TATA INFOTECH -99

VERBAL

- 1.Depreciation: deflation, depression, devaluation, fall, slump
- 2. Depricate: feel and express disapproval,
- 3. incentive : thing one encourages one to do (stimulus)
- 4. Echelon: level of authority or responsibility'
- 5. Innovation: make changes or introduce new things
- 6. Intermittent: externally stopping and then starting
- 7. Detrimental: harmful
- 8. Conciliation : make less angry or more friendly
- 9. orthodox: conventional or traditional, superstitious
- 10. fallible : liable to error
- 11. volatile : ever changing
- 12. manifest: clear and obvious
- 13.connotation: suggest or implied meaning of expression
- 14. Reciprocal: reverse or opposite
- 15. Agrarian: related to agriculture
- 16. vacillate: undecided or dilemma
- 17. expedient : fitting proper, desirable
- 18. simulate: produce artificially resembling an existing one.
- 19. access : to approah
- 20. compensation: salary
- 21. Truncate: shorten by cutting
- 22. adherence : stick
- 23. Heterogenous: non similar things
- 24. surplus : excessive

- 25. Assess : determine the amount or value
- 26.Congnizance : knowledge
- 27. retrospective : review
- 28.naive : innocent, rustic
- 29. equivocate : tallying on both sides, lie, mislead
- 30. Postulate : frame a theory
- 31. latent : dormant, secret
- 32. fluctuation: wavering,
- 33. eliminate : to reduce
- 34. Affinity: strong liking
- 35. expedite : hasten
- 36. console: to show sympathy
- 37. adversary: opposition
- 3. affable: lovable or approachable
- 39. Decomposition : rotten
- 40 agregious : apart from the crowd, especially bad
- 41. conglomaration: group, collection
- 4. aberration: deviation
- 43. aurgury : prediction
- 44. crediability: ability to common belief, quality of being credible
- 45.coincident: incidentally
- 46.Constituent : accompanying
- 47. Differential: having or showing or making use of
- 48. Litigation : engaging in a law suit
- 49. Maratorium: legally or offficiallly determined period of dealy

before

fulfillment of the agreement of paying of debts.

- 50. negotiate : discuss or bargain
- 51. preparation: act of preparing
- 52. Preponderant: superiority of power or quality
- 53. relevance : quality of being relevant
- 54. apparatus : applianes
- 55. Ignorance : blindness, in experience
- 56. obsession: complex enthusiasm
- 57. precipitate : speed, active

Section III

Letter Series

These are too tough. Maintain time 26 questions ---- 10min

- 1. A C BDEFGI I H K J L ANS: H
- 2. AIZBEYCIXDI GENJW ANS; W
- 3. ADGJMP RWTS ANS; S
- 4. ABCEFGIJK MLONP ANS; M NOTE: MLONP ARE GIVEN OPTIONS
- 5. ABFGKLPQ TSVUW ANS; U
- 6 JWXUVST QPSET ANS; Q
- 7. ARHXYTDTWST NPTKR ANS; P
- 8.FMBIPZVIEV IRYOU
- 9. NZI YCX KWF JFVMY ANS;V
- 10. AASASPASPKA RQTSU ANS; S
- 11. AECPS TRUE ANS; U
- 12. BBPRDDLNFFIK HQJIK ANS'H
- 13 AZEXIVMT RONSO ANS: Q

- 14. ABDGKP LIWUX ANS:U
- 15. BCDAEGHIFJLMN LKNMO ANS: K
- 16. XWEFGVUHIJK PNSRT ANS: T
- 17. ODJTOPONOERT QOUVW ANS; O
- 18. PRNUUPEJRBB HVUNE ANS: E
- 19.LULMGMNFNPS ONQPS ANS:P

QUESTIONS ARE NOT IN SEQUENCE.

NUMERICAL

- 1.420% OF 7.79 = 32.718
- $2\ 3427\ /\ 16.53\ =\ 202$
- 3. 10995 / 95 = 115.7365
- 4. 43 + 557 247 = 353
- 5. 3107*3.082= 9591
- 6.48.7 + 24.9 8.7 = 64.90
- 7.525.0/47.8 = 11
- 8. (135-30-14)*7 6 + 2 = 3
- 9.3/8 * 5.04=1.89
- 10.697 / 219 = 3.18
- 11.8/64 + 64/16 = 4.14
- 12.298*312/208 = 453.54
- 13. 0.33 *1496 /13 = 37.98
- 14.0.26 + 1/8 = 0.385
- 15.66.17+1/3= 67.03
- 16. 2.84+1/4=3.09
- 17. 33% OF 450 = 148.5
- 18. 907.54 / 0,3073= 3002
- 19.tHERE ARE two categories of persons in ratio A, b i.e.A:B = 2:3 A

type

earns 2.5 dollars/hr and B type 1 dollar/hr total money earnedby both is

24dollars. then total number of persons

Ans: 15

20.Question not clear

Slowing running - n hours - A

Medium running - B

fast running - k hours - c

Ans: nA+kC

21. Tottal balls z,red balls N remaining are blak balls,then %of black balls equal to Ans: z-n/z*100

22. Multiplication three digits and two digits number will result the

Ans: HInt: four digit number first number must be one.

23. A= C; B=2D what should be do to make the ratio same. i.e.a/b = c/d

Ans: multiply A by 2

24. P- Total number of compoentns

Q= defective number of compoentns

%of non defective equals to p-q/p*100

25. Cost of article x, first discount is y% of cost, seconddiscount is z%

of cost . The price of x is

Ans: x(1-y/100)(1-z/100)

26.Prime number a) 119 b) 115 c) 127 d) none Ans: C

27. A/B = C; C>D then

Ans: A is always greater than D

28..B>Cand AA then which expression will be highest value

Ans: AB

- 37. K,L -- Men ; X, Y -> Ans:kX + Ly
- 38. If A,B are same number, which one of the following doesnot satisfy this Ans: A*B/B**2
- 39. X- bulbs'; y broken; % of non broken bulbs Ans: x-y/x*100
- 40. Adding X, Y to A equals to Ans: a (large expression)
- 41. Salary s permonth, tax x% of the salry, r% of salary is deducted what

is the income.

Ans: s*(1-(x+R)/100

42. Add three digits and two digits numbers the first digit is

Ans:1 (four digit number starting with one)

43. 0.512 * large number = ?

Ans: divide the given number by 2

44. In 10% balls 5 are defective, % of defective

Ans:50%

45.6.29% of 2.8 = 0.18

46.0.398*456=181.49

47.0 < x5

person 3 says 3N>20
person 4 says 3n>10
person 5 says N

>Group discussion topics:

>Instrctions:

- 1) There are 7 flow charts & each has 5-6 blank rectangles/diamonds with
- subquestion no. in rectangle/diamond. you have to fill the blank from the
- 5 options given against respective question no.
- 2) You have to understand the logic & then it is very easy to fill the blanks.
- 3) they had provided some information which you have to use for gettin g

answers.

Flow charts:

1) there are 3 boxes of 3 balls each. you have to select the heaviest among all.

```
<select box 1&2>
         < is wt.1=wt.2>--No----(is wt1 > wt.2)--No--(select box2)
             Yes
                                    Yes
             select box 3
                              select box 1
       select two balls
        is wt.ball.1 = wt.ball.2 --- No -- is wt.ball.1> wt.ball.2 -
No
               Yes
                                                      Yes
ball.2
           ball.3 is
                                                      ball.1 is i
            heaviest
                                                      heaviest
heavist
```

so there will be some blank in this flow chart and u have to fill up the blanck with correct option.

Q2)
there are red and black balls. if ball is red then one point. if ball is black and previous ball is red then two points. For winning u have to get seven points. No point for same color consecutive balls.

No pointQ3) Classify objects in class A, class B and scrap. for classfing have to do diffrent test such as weight, material etc. and Flow char this gues. will be there along with some blanks. Q4) There is production process in which action depend on temprature and pressure. and there are temp. and press. controls. Q5) find max. and min. of the 12 nos. there will array and u have t arrange the numbers in assending/ descending order and find out max. and min. Q6) diffrent age group are given and also diffrent salary slabs are given. so depending on the salary group as well as his group u have t fill the person in particular class. (ques. is not in exact form.) >1. Brain drain: i.e. related to why immigration to U.S; I opposed >partially and supported partially >2. Electronic media effect; Internet, TV , Email multimedia > G.D they won't eliminate so many people. but you have participate >with enthusiasm. You talk something. Interview as usual, stereoscopic >questions.like TCS. > > I went upto interview, afterwards out. COMPUTER VISION (CV) > ______ >1. |X-A| ==A-X, Ans. c. $x \le a$ >2. There is six letter word VGANDA. How many ways you can arrange the >letters in the work in such a way that both the 'A's are together. ans. 120

>3. It two cards are toked on after other without replacing from a pac

```
k
>of
     52 cards. What is the probability for the two cards to be queen.
>
        ans. 1/17 * 1/13
>
>4. 51 X 53 X .... X 59.
        a. 99!/44! b.
                      С.
                              d (99! X 25! )/( 2^2^4 X 49! X 51!)
        ans. d.
>5. The ratio of boys to girls is 6:4. Sixty percent of the boys and
>fourty
     percent of the girls lake lunch in the canteen. What percent of
>
the
>class
     takes lunch in the canteen?
        ans. 52%
>
>DATA SUFFICIENCY
>a. Only statement A is sufficient,
>b. Only statement B is sufficient,
>c. Both are necessary,
>d. Both are not sufficient.
>6. X is an integer. Is X divisible by 5?
     a. 2X is divisible by 5,
     b. 10X is divisible by 5.
        ans. a
>7. Is Anna the tallest in the class
     a. Anna is the tallest girl,
     b. Anna is taller than all boys.
>
        ans. c
ANALYTICAL
     Zulus always speak truth and Hutus always speak lies. There are
               A, B,&C. A met B and says "I am a Zulus as I am a
>three persons
>Hutu". We don't know
     what exactly he said. The B meets C and says to C that " A is a
>Zulu".
     Then C replied " No, A is a Hutu".
>9. How many Zulus are there?
        ans. 2
>10. Who must be a Zulu?
        ans. B, b (may be)
>
>
        A father F has 5 sins, P,Q,R,S,T not necessarily in this order
Two
```

```
>are
> of same age. The eldest and teh youngest cannot be twins. T is
elder
>to R
     and younger to Q and S has three older brothers.
>questions: 11, 12, 13, 14.
>
     Who are the twin?
     Who is the oldest/youngest.
>
>ans. order may be QTRPS
        There are 7 people who take a test, among M is the worst, R is
>
     disqualified. P & S obtain same marks, T scares less than S and Q
>scores
     less than P, N scores higher than every one.
>questions: 15, 16, 17, 18
        ans. NPSTORM
>
               highest marks is to 'N'
             least marks is to 'M'.
>
>
>UNIX & C
>----
>19. What does chmod 654 stand for
        ans. -rw-r-xr--
>20. Which of following is used for back_up files?
        a. compress b. tar c. make d. all the above
>
                ans. d
>21. What does find command do?
        ans. search a file
>22. What does "calloc" do?
        ans. A memory allocation & initialising to zero.
>23. What does exit() do?
        ans. Came out of executing program.
>24. What is the value of the 'i'?
        i= strlen("Blue") + strlen("Purple")/strlen("Red") -
strlen("green")
          ans. 1
>25. i = 2;
      printf("%ld %ld %ld %ld ", i, i++, i--, i++);
        ans. chck out answer is wrong.
>26. Using pointers, changeing A to B and B to A i.e., swapping the
>function
      using two addresses and one temporary variable, How will be the
>function
     look like?
```

```
ans. swap (int *, int *, int)
>27. In '^' how are the arguments are passed by befault?
       ans. by value.
>28. Find the prototype of Sine function
        ans. extern double sin(double);
>29. Scope of a global variable which is declared as static?
        ans. File.
>30. ASCII problem, i = '^{-}...
        ans. 6
>31.What is the output of,
        printf("Helow \0 is the world");
               ans. Hello is teh world.
>32. Clarifying the concept addresses used ever arrays, i.e., changing
>the
     address of a bare element production. What is error?
>33. Child process ---- fork,
     child shell ---- sh.
>34. read about yacc, awk, man, etc.
>
```