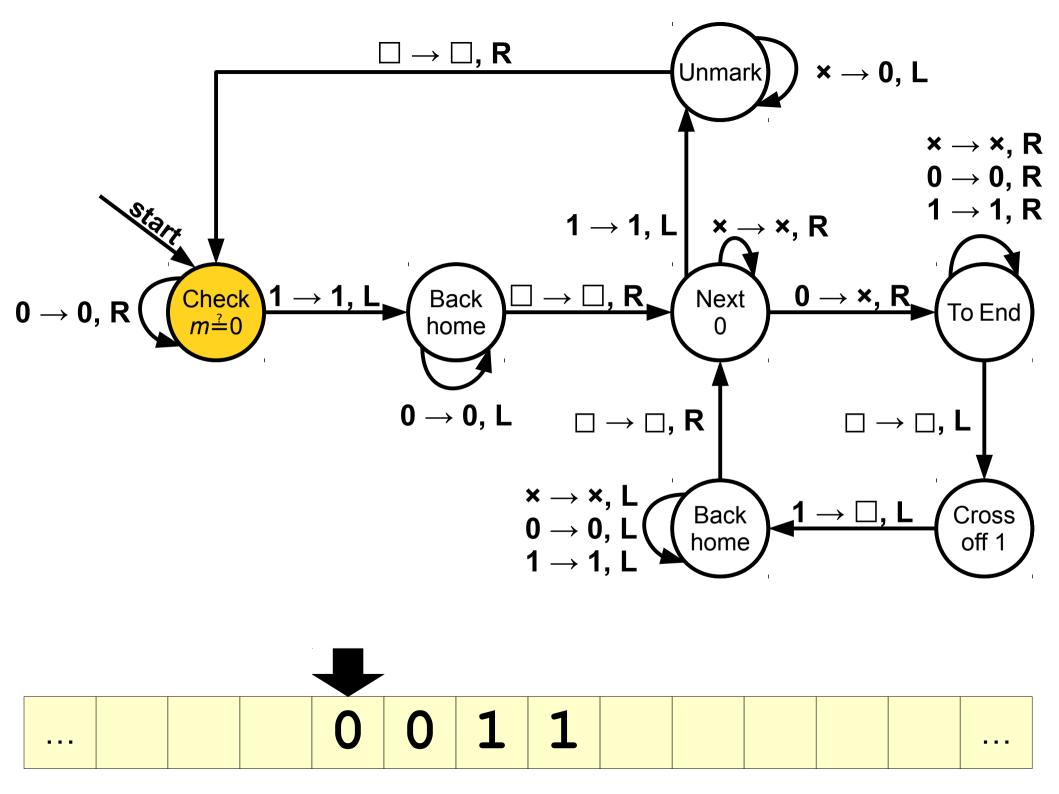


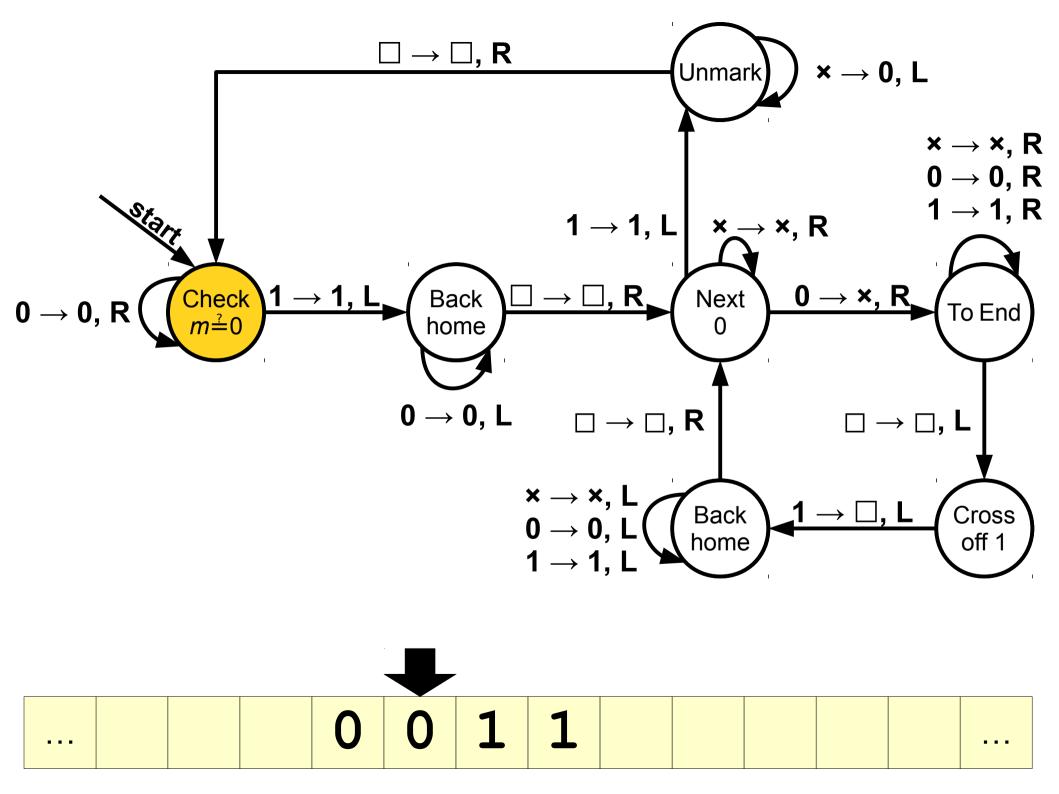


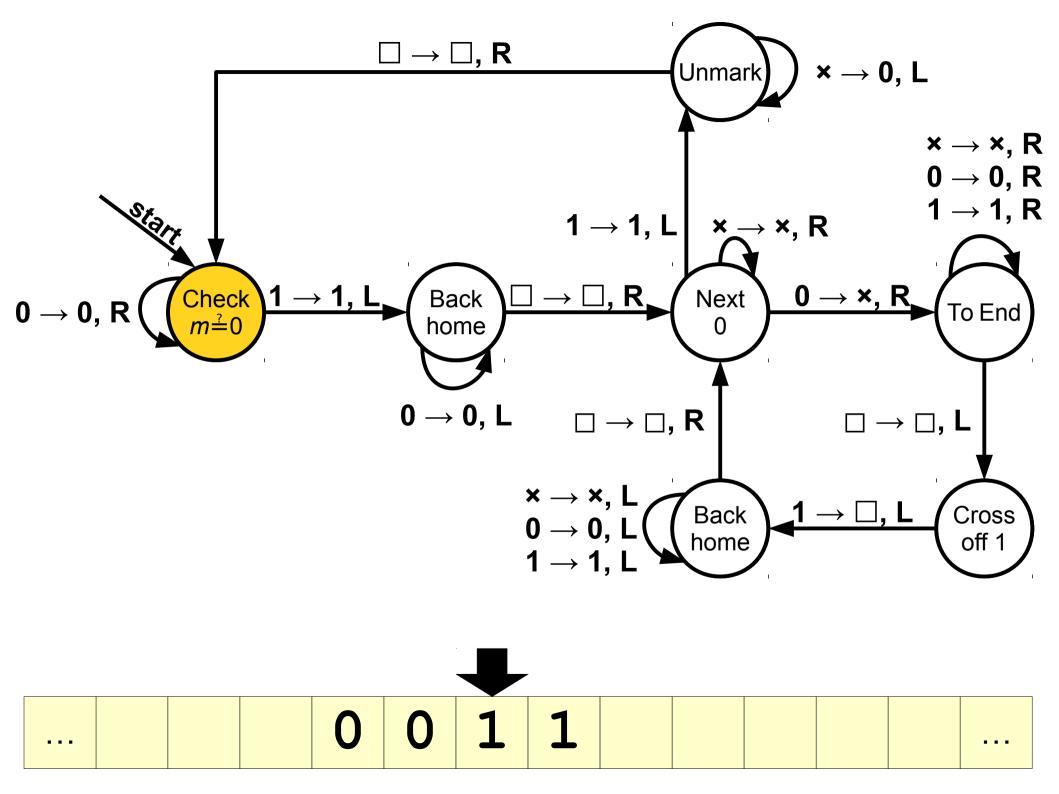


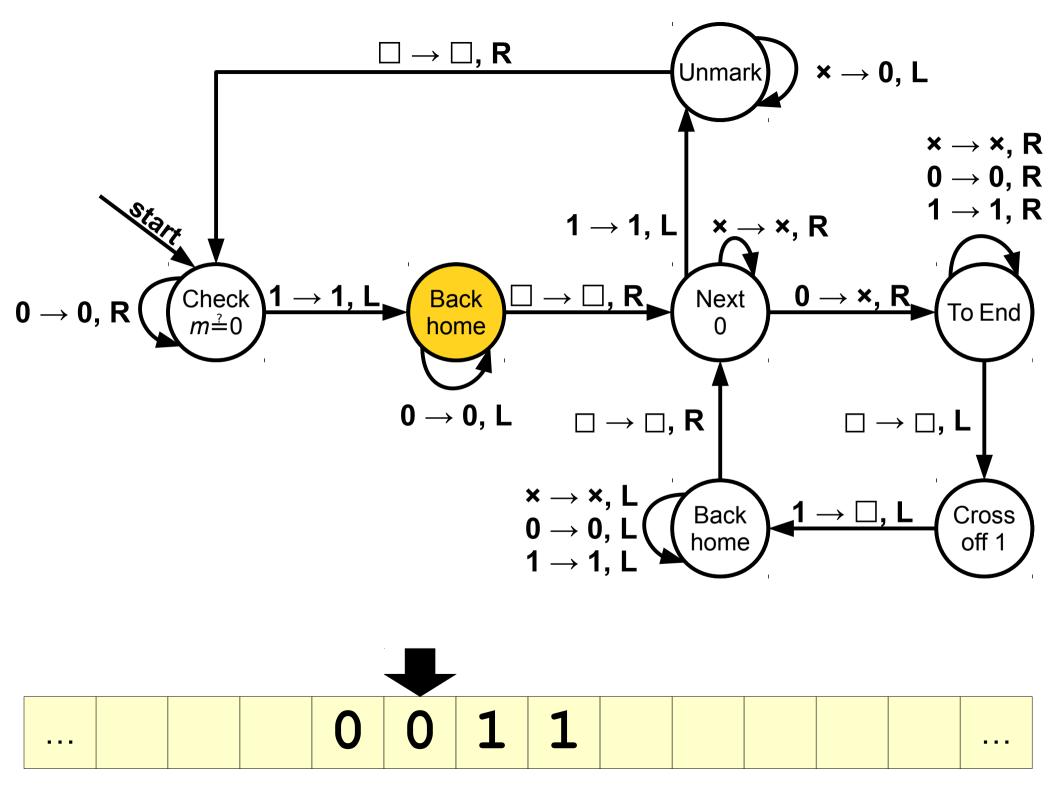


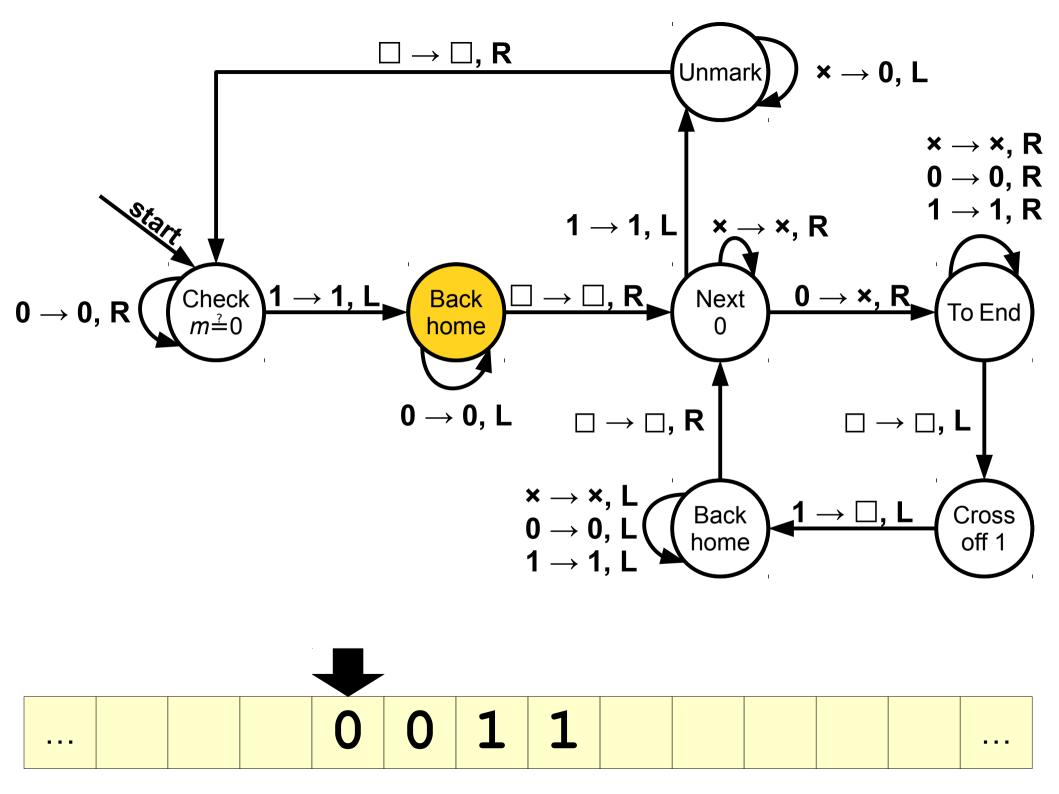


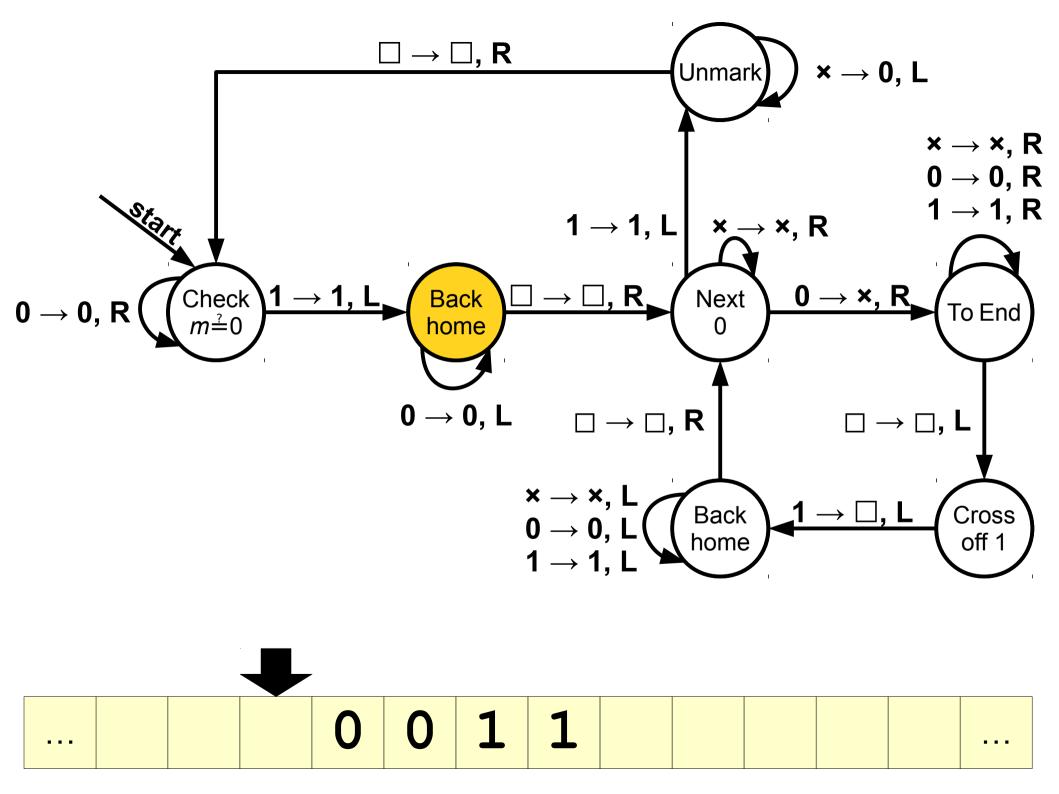


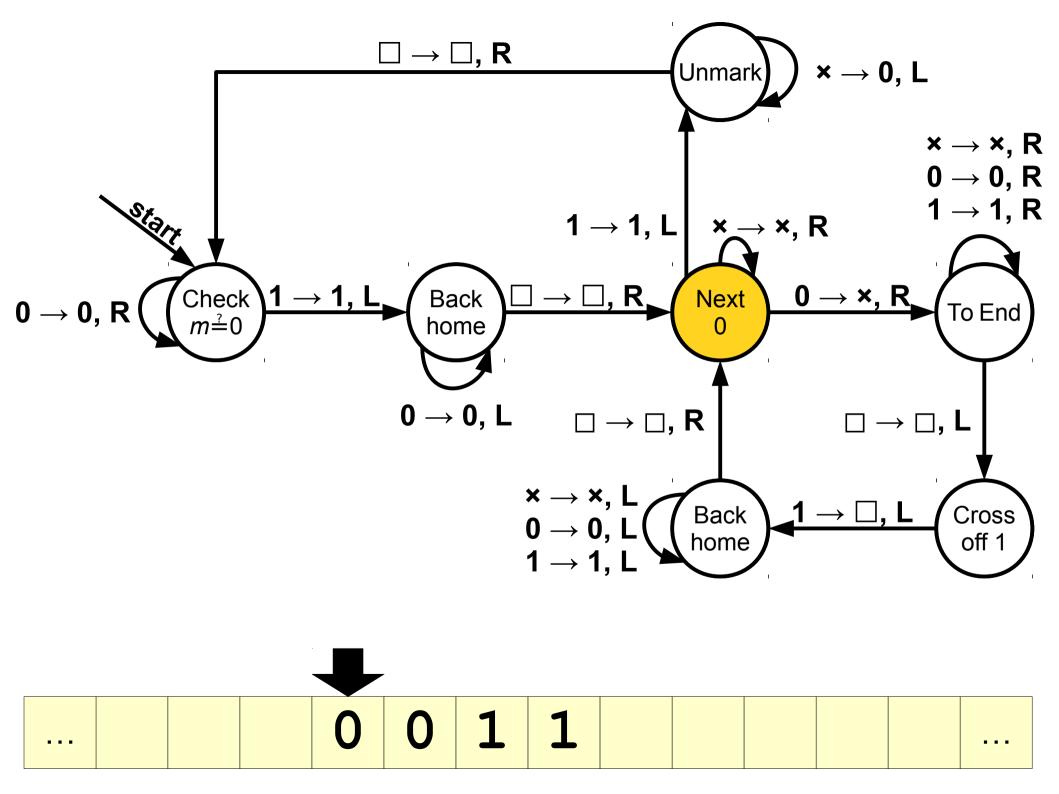


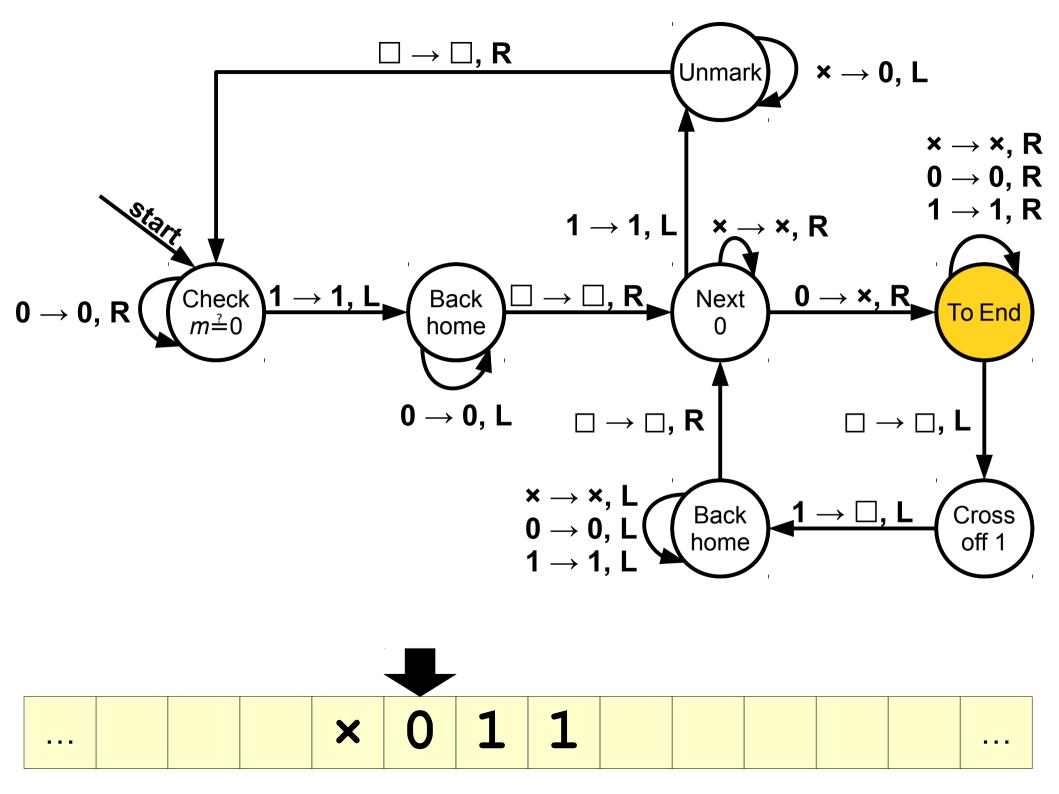


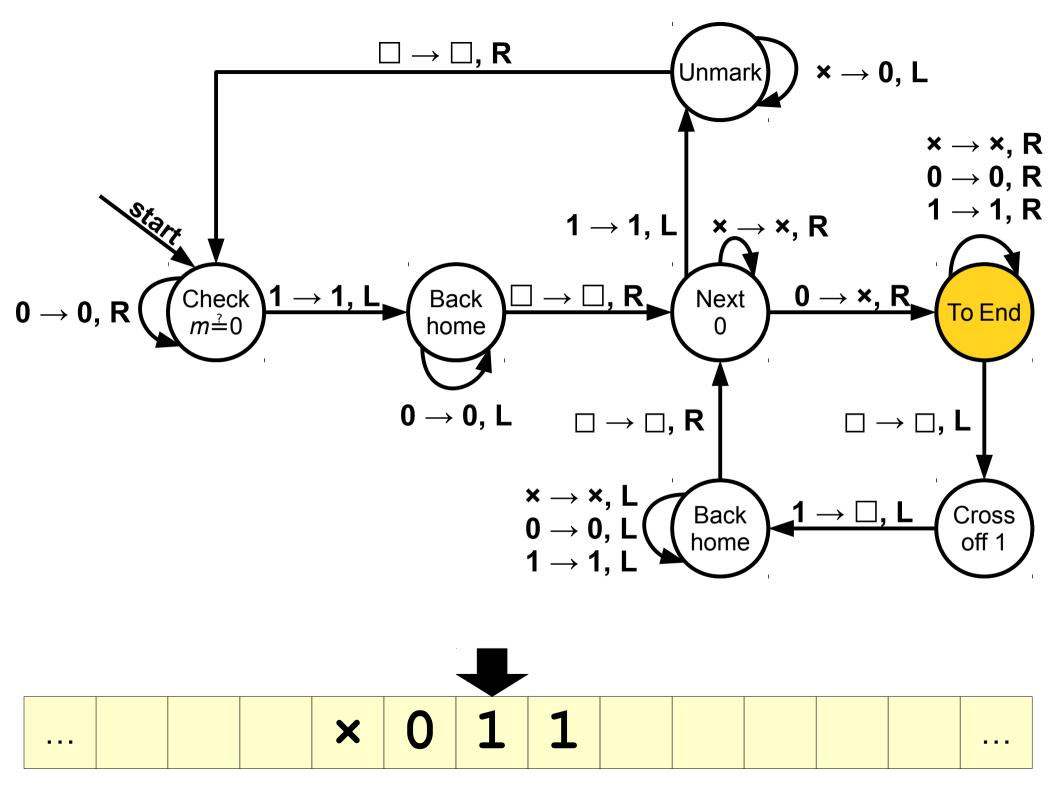


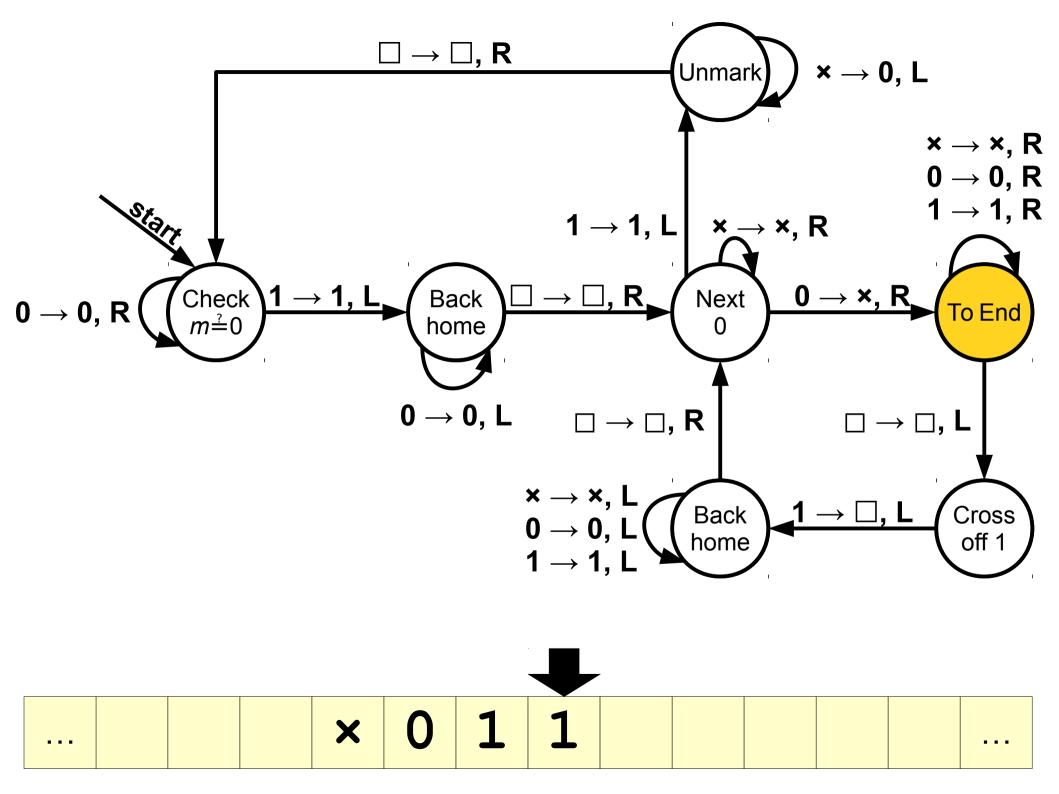


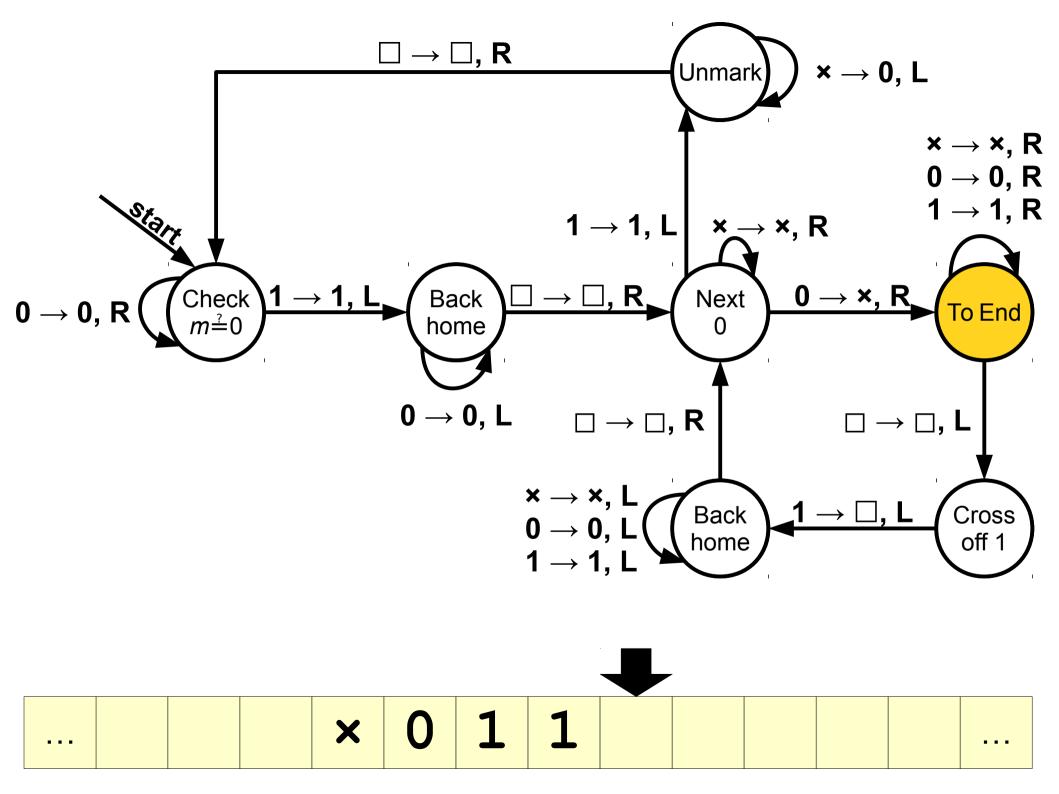


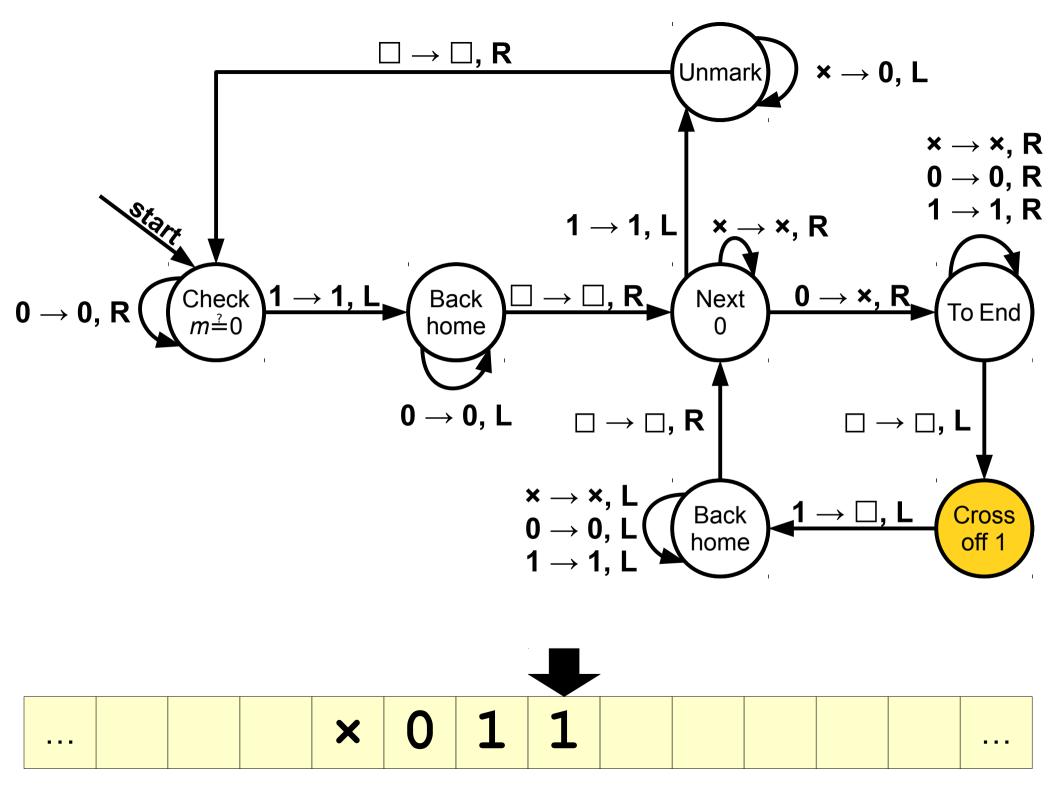


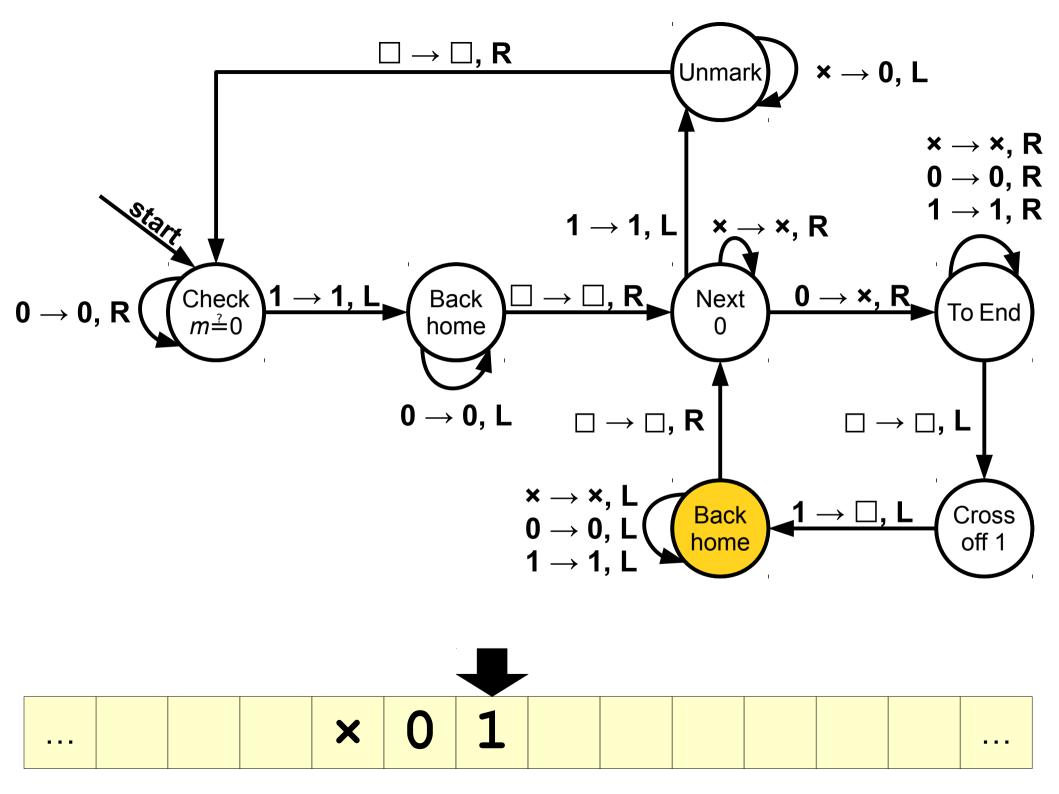


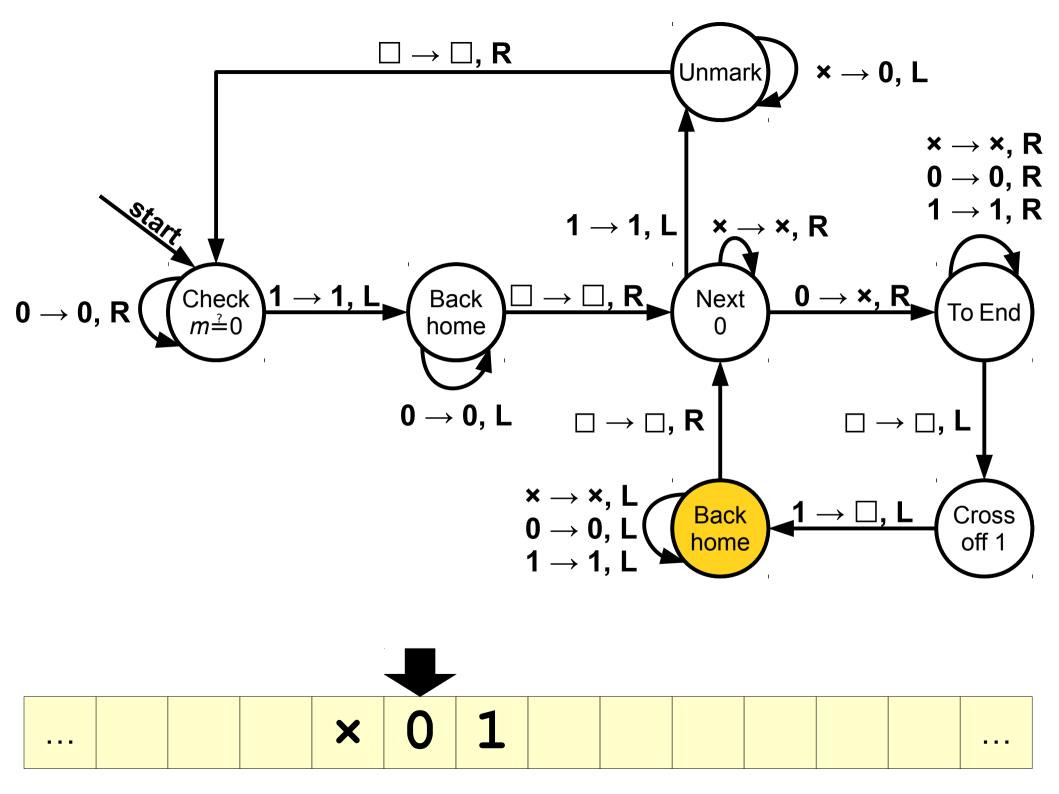


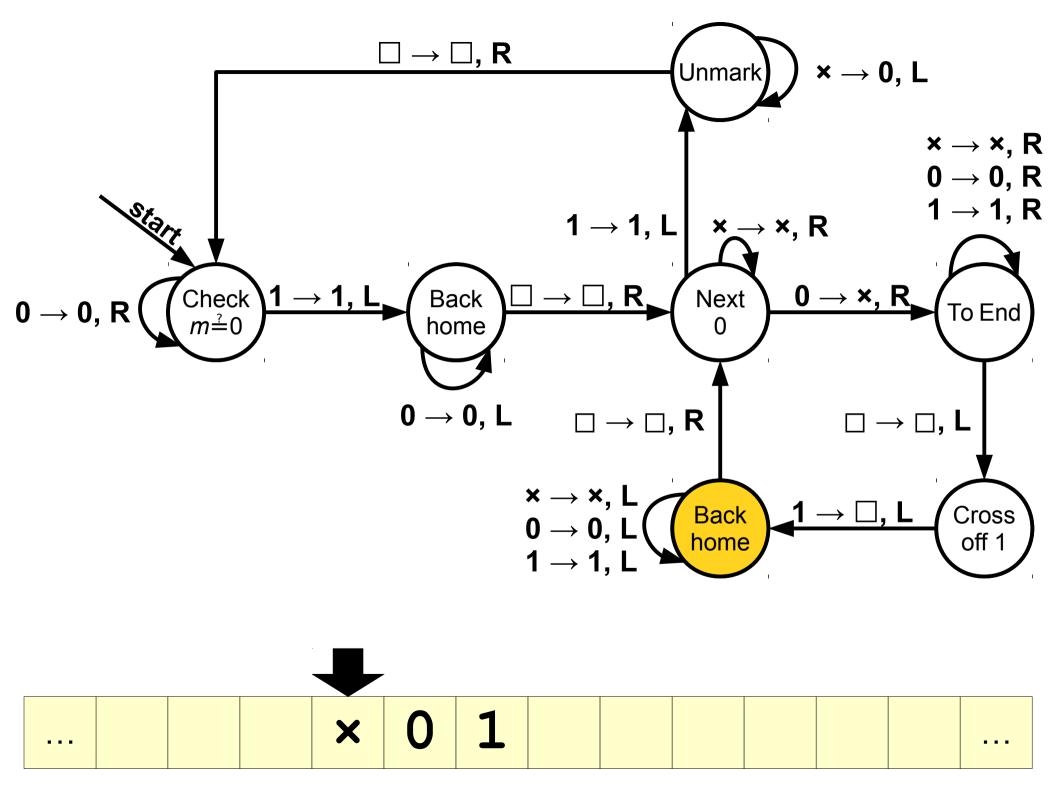


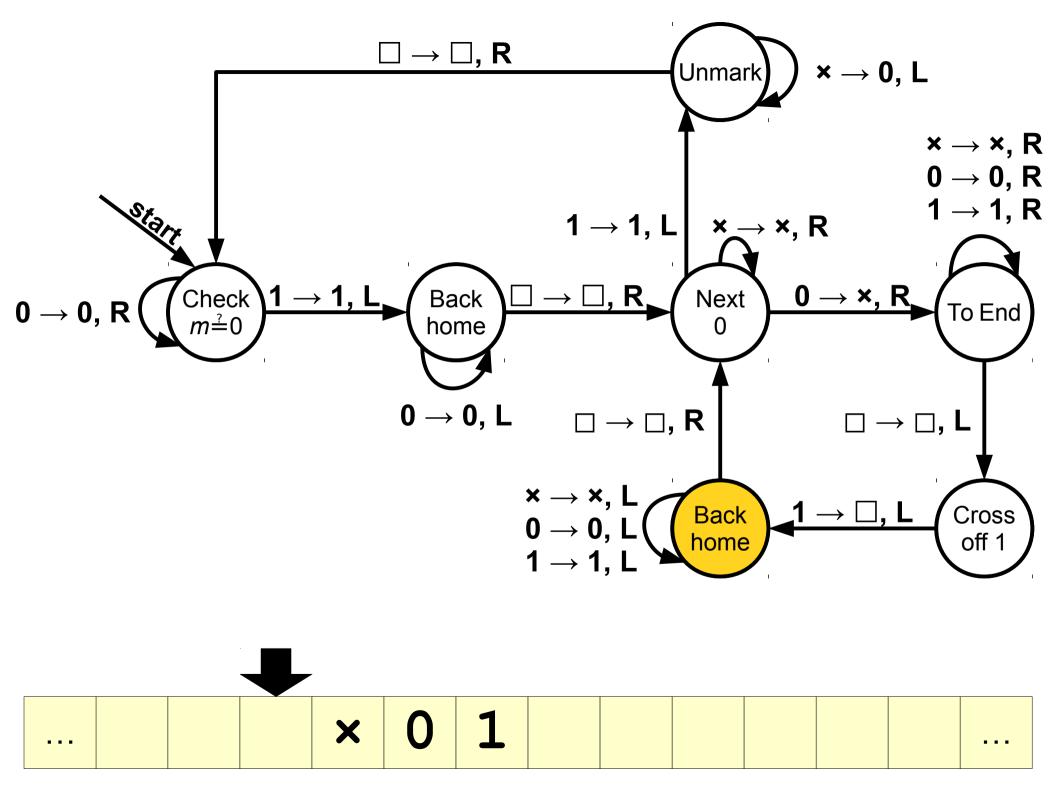


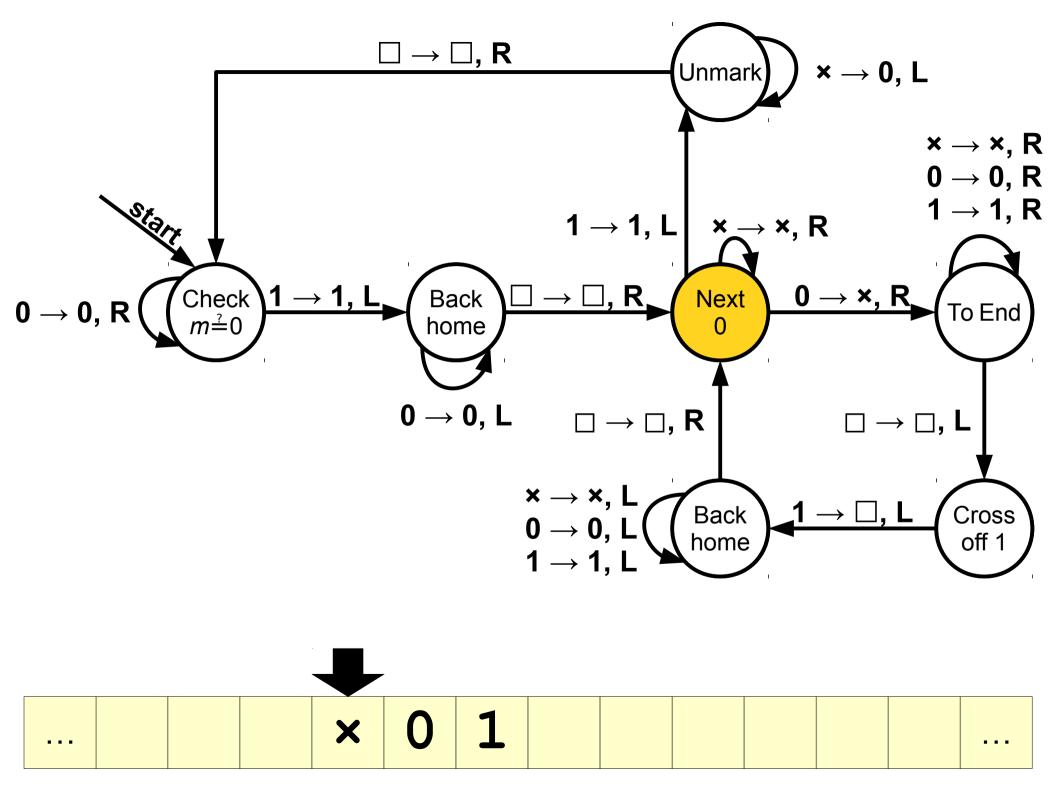


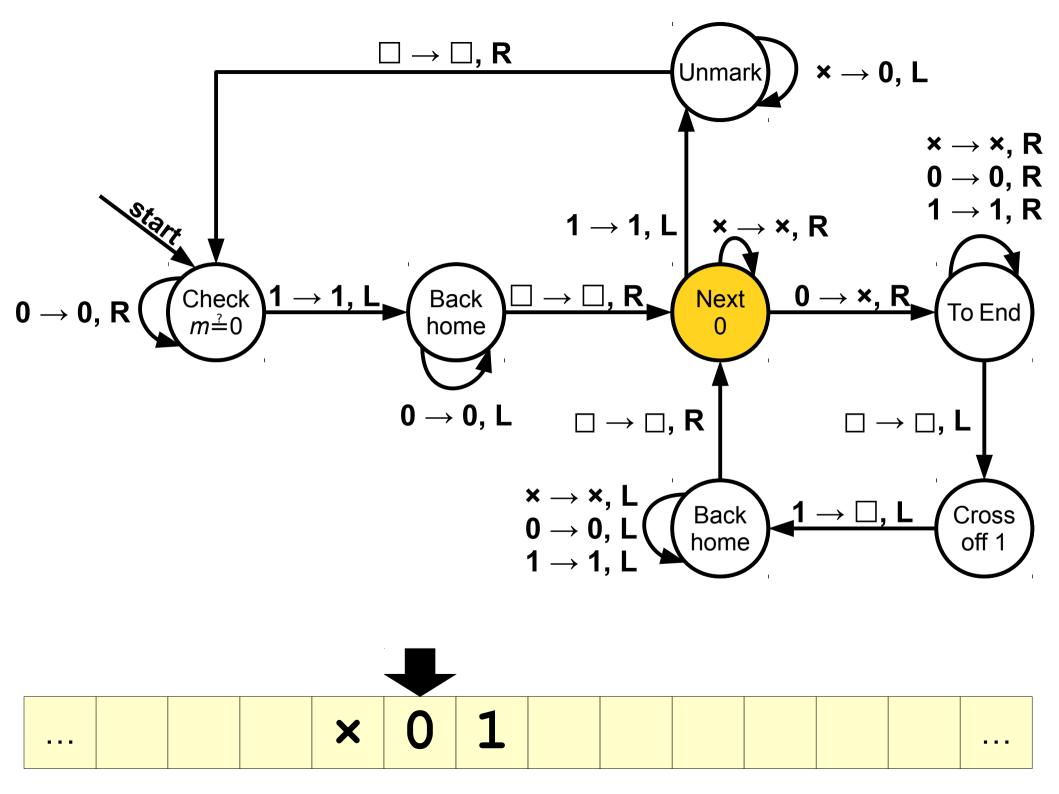


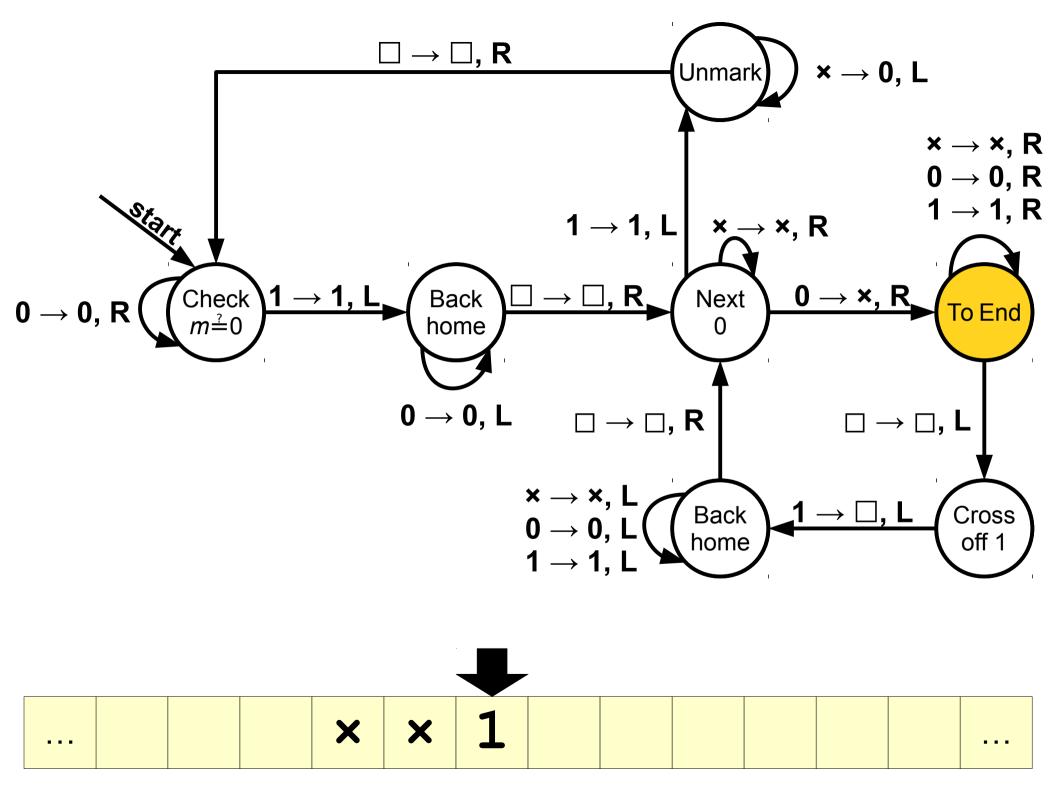


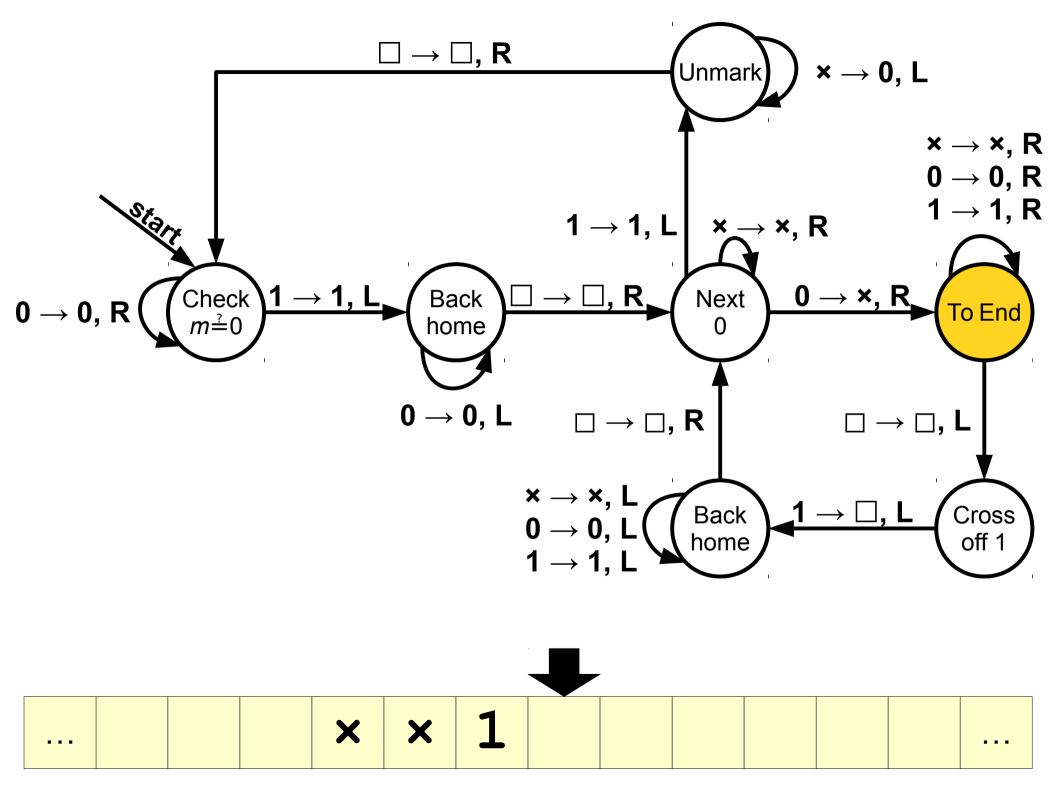


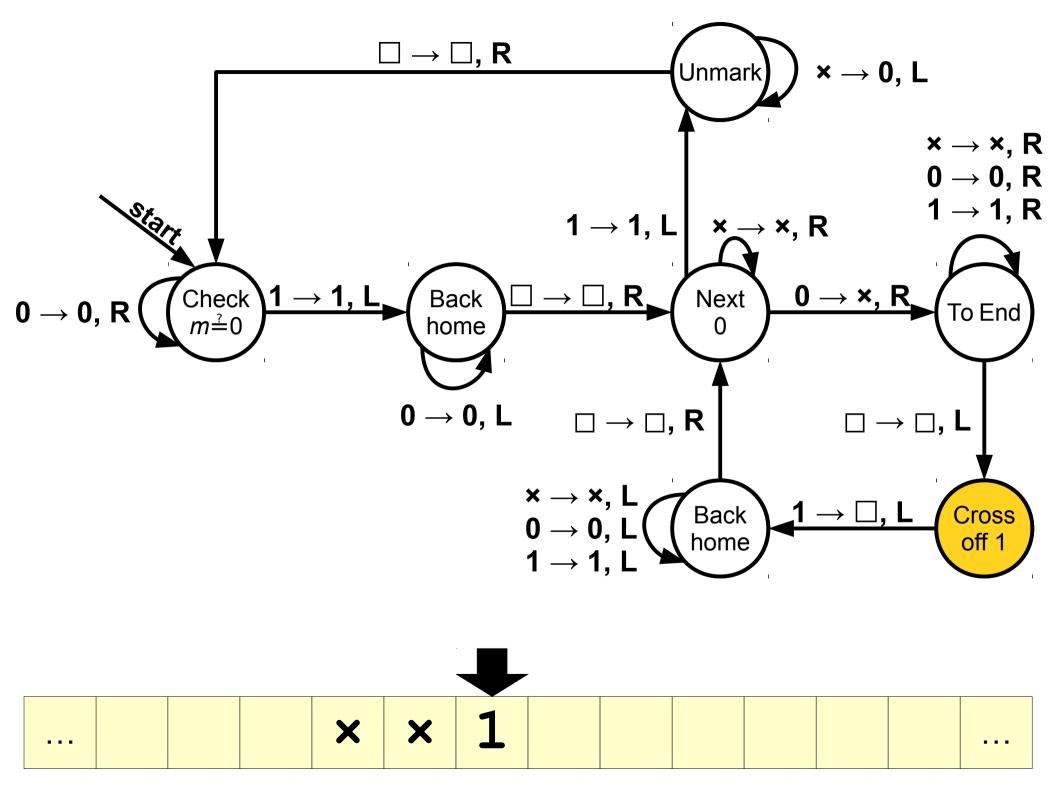


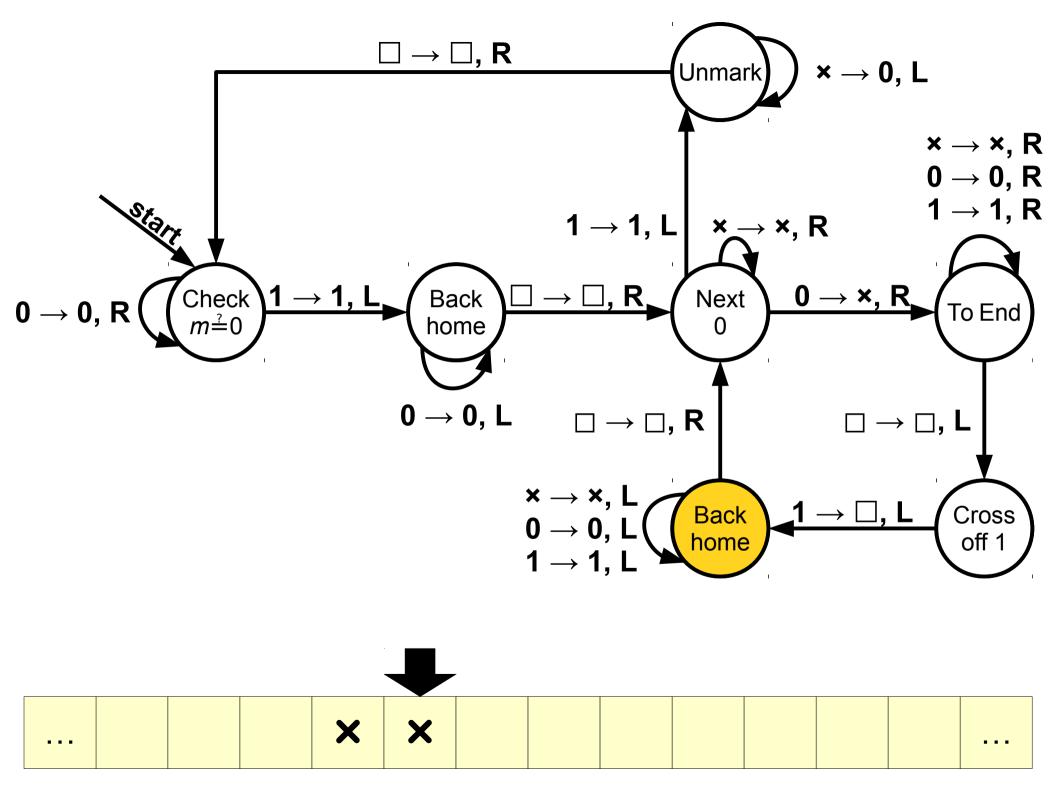


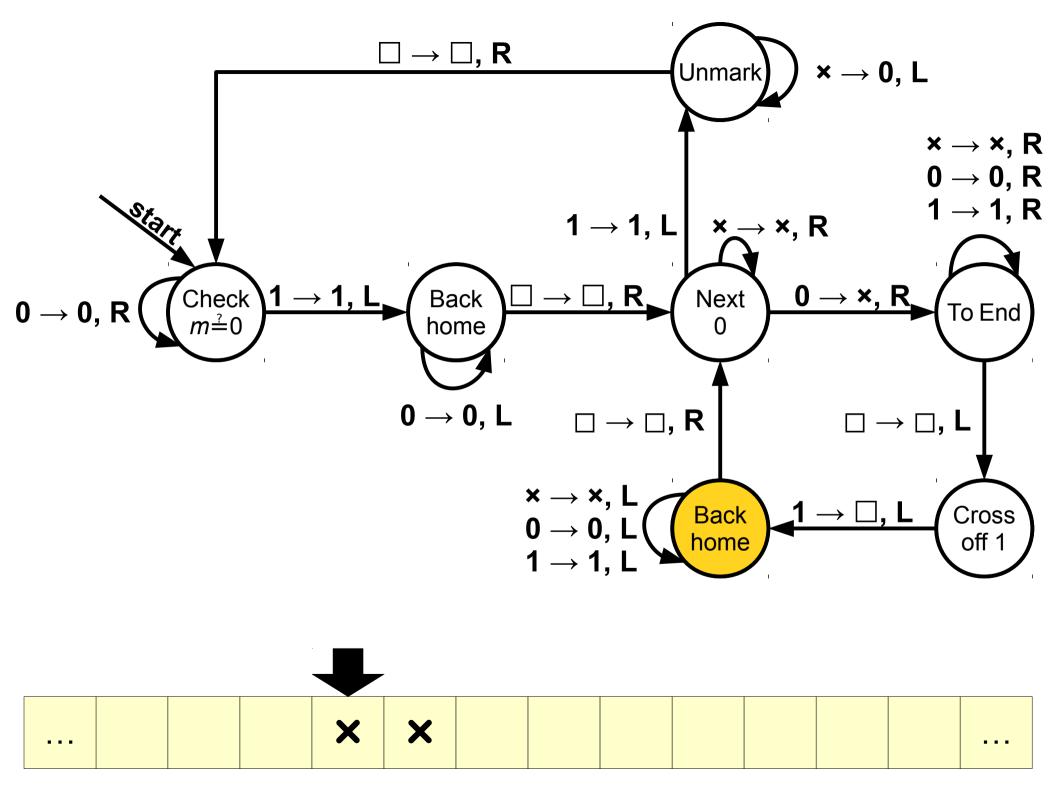


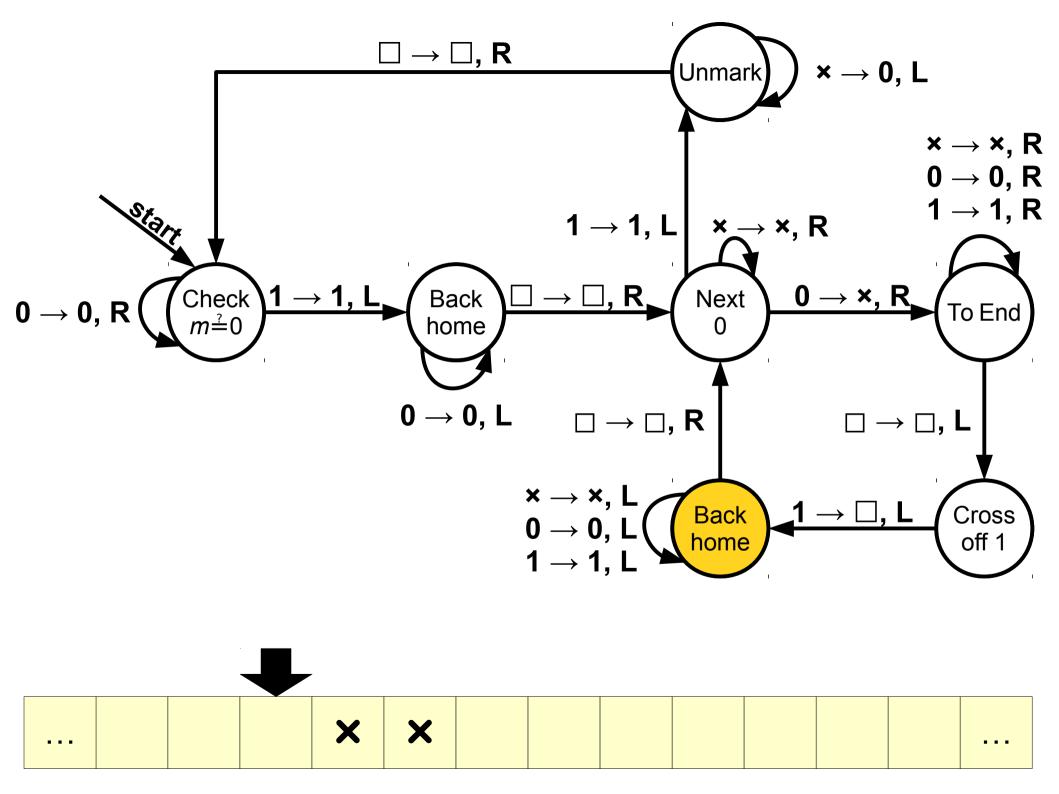


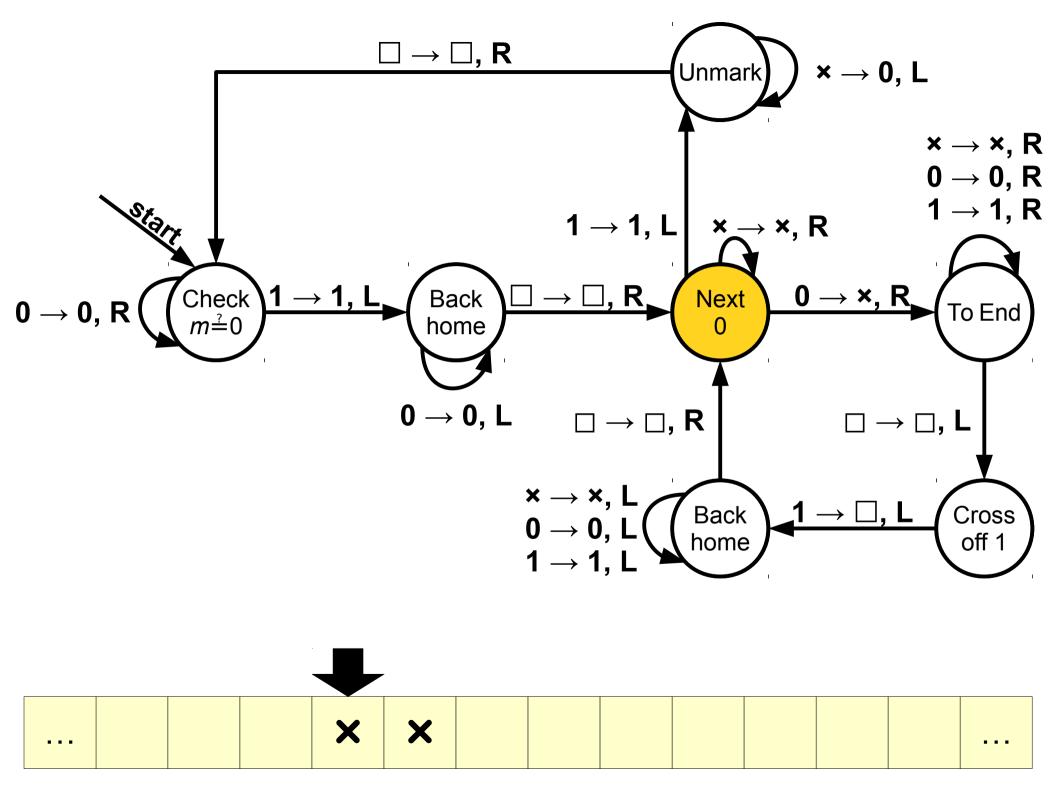


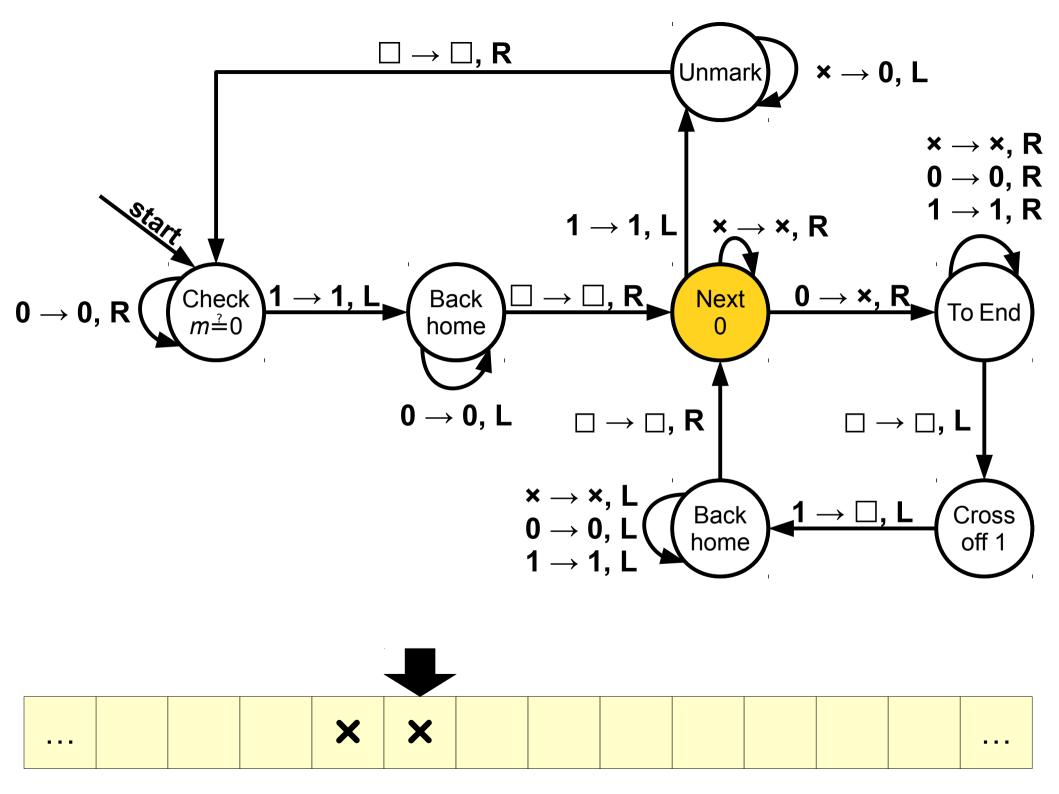


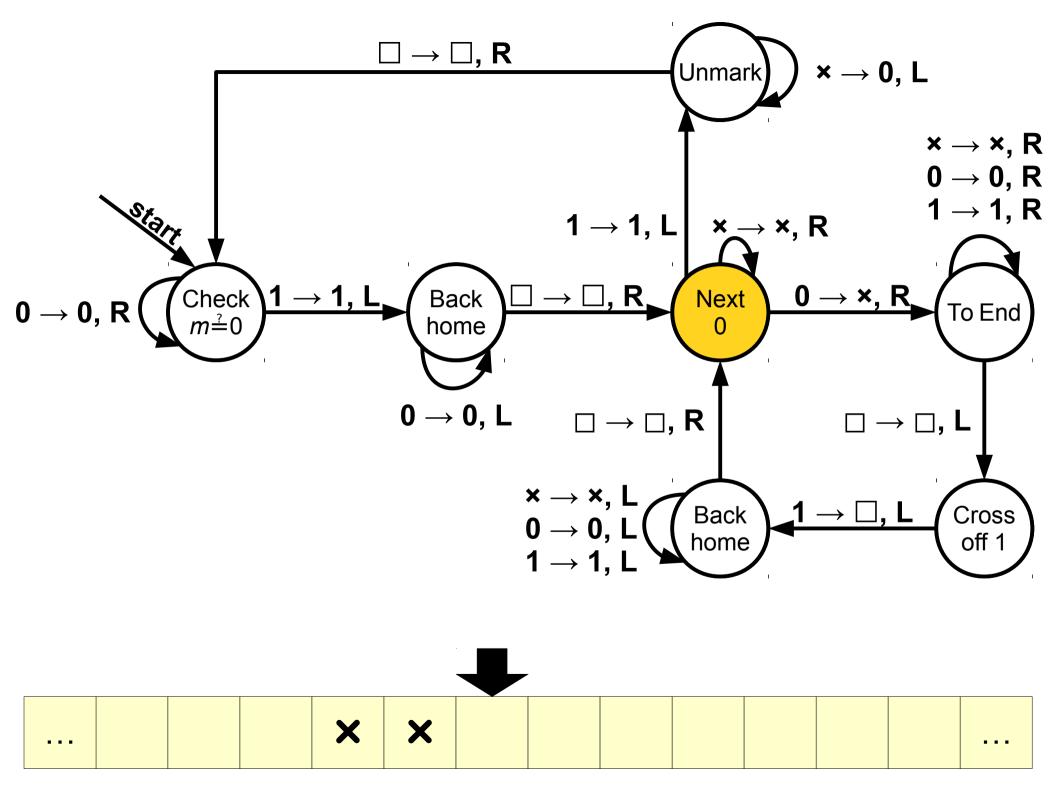


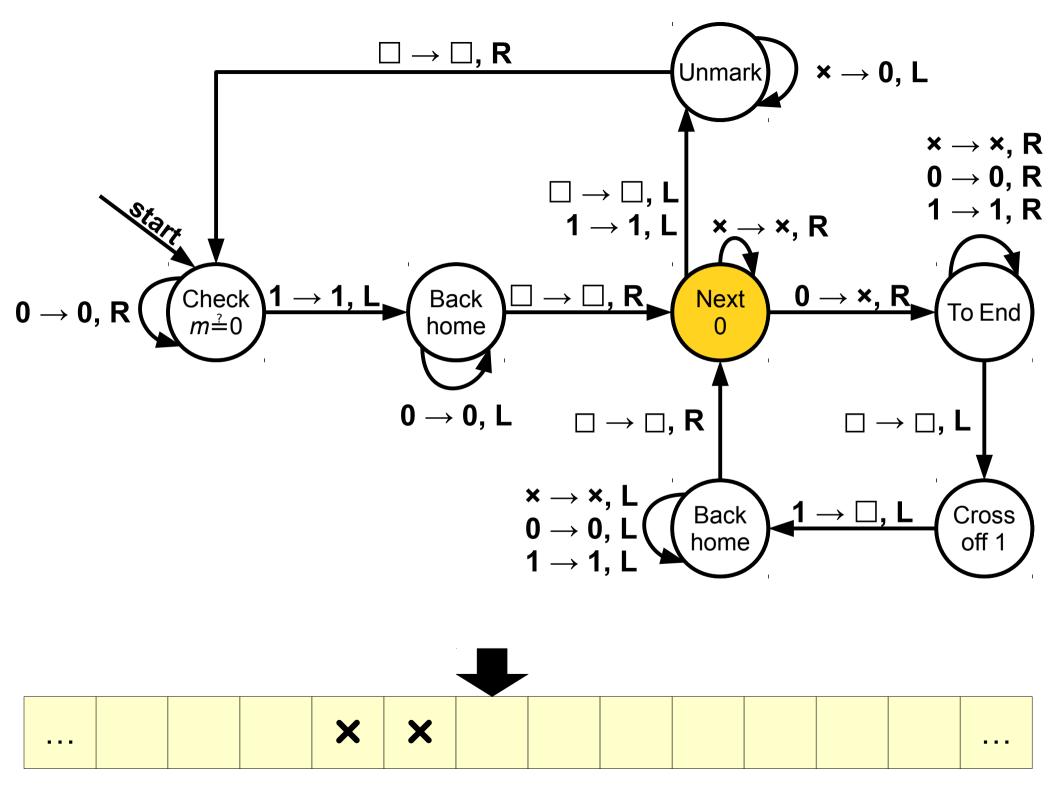


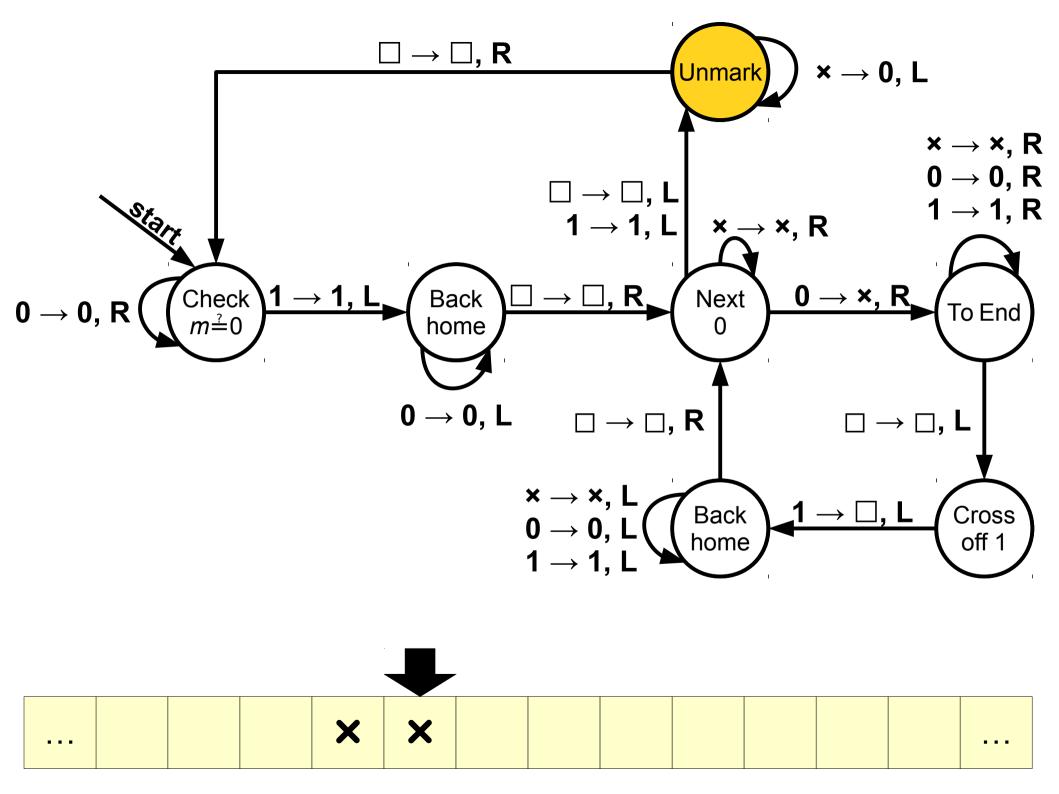


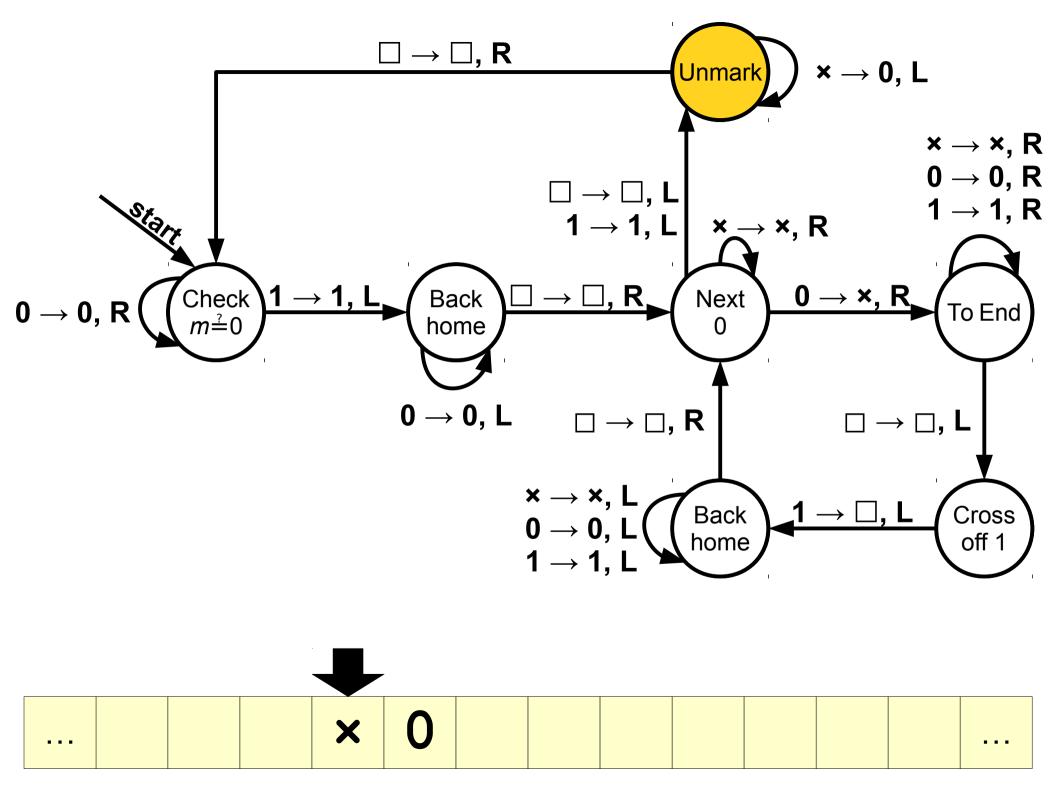


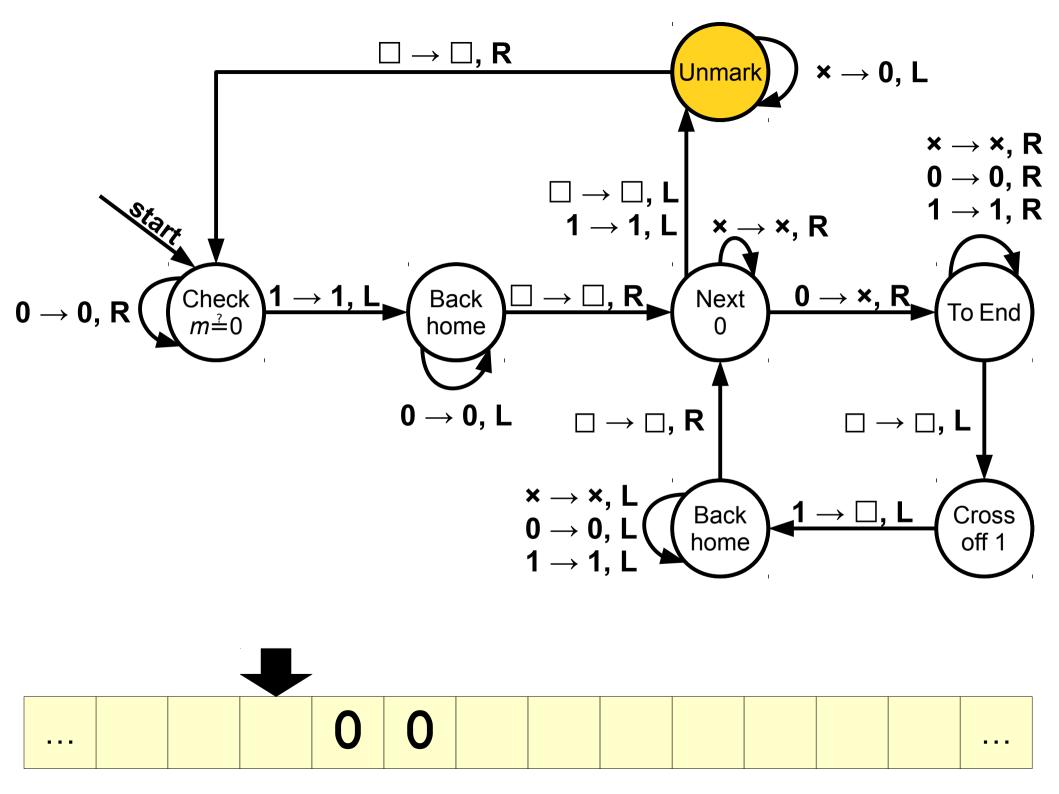


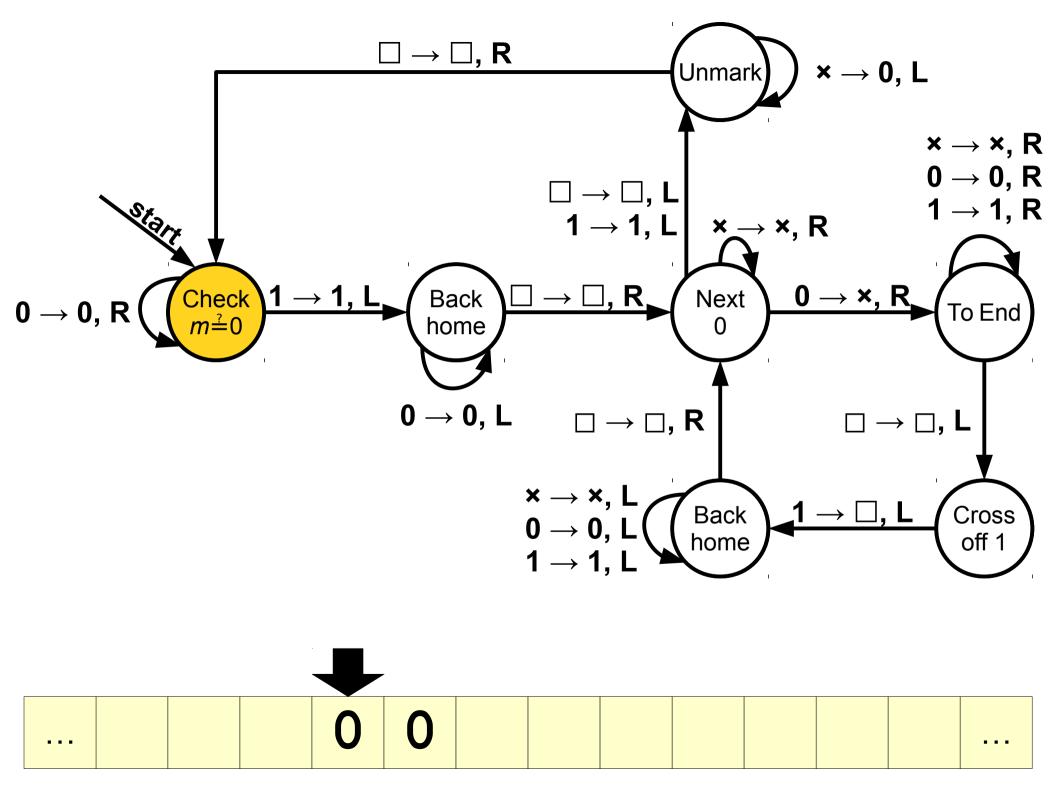


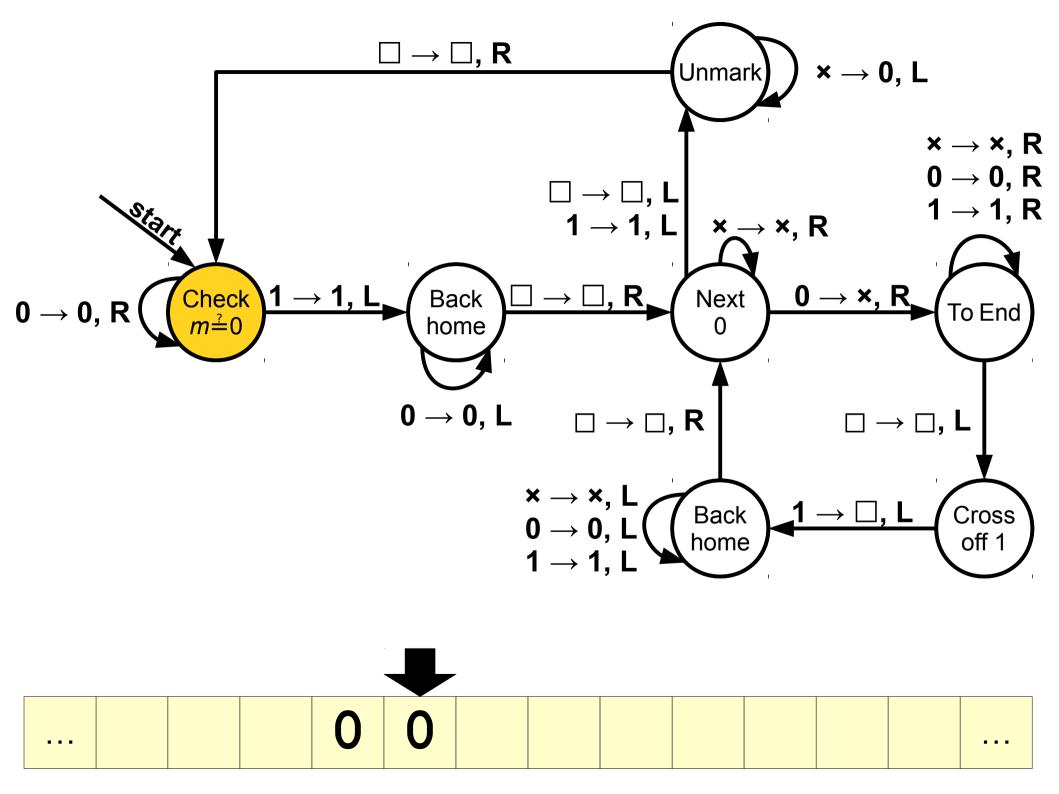


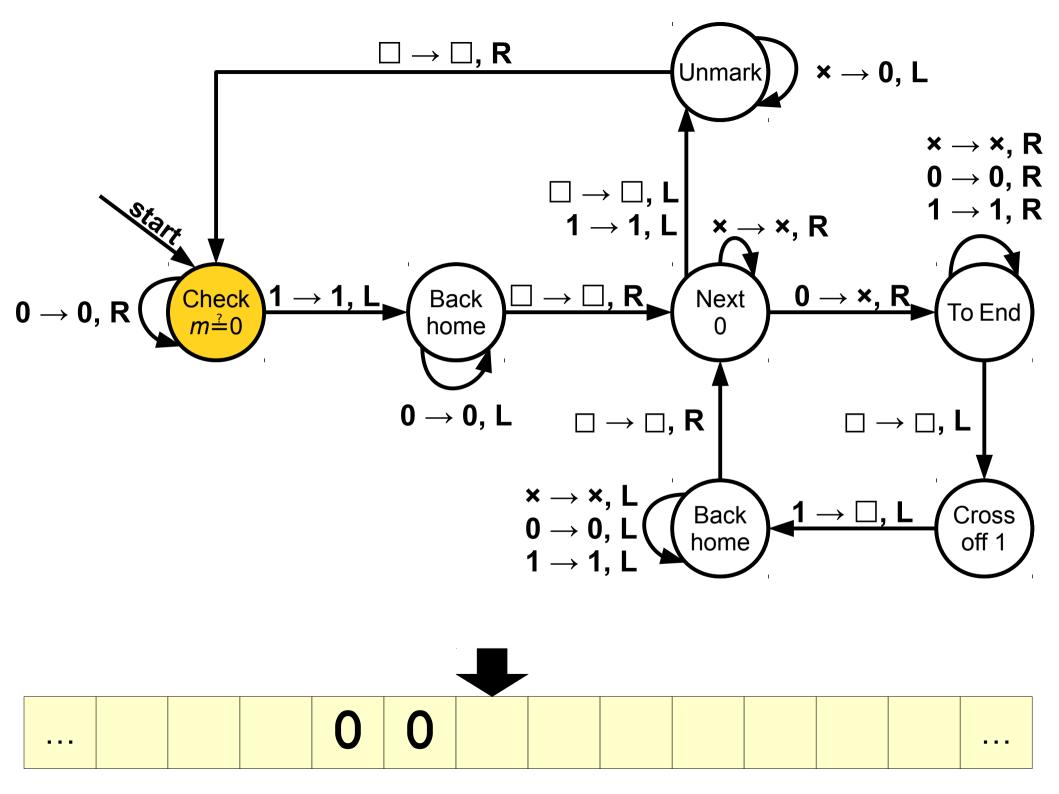


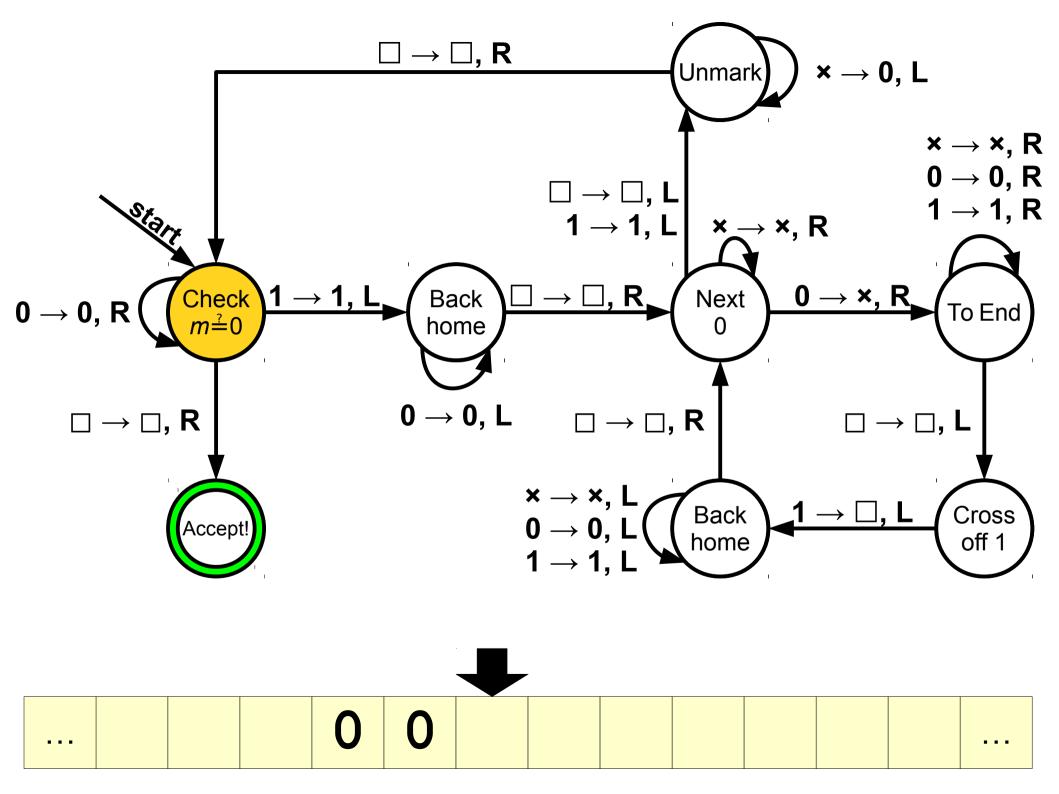


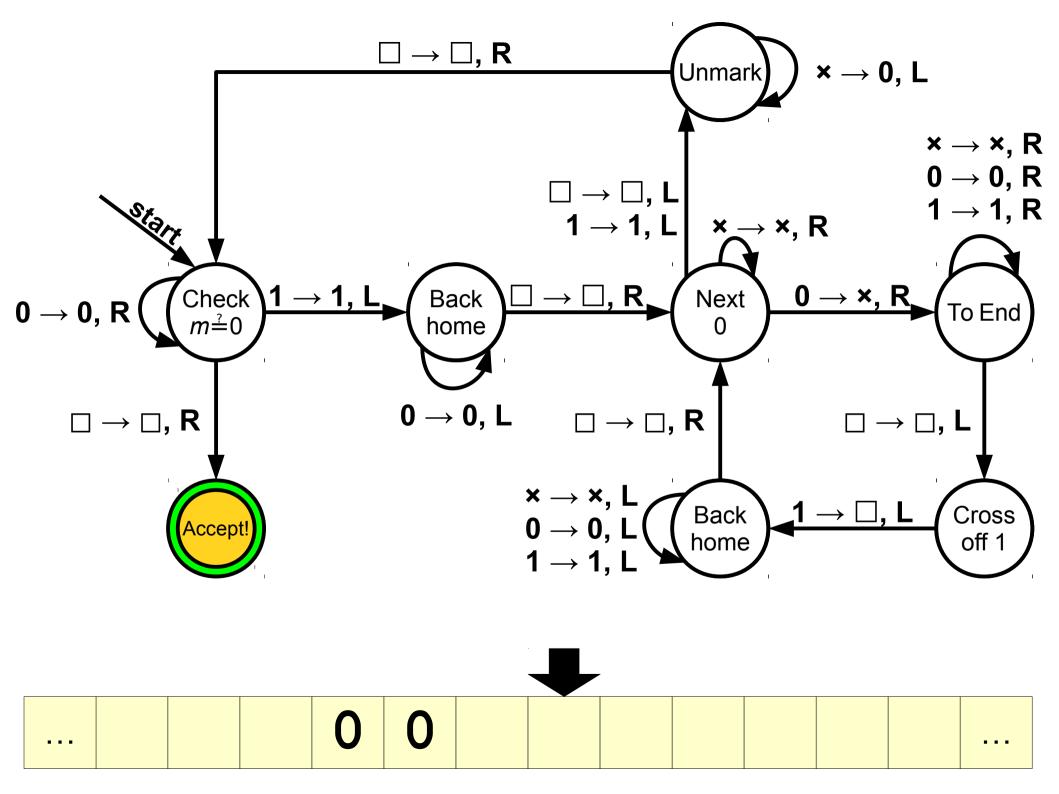


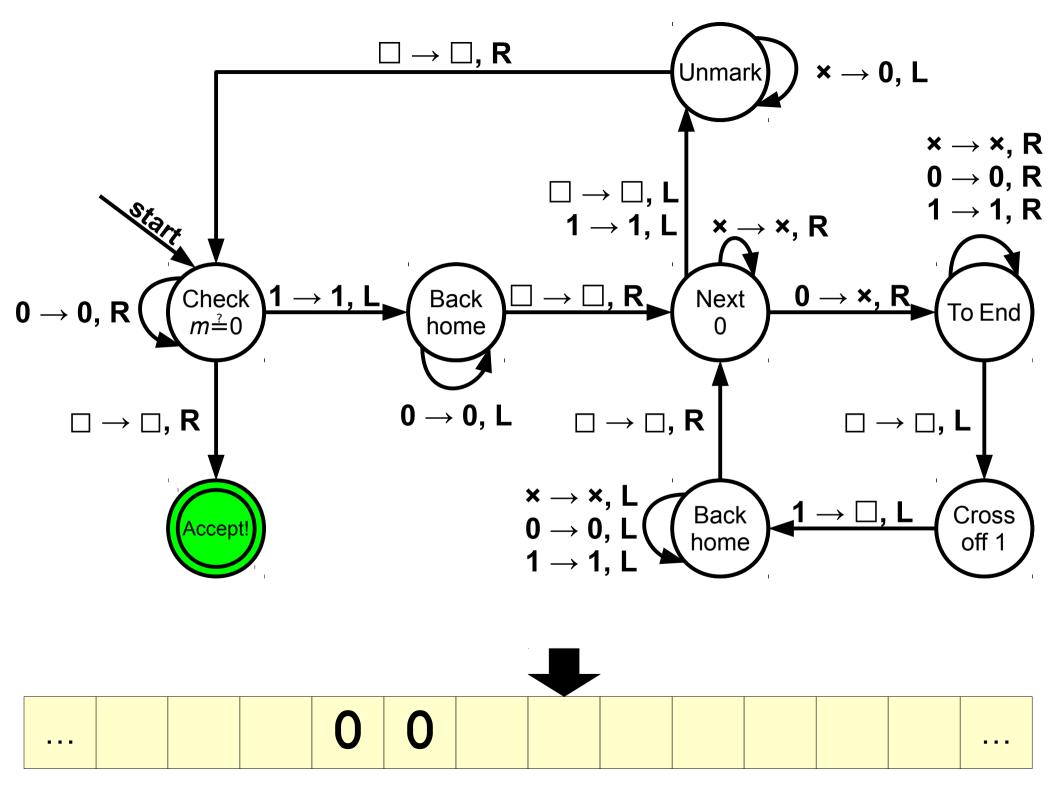


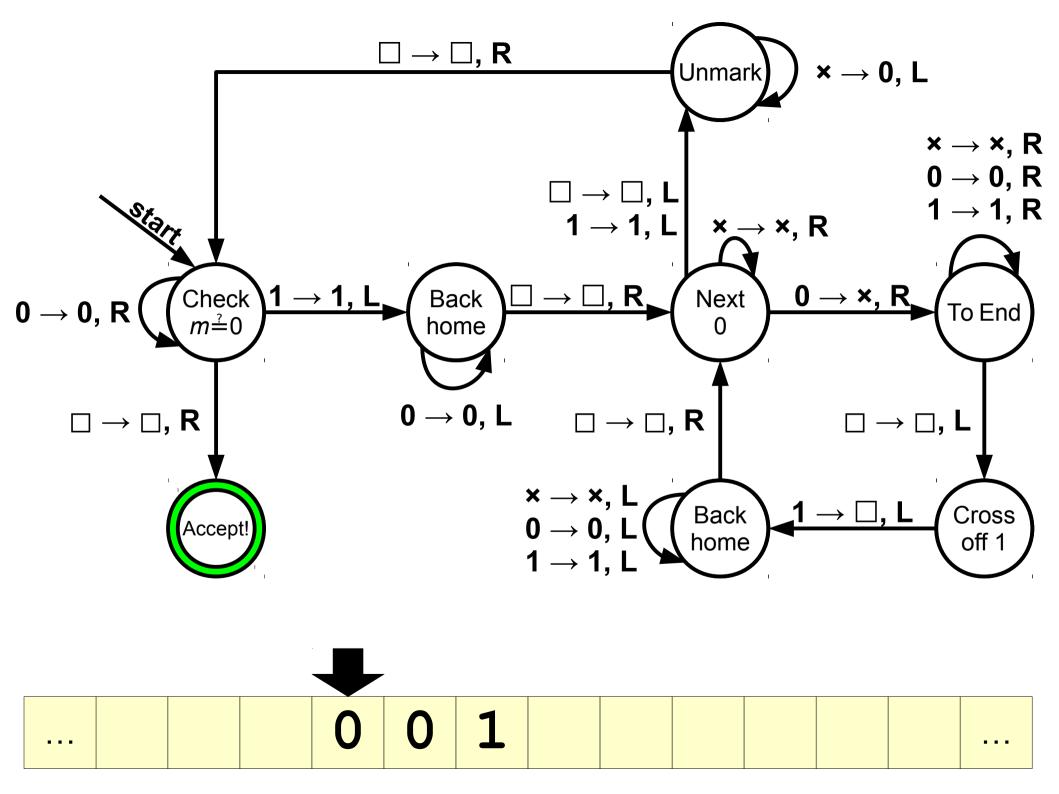


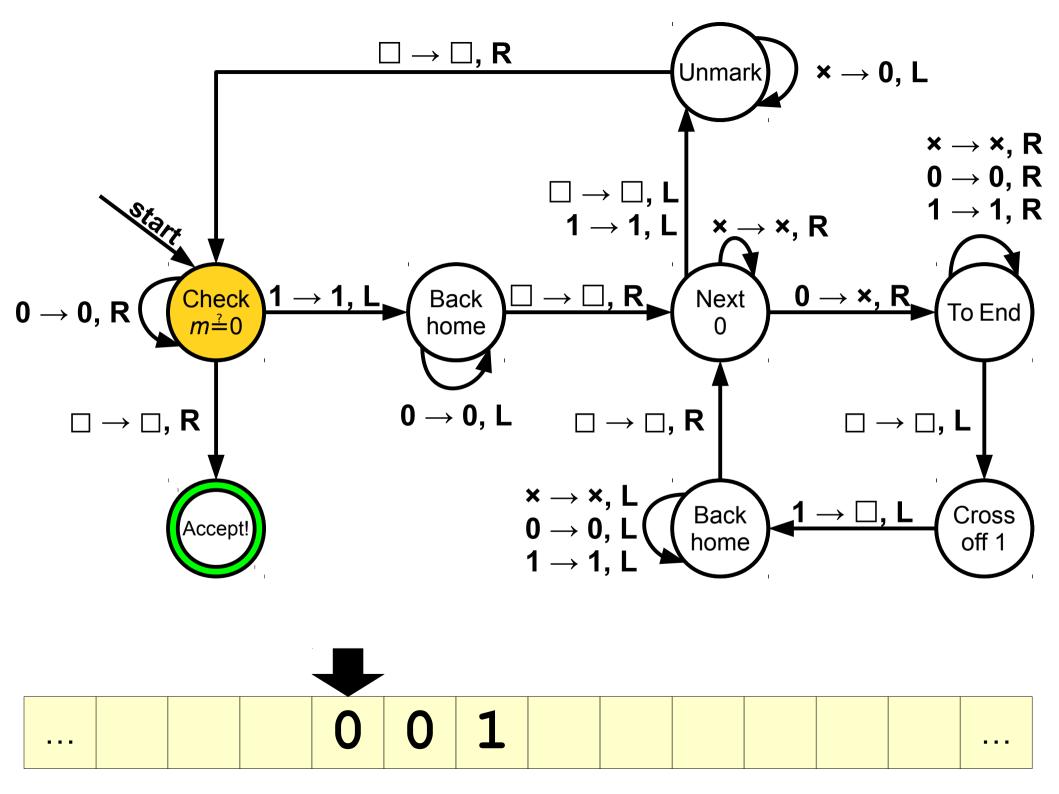


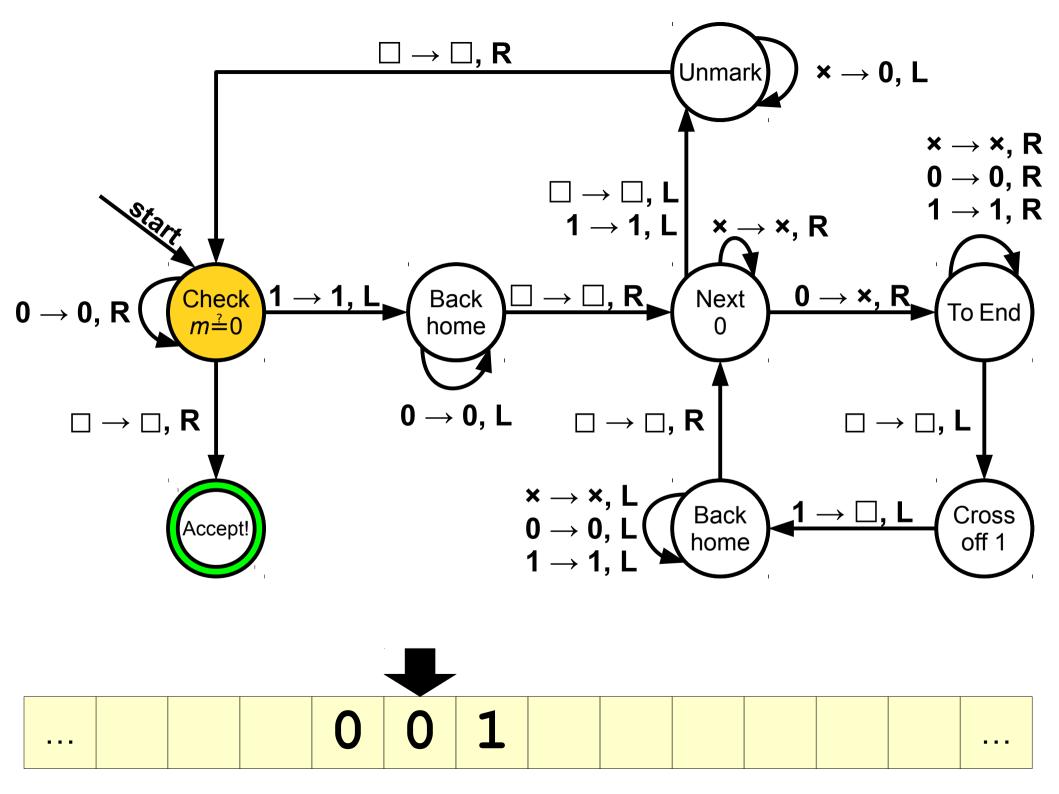


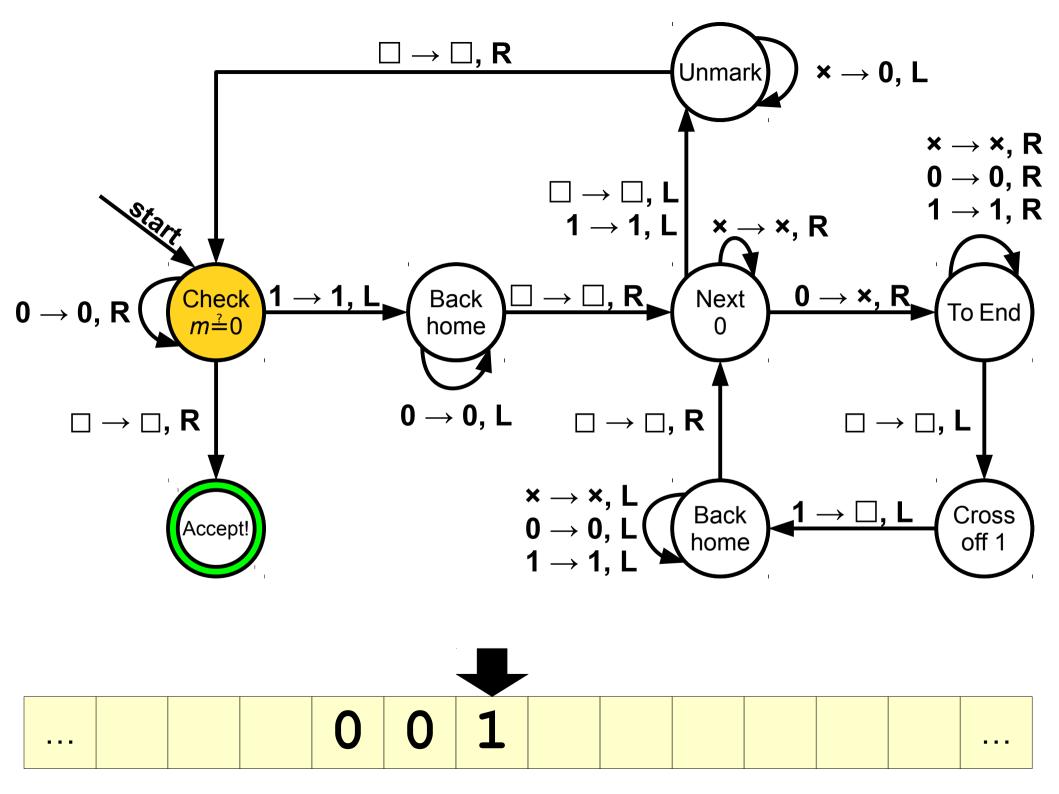


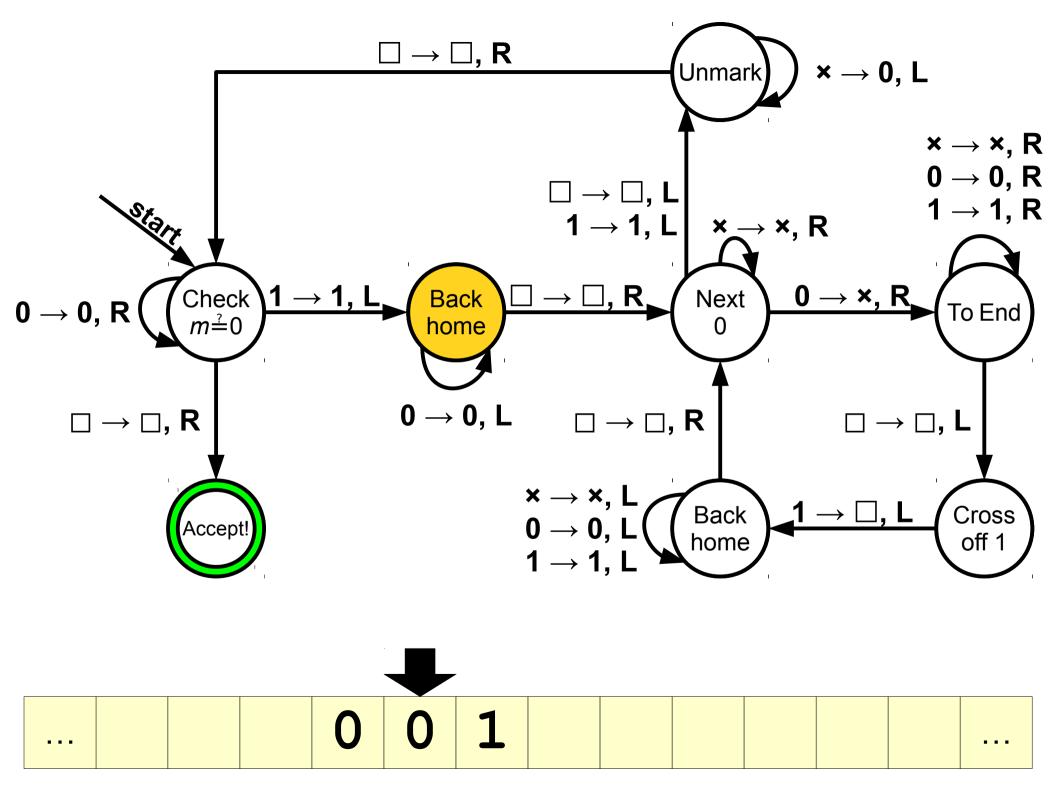


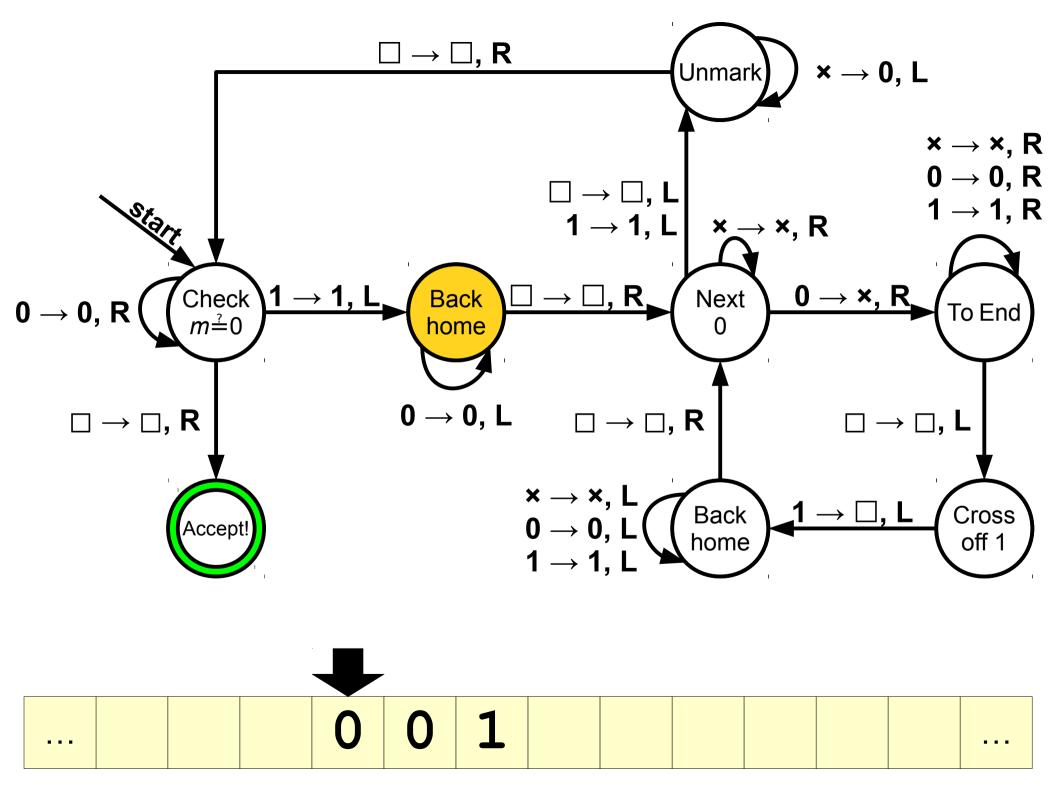


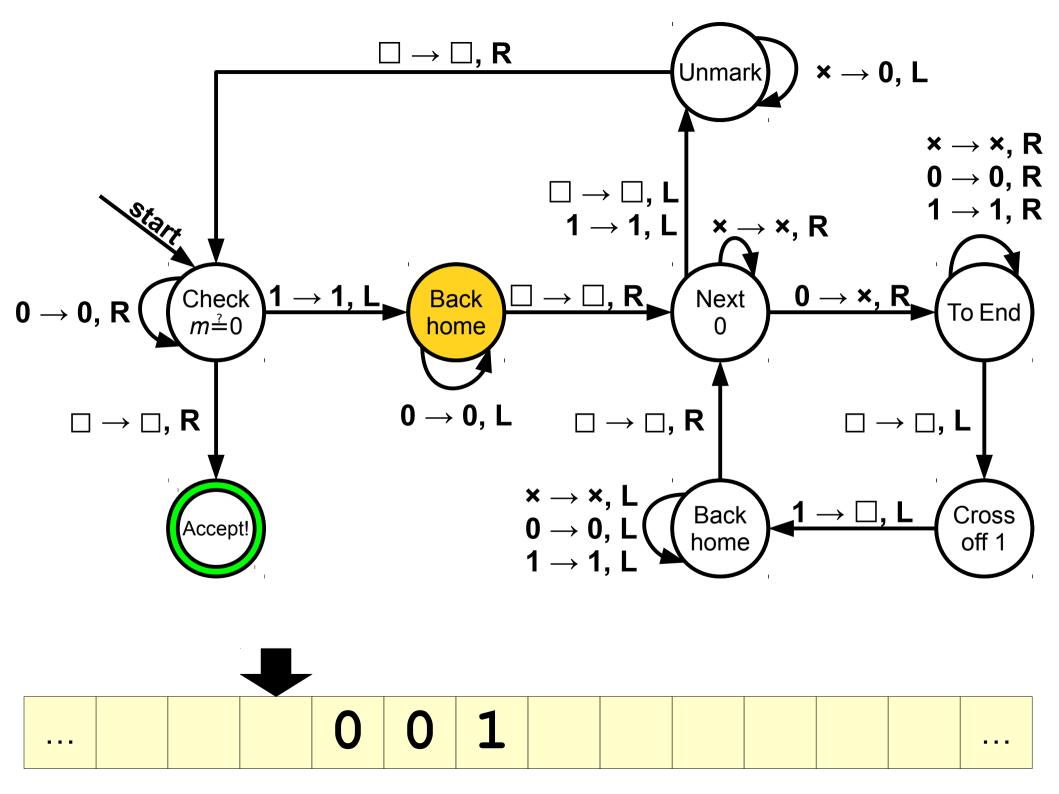


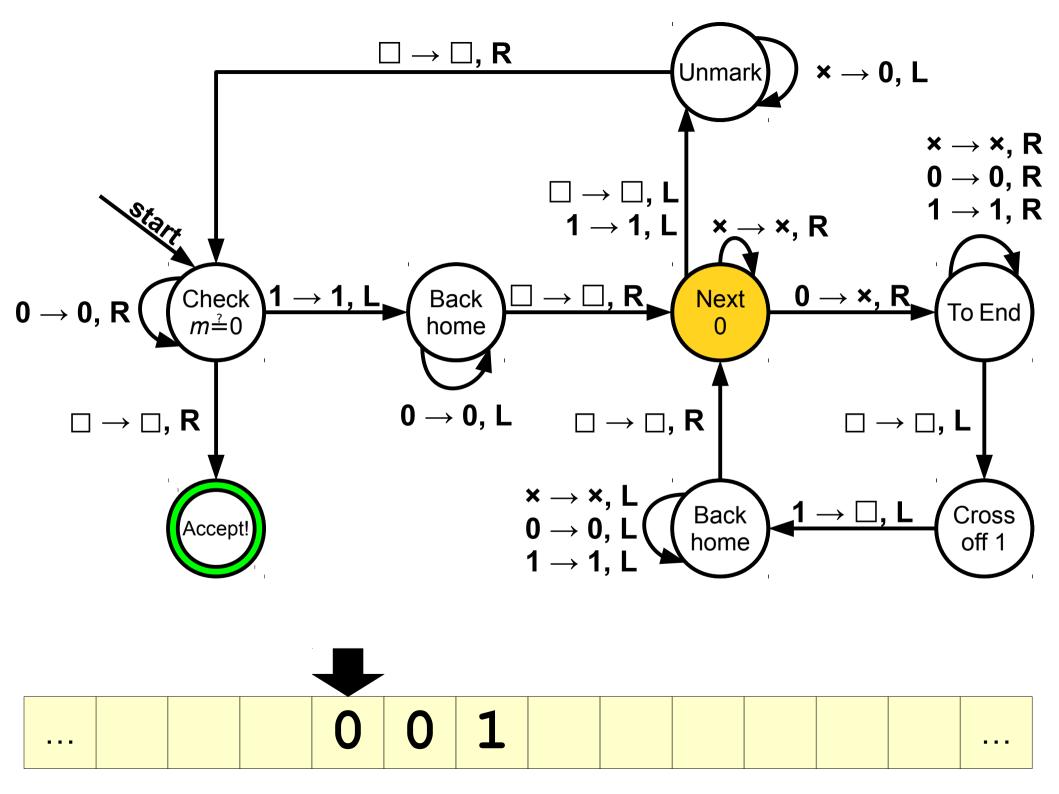


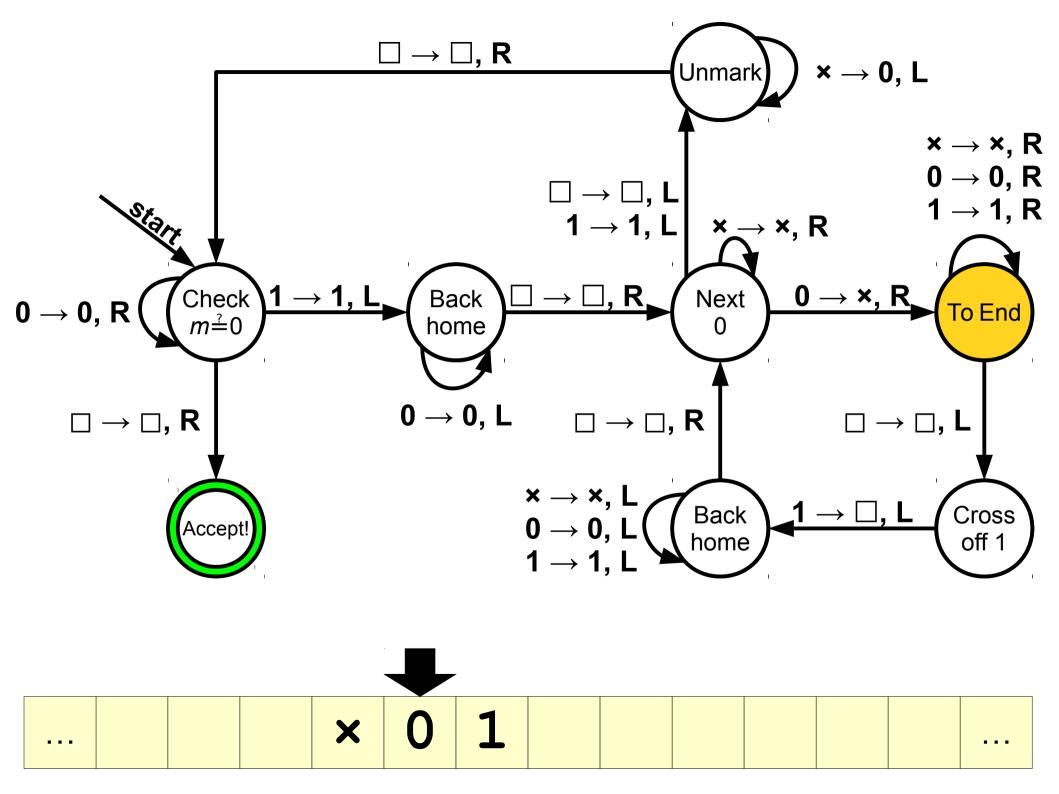


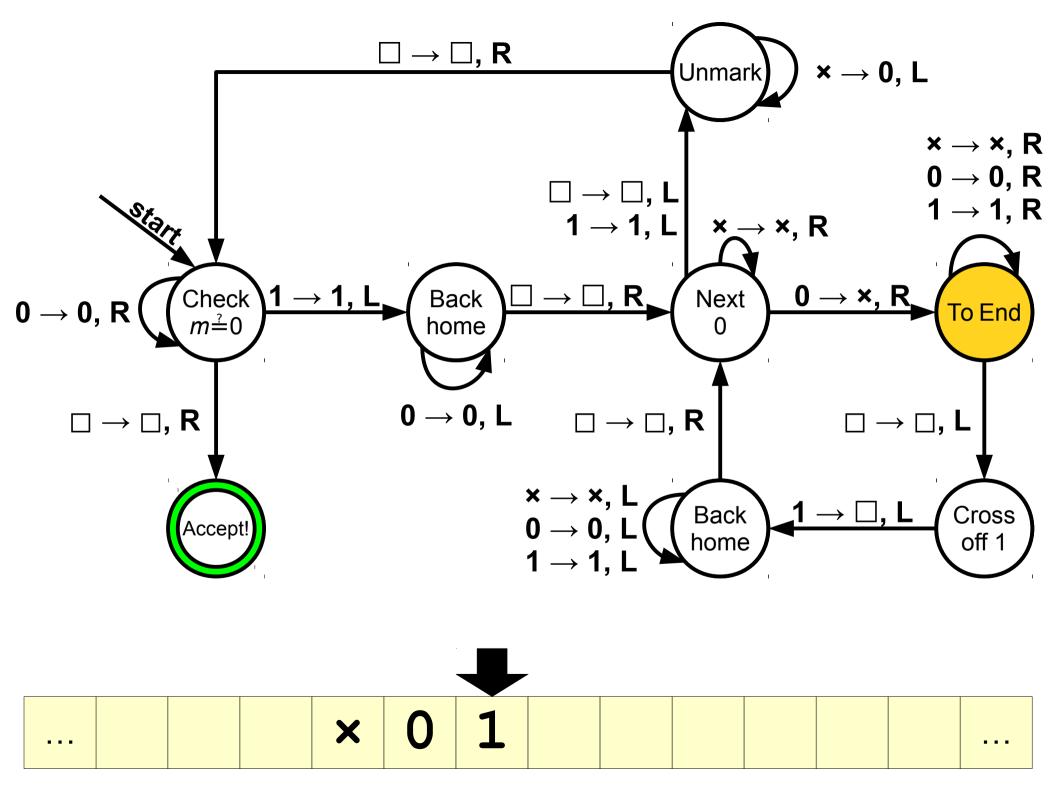


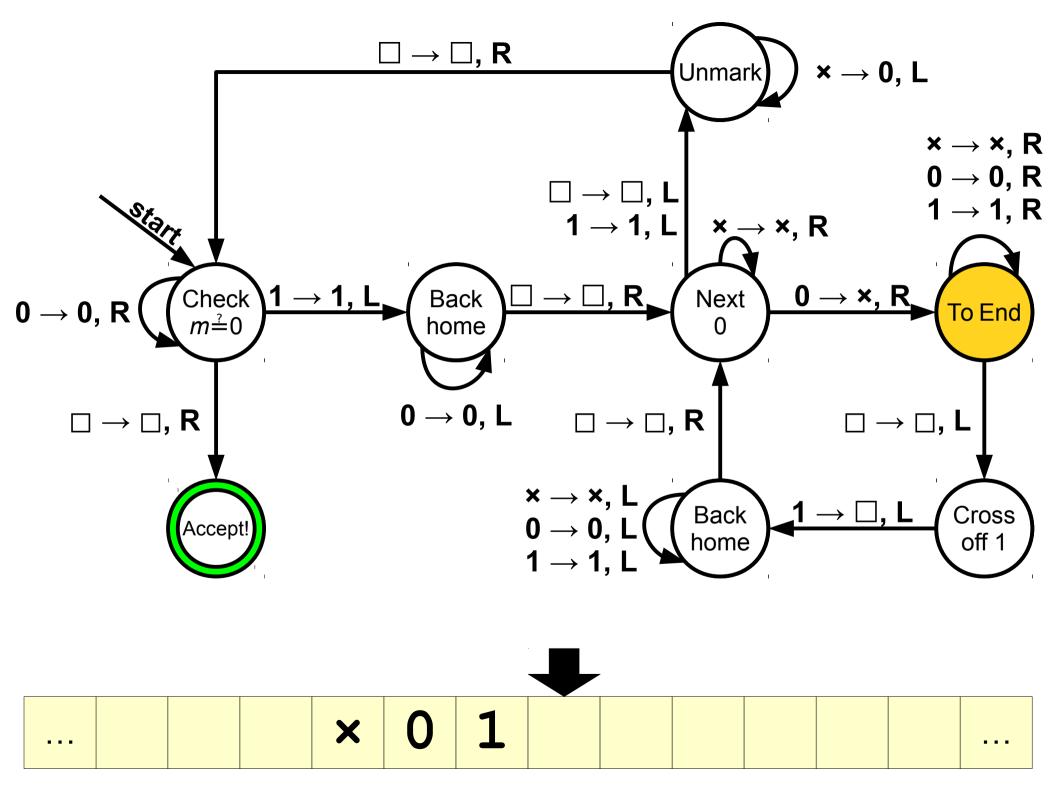


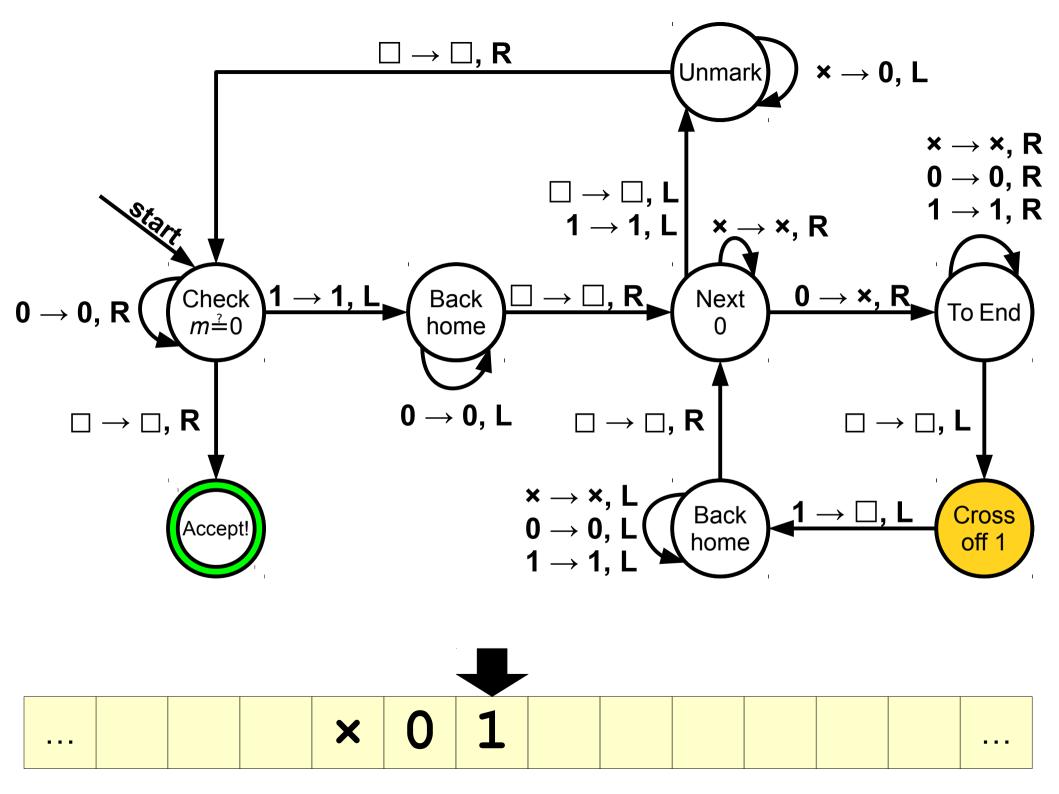


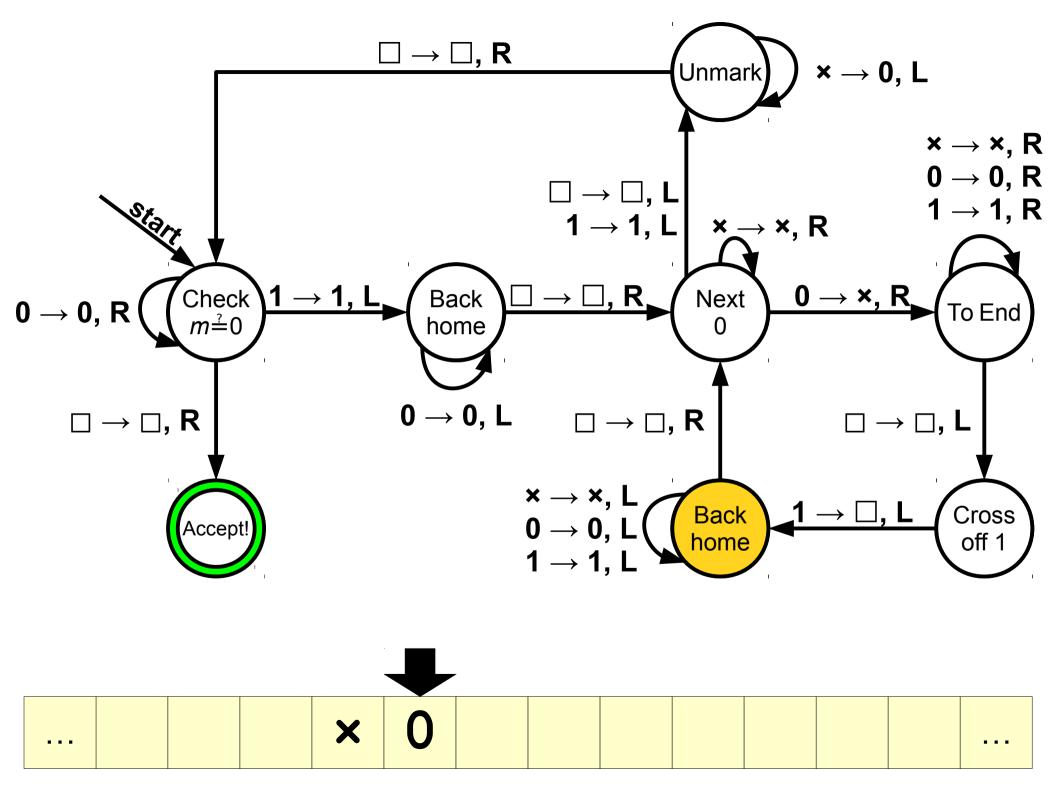


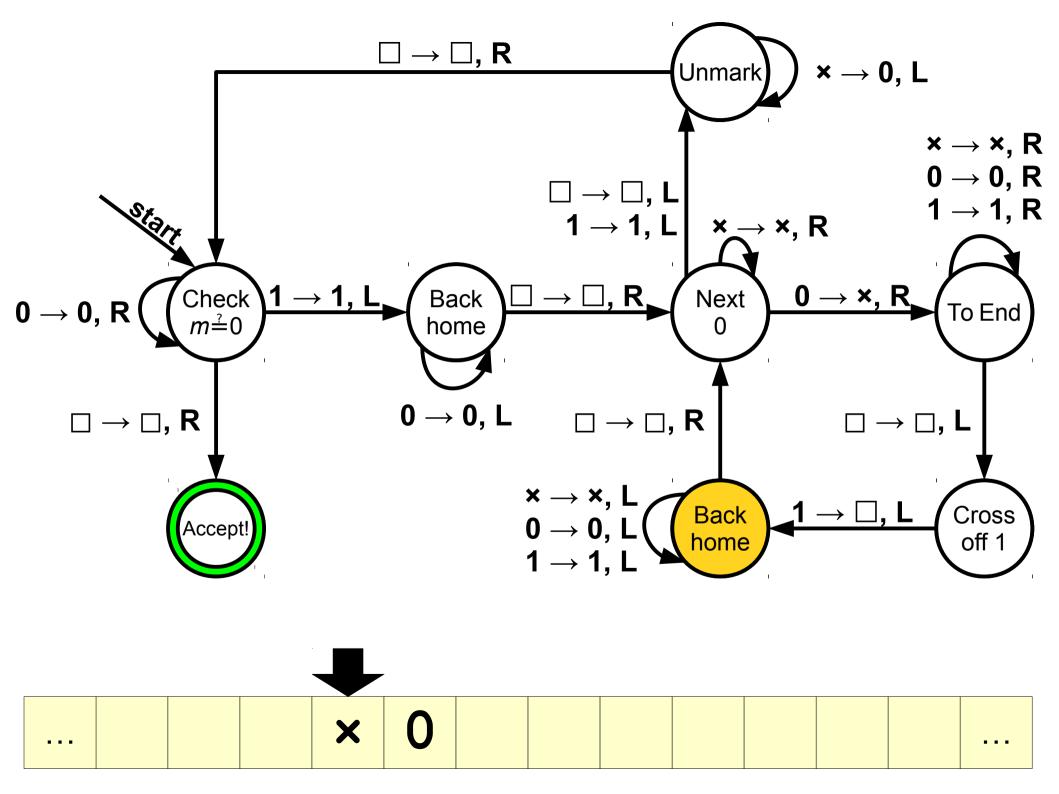


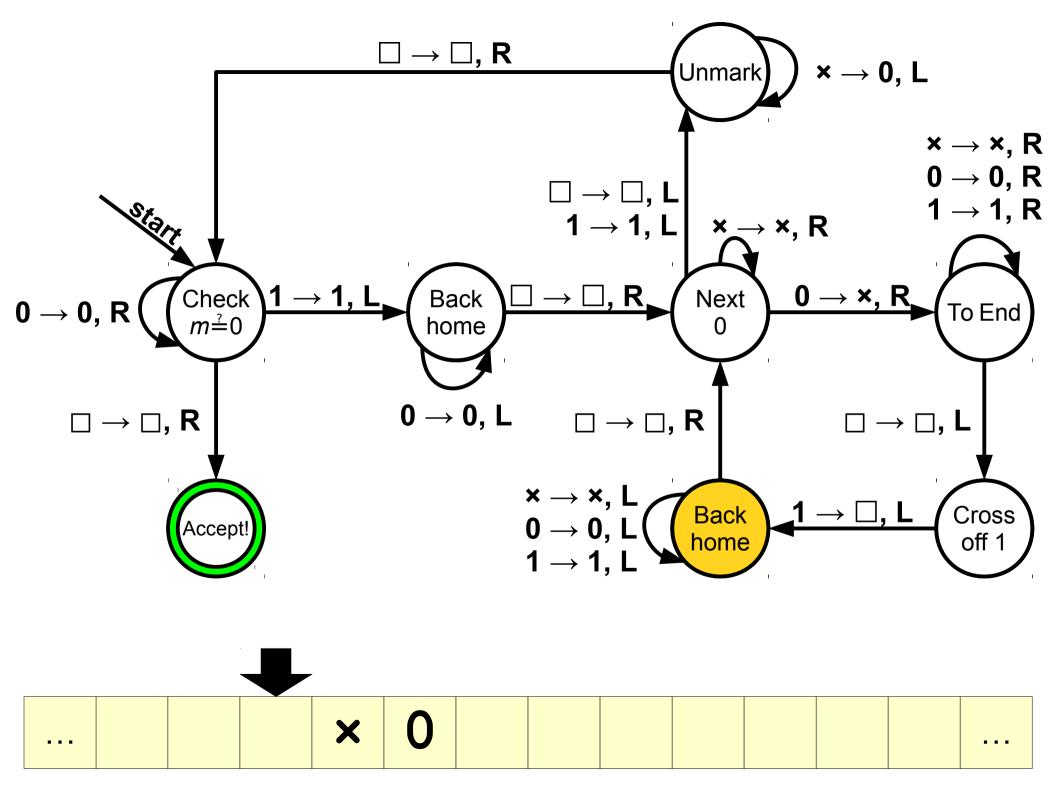


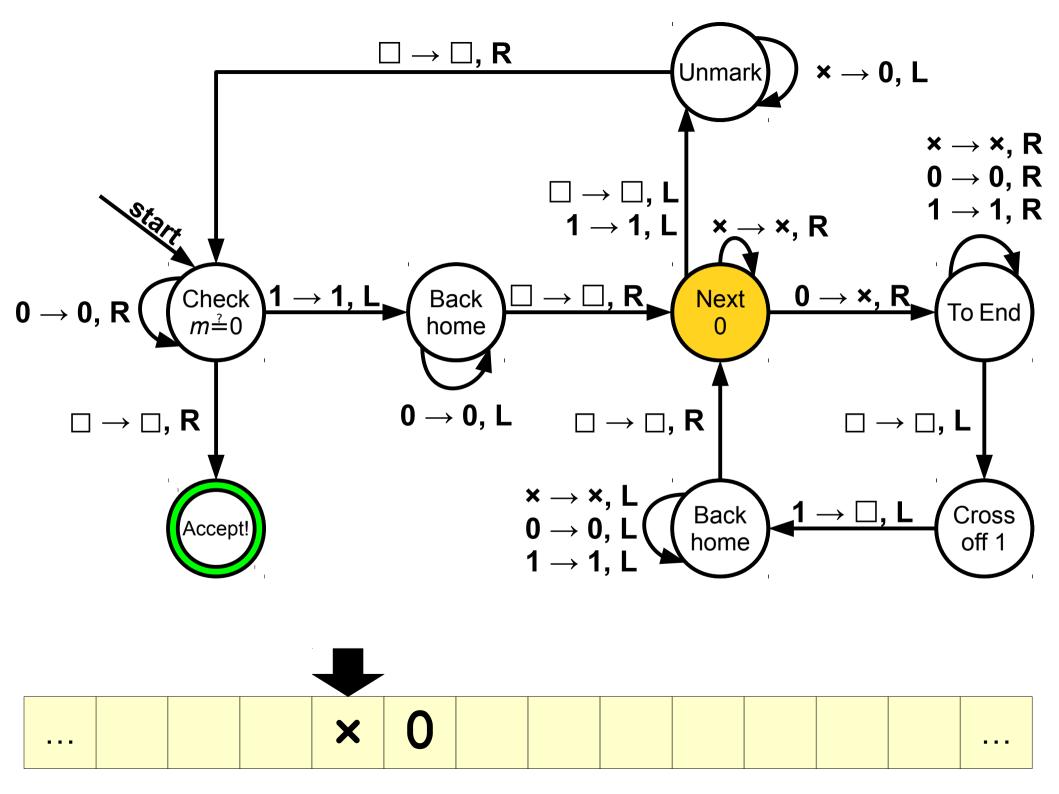


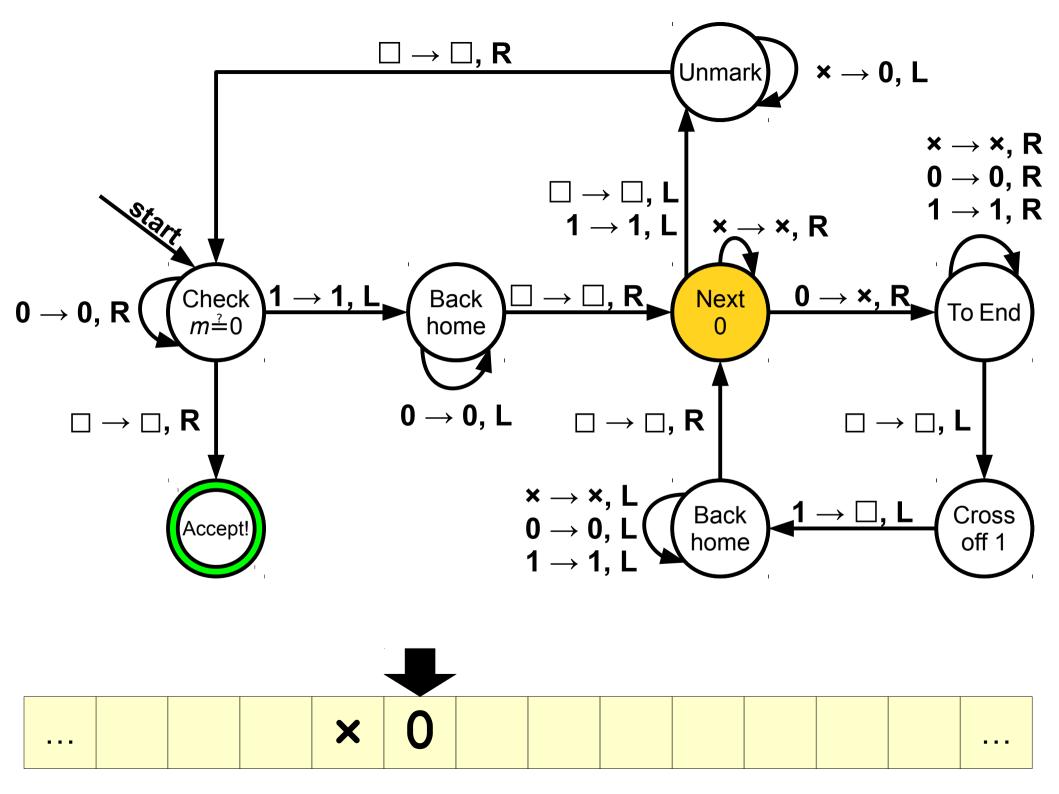


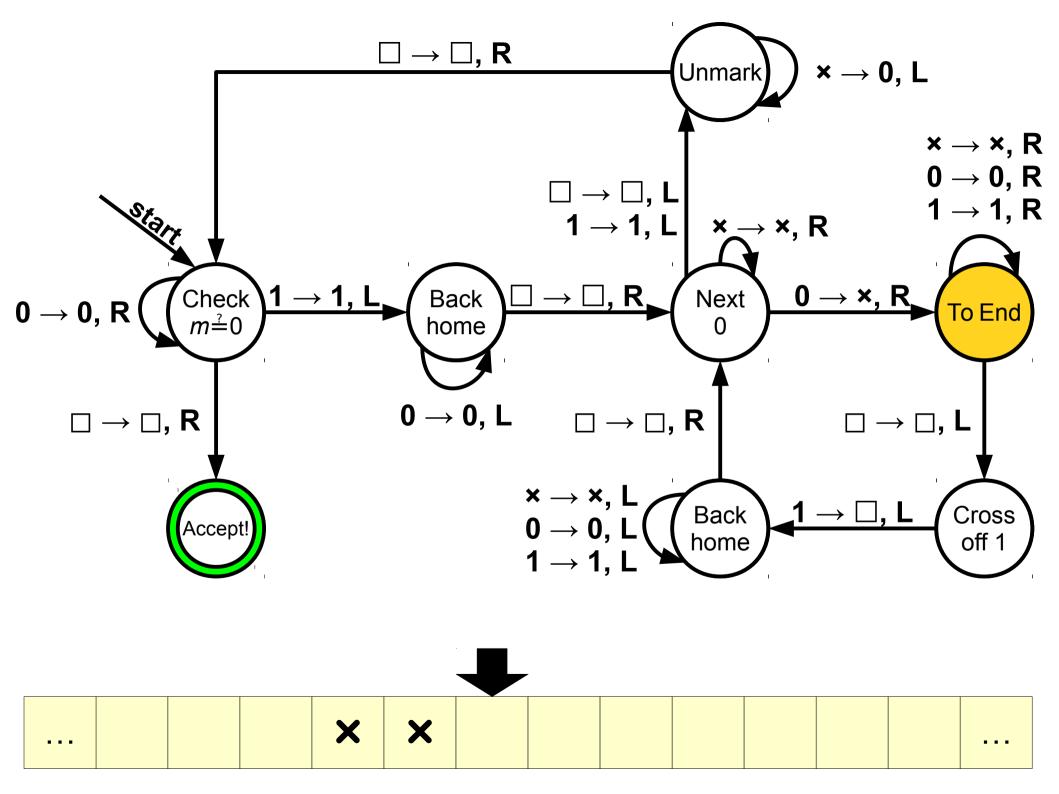


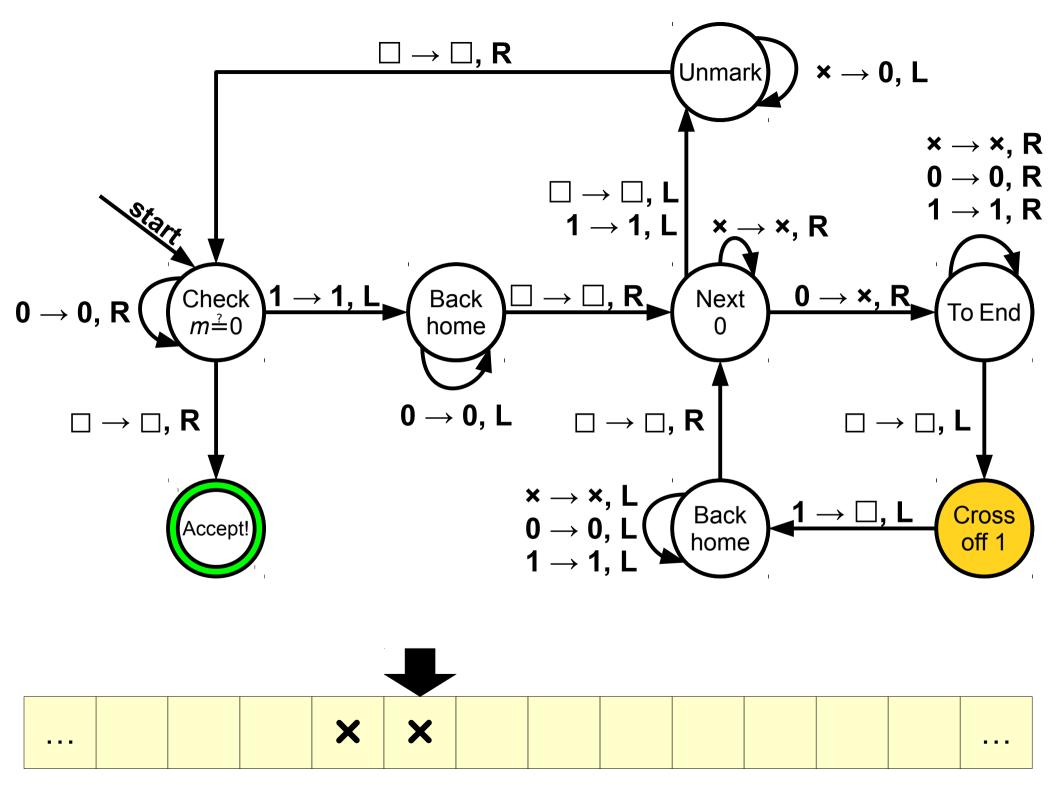


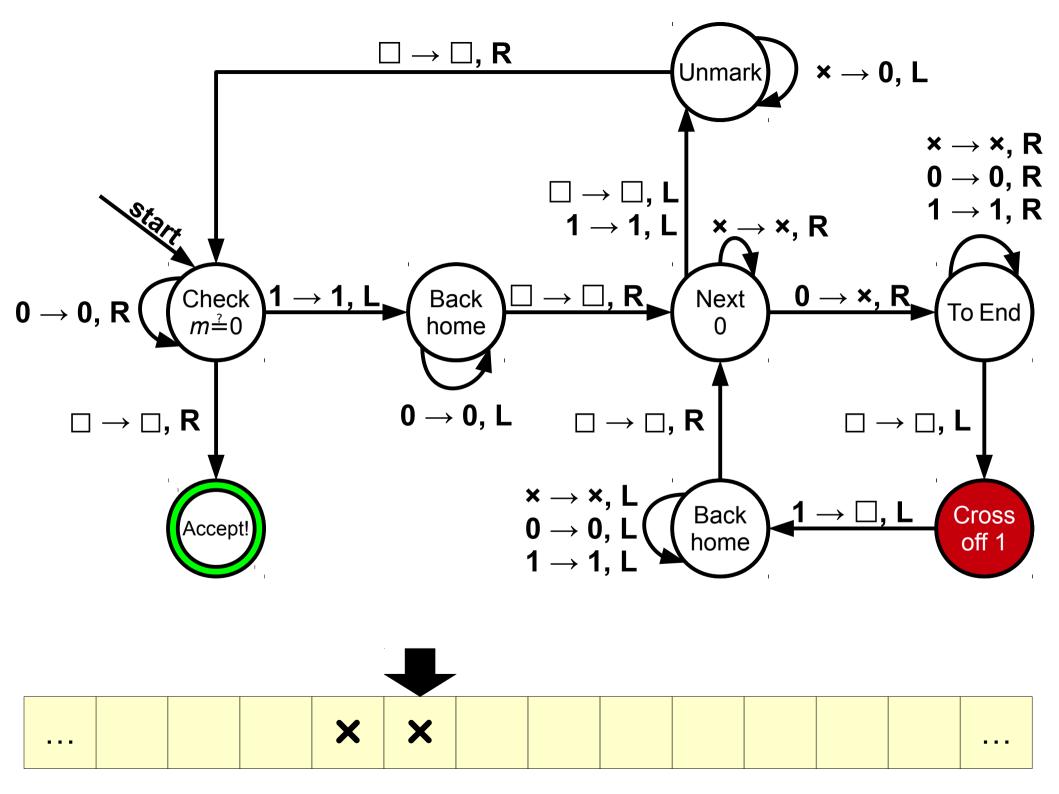


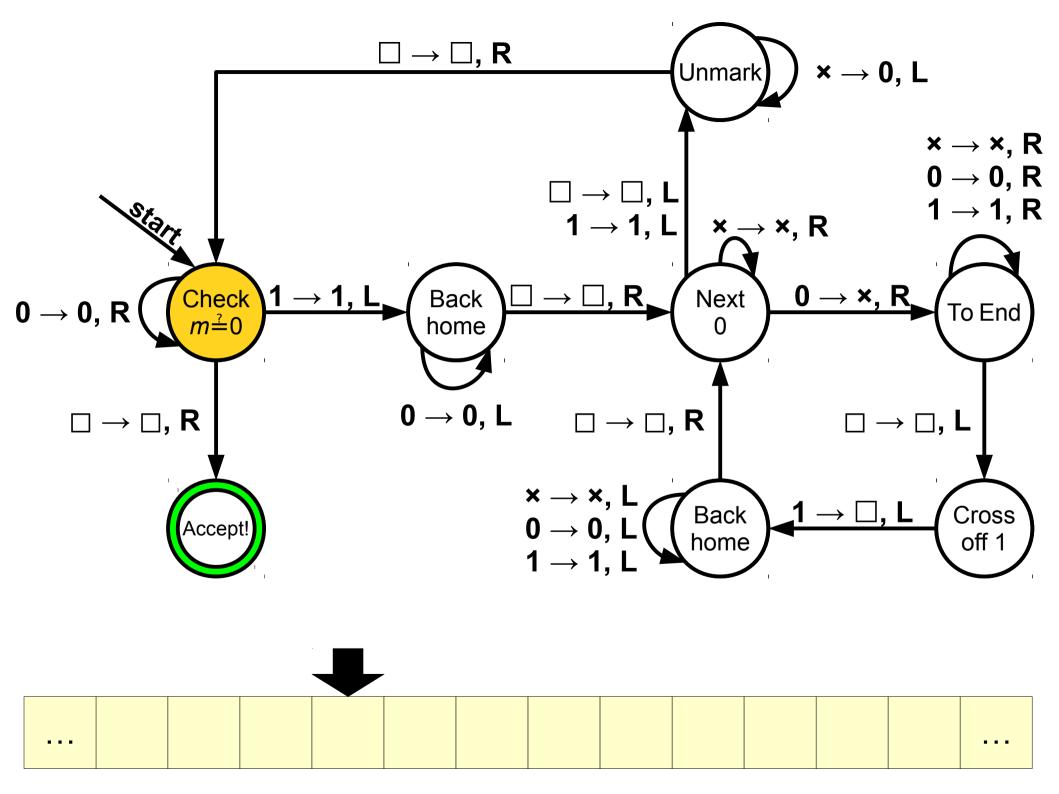


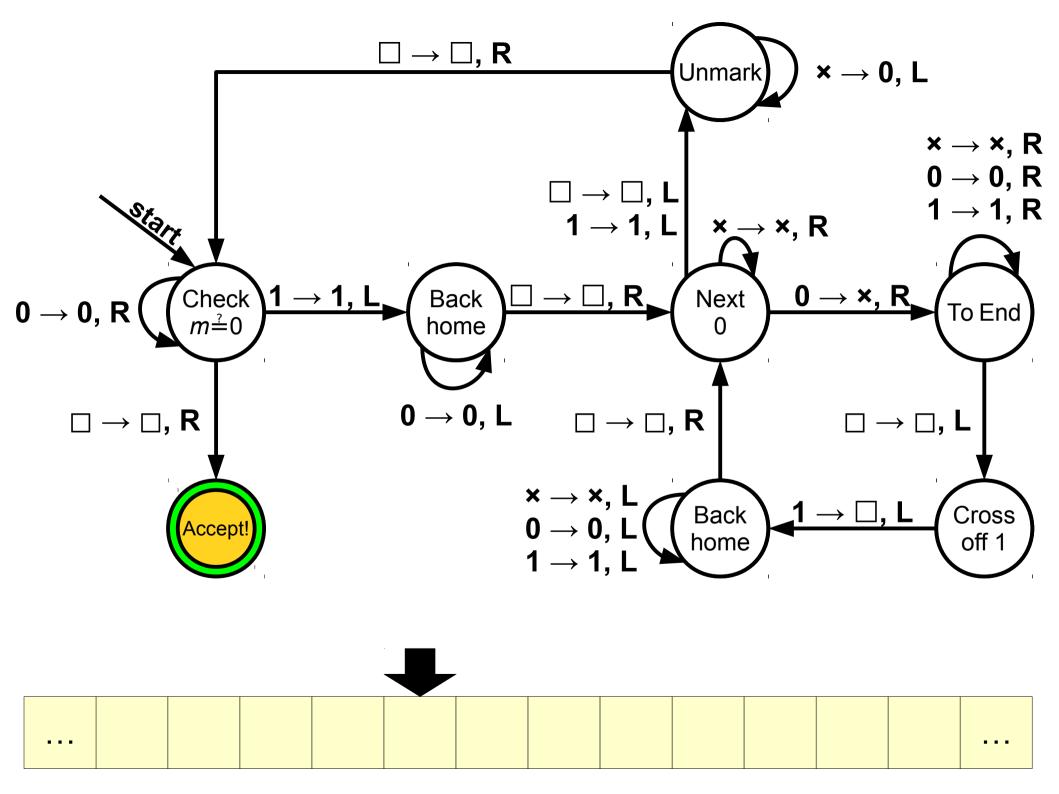


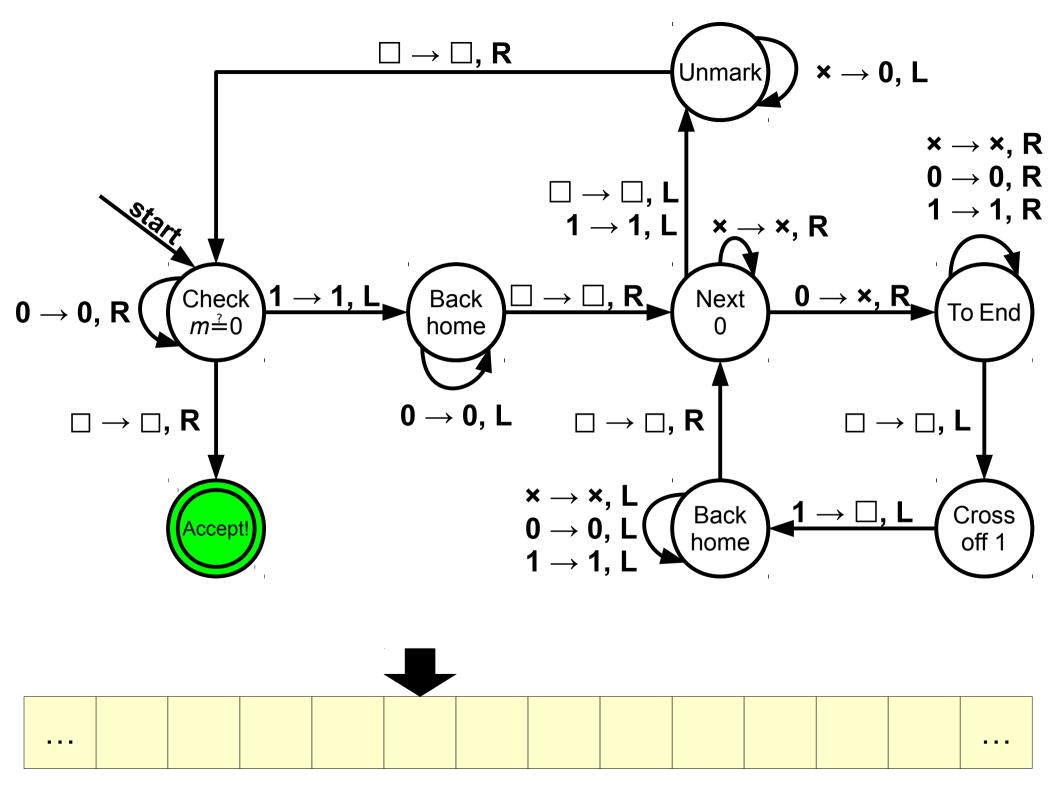


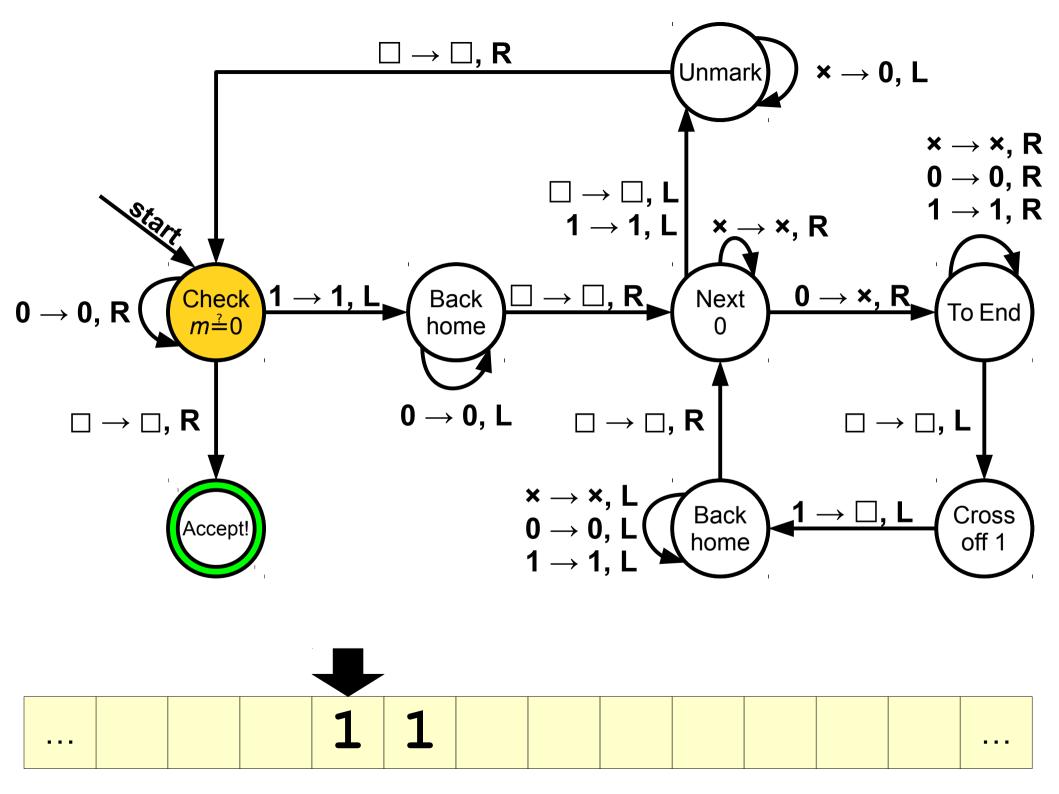


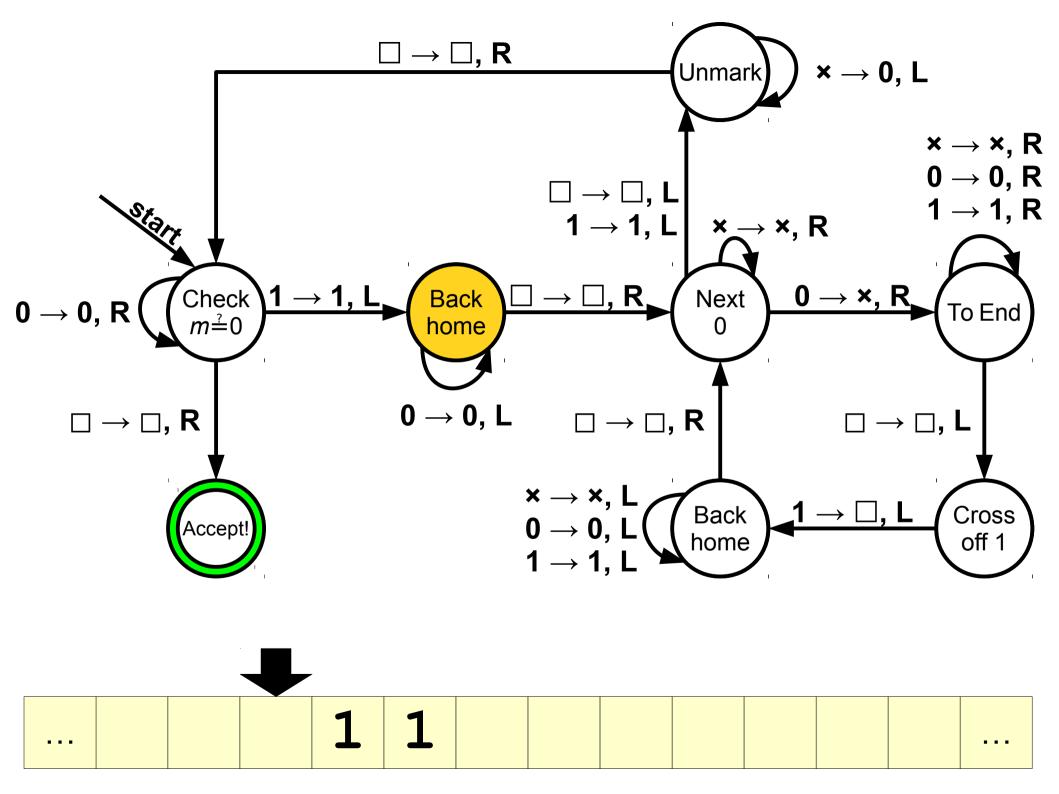


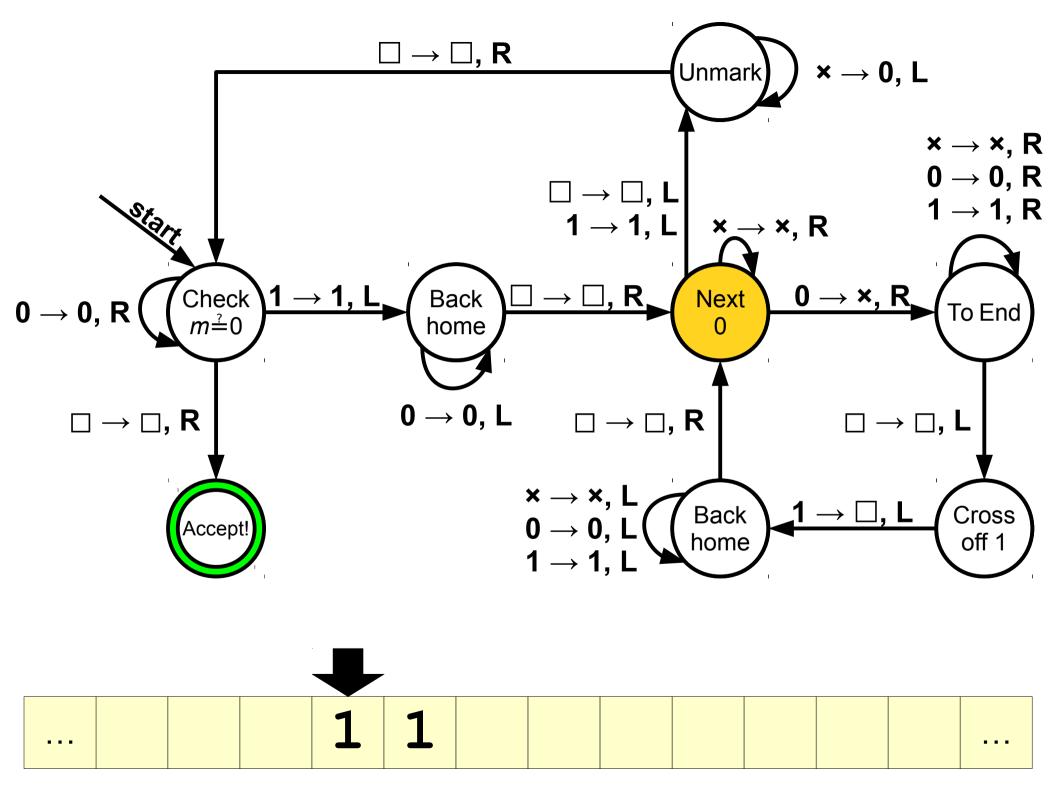


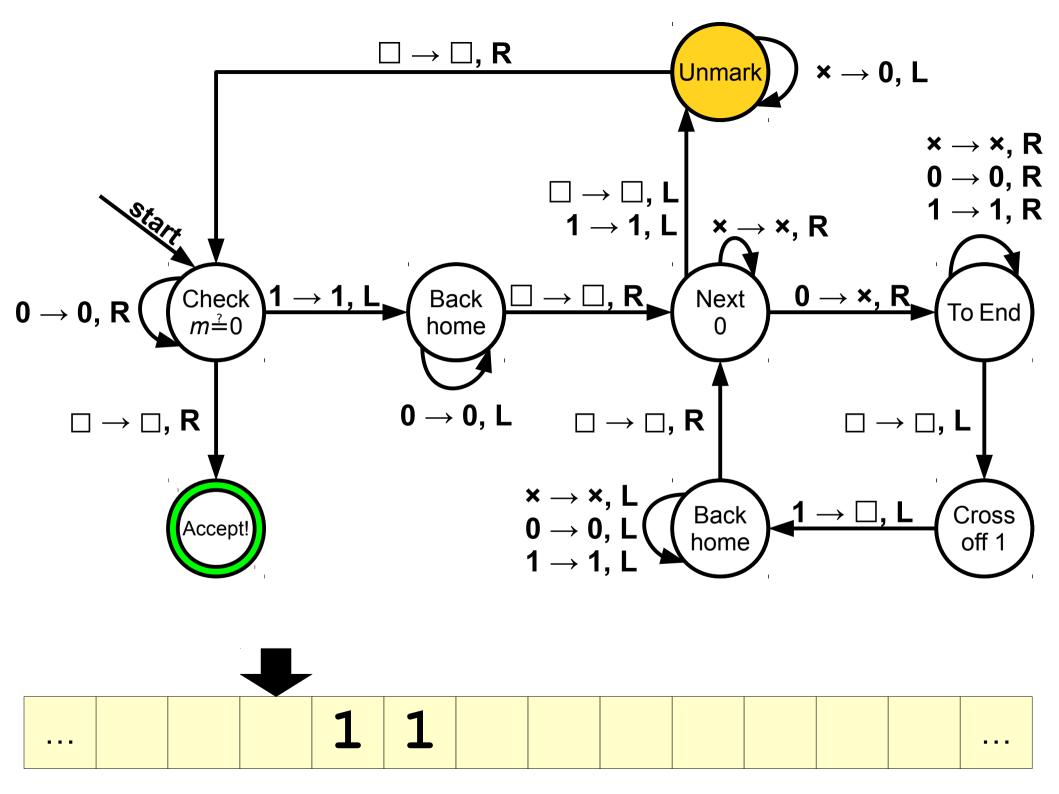


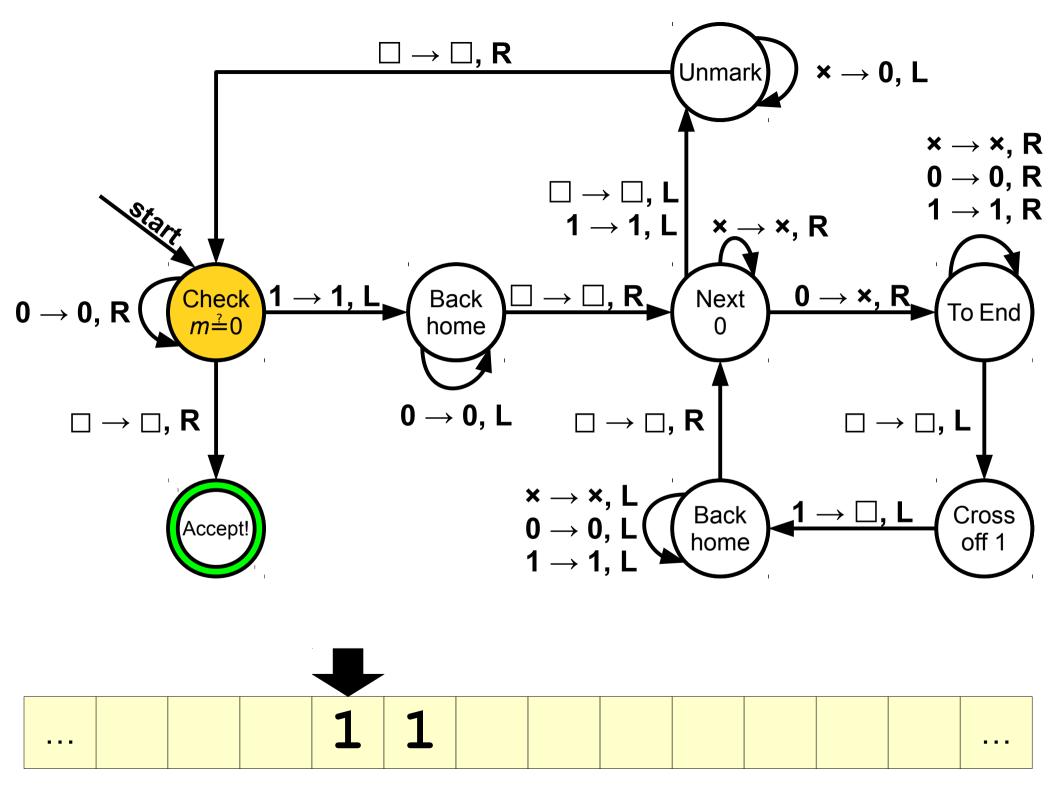


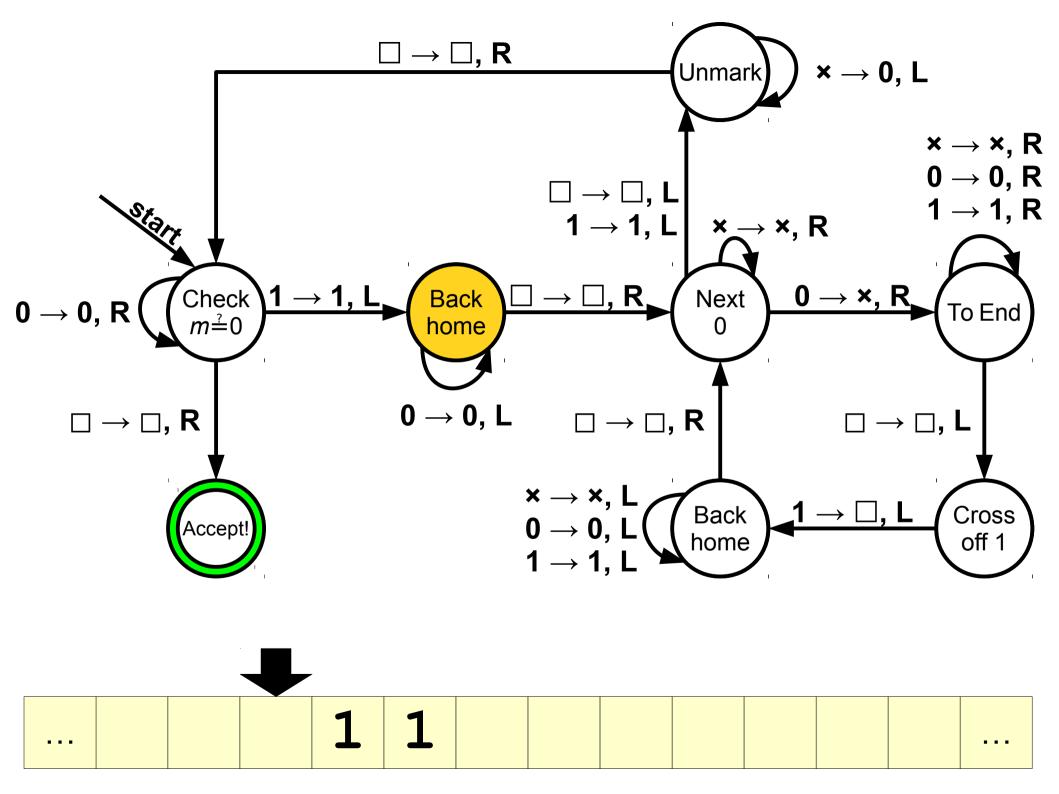


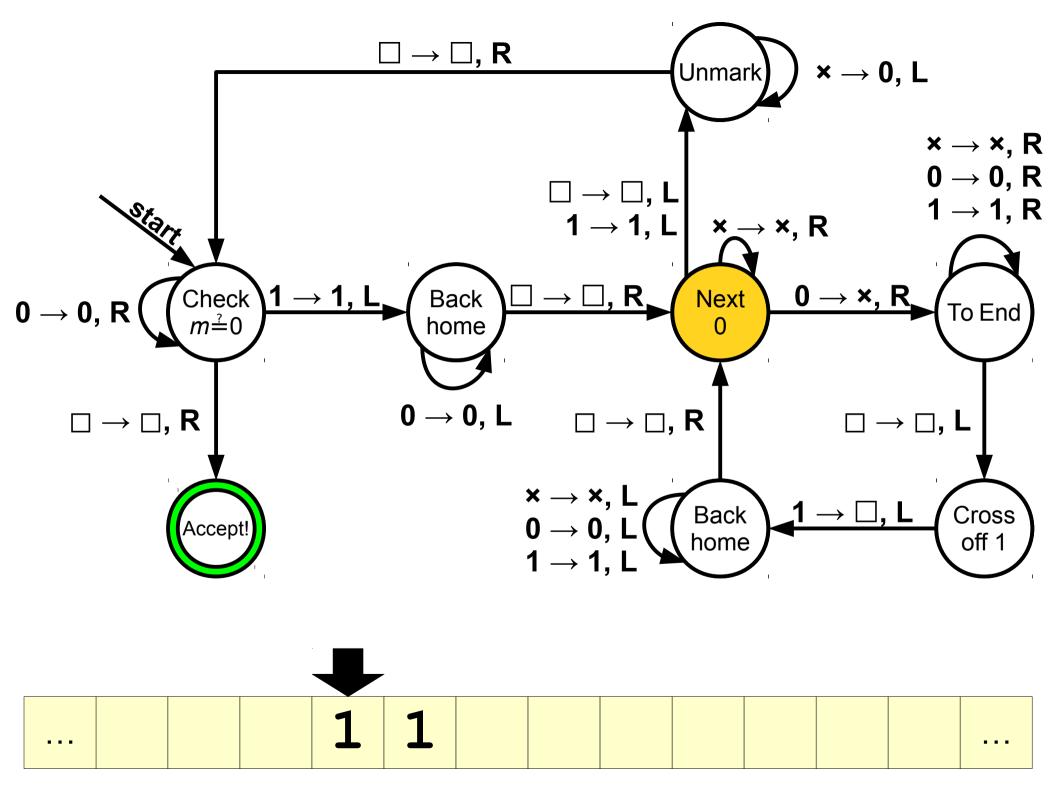


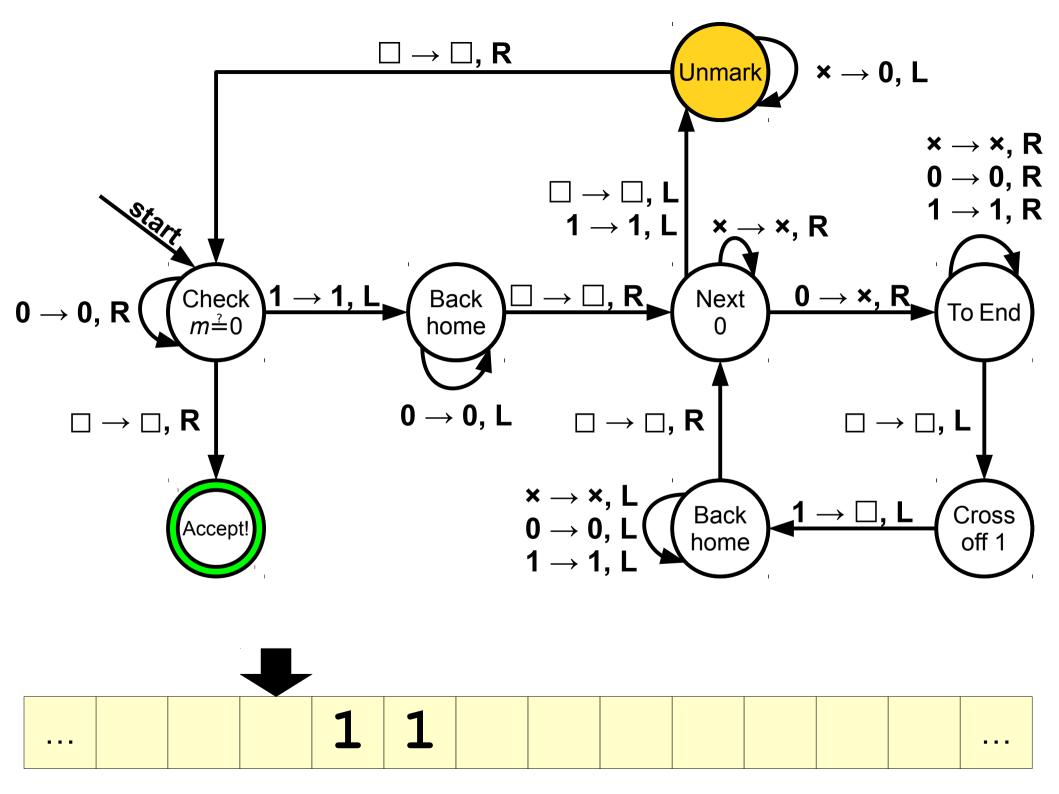


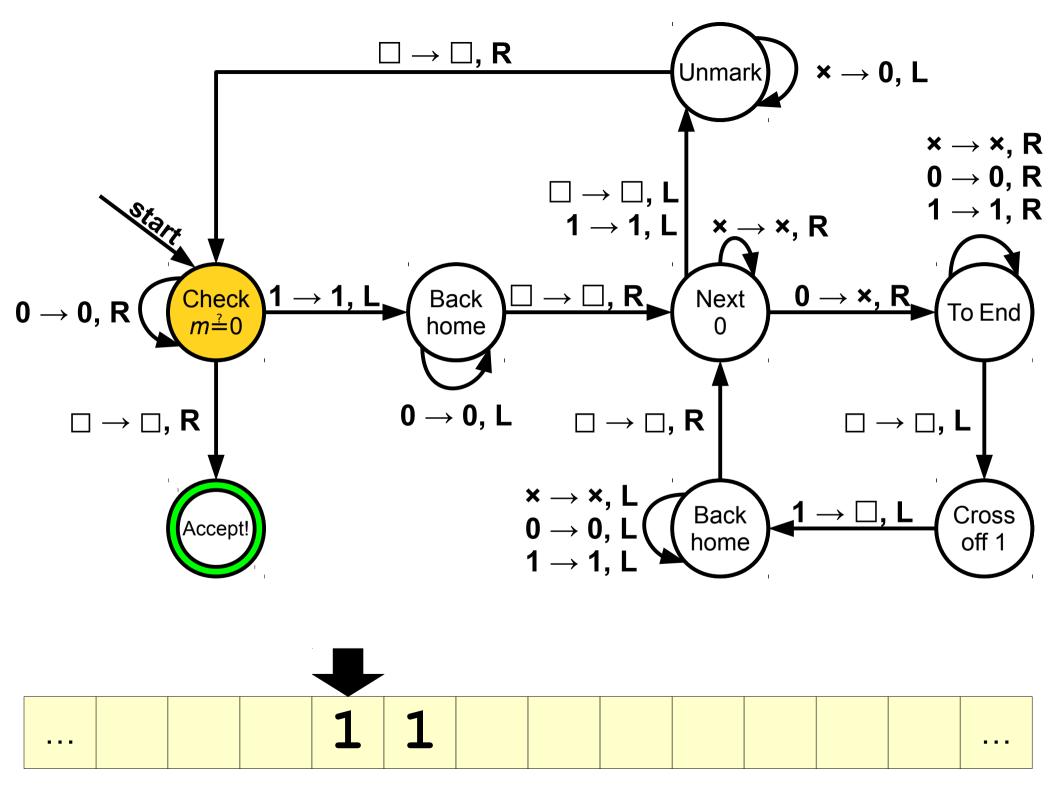


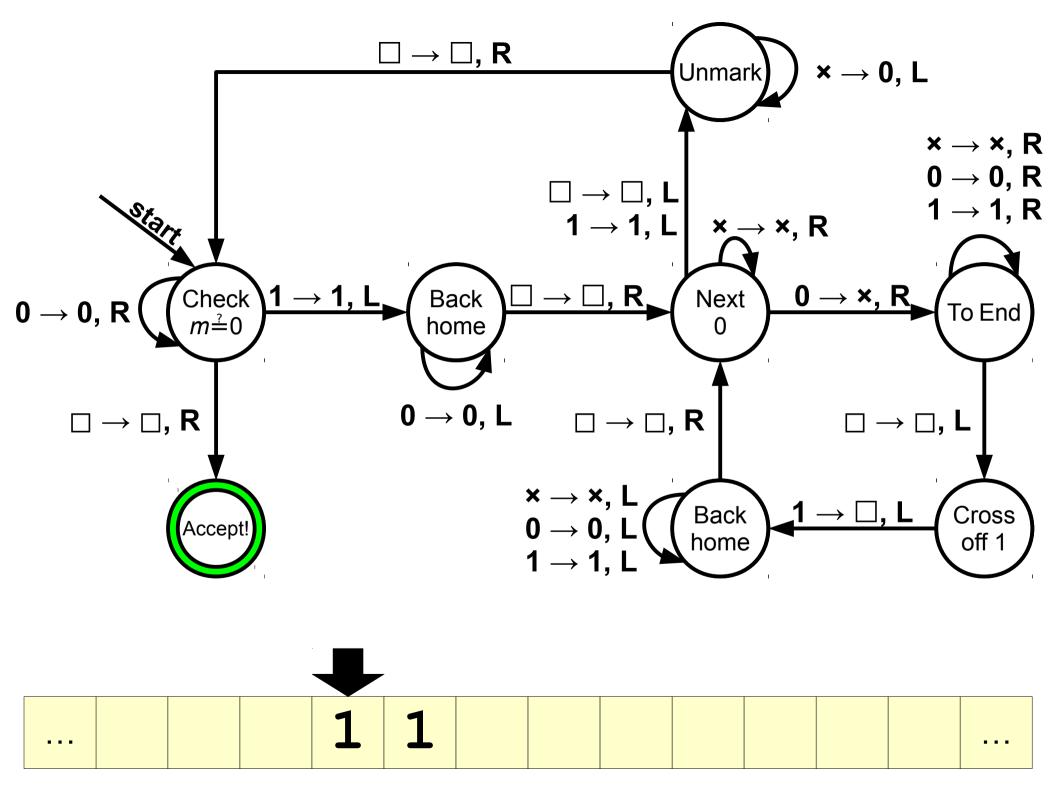


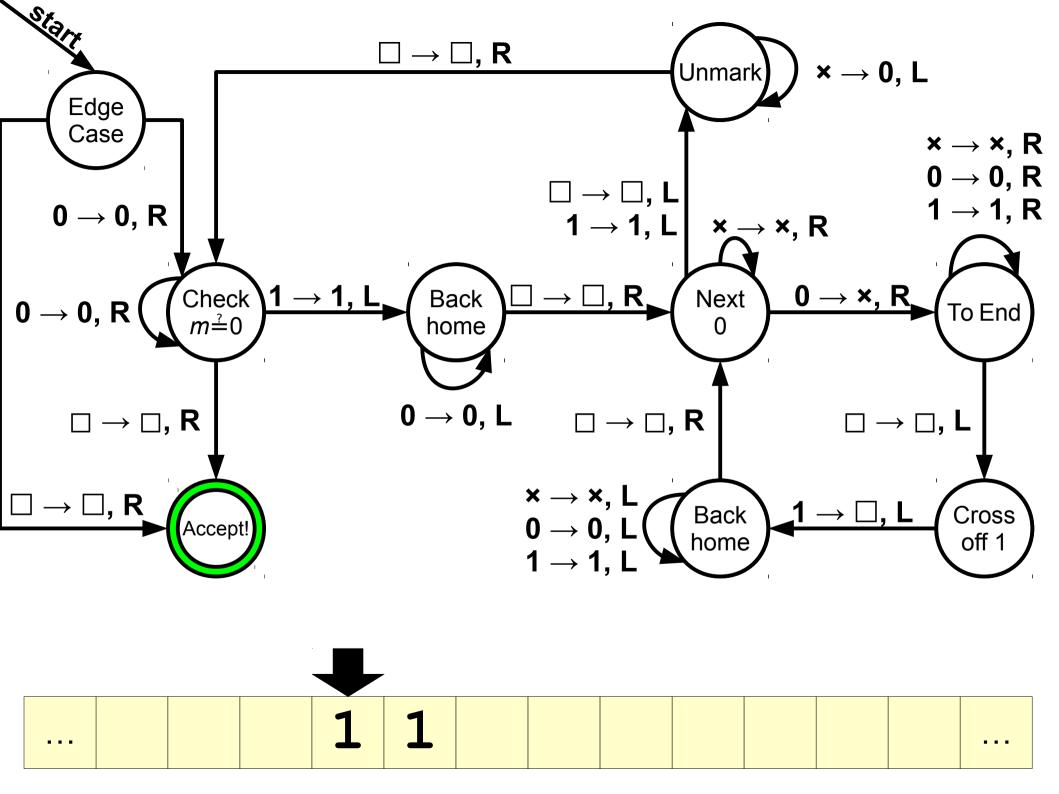


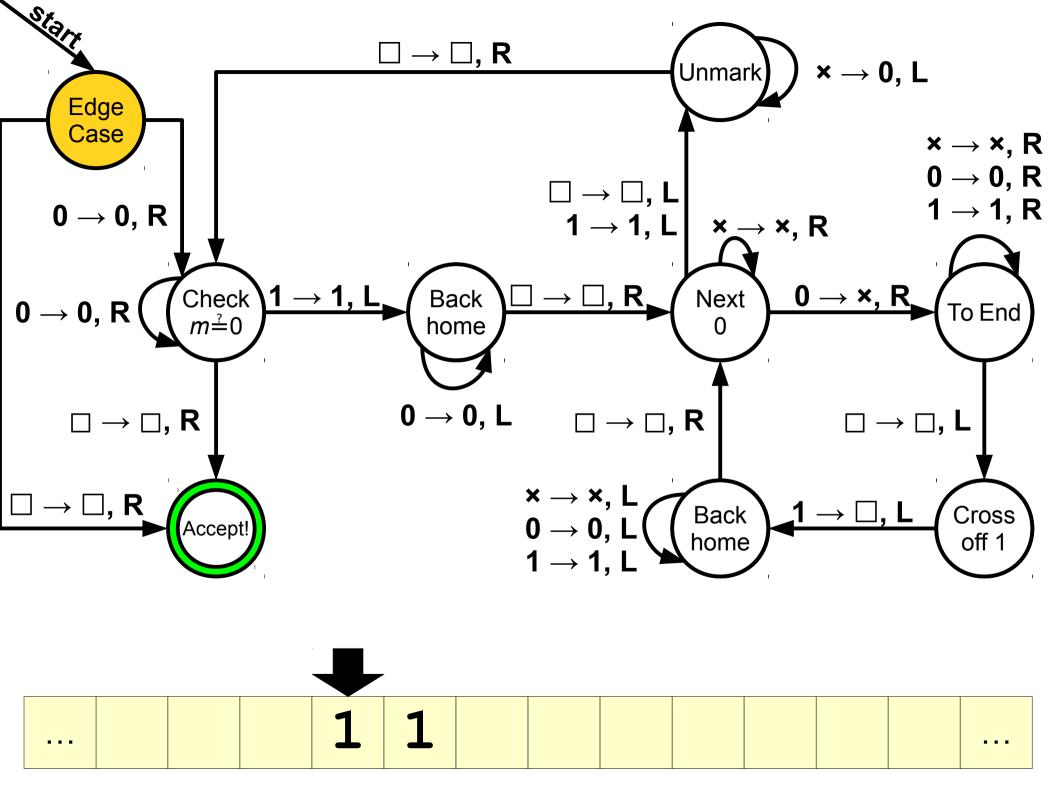


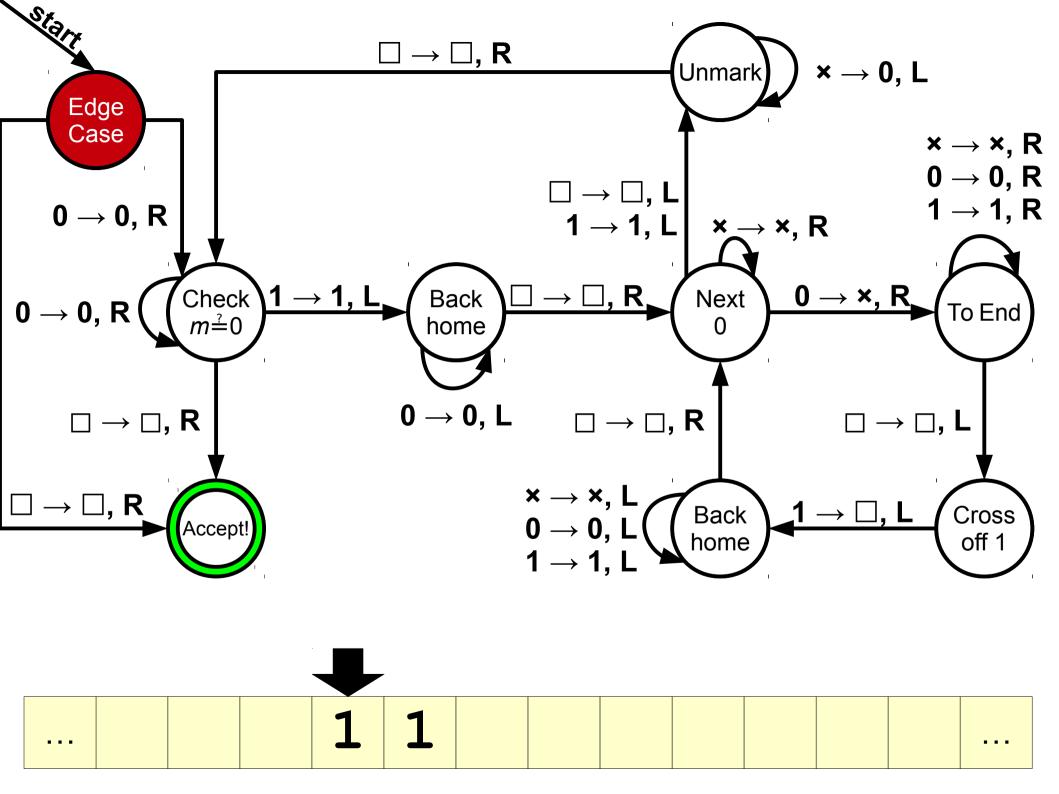












## Concepts from Today

- Turing machines are a generalization of finite automata equipped with an infinite tape.
- It's often helpful to think recursively when designing Turing machines.
- It's often helpful to introduce new symbols into the tape alphabet.
- Watch for edge cases that might lead to infinite loops – though we'll say more about that later on.

## Next Time

- TM Subroutines
  - Combining multiple TMs together!
- The Church-Turing Thesis
  - Just how powerful *are* Turing machines?
- Objects and Encodings
  - Computing on graphs, images, etc.