

# Sensor Technology and Image Analysis Lab 1

Atieh Sahraeidolatkhaneh: atieh.sahraeidolatkhaneh@hv.se

Yongcui Mi: yongcui.mi@hv.se

David Stjern: david.stjern@hv.se

## 1. Objectives

The objective of this lab is to get started with python and opencv for image processing.

## 2. Opencv installation

Use pip to install OpenCV on windows. Follow the steps:

- Step 1: Open Command Prompt. For windows system, on the left end of the taskbar, click the Start icon and type *cmd*, select Command Prompt (or Go to the terminal option at the bottom of the Pycharm IDE window).
- Step 2: Install opencv. In the Command Prompt, run the command:

```
1 pip install opencv-python
```

(You may get error if python is not installed in your machine. In this case, you have to install python first. Check if python is installed by running the command:

```
1 python --version
```

in the Command Prompt window.)

- Step 3: Check if opencv has been installed successfully. Open Python IDLE and type following codes in Python terminal (if you use python IDLE) and run

```
1 import cv2
2 print(cv2.__version__)
```

## 3. Getting started with images

### 3.1. Read, display and save images

```

1 import cv2 as cv
2 import sys
3 img = cv.imread(cv.samples.findFile("img.tif"))
4 if img is None:
5     sys.exit("Could not read the image.")
6 cv.imshow("Display window", img)
7 k = cv.waitKey(0)
8 if k == ord("s"):
9     cv.imwrite("savedImg.tif", img)

```

### *3.2. Basic operations on images*

#### *3.2.1. Get image properties*

Check the properties of the given images, such as number of rows, columns and channels. These properties can be accessed by `yourIMG.shape`. The property of image data type can be accessed by `yourImg.dtype`.

```

1 yourImg=cv.imread('img.tif')
2 #check image properties: number of rows, columns, channels, image data
  type.
3 #You need to do

```

#### *3.2.2. Modify pixel values and set ROI*

Learn to access and modify pixel values, set region of interest (ROI). For instance, the value of the first pixel can be accessed by `valuePix1=yourImg[0,0]`.

```

1 #You need to do
2 #write your code to get the value of the first pixel
3
4 #Write your code to assign a new value for this pixel
5 #select the ROI
6 ROI=img[50:100,50:100]
7 # you cen check the shape of the ROI

```

## **4. Additional resource**

You will find more information in [1].

## References

- [1] OpenCV-Python Tutorials, [https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/d6/d00/tutorial\\_py\\_root.html](https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/d6/d00/tutorial_py_root.html), 2022. [Online; accessed 2022-11-08].