New Page 1 Page 1 of 5

**these are some of the important ques..that are asked frequently

- ->Why paging is used?
- ->Which is the best page replacement algo and Why?
- ->WHat is software life cycle?
- ->How much time is spent usually in each phases and why?
- ->What is testing?
- ->Which are the different types of testing?
- ->Which are the different phases in Software life cycle (asked again)
- ->Why is analysis and testing phases very important?
- ->Why networks are layered? What is the advantage of that?
- ->How many layers are there in OSI? Why is it called OSI model?
- ->network topologies?
- ->Which are the different network toplogies?
- ->an example of bus type network.
- ->What is the Bandwidth of ethernet?
- ->Explain the advantage and disadvantage of ethernet?
- ->Which is the protocol used in ethernet. (CSMA/CD) Why is it called so ?
- ->What is the advantage of Ring network?
- ->Compare it with ethernet.
- ->What is inheritance, encapsulation etc.
- ->If there are too many page faults what is the problem?
- ->To ensure one pgm. doesnt corrupt other pgm. in a Multi-pgm. enviornment what you should do?
- ->Which one you will use to implement critical section? Binary Semaphore
- -> Which one is not needed for Multi-pgm. enviornment?

New Page 1 Page 2 of 5

options are: virtual memory, security, time sharing, none of the above.

->Which one is not done by Data link layer? bit stuffing, LRC,CRC,parity check

- -> Which one is not related to Data link layer?
- -> Which one is not suitable for client-server application? tcp/ip,message passing,rpc,none of the above.
- ->Term stickily bit is related to a)kernel b)undeletable file c) d)none
- ->semaphore variable is different from ordinary variable by ?
- ->unix system is
- a)multi processing
- b)multi processing ,multiuser
- c)multi processing ,multiuser,multitasking
- d)multiuser,multitasking
- ->x.25 protocol encapsulates the follwing layers
- a)network
- b)datalink
- c)physical
- d)all of the above
- e)none of the above
- ->TCP/IP can work on
- a)ethernet
- b)tokenring
- c)a&b
- d)none
- ->a node has the ip address 138.50.10.7 and 138.50.10.9.But it is
- transmitting data from node1 to node2only. The reason may be
- a)a node cannot have more than one address
- b)class A should have second octet different

New Page 1 Page 3 of 5

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c)classB " " " " "
d)a,b,c
->the OSI layer from bottom to top
->for an application which exceeds 64k the memory model should be
a)medium
b)huge
c)large
d)none
->the condition required for dead lock in unix sustem is
->set-user-id is related to (in unix)
->bourne shell has
a)history record
b)
c)
d)
->wrong statement about c++
a)code removably
b)encapsulation of data and code
c)program easy maintenance
d)program runs faster
->which is true
a)bridge connects dissimiler LANand protocol insensitive
b)router " " " " "
c)gateway " " " " "
d)none of the above
->const char *
char * const
What is the differnce between the above tow?.
```

New Page 1 Page 4 of 5

->In Unix inter process communication take place using?.
->About i-node numbers
->Max relaxable permisssion value with out giving write permission to others?.
->About ln(linking)
->Linking across directories?.
->process id for kernell process
->very first process created by kernell
->function to repaint a window immediately?.
->Function entry for DLL in win3.1
->win 3.1 is a
->win 3.1 supports which type of multi tasking?.
->Message displayed when a window is destroyed
->About fork()?
->About send message and post message
->Message to limit the size of window
->System call executable binary file intoa process
->About GDI object?.
->API used to hide window
->Initialize contents of a dialog?.
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
C SKILL SET
->How do you write a program which produces its own source code as its output? ->How can I find the day of the week given the date? ->Why doesn't C have nested functions? ->What is the most efficient way to count the number of bits which are set in a value? ->How can I convert integers to binary or hexadecimal? ->How can I call a function, given its name as a string? ->How do I access command-line arguments?
->How can I return multiple values from a function? ->How can I invoke another program from within a C program?

New Page 1 Page 5 of 5

- ->How can I access memory located at a certain address?
- ->How can I allocate arrays or structures bigger than 64K?
- ->How can I find out how much memory is available?
- ->How can I read a directory in a C program?
- ->How can I increase the allowable number of simultaneously open files?
- ->What's wrong with the call "fopen("c:\newdir\file.dat", "r")"?

->