Ирационални уравнения с един радикал

Задачи за упражнение

І. Без да решавате уравненията докажете, че нямат решение:

1.
$$\sqrt{3x+7} = -7$$
;

2.
$$\sqrt{x^2 + 10} = 0$$
.

3.
$$\sqrt{x-5} = -x^2 + x - 1$$
:

4.
$$2x^2 + 1 + \sqrt{x-2} = 0$$
.

II. Решете уравнението:

1.
$$\sqrt{3x+1} = 4$$
;

2.
$$\sqrt{2x+1} = 3$$
;

3.
$$\sqrt{x-6} = 2$$
;

4.
$$\sqrt{7x+3} = 0$$
;

5.
$$2\sqrt{x+3} = 1$$

6.
$$\sqrt{2x+1} = x-1$$
:

7.
$$\sqrt{2x+5} = 2x-1$$
;

8.
$$\sqrt{8x+1} = x+2$$
;

9.
$$\sqrt{4x+1} = 3x-3$$
;

10.
$$\sqrt{7-x} = x+5$$
;

11.
$$\sqrt{2x-1} + 2 = x$$
;

12.
$$\sqrt{2x-1} + 2 = x$$

13.
$$\sqrt{2x-3} = 3x-5$$
;

14.
$$\sqrt{x^2-7}=3$$
:

15.
$$\sqrt{x^2 - x + 7} = 3$$
;

$$16.\sqrt{x^2-3x+4} = \sqrt{2}$$
:

17.
$$\sqrt{x^2 + x + 4} = x + 1$$
.

$$18.\sqrt{3x^2-5x-3}=3x-7$$

$$19.\sqrt{x^2-3x+1} = 7-2x;$$

$$20.\sqrt{x-x^2-1} = 2x+3;$$

$$21.\sqrt{5x^2 + 20} = x^2 - 6;$$

$$2x^2 - \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3}{4}} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

III. Решете уравненията чрез полагане:*

1.
$$x^2 - 4x + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4} = 8$$

2.
$$2x^2 + x + \sqrt{2x^2 + x + 4} = 26$$
:

3.
$$2x^2 - x + \sqrt{2x^2 - x - 50} = 24$$
;

4.
$$3x^2 + 3x - \sqrt{x^2 + x + 2} = 4$$

5.
$$x^2 - x - \sqrt{3x^2 - 3x + 13} = 5$$
.

IV. Решете уравненията:**

1.
$$x^2 + x = \sqrt{9 - 6x + x^2}$$
:

$$2 \quad x^2 - x = \sqrt{9x^2 + 30x + 25}$$