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Sun, 30 Aug 1998 06:29:38 -0400
       "T.BALARAM REDDY" <balaram@cyberspace.org> Add to Address Book
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&id=savemail.femail&fname=pappers
      mksharma@cc.iitkgp.ernet.in
To: mani@bronto.iitm.ernet.in
Subject: Wipinf
Written: Mainly OS, Datastructures, C and CO.
Answers: All the answers which iam giving here may not right. These
           just what I wrote there.
1. On Deadlock : Trivial answer, Shared Data
2. CPU Utilization:
        given
                CPU time : 20 %
                paging : 97.7%
                         : 5.33 %
                 I/O
        Which of the following is not likely to improve CPU Utilization:
           Ans: Installing a faster CPU
3. Bubble sort : Given sequence of numbers what will be order of
sequences
                 after two iterations.
                   Ans: very trivial, but you should know what bubble
sort
                         does.
4. Bubble sort : how many swap operations has been done in the above
                process?
5. What data structures you should use for dictionary searching and it
        should be capable of doing spell check also ?
               Ans: Hashing
6. Which is the best scheduling algo. (given five of them)
        Ans.: Shortest Job First with Pre-emption
7. If a numbering system uses 0 , 1 and Z where Z stands for -1
        what is the value of 6.25 :
          Z01 = 1*1 + 0*2 + (-1)*4
        Ans: You can easily find out by trial and error keep in mind
                that other side of dot will proceed as 1/2, 1/4 ...
8. What is the value of 121 base 4 + 84 base 16?
       Ans: 2130
9. What Aliases stands for ....?
```

Date:

- 10.What is the value of ABCD + AB'C'D' + AB'C'D' ?
- 11. & 12. Given a C code. What is the OUtput ?

Ans: Trivial, just we have to go through the code carefully.

ONe of the questions is to reverse the given number. ie. given 3276 the pgm. will output 6723

- 13. ONe questions on CO, which is slight a lenghty one and I couldnt' recollect the same.
- 14. Given Three trees and ONe sequence of alphabets, we are suppose to find which operation was performed on the tress to get that result. ie. either preorder, postorder or inorder. Ans: To that question, all preorder
- 15. When the fn. is called where the return add. is stored? ans. stack
- 16. What is the nece. for compiler to support recursion? $\qquad \qquad \text{ans/ stack}$

There are five more questions which i could not recollect as of now and mail you later.

bye

krishv

Questions that are asked to me in the wip.info. interview.

- What are the funs. of transport layer? What is TCP, UDP, their differences
- 2. If you undelete a file in unix or dos can you recover it? If you can how will you do it?
- 3. Write a pgm. to check whether given string is palindrome or not?
- 4. Which page replacement algo. is the best one? ie. the one which will give less page faults, assuming cache memory is not there.
- 4. Do you know unix internals?
- 5. What is TSR ? Explain in little detail? HOw it is handled?
- 6. How to fine the size of the int without using size of operator?

 ans. store -1 in that location so by two's complement all ones

 will be stored in that location. Keep right shifting it

 so zeros will be appened on the left. Once the location

 is filled with all zeros, the number of shifts gives you

 the size of that operator.
- 7. About ARP and RARP.
- 8. HOw parameter passing in C

9. What compiler actually does

Some more personal questions.

To: mepg9618@violet.iitm.ernet.in Subject: Deshaw!

DE-Shaw Software, Hyderabad.

SECTION-A

you should write the programs for the following problems in C.

- 1. swapping two variables x, y without using a temporary variable.
- 2. a program has been given asking to find the output ans. it is algorithm for finding G.C.D
- 3. write a program for reversing the given string.
- 4. the integers from 1 to n are stored in an array in a random fashion. but one integer is missing. write a program to find the missing integer.
 - ans. idea. the sum of n natural numbers is = n(n+1)/2. if we subtract the above sum from the sum of all the numbers in the array , the result is nothing but the missing number.
- 5. some bit type of questions has been given on pointers asking to to find whether it is correct from syntax point of view. and if it is correct explain what it will do.(around 15 bits).

SECTION-B

ANSWER AS MANY AS POSSIBLE.

- 6.& 7. two programs on pre-processor directions has been given asking to find the output.
- 8. simple question given on pointer
 - a) kernighan & richie page no. 122
 - b) schaum series page no. 323
- try to understand the pointer problems given here he asked to explain $\ensuremath{\mathsf{explain}}$
 - in the interview if answer it in exam.
- 9. write a c program to find whether a stack is progressing in forward or reverse direction.
- 10. write a c program that reverses the linked list.

GUIDELINES:

the interview is very tough he is asking to do the problems in front of him. he is also giving some new problems to solve before him.

you should have a very good funda of C language.

THIS IS THE PAPER IN IIT KHARAGPUR

DESHAW 97

PART 1 TIME: 20 MIN

- * 20 QUESTIONS , EACH QUESTION CARRIES 2 MARKS
- 1. A SOLID ICE OF 11 X 8 X2 INCHES IS MADE INTO ROD OF DIA 4 INCH. WHAT

IS THE LENGE OF ROD?

ANS: 3.5 INCH

2. THERE WERE 750 PEOPLE WHEN THE FIRST SONG WAS SUNG. AFTER EACH SONG 50 PEOPLE ARE LEAVING THE HALL. HOWMANY SONGS ARE SUNG TO MAKE THEM ZERO?

ANS:16

3. A PERSON IS CLIMBING OF 60 MTS . FOR EVERY MINUTE HE IS $\,$ CLIMBING 6 MTS $\,$

AND SLIPPING 4 MTS . AFTER HOWMANY MINUTES HE MAY REACH THE TOP?

ANS: (60-6)/2 +1 :28

4. HOWMANY ZEROS ARE THERE IN THE PRODUCT OF THE INTEGER FROM 1TO 100?

ANS: 24 (NOT GIVEN)

1 TO 10 -2 ZEROS 21 TO 30 -3 ZEROS : BECAUSE 25 = 5*5 22 *5 24 *5

5. A CAN DO WORK IN 2 HOURS B CAN DO A WORK IN 3 HOURS WHAT IS THE SHORTEST TIME TYEY CAN FINISH THE WORK?

ANS: 1HOUR 12 MIN.

6..SALARY IS INCREASED BY 1200 , TAX IS DECREASED FROM 12% TO 10% BUT PAYING

SAME AMOUNT AS TAX . WHAT IS THE PREVISIOUS SALARY?

ANS:6000

7. THE LEAST NO. WHICH IS WHEN DEVIDED BY 4,6,7 LEAVES A REMAINDER OF 2 ?

ANS: 86

8. A MAN DRIVING THE CAR AT TWICE THE SPEED OF AUTO ONEDAY HE WAS DRIVEN CAR FOR 10 MIN. AND CAR IS FAILED. HE LEFT THE CAR AND TOOK AUTO TO GOTO THE OFFICE. HE SPENT 30 MIN. IN THE AUTO. WHAT WILL BE THE TIME TAKE BY CAR TO GO OFFICE?

ANS:25 MIN

9. A REPORT HS 20 WHEETS, EACH OF 55 LINES AND EACH SU; CH A LINE CONSISTS

OF 65 CHARACTERS. IF THE REPORT HAS TO BE RETYPED WITH EACH SHEET HAVING 65

LINES AND EACH LINE HAVE 75 CHARACTERS, THE PERCENTAGE OF REDUCTION OF NO OF SHEETS IS CLOSEST IS TO?

ANS: 25%

10. OUT OF 100 FAMILIES IN NEIGHBOUR HOOD , 55 OWN RADIO, 75 OWN T.V

AND 25 OWN VCR. ONLY 10 FAMILIES HAVE ALLOF THESE, AND EACH VCR OWNER HAS TV . IF 25 FAMILIES HAVE THE RADIO ONLY, THE NO. OF FAMILIES HAVE ONLY TV ARE?

ANS: 30

APTITUDE: (QUESTIONS 16 T019)

KYA KYA IS AN ISLAND IN THE SOUTH PACIFI . THE INHABITANTS OF KYA KYA ALWAYS ANSWER ANY QUESTION WITH TWO SENTENCES, ONE OR WHICH IS ALWAYS TRUE AND OTHER IS ALWAYS FALSE.

1. YOU ARE WALKING ON THE ROAD AND COME TO A FORK. YOU ASK , THE INHABITANTS

RAM.LAXMAN, AND LILA AS" WHICH ROAD WILL TAKE ME TO THE VILAGE?

RAM SAYS: I NEVER SPEAK TO STRANGERS. IAM NEW TO THIS PLACE LAXMAN SAYS: IAM MARRIED TO.LILA. TAKE THE LEFT ROAD LILA SAYS: IAM MARRIED TO RAM. HE IS NOT NEW TO THIS PLACE

ANS: LEFT ROAD TAKE YU TO THE VILLAGE

2. YOU FIND THAT YOUR BOAT IS STOLLEN. U QUESTIONED THREE INHABITANTS OT ISLANDS AND THEIR REPLIES ARE

JOHN : I DIDNOT DO IT. MATHEW DIDNOT DO IT MATHEW: I DIDNOT DO IT. KRISHNA DIDNOT DO IT KRISHNA: I DID NOT DO IT; I DONOT KNOW WHO DID IT

ANS: MATHEW STOLEN THE BOAT

3. YOU WANT TO SPEAK TO THE CHIEF OF VILLAGE , U ASK THREE FELLOWS AMAR BOBBY, CHARLES AND BOBBY IS WEARING RED SHIRT

AMAR : IAM NOT BOBBY`S SON ; THE CHIEF WEARS RED SHIRT

BOBBY : IAM AMARS FATHER ; CHARLES IS THE CHIEF CHARLES : THE CHIEF IS ONE AMONG US; IAM THE CHIEF

ANS: BOBBY IS THE CHIEF

4. THERE IS ONLY OPNE POLOT IN THE VILLAGE(ISLAND). YOU INTERVIEWED THREEM MAN

KOISK , LORRY AND MISHRA

U ALSO NOTICE THAT KOISK IS WEARING CAP.

M SAYS : LARRY IS FATHER IN THE PILOT .LARRY IS NOT THE PRIESTS SON KOISK : IAM THE PRIEST ON THEIS ISLAND ONLY PRISTS CAN WEAR THE CAPS

LARRY : IAM THE PRIEST SON . KOISK IS NOT THE PREST

ANS : KOISK IS THE PILOT

THIS PAPER HAS GIVEN IN IIT DELHI , SO GO THROUGH THIS IT WILL GIVE ROUGH IDEA;

```
typedef struct{
1.
        char *;
        nodeptr next;
        } * nodeptr;
what does nodeptr stand for?
2. supposing thaty each integer occupies 4 bytes and each charactrer
1 byte , what is the output of the following programme?
#include<stdio.h>
main()
int a[] ={ 1,2,3,4,5,6,7};
char c[] = {' a','x','h','o','k'}; printf("%d\t %d ", (&a[3]-&a[0]),(&c[3]-&c[0]));
ans : 3 3
3. what is the output of the program?
#include<stdio.h>
main()
struct s1 {int i; };
struct s2 {int i; };
struct s1 st1;
struct s2 st2;
st1.i = 5;
st2 = st1;
printf(" %d " , st2.i);
ans: nothing (error)
expl: diff struct variables should not assigned using "=" operator.
4.what is the output of the program?
#include<stdio.h>
main()
int i, j;
int mat[3][3] =\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\};
for (i=2; i>=0; i--)
for (j=2; j>=0; j--)
printf("%d" , *(*(mat+j)+i));
ans: 963852741
5.
fun(n);
int fun( int n)
int i;
for(i=0;i<=n;i++)
```

```
fun (n-i);
printf(" well done");
howmany times is the printf statement executed for n=10?
ans: zero
expl: Befire reaching to printf statement it will goes to infinite loop.
6. what is the output of the program?
main()
struct emp{
        char emp[];
        int empno;
       float sal;
};
struct emp member = { "TIGER"};
printf(" %d %f", member.empno,member.sal);
ans: error. In struct variable emp[], we have to give array size.
If array size given
ans is 0, 0.00
7. output of the program?
        # define infiniteloop while(1)
        main()
        infiniteloop;
        printf("DONE");
}
ans: none
expl: infiniteloop in main ends with ";" . so loop will not reach end;
and the DONE also will not print.
8. output of the program?
main()
int a=2, b=3;
printf(" %d ", a+++b);
}
ans:5
expl: here it evaluates as a++ + b.
9. output of the program?
#define prn(a) printf("%d",a)
#define print(a,b,c) prn(a), prn(b), prn(c)
\#define max(a,b) (a<b)? b:a
main()
```

- 1) ONE RECTANGULAR PLATE WITH LENGTH 8INCHES, BREADTH 11 INCHES AND 2 INCHES THICKNESS IS THERE.WHAT IS THE LENGTH OF THE CIRCULAR ROD WITH DIAMETER 8 INCHES AND EQUAL TO VOLUME OF RECTANGULAR PLATE? ANS: 3.5INCHES
- 2) WHAT IS THE NUMBER OF ZEROS AT THE END OF THE PRODUCT OF THE NUMBERS FROM 1 TO 100 $\,$
- 3) in some game 139 members have participated every time one fellow will get bye what is the number of matches to choose the champion to be held?

ans: 138
4) one fast typist type some matter in 2hr and
another slow typist type the

same matter in 3hr. if both do combinely in how much time they will finish.

ans: 1hr 12min

5) in 8*8 chess board what is the total number of squares refer odel

ans:204

- 6) falling height is proportional to square of the time. one object falls 64cm in 2sec than in 6sec from how much height the object will fall.
- 7) gavaskar average in first 50 innings was 50 . after the 51st innings his average was 51 how many runs he made in the 51st innings
- 8)2 oranges, 3 bananas and 4 apples cost Rs.15 . 3 ornages 2 bananas 1 apple costs Rs 10. what is the cost of 3 oranges, 3 bananas and 3 apples ANs Rs 15.
- 9) in 80 coins one coin is counterfiet what is minimum number of weighings to find out counterfiet coin
- 10)in a company 30% are supervisors and 40% employees are male if 60% of supervisors are male. what is the probability

```
that a randomly choosen employee is a male or female?
11) statement: all green are blue are blue, all blue are white
   conclusion:
   I) some blue are green II) some white are green
   III) some green are not white IV) all white are blue
   a) he has given four choices like gre type
12) all teachers are students. some students are girls.
  this type of questions are there.
   we cant able to reproduce them.:wq
                EASI -96
                NOW I AM SENDING EASI-TECH-96 PAPER
           FIRST PRIORITY FOR --F E M & C++
                You should prepare one FEM project work
        and mention it in your BIODATA as your present work. Then
        they will definitely call for interview even you perform
        worstly in written test.
        One more thing is this year they have big FORD project.
        So priority is there for mechanicals.
                I WILL SEND REMAINING PAPERS BY POST.
                        OOOOOKKKKKK!
                        EASI-TECH(96)
   WRITE THE OUTPUT FOR FOLLOWING PROGRAMS.
1) printf("%d%x\n",ox2,12);
2) int a=10;
  int b=20;
  a=a^b;
  b=a^b;
  a=a^b;
  printf("%d%d\n",a,b);
    3)enum
       {ELLIPSE,
       TRIANGLE,
       RECTANGLE,
       SOUARE=100,
       CIRCLE=5
       printf{"%d%d%d\n",TRIANGLE-RECTANGLE,SQUARE*CIRCLE-RECTANGLE};
4) define the following...
   a) pointer to a integer
  b) pointer to a char
   c) function pointer returning a pointer integer.
5) void a(void);
  main()
  {
   a();
  void a (void)
  char a="HELLOW";
  char *b="HELLOW";
  char c[10]="HELLOW";
  printf("%s%s%s\n",a,b,c);
  printf("%d%d%d\n", sizeof(a), sizeof(b), sizeof(c)));
```

```
6) int a=15;
       int b=16;
        printf("%d %d \n",a&b,a/b);
                                     (bitwise operators)
 7)
      int a[5],*p;
      for(p=a;p<&a[5];p++)
        *p=p-a;
        printf("%d\n",*p);
8) sscanf("xyz abc ABC 345" "% *[a-z A-Z]lf",&a);
  printf("lf",a);
  9) Not clear
        fprintf(- - - - -
10) main()
    int i=10;
    printf("%d",i);
    int i=20;
    printf("%d",i);
    printf("%d",i);
 11) struct class
        int i;
       float a;
       string[12];
       sizeof(class)=?
12)
     int *p;
       i=10;
       p=i;
       printf("%d",*p);
    fact(5)
     int n;
     fact(n)
     sum=n*fact(n-1);
NEXT FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSYS QUESTIONS
NAME THE EQUATION AND EXPLAIN THE TERMS
A) M/I=F/Y=E/R.
                             ans: sdof mass-spring-dashpot equn.
B) mx..+cx.+kx=F(t)
2)
WHAT ARE THE DIFFT. TYPES OF FINITE ELEMENTS.
WHAT IS THE SIZE OF STIFFNESS MATRIX FOR A 4 NODED SHELL ELEMENT IN 3-D
SPACE.
4)
HOW MANY NODES ARE THERE FOR A BEAM ELEMENT ? WHY?
WRITE STIFFNESS MATRIX OF TRUSS ELEMENT.
   6) WHAT ARE PLANE STRESS AND PLANE STRAIN ELEMENTS
  7) WHAT IS MENT BY STRESS SMOTHENING
  8) WHAT IS GAUSS POINT
  9) WHAT ARE CO AND C1 PROBLEMS
```

yours, murthy.

```
1) YOU SHOULD LEARN POINTERS (they may ask in I.W)
                2) ****SHOULD LEARN C++(this is very very IMP, Based
                         on this only I got job. One more thing is
                         CLASS, INHERATENCI&POLYMORPHISM is sufficient)
                3) YOU SHOULD PREPARE ONE FEM PROJECT AND TELL THEM
                  THAT AS YOUR OWN WORK (This will increase chance
                        to 99%)
                      EASI-TECH
                 WRITTEN TEST PATTERN
           TEST 100 20MINUITS
2|F E M TEST 19Q 20MINUITS
3]APTITUDE TEST 15Q 20MINUITS
F E M TEST
1) WHO USED THE TERM FINITE ELEMENT FOR THE FIRST TIME?
 a)
 b)
 c) CLOUGH
2) DERIVE THE JACOBIEN | J | FOR BEAM ELEMENT WITH STRAIN
 ENERGY?
  (ANS: PROMLEM IS NOT CORRECT PLEASE DO NOT ATTEMPT)
3) FOR AN ELEMENT SIGMA Ni=1, WHICH TYPE OF ELEMENT IT IS?
   b) NATURAL CO-ORDINATE
    (ANS 100% CORRECT)
4) TIMOSHENKO BEAM ELEMENT THEORY TO CONSIDER -- - - -?
   a)
   b)
   c) SHEAR DEFORMATION
5) SHEAR LOCKING - - - ?
  (ANS IS VERY STIFF 'K')
6) MEMBRANE LOCKING
  (ANS IS ARCH ELEMENT)
7) Ex (epsiolan x) = dU/dX, Ey=dV/dY, r(X, Y) = ? (gama(x, y) = ?)
  (ANS IS dU/dY+dV/dX)
8) K=integral B(TRANSPOSE) *D*B FOR LARGE DEFORMATION
 WHICH MATRIX WILL GET EFFECTED?
  (ANS IS D matrix )100%correct
9) FOR PLANE STRAIN f(Ex, Ey, Ez, r(x, y)) - - -
  (ANS IS
            Ez=0)
10) SERENDIPITY ELEMENT IS
   (ANS 8 NODED ELEMENT)
 (The element which is having nodes only on boundary is
   called SERENDIPITY element)
11) IF THE ROTATION OF ELEMENT AND THE DISPLACEMENT ABOUT
   N-A IS SAME THEN THE ORDER OF CONTINUITY
   (ANS IS C1)
12) FRONTAL THEORY IS APPLIED FOR
  (Please refer any fem book)
13) MINDLINS THEORY IS APPLIED FOR
  c) this is the answer (Both Co&Clproblems)
14) X=SigmaNi*Xi, U=sigmaNi*Ui WHICH TYPE OF ELEMENT
  (Refer book)
```

```
15) BEAM SUBJECTED TO UDL FIND THE MOMENTS AT THE
   2 NODES
16) Integral B(Transpose) *sigma(here sigma means stress) *dV
    REPRESENTS?
    (ANS IS INTERNAL LOAD VECTOR)
17) Integral ET (epsiolan transpose) *sigma*dV
    P=strain displacement vector
    Q=stress-strain deformation
    Find [K]
           [K]=[P]T(p transpose)*[Q]*[P])
19)
REMEMBER ORDER MAY NOT BE CORRECT
                      APTITUDE TEST
 1)33 1/3 of
                 101 + 296 is
                (ans 1200) check
 2) 0.625= ?
                (ans 27/40)
 3) One ship goes along the stream direction 28 km and in opposite
   direction 13 km in 5 hrs for each direction. What is the velocity
   of stream?
                (ans 1.5 kmph)
 4) Cubic root of 3375=?
                (ans 15)
 5) 2020201-565656=?
                (ans 1454545)
 6) CHAIRS PROBLEM
                5 chairs=9 tables, 12 tables = 7 stools likethat- - -
                (ans is 80Rs)
 7) One clock ringes 7 O'clock in 7 sec. In how many seconds it will
   ring 10 O'clock.
                (ans 10.5 sec)
 8) One watch is showing 30 past 3 .What is the angle between minutes &
   hours hand?
                (ans 75 degrees)
 9) The average of 4 consecutive even numbers is 27. What is the largest
   number?
                (ans 30)
 10) 25 stations ,24 stations are inbetween- - - -
     how many tickets should be required.
                (ans 25*24=600) PUZZLES TO PUZZLE YOU "S.DEVI" PROB 24
 11) One ball was dropped from 8ft height and every time it goes half
    of the height. How much distance it will travell before coming to
    rest.
                  (ans 24 approximately)
 12) Two trains are travelline at equilateral . Train A is travelling
    in the direction of earths spin.Other train B is travelling in
    opposite direction of earths spin. Which trains wheels will wear
    first?and why?
        (ans TRAIN B .Because of less centrifugal force.)
```

OK HARI 3 MORE QUES ARE THERE.I HOPE YOU CAN SOLVE EASILY. NOW I have only 3 C ques. I am sendins them in immediate mail. Any whey I will try to send remaining 7 C ques before 20th.

```
C OUESTIONS: WHAT IS THE OUT PUT FOR FOLLOWING PROGRAMMS
1) main()
char a[2];
*a[0]=7;
*a[1]=5;
printf("%d", &a[1]-a)
   ans may be 1. (illegal initialization)
2)
#include<stdio.h>
main(){
char a[]="hellow";
char *b="hellow";
char c[5]="hellow";
printf("%s %s %s ",a,b,c);
printf(" ", sizeof(a), sizeof(b), sizeof(c));
            hellow, hellow, hellow
(ans is
              6,2,5
#include<stdio.h>
main()
float value=10.00;
printf("%g %0.2g %0.4g %f", value, value, value, value)
(ans is 10,10,10,10.000000)
4)
#include<stdio.h>
void function1;
int i-value=100;
main()
i-value=50;
function1;
printf("i-value in the function=",i-value);
printf("i-value after the function=",i-value);
printf("i-value at the end of main=",i-value);
functioni()
i-value=25;
THIS IS ROUGH IDEA OF THE PROGRAM
1) i-value in the function=25;
2)i-value after the function=50;
3) i-value at the end of the main=100;
5)
 main()
funct(int n);
switch(n)
  case1:
        m=2;
```

```
break;
  case2:
      m=5;
               break;
  case3:
       m=7:
               break;
  default:
       m=0;
THIS IS ROUGH IDEA:
    (ANS:Out put is m=0)
REMAINING 5 PROGRAMS SOME WHAT LARGE AND COMPLICATED. ANY WHEY
I WILL SEND REMAINING PROGRAMS BEFORE 20th.
(for interview) Prove some of the angles in a triangle are 180. Angle in
half circle is 90. How will you measure hight of building when you are
the top of the building and if you have stone with you.
               Best of luck
-----
GSSL
ITest : General Intelligence
II test : Technical test
III test : C-language
I Test
Some of the questions what I have Iam sending.
1. 5,5,,13,13,21,21 Ans: 29
2.0,7,26,63,124, Ans: 215 i.e.n**3-1 rule following
3. 1, 3, 5, 7, Ans: 9 '1' is not a prime number
4. If a person walks at 4/5th of his usual spee he reaches 40min late.
he walks athis usual speed how much time does he travels.
Ans:160min or 2hr 40min
5. Two trains A&B start at opposite points 120km at 60kmph. A fly
starting along with train A at 120kmph reaches B then returns back to
touch and continue. By the time two trains meet howmuch distance the fly
would have travelled?
Ans : By 1hour both trains meet, so the distance travel by fly in 1hr
120km.
6.In a class 80% have passed english, 70% passed Hindi 10% didnot passed
```

either. If 144 students passed both. What is the total strength of the

class.

Ans: 240

. Find the least number when divided by 7 gives the reminder 6, when divided by 6 gives reminder 5, when divided by 5 gives reminder 4 and so on....

Ans: 419

8. If a man stands in front of sun what is the first letter of the direction which is left to him:

Ans: North(N)

9.A square is to circle what is cube to

Ans: sphere

- 10. Synonyms
 - i) Joy = gay
 - ii) Inert = Inactive
- 11. One wordswill begiven find oddman out: Ans: sickle like that a) sow b) cut c) d) sickel
- 12. If I bought a cycle before 2days of my birthday and I broke it after 3 days of my birthday the day I broke is Mar2, 1956? Answer following logical questions?
- i) when is his birthday?

Ans: April,28 (due to leap year i.e.1956) but do not keep answer blindly we just think before choosing answer Iam just giving idea of question

13.

Monday Aug25, 96

Mr A,

You forgott your umbrella during the party on last friday.I expected you to collect it on your visit on wednesday,I plan to leave on this Friday.

Questions: when A missed umbrella? When A is supposed to collect it?

When K leaves?

Hint: These dates i.e. Aug 25 is not exactly given in test, but Iam giving feel of that question. If you solve this question you can solve it easily in exam.

14. What is my father's sons son to my son?

Ans: cousin brother

- 15.On cutting which solid parabola would be generated Ans: cone
- 16. Eulers formula: Ans: F+V-E =2;
- F= faces; V= vertices; E = number of edges

- 17. Newton Rapson method is to find Ans:to find the root of f(x) = 0;
- $18.\ \mbox{How many tangents}$ can be dran within three circles if they do not lie within each other

Ans: 12 But this answer is not there I kept 8 as answer

- 19. In language the fortran which is true. A) fortran uses call by value
- 20. When a program is compiled what it produces

Ans: source code to object code

21. In the following venn diagram shaded region is represented by some question like that I can't draw figure here thats why Iam sendinganswer only $\frac{1}{2}$

Ans: (B-A)' i.e. (B-A) whole dash

22. xy-x+2y = 6 equation is shifted to form equation xy=c what is c?

Ans : 4

23. When x is real what is the least value of (x**2-6*x+5)/(x**2+2*x+1)

Ans:-1/3

24.When an object like cube or sphere is seen along x,y,z, axes we get the

same. Apart from these suggest another which has similar characteristics?

Ans: you have to draw the figure Ans: is triangular prism you draw triangular prism.

25. When an object is seen from front side we can see two concentric squares and topview also without any hidden lines. Draw the side view.

Ans: I know ans but I canot draw.

26. Convert 251 decimal to base 8(i.e. octal)?

Ans: similar question but for this question answer is 373

27. How much information can be solved in 1 byte of a IBM pc compatible?

Ans: 256

- 28. What is the language used for Artificial Intelligence Ans: lisp
- 29. Swap two variables without using temporary variable

Ans: a= a+b; b= a-b; a= a-b:

- 30. Which is not the operating system ? Ans: BIOS
- 31. What is the optimum number of operations for 2*(x**3)+3*(x**2)+5*x+5?

Ans: three multiplications, three additions.

32. A=> Bmeans

Ans: if A is true B has to be true

33.If A is not invertible and BA = I is not possible

Ans: Determinant is Zero.

34, What is FREE BoDY Diagram

Ans: Used for analysing FEM.

 $35.\ \mbox{A}$ die is thrown twice what is the probability that you get same number

Ans:11/36.

HCL

Paper Model:

Section I: computer awareness(i.e general things about computer) 0.15

-ve marks: 1/4

Section II: Simple C-language Q. 15 & -ve marks: -1/4

Section III: On pointers & structures

and C++, JAVA (only 1 on this) Q.10 each quetion ->2

marks

-ve marks: −1

Section IV: Analytical Q.20 each quetion \rightarrow 2 marks.

-ve marks: -1/4

Murthy from each section I am giving one are to quetions also because for $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) =\left(1\right)$

checking whether the same paper or not.

And for doubtful answers also I am writing quetions but not writing answers for these quetions.

Section-

Ι

- 1). Piggy backing is a technique for
- a) Flow control b) sequence c) Acknowledgement d) retransmition

ans: c piggy backing

```
2). The layer in the OST model handles terminal emulation
a) session b) application c) presentation d) transport
ans: b application
3) ans: a
                        odd numbers of errors
       In signed magnitude notation what is the minimum value that can
be repr
esented with 8 bits
a) -128 b) -255 c) -127 d) 0
5) c
                20
6) a
                120
7) b
               synchronise the access
8) a
               system call
9) b
               the operating system
               177333
10) a
               used as a network layer protocall in network and windows
11) d
system
               has to be unique in the sub network
13)Q. there is an employer table with key feilds as employer no. data in
n'th row are needed for a simple following queries will get required
results.
  a) select A employe no. from employe A , where exists from employe B
where A employe no. >= B employe having (count(*) mod n)=0
 b) select employe no. from employe A, employe B where
A employe no. >= B employ no. grouply employe no. having (count(*) mod
n=0 )
  c) both a& b
 d) none of the above
14)Q. type duplicates of a row in a table customer with non uniform key
feild
customer no. you can see
a) delete from costomer where customer no. exists
( select distinct customer no. from customer having count )
b) delete customer a where customer no. in
(select customer b where custermer no. equal to b custemor no. ) and a
rowid >
b rowid
c) delete customer a where custermor no. in
( select customer no. from customer a, customer b )
d) none of the above
15) c
              Volatile modifier
```

SECTION-II

Section II is not covered completly But it is very very easy. You can do it very easely.

- 1) ans: recursion
- 2) long int size
 a) 4 bytes b) 2 bytes c) compiler dependent d) 8 bytes
 ans: compiler dependent
 note: order of a,b,c,d are doubt but answer is correct.
- 3) x=2,y=6,z=6 x=y==z; printf(%d",x)
- 4) if (x>2)?3:4
- 5)
- 6)
- 7) ans: c 6 (quetion on enum)
- 8) ----

- 14) c : class A,B and C can have member functions with same name.
- 15) ans: d none of the above

SECTION-III

- 2) ans: a always
- 3) ans: b 13
- 4) ans: b 16
- 5) ans: d 55,55
- 6) ans: c 5,10,10,3

```
7) ---
8) ans:d
9) ans: c
10) ans: c semicolon missing
                                                SECTION-IV
following are not in order:
 2. M > D > Y ans: (a)
 6. 10 in 4 seconds,
     ? in 6 minutes
                       = 10x6x60/4 = 900 ans: (a)
 7. a=2, b=4, c=5
      (a+b)/c - c/(a+b) = 11/30 (ans).
 8. 100(100000000+100000000)/10000 = 2x1000000  (ans).
 9. what does the hexanumber E78 in radix 7.
    (a) 12455 (b) 14153 (c) 14256 (d) 13541 (e) 131112 ans: (d)
 10. Q is not equal to zero and k = (Q \times n - s)/2 find n?
    (a) (2 \times k + s)/Q (b) (2 \times s \times k)/Q (c) (2 \times k - s)/Q
    (d) (2 \times k + s \times Q)/Q (e) (k + s)/Q
  (from GRE book page no:411)
    data:
    A causes B or C, but not both
    F occurs only if B occurs
    D occurs if B or C occurs
    E occurs only if C occurs
     J occurs only if E or F occurs
     D causes G, H or both
     H occurs if E occurs
     G occurs if F occurs
NOTE: check following answers.
 11. If A occurs which of the following must occurs
     I. F & G
    II. E and H
    III. D
    (a) I only (b) II only (c) III only (d) I,II, & III
    (e) I & II (or) II & III but not both
                                                      ans: (e)
 12. If B occurs which must occur
```

- (a) D (b) D and G (c) G and H (d) F and G (e) J ans: (a)
- 13. If J occurs which must have occured
- (a) E (b) either B or C (c) both E & F (d) B (e) both B & C ans: (b)
- 14. which may occurs as a result of cause not mentioned
 - (1) D (2) A (3) F
 - (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) 1 & 2 (d) 2 & 3 (e) 1,2,3 ans: (c)
- 15. E occurs which one cannot occurs
 - (a) A (b) F (c) D (d) C (e) J ans: (b)
- 11 to 15:- e , a , b , c , b -----

Below are in order:

16. to 20. answers:

е

a c

a

е

----- over -----

BEST OF LUCK

In written test in each section you have to get minimum marks i.e you have to pass in each section. There will be questions from C, C++, JAVA. about 10 ques tions in C++ in the written test.

INTERVIEW: I will send interview quetions tomorrow early morning.

HUGHES

```
> > (A) Aptitude :25 Qns, 20 Minutes
     1. 2 x 4 analytical GRE type qns
      2. 2-3 Reasoning qns (GRE type)
     3. Probability of getting a sum of 7 when two dices are thrown
together
> >
     4. Rest quantitative questions
    (B) Technical: 50 Qns, 45 Minutes
    1. 3 gns on operating systems. I gn on dijkestra algorithm
     2. Using which pin it's possible to address 16 bit addresses even
though
there
> >
       are only 8 address bits in 8085? Ans: ALE
>> 3. Voltage gain for an amplifier is 100 while it is operating at
10 volts
       What is the O/P voltage wen i/p is 1 volt
>> 4. Quality factor indicates a0 Quality of inductor b) quality of
capacito
r
> >
       c) both
> >
    5. Ons related to bridges, routers and generators, which OSI layer
they
> >
     corresspond to. (Refer to stevens 4th chapter)
>> 6.0PAmp's I/P ciurrent, O/p current and CMRR is given, what is the
voltag
е
> >
     gain
>> 7. 2-3 qns on scope of static variables in C. Qn to view o/p odf a
C stat
ic
> >
     8. On to print a value of a pointer
    9.resistance increases with temperature in a) Metal b)
semiconductor
>> 10. A qn to find the physical address from a given virtual
address, virtu
al
         to physical address table was provided
>> 11. 16 bit mantissa and 8 bit exponent can present what maximum
value?
    12. 4 bit window size in sliding window protocol, how many
acknowledement
s can be held?
>> 13. Security functionality is provided by which layer of OSI
    14. Frequency spectrums for AM, FM and PM (figure given, u'veto
tell whic
```

```
Kind of modulation it belongs to)
> > 15. Among AM and FM which is better and why?
>> 16.LASt stage of TTL NAND gate is called: Ans: Totem Pole
Amplifier
    17. SR to JK flip flop conversion. Ans: S=JQ', R=KQ
     18. LSB of a shift register is connected to its MSB, what is
formed: Ans
> >
         RING Counter
> >
     19. 2-3 Ons based on Demorgan's laws (identiies: (A+b)' = A'b',
etc)
> >
      20. 2 qns on Logic gates (O/p of logic gates)
     21. Diff in IRET and RET statements of 8086
> >
     22. How many address bytes are required to address an array of
memory chi
ps
> >
         (4 * 6), each chip having 4 memory bits and 8k registers.
       23. Diff. in memory mapped and I/P O/P mapped Input/Output (Refer
> >
a book
on Microprocessor)
> >
      24. On on pipeline architecture
       25 QN on LAPB protocol
> >
> >
> >
                ***** VERY VERY IMPORTANT TIPS *******
                                               Interview -tips
                1) You should do some rough work immediately
                  adjacent to the problem(Aptitede)
                2) You should write the explanationary notes
                  adjacent to the C program.
 INTERVIEW AIM:
                 1) Project should be on FEM.
                 2) You have to explain project clearly
                 3) Don't tell "Iam expert in FEM or in C"
                    Other wise they will ask more typical Ques.
                 4) You tell "I know C++ & C . I am learning C++
                    simultaneously with C."
               Q1) TELL ABOUT YOUR WORK (means project work)
               Q2) TELL ABOUT YOUR FAMILY
                Ans: Sir, I came from a family which gives higher
                     priority to education. We are two. Because of
                     my parents active guidance we are pursuing
                     higher studies. I sister studied Msc and she
                     got married.
                         I studied B.tech in N.U
                          10 in- - - -
                        INTER in - - - -
        Q3) WHY YOU ARE COMING TO SOFT WARE?
```

What I have learned all these days definitely

ANS:Well sir,

increased my technical skills. But a the same time also increased my ANALYTICAL, PROUBLE SHOOTING& PROBLEM SOLVING skills.

> What ever may be the technical backgrount , above skills are necessary for S-W.

Rapid grouth, frequent updating & Attractive compensation pay packages.

04) WHAT IS YOUR AMBITION?

ANS)Sir , I would like to become a person who is someone in SOFT WARE.

Q5) WHERE DO YOU LIKE TO SEE AFTER 5 YEARS? ANS:Sir

One year from now I would like to become a good soft

ware

expert.

Two years from now I would like to become a person who handles team work (i.e project leader)

Five years from now I have to handle morethan one

project

at a time.

06) WHY THIS COLLEGE?

Sir, from the very first begining I have had special carving(interest) to pursue(get) my higher studies from any reputed institution. I hope I have succeeded.

07) YOUR +POINTS

ANS: I am a team person (you sould mension as captain of cricket) I can handle problems as they came

08) YOUR -POINTS

Sir I am a bit over confident (or emotional) and I believes people in first insident.

Q9) IF YOU CAN'T SELECTED TO THIS JOB , WHAT CAN YOU DO?

Sir I am confident that I should definitely get job in your organization. I that worst case will happened I will try to rectify my errors and once again I will try for your organization.

Even then if I failed , I will search for another organization which is suitable for my potential.

O10) WHY THIS COMPANY?

ANS:

Sir Iam looking in the company for the following things.

- 1) Which is a gaint in S-W.
- 2) Which is well reputed organization.
- 3) Which is having noninert enveronment

I hope I will find all the above things in your organization. 000000000K!

THESE ARE MOST FREQUENT INTERVIEW QUESTIONS. YOU SHOULD PREPARE WELL AND LEAVE THE RESULT TO GOD.

SSSSSSSSEU!

vours. murthy.

TECHNICAL TEST (MASCOT)

Total 6 sections.

1) Computer Fundamentals

```
2) Algorithms
3) Hardware
4) Software
5) General Awareness
6) Languages
* All together 60 questions with each section containing 10 questions.
* All are multiple choice questions
1. One Nibble = ?
2. Hexadecimal and Octal representation of 1024 ?
3. What a compiler does ?
4. DOS ? (whether Graphical interface or Character interface and two
more
          choices are given)
5. CPU - abbrevation
6. Fortran used as ( Ans : Scientific Language)
7. ASCII character set ? (total number)
8. Windows NT- What NT stands for?
9. Which is not an input device ? (keyboard, Disk, Mouse, Lightpen)
10. Which is not a pointing device ? ( mouse, Joy stick, lightpen none)
11. Microsoft Chief?
12. 4GL ? (Fortran, SQL, ADA, ....)
13. Father of Computers?
14. Which of them is Object Oriented Language.?
15. Power PC is the product of ? (Microsoft, IBM, Apple, Motorola, Intel)
   (A combination of any correct 3 companies)
16. Latest processor used ? (Pentium, Power PC, Pentium pro, none)
17. MS Word is ?
18. First Super Computer built in India. (Ans : param)
19. Which of the following companies donot manufacture chips?
    (Microsoft, Motorola, Intel, HP)
20. LAN - abbrevation
21. WAN - abbrevation
22. Modem is ? (related to electrical hardware.- Like Modulator
&demodulator)
23. FDD - abbrevation (floppy disk drive)
24. BIT - abbrevation
25. Information is ? (message, data, processed data, none)
26. Which is not networking ?(internet,ethernet,arcnet,none)
27. One Gigabyte =?( 2 power30 , 2 power 20 ,2 power 10 none)
28. Which of the following is not RDBMS ? (sybase, SQL, Acess, none)_
29. Oracle is ? (Ans : Relationasl Data Base Management System)
30. In Oracle, Table means ( Ans : Collection of records)
31. DMA - abbrevation
                        (Direct Memory Access, Discrete memory Access,
                          Disk memoryaccess)
32. What is meant by Static Variable ?
33. What is meant by QUEUE? {refer any data structures text}
34. What is meant by STACK? {refer any data structures text}
35. The processor used in first IBM PC? (8086,8088,zig4,intel)
36. Difference between 80286 and 80287
37. In bubble sort , no. of comparisons required ?(ans : formula : N*(N-
1)/2)
38. No. of comparisons of an item in 100 items by binary comparison?
  (10,25,50100)
39. CRT - (Cathode Ray Tube)
40. No. of entryvalues are there in ideally in a subroutine.
41. Binary tree?
42. Flow in one direction ? (Single linked list, Double linked
list,....)
43. Electron screen size ? (here, 2 lines of algorithm is given.
```

```
Name the algoirithm)
44. Which is not storage device.? (printer, CD ROM, Disk, none)
45. A question regarding memory ? ( least used memory, recently unused
memory,..)
46. ISO - (International Standard Organisation)
47. HTML - (Hyper Text Makeup Language)
48. Flow chart for factorial N? (ans :choice a)
49. What is meant by Recursion ?
50. Struct(s)
    {
    int a;
    long b;
    Union (u)
    {int a;
    long b;
    Print sizeof(s) and sizeof(u) if sizeof(int)=4 and sizeof(long)=4
51.Switch (i)
  i=1;
 case 1
           i++;
  case 2
  ++i;
                       (ans: 1, 2, 3, none)
  break;
  case 3
  --i;
  Output of i after executing the program
52. char S;
 char S[6] = " HELLO";
 printf("%s ",S[6]);
 output of the above program ? (0, ASCII 0, I, unpredictable)
53. Unsigned char c;
     for ( c=0; c!=256; c++2)
     printf("%d",c);
     No. of times the loop is executed ? (127,128,256,infinitely)
54. int i;
    i=0;
    repeat
    i=i+1;
                          <===== PASCAL PROGRAM
   print i;
   until(i<10)
    end
   No. of times the loop is executed?
55. Convert (int A, var ,int B; int c)
  A=10;
  B = 4 - ;
  C=120;
  Convert (inta,b,c)
                        <===== PASCAL PROGRAM
   a=1;
```

```
b=4;
  c=12;
   convert (A,B,c) ? (10,40,120
10,40,12,.....)
56. Procedure A
    Begin
     _____
                                <===== PASCAL PROGRAM
                      No. Of errors in the program ?(1,2,3,none)
    Procedure B
    Begin
     _____
     end
57. int i;
    i=2;
    i++;
    if(i=4)
    {
    printf(i=4);
    }
    else
    printf(i=3);
    output of the program ? (4,3,unpredictable,none)
58. what is FAT?.
File allocation table
QUANTITATIVE APPTITUDE TEST :
Total 44 questions are there.
 Refer R.S. Aggarwal
1. How many degrees hours hand rotate in 10 minutes?
2. 1/(10 \text{ power } 18) - 1/(10 \text{ power } 20) = ?
3. 0 < x < 1: Which is greater ? (1/(x \text{ square}), 1/x, x, x \text{ square})
4. c=a/b; a-1=c What is the relation between a&b
5. N = ((8.42)**2)*(95...)/((0.982)*(64...)**2)
   If N contains the first three digits as 988, Which of the following
   nearest answer (9.88,98.8,988,none)
6. The sum of 7 consecutive odd integers with 27 as the fourth number.
8. 2486724..... Express it in product of 3 numbers. (The given number
   is not exactly correct. Choices are given. Very easy)
9. Radius of sphere is increased by 50%. By how much percentage is
surface
    area is increased.
10. In which of the following , 2 as a common factor , can be
eliminated.
    Ans : \log(x \text{ square})/\log(y \text{ square}) = \log(x)/\log(y)
```

```
Antonyms :
11. AUSPICISIOUS
12. REHALISHLY
13. & 14. - Sentence correction
15, 16 , 17 -
                 Spelling Mistakes
18, 19 - Two Questions
 6 letters are assigned certain numbers.
In each qusetion , 4 combination of digits are given . Of which , which
 a meaningful word.
20 & 21. - 4 sentences will be given in each question. Arrange them
in
logical order .
22. 5 straight lines are cut in a circle. A question regarding this.
 Reasoning:
   a) If statement A alone is required
   b) If statement B alone is required
   c) If bothe statements A & B are required
   d) Neither
23. Does Mr. Mathew give tution ?
 A) MAthew is a teacher
 B) In school, the teacher is not expected to give tutions.
24. There is no power cut in advanced country
    If T is a city, Is there power cut in that city?
 A) Z is a advanced country
 B) T ia a capital city of country Z
25. Tanzanians are in East Africa. Tanzanizns are good in either
Education ,
    Dance or Music
 A) Tanzanians are good at Education
 B) East Africa are good at dance & Music.
 Remaining questions 26 - 29 are of the same type.
30. On onw day, 14 children are admitted in a school by their mothers.
    2 are sisters, 3 are brothers, 2 are brother and sister and 2 are
twins.
    The rest are singles. How many mothers came? (5 , 7, 9, 14)
31. Problem Cisterns & pipes.
    It will take 8hrs to fill a cistern. But due to leak at the bottom,
it.
    take 10 hrs to full it. In how many hrs, th eful tank will be
emptied
    because of leak.? (18,8,40,10)
32. Question regarding men & work
   A does alone a work in 4 days
   B does alone a work in 8 days
   C does alone a work in 10 days
    A & B together -----
    C & B together -----
```

- 33. In 3.5 Kg rod , there is 74% silver. If it is alloyed with a 0.5 Kg rod, $\,$
 - the % of silver goes p to 84%. The percent of silver in 0.5 Kg rod?
- 34. Two chords of lengths 2L1 and 2L2 are drawn in a circle. Their lengths
- are inversely proportional to the straight distance joining the centre. $\hspace{-1.5cm}$

Find the radius of circle.

35. A Kg of tea costs Rs 49.50 . But the supplier gives 10 gms less for every Kg he sold. What is the actual cost.

36 - 40

A question on transportation table. 5 questions were given.

 A	В	C	D		E
 А	X	12	8	20	6
В	12	X	12	5	9
C	20	8	Х	4	7
D	3	15	6	Х	10
E	12	5	8	3	X

A, B, C, D, E denote the stages.

X denote the start of the stage.

The bus goes from A to E and E to A woith back stops at B,C, & D For each the charge is Rs.0.70

The numbers in the table are how many passengers are there in the bus upto that stage. (the numbers given the table are not correct)

- 36. Total no. of passengers in onward journey
- 37. Total amount in the conductors bag just before the bus reaches the stage $\ensuremath{\mathtt{C}}$
- 38. How many Rs. 1.40 tickets are issued to passengers in backward journey.
- 39. If the bus breaks down between the stages C & D , the amount refunded to passengers.
- 40. If the ticket costs Rs.1.50, how much is the profit in Backward journey.

Remaining 4	questions	may be	fron	English.
-------------	-----------	--------	------	----------

```
July-1997
PART --A
_____
1) abcD+abcd+aBCd+aBCD
  then the simplified function is
  ( Capital letters are copliments of corresponding letters
   A=compliment of a)
      [b] ab [c] abc [d] a(bc)* [e] mone
 [a] a
 (bc) *=compliment of bc
 Ans: e
_____
2) A 12 address lines maps to the memory of
[a] 1k bytes [b] 0.5k bytes [c] 2k bytes [d] none
Ans: b
3) In a processor these are 120 instructions . Bits needed to impliment
  this instructions
  [a] 6 [b] 7 [c] 10 [d] none
 Ans: b
_____
4) In 8085 microprocessor READY signal does.which of the following
  is incorrect statements
  [a] It is input to the microprocessor
  [b] It sequences the instructions
 Ans : b
_____
5) Return address will be returned by function to
 [a] Pushes to the stack by call
 Ans : a
_____
6)
  n = 7623
     temp=n/10;
     result=temp*10+ result;
     n=n/10
  }
Ans : 3267
   -----
7) If A>B then
    F=F(G);
  else B>C then
  in this , for 75% times A>B and 25% times B>C then, is 10000
instructions
  are there ,then the ratio of F to G
  [a] 7500:2500 [b] 7500:625 [c] 7500:625 if a=b=c else
```

7500:2500

```
8) In a compiler there is 36 bit for a word and to store a character
8bits are
needed. IN this to store
a character two words are appended .Then for storing a K characters
string,
How many words are needed.
[a] 2k/9 [b] (2k+8)/9 [c] (k+8)/9 [d] 2*(k+8)/9 [e] none
Ans: a
   -----
9) C program code
  int zap(int n)
  if (n \le 1) then zap=1;
   else zap=zap(n-3)+zap(n-1);
  then the call zap(6) gives the values of zap
  [a] 8 [b] 9 [c] 6 [d] 12 [e] 15
 Ans: b
PART-B
1) Virtual memory size depends on
  [a] address lines [b] data bus [c] disc space [d] a & c [e] none
Ans : a
-----
2) Critical section is
  [b] statements which are accessing shared resourses
  Ans : b
_____
3) load a
  mul a
  store t1
  load b
  mul b
  store t2
  mul t2
 then the content in accumulator is
Ans : a^{**}2+b^{**}4
-----
4) question (3) in old paper
5) q(4) in old paper
6) question (7) in old paper
7) q(9) in old paper
```

Honeywell conducted a test in IIT and Interview was in their office at B'lore.

a) Verbal ability (15 ques)

Test contained 100 multiple choice questions divided into

```
b) Numerical aptitude (15)
                c) Logical and analytical ability (15)
                d) Elementary computer science (10)
                d) Programming languages (20)
                e) Operatins systems and Data structures (25)
Not sure about the number of questions.
Verbal ability questions contained 3 parts.
a) One passage is given and U have to answer 5 questions
b) Some words are given and their synonyms have to be written
c)
Numerical aptitude and Logical questions were the usual stuff.
I had 4 rounds of interview.
First round (around 45 minutes) contained, questions from Real-time
Systems (my research area), operating systems and Software Engineering
Explain U'r research work.
What is a Real-Time System ?
What is the difference between Hard and Soft real-time systems ?
What is a mission critical system ?
What is the important aspect of a real-time system ?
Explain the difference between microkernel and macro kernel.
Give an example of microkernel.
Why paging is used ?
Which is the best page replacement algo and Why ?
WHat is software life cycle ?
How much time is spent usually in each phases and why ?
Which one do U want to work if selected in Honeywell ?
( I said I don't like testing )
They asked why ?
I said it is a boring job. Then they tried to analyse
the knowledge in testing.
What is testing ?
Which are the different types of testing ?
Then they explained the way they do testing. They said that they are
doing testing in requirement phase and design phase so that if any
problem comes in those phases it is not necessary to go back and change
the requirement or design. All the test processing is automated.
Why do U want to join Honeywell ?
Ans: To get a practical feeling of Real-time systems.
Do U know C++ ?
How good are U in C and C++ ?
Rate U'rslef in both C and C++. (1 - 10 marks)
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Second round (around 45 minutes)

They wanted a bio-data at the time of inteview. I gave the placement office bio-data and in that one there was column 'Major subjects studied'. Many of the questions came from those. Explain U'r research work. Lot of questions from it. What is a distributed system ? Some questions about CSP. (I kept quiet) Which languages do U know ? What are the differences between Pascal and C. I said Pascal is a strongly typed language. Then what is typing and its advantages ? Then he asked some questions from Compiler construction and Lisp. WHich are the different computer architectures ? What is the requirement in MIMD ? What is the difference between RISC and CISC processors ? Difference between loosely coupled and tightly coupled systems ? What is an open system ? Still a lot of questions from software engineering . Which are the different phases in Software life cycle (asked again) Why is analysis and testing phases very important ? Which methodologies are U familiar with ? Have U worked in windows ? (Yes) What is the difference U have seen from a Dos environment ? I said it event driven . So what do U mean by event driven ? How do WinMain look like ? How the messages are processed in Windows ? (Queue of events) What are parameters needed to distinguish an event ? Have U done any network programming ? Why networks are layered ? What is the advantage of that ? How many layers are there in OSI ? WHy is it called OSI model ? Are U familiar with network topologies ? Which are the different network toplogies ? Tell an example of bus type network. I said ethernet. What is the Bandwidth of ethernet ? Explain the advantage and disadvantage of ethernet ? Which is the protocol used in ethernet. (CSMA/CD) Why is it called so ? If all stations tries to communicate at same time, what will happen. What is binary exponential backoff algo ? What is the advantage of Ring network ? Compare it with ethernet. In a real-time system which one do U prefer and why ? What is the basic requirement of a real-time network ? Which one is costly - ethernet of ring networks ?

Some questions form OOSD and Digital signal processing.

What is inheritance, encapsulation etc.

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Third Round (15 minutes)
Asked about the percentages and marks during SSC, PDC, B.Tech and MS.
When can U join ?
Who is U'r guide ?
U are from which place ?
Where is it in Kerala ?
How do U perform in the first two interviews ?
WHy have U given Honeywell as dream job ?
Some more personal questions
Fourth Round (45 minutes)
What do U like in Bangalore ?
I said the weather and all my friends are here.
Asked about my family members.
How do U interact with friends ?
How do adjust to a new environemnt ?
Suppose U solve a problem and after that U are getting an almost same
problem with high complexity ( and lower complexity). How will U
approach to the next problem.
What is U'r approach towards a new subject ?
How do U prepare for exams ?
Suppose in a project meeting, somebody fires U, how will U react ?
Are U patient enought to wait in long queues ?
Still some more which I don't rememebr.....
Hughes Test MAY be of the following type. This I got from one of my
Hope it'll be useful to you and your friends.
______
> > (A) Aptitude :25 Qns, 20 Minutes
     1. 2 x 4 analytical GRE type qns
     2. 2-3 Reasoning qns (GRE type)
     3. Probability of getting a sum of 7 when two dices are thrown
together
> >
    4. Rest quantitative questions
> >
    (B) Technical: 50 Qns, 45 Minutes
    1. 3 qns on operating systems. I qn on dijkestra algorithm
     2. Using which pin it's possible to address 16 bit addresses even
though
there
> >
        are only 8 address bits in 8085? Ans: ALE
    3. Voltage gain for an amplifier is 100 while it is operating at
10
volts.
        What is the O/P voltage wen i/p is 1 volt
> >
     4. Quality factor indicates a0 Quality of inductor b) quality of
capacitor
> >
     c) both
     5. Qns related to bridges, routers and generators, which OSI layer
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they > > corresspond to. (Refer to stevens 4th chapter) >> 6.OPAmp's I/P ciurrent, O/p current and CMRR is given, what is the voltage > > gain > > 7. 2-3 qns on scope of static variables in C. Qn to view o/p odf a static > > var 8. Qn to print a value of a pointer >> 9.resistance increases with temperature in a) Metal b) semiconductor >> 10. A qn to find the physical address from a given virtual address, virtual > > to physical address table was provided >> 11. 16 bit mantissa and 8 bit exponent can present what maximum value? >> 12. 4 bit window size in sliding window protocol, how many acknowledements can be held?

>> 13. Security functionality is provided by which layer