

Math Class Methods

Return Type	Method Name	Description	Input Parameter types
int	abs	Returns the absolute value of an int value.	(int a)
double	cbrt	Returns the cube root of a double value.	(double a)
double	ceil	Returns the smallest (closest to negative infinity) double value that is greater than or equal to the argument and is equal to a mathematical integer.	(double a)
double	cos	Returns the trigonometric cosine of an angle.	(double a)
double	floor	Returns the largest (closest to positive infinity) double value that is less than or equal to the argument and is equal to a mathematical integer.	(double a)
double	hypot	Returns $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ without intermediate overflow or underflow.	(double x, double y)
double	max	Returns the smaller of two double values.	(double a, double b)
double	min	Returns the smaller of two double values.	(double a, double b)
double	pow	Returns the value of the first argument raised to the power of the second argument.	(double a, double b)
double	random	Returns a double value with a positive sign, greater than or equal to 0.0 and less than 1.0.	()
double	rint	Returns the double value that is closest in value to the argument and is equal to a mathematical integer.	(double a)
double	Sin	Returns the trigonometric sine of an angle.	(double a)
double	sqrt	Returns the correctly rounded positive square root of a double value.	(double a)

1. Write a program that asks the user to enter a double value. The program will print that value rounded up to a whole number. Use an appropriate method from the Math class.

```
Please enter a double value: 12.6  
Rounded up: 13.0
```

2. Modify your program so that it also prints the value rounded down to a whole number and rounded to the nearest whole number. Use appropriate methods from the Math class.

```
Please enter a double value: 12.51  
Rounded up: 13.0  
Rounded down: 12.0  
Rounded to the nearest whole number: 13.0
```

3. Write a program that will ask the user to enter a double value. The program will then print out the square root and the cube root of that number. Use appropriate methods from the Math class.

```
Please enter a double value: 8  
Square root: 2.8284271247461903  
Cube root: 2.0
```

4. Write a program that will ask the user to enter the two smaller sides of a right angled triangle. The program should then calculate the size of the other side (hypotenuse). Use an appropriate method from the Math class.

```
Please enter side 1: 9  
Please enter side 2: 12  
Hypotenuse: 15.0
```

5. Write a method which will take in the three sides of a triangle and will return whether or not it is a right-angled triangle (using Pythagoras theorem). The method should test the third side to see if it's the hypotenuse.

```
Please enter side 1: 3  
Please enter side 2: 4  
Please enter longest side: 5  
Is this right angled: true
```

6. Modify your method from question 5 so that it can take in the sides in any order.

```
Please enter side 1: 5  
Please enter side 2: 3  
Please enter side 3: 4  
Is this right angled: true
```