

Slade Brooks

brooksl@mail.uc.edu

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## Performance/Design Equation Sheet

### Block 1

#### Atmosphere

$$\text{Mach number} = M = \frac{TAS}{a}$$

$$\text{True air speed} = TAS = \frac{EAS}{\sqrt{\frac{\rho}{\rho_{SL}}}}$$

#### Aircraft Nomenclature

$$\text{average chord} = c = \frac{c_t + c_r}{2}$$

$$\text{taper ratio} = \lambda = \frac{c_t}{c_r}$$

$$\text{area} = S = bc$$

$$\text{aspect ratio} = AR = \frac{b^2}{S} = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$1/4 \text{ chord sweep} = \Lambda_{\frac{c}{4}} = \arctan \left[ \tan \Lambda_{LE} - 0.25c_r \frac{1-\lambda}{\frac{b}{2}} \right]$$

$$\text{mean aerodynamic chord} = MAC = \frac{2}{3} c_r \frac{1+\lambda+\lambda^2}{1+\lambda}$$

$$\text{location of MAC} = y_{MAC} = \frac{b}{6} \frac{1+2\lambda}{1+\lambda}$$

#### Aerodynamics

$$\text{coefficient of lift} = C_L = \frac{nW}{qS}$$

$$\text{coefficient of drag} = C_D = \frac{D}{qS} = C_{D_o} + KC_L^2$$

$$\text{dynamic pressure} = q = \frac{1}{2}\rho V^2 = \left(\frac{q}{M^2}\right)M^2$$

$$K = \frac{1}{\pi A Re}$$

wing efficiency factor = e

$$\text{lift over drag} = \frac{L}{D} = \frac{C_L}{C_D}$$

## Propulsion

$$\text{propulsive power} = Fv$$

$$\text{propulsive efficiency} = \eta_P = \frac{P_{avail}}{P_{generated}}$$

$$\text{thrust available} = T_A$$

$$\text{thrust required} = T_R$$

$$\text{specific fuel consumption} = \text{SFC} = c = \frac{\text{fuel flow (lbm/hr)}}{\text{thrust (lbf)}}$$

$$\text{fuel flow rate} = \text{FFR}$$

$$c @ \text{altitude} = c_{SL} \frac{a}{a_{SL}}$$

## Piston

$$T_A = SHP_{SL} \left( \frac{\eta_P}{V} \right) \left( \frac{\rho}{\rho_{SL}} \right)$$

$$FFR = SHP * c$$

## Turboprop

$$T_A = ESHP_{SL} \left( \frac{\eta_P}{V} \right) \left( \frac{\rho}{\rho_{SL}} \right)$$

$$FFR = ESHP * c$$

## High Bypass Turbofan

$$T_A = T_{SL} \left( \frac{0.1}{M} \right) \left( \frac{\rho}{\rho_{SL}} \right)$$

$$FFR = Tc_{SL} \left( \frac{a}{a_{SL}} \right)$$

## Low/Mid Bypass Turbofan and Turbojet

$$T_A = T_{SL} \left( \frac{\rho}{\rho_{SL}} \right)$$

$$FFR = T_{c_{SL}} \left( \frac{a}{a_{SL}} \right)$$

## Afterburner

$$T_A = T_{SL} \left( \frac{\rho}{\rho_{SL}} \right) (1 + 0.7M)$$

$$FFR = T_{c_{SL}} \left( \frac{a}{a_{SL}} \right)$$

## Weight

$$\text{fuel fraction} = \frac{W_{fuel}}{W_{TO}}$$

$$\text{payload fraction} = \frac{W_{payload}}{W_{TO}}$$

$$\text{empty weight fraction} = \text{EWF} = \frac{W_{empty}}{W_{TO}}$$

$$\text{takeoff weight} = W_{TO} = W_{crew} + W_{payload} + W_{fuel} + W_{empty} = \frac{W_{crew} + W_{payload}}{1 - \text{fuel fraction} - \text{EWF}}$$

## Block 2

### Flight Envelope

$$\text{stall speed} = V_{stall} = \sqrt{\frac{2Wn}{\rho S C_{L_{max}}}}$$

$$\text{max speed} = V_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho} q_{max}} = M_{max} a$$

$$\text{max dynamic pressure} = q_{max} = \text{Max} q = \left( \frac{q}{M^2} \right)_{SL} \left( \frac{\text{max KEAS}}{a_{SL}} \right)^2$$

$$\text{load factor} = n = \frac{L}{W}$$

## Range and Endurance

$$\text{minimum thrust required} = T_{req_{min}} = W \sqrt{4 C_{D_o} K}$$

$$\text{speed for L/D max} = V_{\frac{L}{D_{max}}} = \left( \frac{2}{\rho} \sqrt{\frac{K}{C_{D_o}}} \frac{W}{S} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\max L/D = \frac{L}{D}_{max} = \left( \frac{C_L}{C_D} \right)_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4C_{D_o}K}} = \max \text{ endurance (R=1)}$$

$$V_{\frac{C_L^2}{C_D}_{max}} = V_{D/V_{min}} = 1.3161 V_{L/D_{max}}$$

$$\max \frac{C_L^{\frac{1}{2}}}{C_D} = \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3KC_{D_o}^3} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} = \max \text{ range (R=3)}$$

$$\max \frac{C_L^{\frac{3}{2}}}{C_D} = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{3}{KC_{D_o}^3} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} = (R=1/3)$$

$$W_o = \text{initial weight, } W_1 = \text{final weight}$$

$$\text{Breguet range} = R = \frac{V}{c_t} \frac{L}{D} \ln \frac{W_o}{W_1}$$

$$\text{range factor} = \frac{V}{c_t} \frac{L}{D}$$

$$\text{endurance} = E = \frac{1}{c_t} \frac{L}{D} \ln \frac{W_o}{W_1}$$

$$\text{endurance factor} = \frac{1}{c_t} \frac{L}{D}$$

## Energy

$$\text{total energy} = E = mgh + \frac{1}{2} mV^2$$

$$\text{specific energy} = E_s = h + \frac{1}{2g} V^2$$

$$\text{specific excess power} = P_s = \dot{E}_s = \frac{(T-D)V}{W}$$

## Min/Max V (possible)

$$T_A = D = qS(C_{D_o} + KC_L^2)$$

$$\text{thrust to weight ratio} = \text{TWR} = \frac{T}{W}$$

$$\text{wing loading} = \frac{W}{S}$$

$$\max V = V_{max} = \left[ \frac{\frac{T}{W} \frac{W}{S} + \frac{W}{S} \sqrt{\left( \frac{T}{W} \right)^2 - 4C_{D_o}K}}{\rho C_{D_o}} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\min V = V_{min} = \left[ \frac{\frac{T}{W} \frac{W}{S} - \frac{W}{S} \sqrt{\left( \frac{T}{W} \right)^2 - 4C_{D_o}K}}{\rho C_{D_o}} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

# Climb/Descent

## Climb

$$\theta = \text{climb angle}, \sin \theta = \frac{T-D}{W}, \cos \theta = \frac{L}{W}$$

$$\text{rate of climb} = R/C = P_s = \frac{(T-D)V}{W} = V \left[ \frac{T}{W} - \frac{qC_{D_o}}{W} - \frac{W}{S} \frac{K}{q} \right]$$

$$\text{max climb angle} = \theta_{max}, \sin \theta_{max} = \frac{T}{W} - \frac{1}{\frac{L}{D}_{max}} = \frac{T}{W} - \sqrt{4C_{D_o}K}$$

$$\text{speed for max climb angle} = V_{\theta_{max}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho} \left( \frac{K}{C_{D_o}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{W}{S} \cos \theta_{max}}$$

$$\text{max rate of climb} = (R/C)_{max} = \left[ \frac{W}{S} \frac{Z}{3\rho C_{D_o}} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{T}{W} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left[ 1 - \frac{Z}{6} - \frac{3}{2Z \left( \frac{T}{W} \right)^2 \left( \frac{L}{D} \right)_{max}^2} \right]$$

$$Z = 1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{3}{\left( \frac{T}{W} \right)^2 \left( \frac{L}{D} \right)_{max}^2}}$$

$$\text{speed for max rate of climb} = V_{(R/C)_{max}} = \left[ \frac{T}{W} \frac{W}{S} \frac{Z}{3\rho C_{D_o}} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\text{time to climb} = t_{min} = \frac{\Delta h}{(R/C)_{ave}}$$

$$\text{average rate of climb} = (R/C)_{ave} = \text{average between R/C @ start and finish heights}$$

## Descent

$$\theta = \text{descent angle}, \sin \theta = \frac{D-T}{W}, \cos \theta = \frac{L}{W}$$

$$\text{rate of descent} = R/D = V \sin \theta = \frac{DV}{W}$$

$$\text{lift} = L = W \cos \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\left( \frac{L}{D} \right)}$$

$$\text{min descent angle} = \theta_{min}, \tan \theta_{min} = \frac{1}{\left( \frac{L}{D} \right)_{max}}$$

$$\text{speed for min descent angle} = V_{\theta_{min}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho} \left( \frac{K}{C_{D_o}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{W}{S} \cos \theta}$$

$$\text{minimum R/D} = V_{min} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{2}{\rho} \frac{W}{S}}{\left( \frac{C_{D_o}}{C_D} \right)^2}}$$

speed for minimum R/D =  $V_{V_{min}} = \left(\frac{2}{\rho} \sqrt{\frac{K}{3C_{Do}}} \frac{W}{S}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 0.7598 V_{(\frac{L}{D})_{max}}$

## Ceilings

Ceiling Type	R/C Capability	Ps Capability
absolute	0 fpm	0 fps
service	100 fpm	1.67 fps
cruise	300 fpm	5 fps
combat	500 fpm	8.33 fps