

1. Open the file `Enemy.java` from Practical 5D. Add a `toString()` method. Overload each of the move methods so that the `Enemy` can move that distance in that direction. For example, the following lines of code would allow the `Enemy` to move 10 steps left and then 25 steps left:

```
// instantiate an Enemy object called ghost
Enemy ghost = new Enemy();

// call get methods to see position
System.out.print("Starting position: ");
System.out.println(ghost);

// call various move methods
ghost.moveLeft();
ghost.moveLeft(25);
```

2. The following is a `toString()` method for a `Customer` class. Based on this, write the full class. The class should have one constructor which takes input parameters for all three instance variables. The class should also have an `equals()` method. Write a basic tester class to call each of your methods.

```
public String toString()
{
    return "Customer number " + customerNumber
        + " Customer name " + customerName
        + " Creditlimit " + creditLimit;
}
```

3. Write a class representing a `Song`. Each `Song` has an artist, a title, a year, and a duration in seconds. When created, values should be specified for each of its instance variables. The `Song` class should include accessor methods for each instance variable, as well as `toString()` and `equals()` methods.
 - Draw a UML class diagram for the `Song` class. Ask your lecturer to check this before proceeding.
 - Implement the `Song` class as per your UML diagram
 - Write a tester class which calls all the methods defined in the `Song` class.