Getting Started Guide for Cmajor 1.3.0

Seppo Laakko

February 23, 2016

1 Installation in Windows

1.1 Prerequisites

Note: You must uninstall any previous Cmajor version before installing this version (1.3.0). It is also recommended that you delete the %APPDATA%\Cmajor directory before installing this version.

• Download and install MinGW-w64 GCC:

http://sourceforge.net/projects/mingw-w64/files/Toolchains%20targetting%20Win32/Personal%20Builds/mingw-builds/installer/mingw-w64-install.exe/download

Installation settings for my system (64-bit Windows):

- Version 5.2.0

- Architecture: x86_64

Threads: posixException: sjljBuild revision: 1

Installation settings for 32-bit Windows:

- Version 5.2.0

Architecture: i686
Threads: posix
Exception: sjlj
Build revision: 1

Note: Threads setting must be "posix".

After installation insert the bin-directory to the **PATH** environment variable. In my system this is

C:\mingw-w64\mingw64\bin directory.

• Download and install Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015:

64-bit: http://sourceforge.net/projects/cmajor/files/1.3.0/vcredist_x64.exe/download

32-bit: http://sourceforge.net/projects/cmajor/files/1.3.0/vcredist_x86.exe/download

1.2 Cmajor Installation

- Download and run **cmajor-1.3.0-win-x86-setup.exe** (for 32-bit Windows) or **cmajor-1.3.0-win-x64-setup.exe** (for 64-bit Windows).
- Cmajor is installed by default to C:\Program Files\Cmajor directory (under 32-bit Windows) or to C:\Program Files (x86)\Cmajor directory (32-bit and 64-bit versions under 64-bit Windows).

Note: The x64 version is also installed by default under C:\Program Files (x86) directory although the programs are genuingly 64-bit versions). This is due to restrictions of InstallShield Limited Edition.

- The setup adds C:\Program Files\Cmajor\bin directory or C:\Program Files (x86)\Cmajor\bin directory to your system's **PATH** environment variable, so the Cmajor programs can be executed from any directory from the command prompt without specifying full paths.
- The setup also adds a **CM_LIBRARY_PATH** environment variable and sets it to contain a path to the Cmajor System Library directory that is %APPDATA%\Cmajor\system. If you need to modify the **CM_LIBRARY_PATH** environment variable, you can find it from the Advanced System Settings pane in the System Control Panel.

In my computer the %APPDATA% points actually to the C:\Users\Seppo\AppData\Roaming\ directory. The **AppData** folder is hidden by default. To see it you will have to modify the settings in the *Folder Options* Control Panel.

- The setup adds an icon to Cmajor Development Environment to the desktop.
- After installation you have to build the Cmajor System Library.

1.3 Building the Cmajor System Library

• Option 1: using IDE:

Start Cmajor Development Environment.

- Open the File | Built-in Projects | System Library project.
- Choose Build|Batch build... command
- Click the Select All button or select the configurations you plan to use.
- Click the Rebuild... button.
- Now the Cmajor system is ready for building user projects.

Option 2: using batch file:

- Open command prompt and change to Cmajor system directory by issuing command cd %APPDATA%\Cmajor\system.
- Run **build.bat**. This builds the Cmajor System Libary for each backend (LLVM/C) and configuration (debug/release/profile/full).
- Now the Cmajor system is ready for building user projects.

1.4 Troubleshooting

• library reference 'system.cml' not found.

You have to build the System Library for the used configuration (debug/release/profile/full) and backend (LLVM/C) first.

• gcc is not recognized as an internal or external command, operable program or batch file.

or 'ar' is not recognized as an internal or external command, operable program or batch file.

or Cannot start llc.exe because libgcc_s_sjlj-1.dll is missing.

The bin directory of mingw-w64

(in my machine

C:\mingw-w64\mingw64\bin) must be in the PATH environment variable.

• undefined reference to 'WinMain' collect2.exe: error: ld returned 1 exit status

You have probably 32-bit Cmajor and 64-bit MinGW-w64's gcc. Both must be either 32-bit or 64-bit.

• Build seems to succeed but program does not work, or other mysterious error.

Try rebuild command (-R option) or clean and then build.

• IDE messes up things.

Try using the command line compiler (cmc.exe).

• How to generate 32-bit executables in a 64-bit system.

Use 32-bit MinGW-w64 (i686) and 32-bit Cmajor.

2 Installation in Linux

2.1 Prerequisites

• GCC with g++ compiler.

Must be recent enough to compile C++11 code.

Download, build and install Boost C++ libraries (http://www.boost.org/). At minimum you will need to build and install the filesystem and iostreams libraries:

 (./b2 --with-filesystem --with-iostreams install)

The iostreams library uses zlib (http://www.zlib.net/) and libbz2 (http://www.bzip.org/) compressions libraries. The compression filters are not needed by Cmajor so you can disable them by using the -s option in the build command:

./b2 --with-filesystem --with-iostreams -sN0_ZLIB -sN0_BZIP2=1 install.

However if you want to use compression filters with the **iostreams** library, see instructions in http://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1_60_0/libs/iostreams/doc/index.html how to use them.

• Obtain LLVM tools (http://llvm.org/). You can use LLVM tools that come with your Linux distribution or compile them from sources. Easest is to install the tools that come with your Linux distribution although they are probably a bit dated. For example in Ubuntu this is done by executing command sudo apt-get install llvm. If you try to execute the LLVM compiler llc --version without it being installed, the system will probably tell you in which package the LLVM tools can be found and how to install them.

If you want to compile the tools from sources, the LLVM releases can be found in http://llvm.org/releases/. Build instructions are in http://llvm.org/docs/CMake.html.

If you want to use absolutely latest version of LLVM tools, http://llvm.org/docs/GettingStarted.html contains instructions how to obtain and build them.

2.2 Cmajor Installation

- Download and extract cmajor-1.3.0.tar.gz or cmajor-1.3.0.tar.bz2 to some directory here called <cmajor>.
- Change to <cmajor> directory and run make and then [sudo] make install.

By default Cmajor tools are installed to /usr/bin directory (prefix=/usr). If you want to install to a different path you can use the prefix setting: make prefix=/where/to/install install.

By default release versions of the tools are built and installed. To build and install debug versions use following commands:

make config=debug and then make config=debug install. The debug versions of the tools have 'd' appended to the name of the executable, so for example debug version of the Cmajor compiler is named **cmcd**.

Set an environment variable CM_LIBRARY_PATH to contain path to <cmajor>/system directory. You may want to insert a statement like:
 export CM_LIBRARY_PATH=/path/to/cmajor/system into you .bashrc script.

2.3 Building the System Library

- Run command make sys from <cmajor> directory.
- Now the Cmajor system is ready for building user projects.

2.4 Troubleshooting

• library reference 'system.cml' not found

You have to build the System Library for the used configuration (debug/release/profile/full) and backend (LLVM/C) first.

• sh: 1: llc: not found

You have probably not installed LLVM tools.

• Build seems to succeed but program does not work, or other mysterious error. Try **rebuild** command (-R option) or **clean** and then **build**.

3 Contact

seppo.laakko@pp.inet.fi