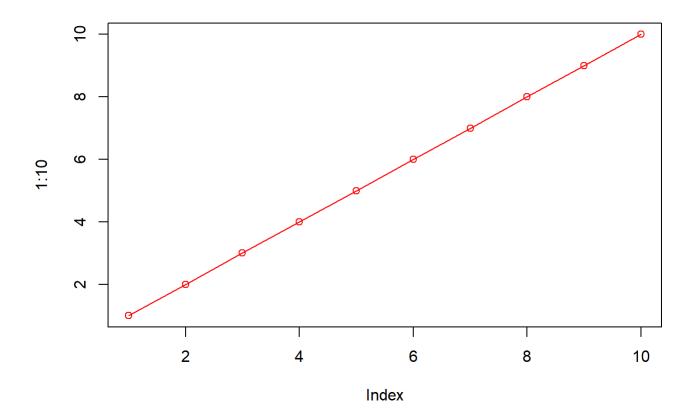
## class05\_script.R

## sarra

## 2020-01-21

```
#Class 5
# Data Visualization and graphs in R
plot(1:10, col="red", typ="o")
```



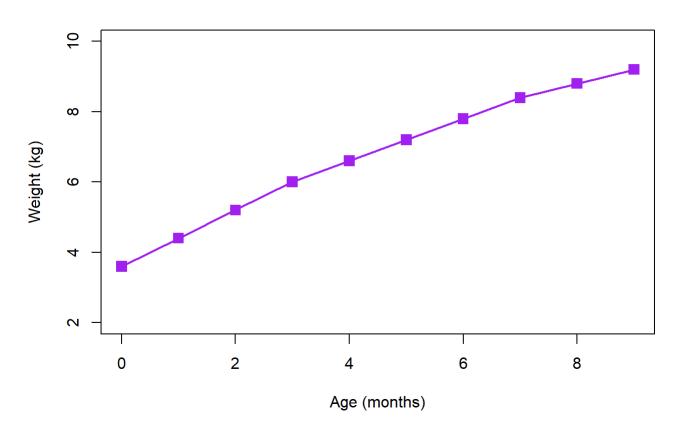
```
#Need to send script to R consol for it to actually execute code
#Can copy/paste or do control+enter (cursor must be on line you want to execute)
#Can also press "Run" button to run line or "Source" to run everything

#Need to import/read input data file first
baby <- read.table("bimm143_05_rstats/weight_chart.txt")
#Have to "argue" with it to make headers in header space rather than as 2 data points
baby <- read.table("bimm143_05_rstats/weight_chart.txt", header = TRUE)

#A basic plor of age vs. weight
plot(baby$Age, baby$Weight, col="purple", type = "o", pch = 15, cex = 1.5, lwd = 2,
    ylim = c(2,10), xlab = "Age (months)", ylab = "Weight (kg)", main = "Suitable Title" )</pre>
```

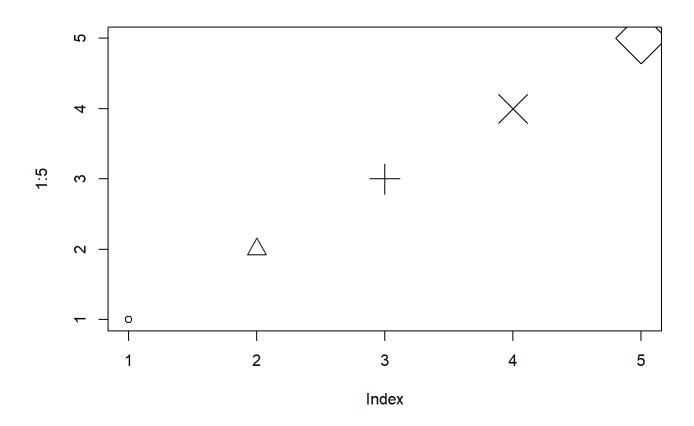
1/21/2020 class05\_script.R

## **Suitable Title**

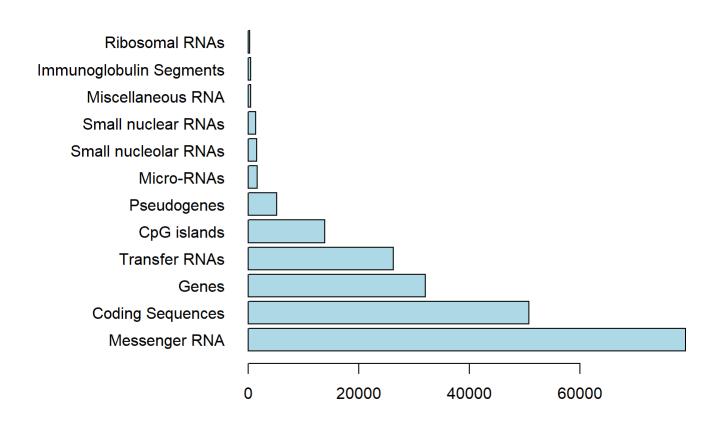


#\$ or [] accesses that column of the table
#MAKE SURE TO PUT ALL ARGUMENTS IN QUOTATION MARKS

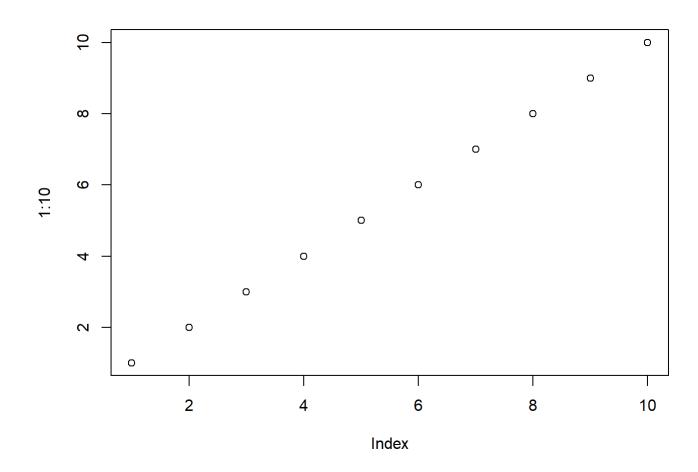
#An example of 'pch' plot character and 'cex' size plot(1:5, cex = 1:5, pch = 1:5)



class05\_script.R



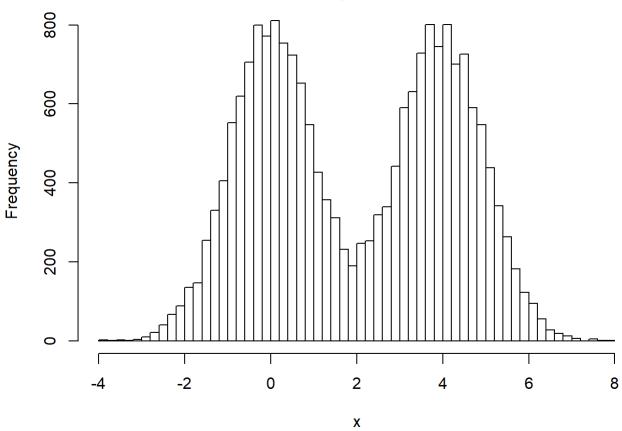
par(mar=c(5,4,2,2))
plot(1:10)



#Histogram
x <- c(rnorm(10000),rnorm(10000)+4)
hist(x, breaks=50)

1/21/2020 class05\_script.R

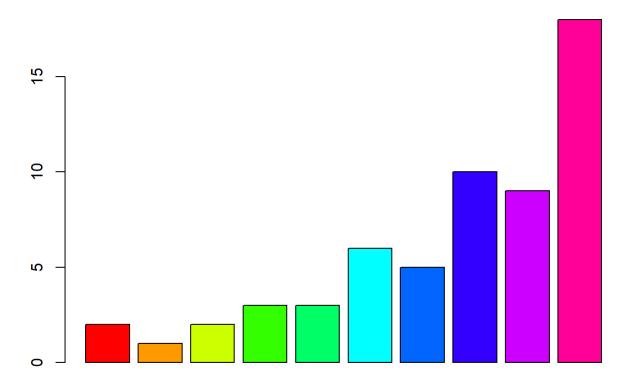




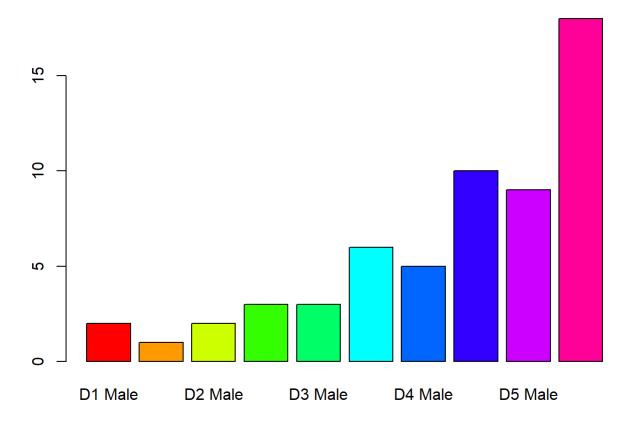
#Color vectors
gender <- read.table("bimm143\_05\_rstats/male\_female\_counts.txt", header = TRUE, sep="\t")
nrow(gender)</pre>

## [1] 10

barplot(gender\$Count, col = rainbow(10))



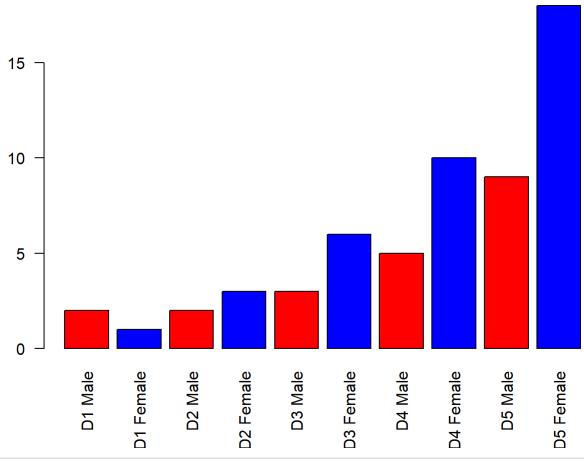
```
#Prof's way
mf <- read.delim("bimm143_05_rstats/male_female_counts.txt")
barplot(mf$Count, names.arg = mf$Sample, col=rainbow(10))</pre>
```



nrow(mf)

## [1] 10

#same plot, different colors
barplot(mf\$Count, names.arg = mf\$Sample, col=c("red", "blue"), las = 2)



#more stuff
genes <- read.delim("bimm143\_05\_rstats/up\_down\_expression.txt")
table(genes\$State)</pre>

##
## down unchanging up
## 72 4997 127