

三期加测 2 数列的极限  
(考试时间 45 钟, 满分 100 分)

姓名\_\_\_\_\_成绩\_\_\_\_\_

一、填空题 (每空 2 分, 共 12 分)

$$1. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n = \underline{0}; \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2^n = \underline{\infty}; \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{3^n} = \underline{0}$$

$$2. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^2 + n - 2}{2n^2 - n + 1} = \underline{\frac{3}{2}}; \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n^2 + n - 2}{2n^3 - n + 1} = \underline{0}; \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^3 + n - 2}{2n^2 - n + 1} = \underline{\infty}$$

二、计算题 (每小题 11 分, 共 88 分)

$$1. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt[n]{1} + \sqrt[n]{2} + \cdots + \sqrt[n]{2022}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1^{\frac{1}{n}} + 2^{\frac{1}{n}} + \cdots + 2022^{\frac{1}{n}}) = 1 + 1 + \cdots + 1 = 2022$$

$$2. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2 + 1} + n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{n^2 + 1}{n^2}} + 1} = \frac{1}{2} \quad 3. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 \cdot 5^n + 3^n}{5^n + 2^n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 + \frac{3^n}{5^n}}{1 + \frac{2^n}{5^n}} = 2$$

$$4. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n-1)^{10} (3n+4)^{20}}{(5n+1)^{30}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n-1)^{10}}{(5n+1)^{10}} \cdot \frac{(3n+4)^{20}}{(5n+1)^{20}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2n-1}{5n+1}\right)^{10} \cdot \left(\frac{3n+4}{5n+1}\right)^{20}$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{10} \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{20} = \frac{2^{10} \cdot 3^{20}}{5^{30}}$$

$$5. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2^n}\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = 2$$

$$6. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{n^2 + 1} + \frac{2}{n^2 + 1} + \cdots + \frac{n}{n^2 + 1}\right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + 2 + 3 + \cdots + n}{n^2 + 1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1+n)n}{2(n^2 + 1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + n}{2n^2 + 2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$7. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{1 \times 2} + \frac{1}{2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4} + \cdots + \frac{1}{n \cdot (n+1)}\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \cdots + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+1}\right) = 1$$

$$8. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \ln[f(1)f(2) \cdots f(n)] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \ln e \cdot e^2 \cdot e^3 \cdots e^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \ln e^{1+2+3+\cdots+n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} (1 + 2 + 3 + \cdots + n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1+n)n}{2n^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$