

LESSON 3: 16TH NOTES AND REPERTOIRE

Classical Piano: Major 5-Finger Patterns on Black Keys

16TH NOTES



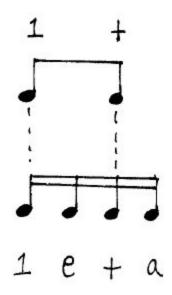
RHYTHMIC HIERARCHY



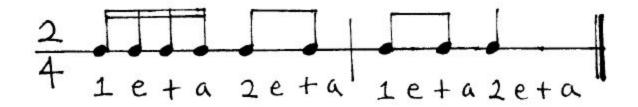




COUNTING 16TH NOTES



COUNTING 16TH NOTES WITH OTHER NOTE VALUES



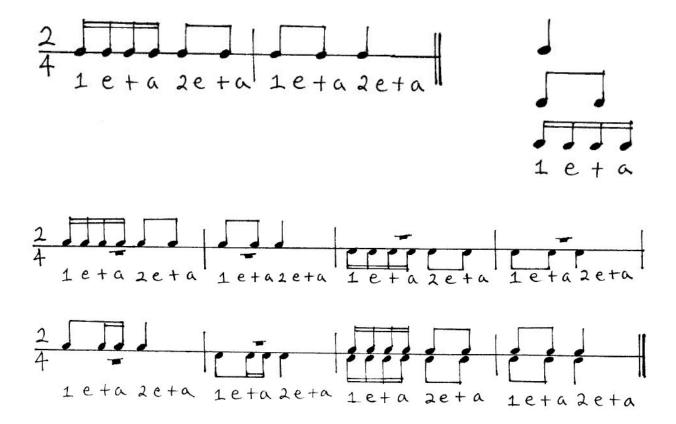




RHYTHM READING #1

- > Tap and count each hand, starting with the right hand first
- > For the 8th notes and quarter notes, hold the notes out to their full values
- > Tap both hands and count

Quarter note = 1 beat, count 1e+a 2e+a

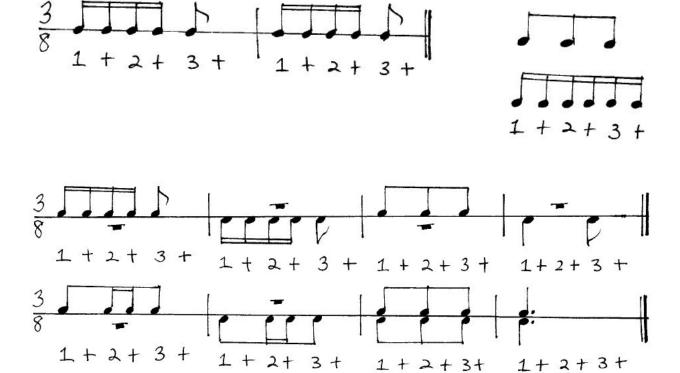






RHYTHM READING #2

Eighth note = 1 beat, count 1+2+3+





16TH NOTE EXCERPT





> Write out the countings (first and second phrases have the exact same rhythmic pattern)

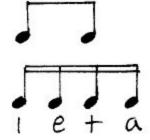


- > Tap and count the right hand rhythms
- Play and count

COUNTING IN 8TH NOTES

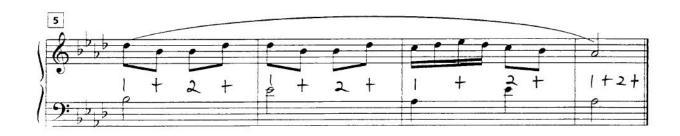
Why? Less pulsating of the small units of notes create longer phrasings, so the melody does not sound choppy.





Take out the syllable **'e'** and **'a'**





Pitfall:



2nd beat is rushed, played like 16th notes

Keep a steady pulse

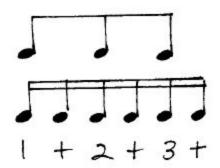




KENNESS BY TURK



Rhythms





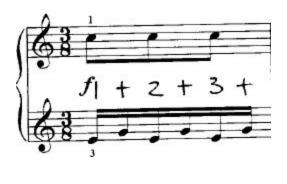
Counting



- > Tap and count the right hand rhythms
- > Tap and count the left hand rhythms
- > Tap and count both hands (slowly)

Both Hands:

➤ In m. 5, move position





m.1 m.5



> Left hand changes from treble clef to bass clef



➤ In m.7 - 8, 3rd finger swings over the thumb in the right hand



Finger change in the left hand for the same note



