

## Valuing Bonds

First launched in 2003

### Terms

- 1) Bond certificate
- 2) Maturity date or term of Bond
- 3) Coupon Rate

Q → Rs 1000 Bond

10% Coupon Rate and Semi annual payments

$$EPN = 1000 \times 10\% / 2 = 50 \text{ Rs per Six months}$$

$$= \text{Coupon Rate} \times \text{Face value} / \text{Number of Coupon Payments}$$

$$\text{Amount of each Coupon payment} = \frac{\text{Coupon Rate} \times \text{Face value}}{\text{No. of Coupon Payment per year}}$$

$$= \frac{10\% \times 1000}{2} = 50$$

Yield to Maturity → of a bond is the discount Rate that sets the present value of the promised Bond payments equal to the current market price of the Bond.

$$PV = \frac{FV}{(1 + YTM_n)^n}$$

∴ YTM of zero Coupon Bond

$$YTM_n = \left( \frac{FV}{PV} \right)^{1/n} - 1$$

YTM = IRR of Bond and holding it to maturity.

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Q1 Suppose the following Zero-Coupon Bond are trading at the prices shown below for Rs 100 Face value. Determine the corresponding spot interest rates that determine the Zero-Coupon Yield Curve.

Maturity	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years
Price	Rs 96.62	Rs 92.45	Rs 87.68	Rs 83.06

$$r_1 = YTM_1 = (100/96.62)^1 - 1 = 3.56\%$$

$$r_2 = YTM_2 = (100/92.45)^{1/2} - 1 = 4.06\%$$

$$r_3 = YTM_3 = (100/87.68)^{1/3} - 1 = 4.50\%$$

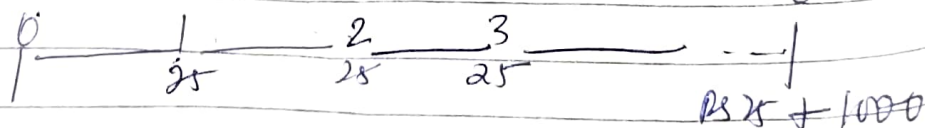
$$r_4 = YTM_4 = (100/83.06)^{1/4} - 1 = 4.75\%$$

Q The US Treasury has just issued a five-year Rs 1000 Bond with a 5% coupon rate and semiannual coupons. What cash flows will you receive if you hold this Bond until maturity.

$$FV = 1000$$

Payment = Semiannual

$$PMT = 1000 \times 5\% / 2 = Rs 25$$



Now if the Bond is currently trading for a price 957.35 what is the Bonds Yield to Maturity?

$$P = \frac{CPN \times 1}{y} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{(1+y)^N} \right) + \frac{FV}{(1+y)^N}$$

$$y = \text{coupon rate} \cdot \text{yield}$$

$$957.35 = 25 \times \frac{1}{y} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{(1+y)^{10}} \right) + \frac{1000}{(1+y)^{10}}$$

$y = 3\%$ . Because Bond Pays premium semiannually this yield is for 6 months.

We can solve it by trial and error.

→ ∴ Annual Payment / Rate (APR) = 6%

Q2 Consider 3 30 year Bonds with Annual coupon payments.

Bond 1 → 10%

Bond 2 → 5%

Bond 3 → 3%

If YTM of each Bond is 5% what is the price of each Bond per \$100 face value? Which bond trade at premium, which trades at a discount and which trades at par?

compute the price of each Bond

$$(i) 10 \times \frac{1}{(0.05)} \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1.05)^{30}}\right) + \frac{100}{(1.05)^{30}} = 176.86 \quad \text{at premium}$$

$$(ii) 5 \times \frac{1}{(0.05)} \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1.05)^{30}}\right) + \frac{100}{(1.05)^{30}} = 100 \quad \text{at par}$$

$$(iii) 3 \times \frac{1}{(0.05)} \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1.05)^{30}}\right) + \frac{100}{(1.05)^{30}} = 83.69.26 \quad \text{at discount}$$



## Time and Bond prices

Q3 Suppose you purchase a 30 year  
Zero Coupon Bond with a YTM = 5%  
 $FV = 100$

$$\therefore P = \frac{100}{(1.05)^{30}} = 23.14$$

Now let's consider the price of this Bond  
five year later when it has 25 year  
remaining for maturity

$$P \text{ (25 year to maturity)} = \frac{100}{(1.05)^{25}} = 29.53$$

Note the Bond price is Higher, and  
hence the Discount from its face value  
is smaller; when there is less  
time to maturity. The discount  
shrinks because the yield has not  
changed but there is less time  
until face value will be received.  
if you purchased the Bond for  
Rs 23.14 and then sold it after 5  
years at Rs 29.53, the IRR of your  
investment would be

$$\left( \frac{29.53}{23.14} \right)^{1/5} - 1 = 5\%$$

$$YTM = IRR$$

IRR = discount Rate that equates the PV of the Bond's remaining cash flows to its current price

Effect of time on the price of coupon

Q4 Suppose 30 year Bond  
10% - coupon rate (annual)  
FV = 100 Rs

what is the initial price of this Bond if it has ~~5 years~~ 30 years YTM.

$$P = 10 \times \frac{1}{0.05} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{(1.05)^{30}} \right) + \frac{100}{(1.05)^{30}}$$

$$= \text{Rs } 176.86$$

Price of the Bond immediately before and after the first coupon yield.

$$(i) P = 10 + 10 \times \frac{1}{0.05} \left( \frac{1 - 1}{(1.05)^{29}} \right) + \frac{100}{(1.05)^{29}} = 185.71$$

↓  
first coupon

(ii) P (just after first coupon)

$$= 10 \times \frac{1}{0.05} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{(1.05)^{29}} \right) + \frac{100}{(1.05)^{29}} = 186.81$$

As each coupon is paid the price of a Bond drops by the amount of coupon. (assuming YTM remains constant)

(i) When Bond is trading at premium

the price drop when a coupon is paid will be larger than the price increase between coupons, so the Bond's premium will tend to decline as time passes.

(ii) If Bond is trading at discount

The price increase between coupons will exceed the drop when coupon is paid, so Bond price will rise and its discount will decline as the time passes.

Ultimately the price of all Bonds approach the Bond's face value when the Bond matures and there last coupon is paid.

~~if the yield to maturity remains 5%.~~

Q Consider a 30 year zero Coupon Bond with YTM = 5%. FV = 100  
find PV of Bond

Now interest rate changes ~~down~~  
and vice so that investor  
demand 6% YTM in this Bond

$$P_1 = \frac{100}{1.05^{30}} = \text{Rs } 23.14$$

$$P_2 = \frac{100}{(1.06)^{30}} = \text{Rs } 17.41$$

Q Consider a 15-year zero coupon Bond  
and a 30 year coupon Bond with  
10% Annual coupons. By what  
% will the price of each  
Bond change if its yield to  
Maturity increases from 5% to 6%.



(5 year zero coupon

30 year 10% coupon

YTM

5%

$$\frac{100}{1.05^{15}} = \text{Rs } 48.10$$

$$\frac{10 \times \frac{1}{0.05} \left(1 - \frac{1}{1.05^{30}}\right) + \frac{100}{1.05^{30}}}{1.05^{15}} = \text{Rs } 176.86$$

6%

$$\frac{100}{1.06} = \text{Rs } 91.73$$

$$\frac{10 \times \frac{1}{0.06} \left(1 - \frac{1}{1.06^{30}}\right) + \frac{100}{1.06^{30}}}{1.06} = \text{Rs } 155.06$$

Price of zero coupon bond

$$\text{changes by } \frac{(91.73 - 48.10)}{48.10} = -13.2\%$$

Price of 10% coupon bond

$$\frac{(155.06 - 176.86)}{176.86} = -12.3\%$$

Bond prices are subject to the effect of both the passage of time and changes in interest rates.

Bond price converge to ~~to~~ Bond FV due to time effect

Q MP Ltd issued Bond on 1/1/2010

Par (FV) = 1000

Coupon = 10% p.a

Maturity = 31/12/2025

Coupon payment = Semi annually  
on 30 June & 31 Dec

You purchased outstanding Bond  
1/3/2018  
when the going interest rate was  
12%

(1) YTM of Bond as on 1/1/2018