· , , (bilvassa@ukr.net) f(x) n- E_n . f(x)60f(x)

 E_n E_n f(x)) [1]. [1] ξ α, α . 0 $x_0 \in E_n$ $B_0^* = E.$ (k=1,2,...)k-

1) $g_f(x_k)$ - f(x) x_k ; 2) $\eta_k = B_k^* g_f(x_k)$ - ;

2.
$$f(x) = \max\{(x_1^2 + x_2^2), 10 | (x_1 - 1)^2 + x_2^2 \}$$
. $x^* = (0.7598, 0)$. $x_1^0 = 0, x_2^0 = 1, h_k = h = 1, \alpha_k = \alpha = 2$. \vdots
 $x_1 = 0.75986, x_2 = 0.0051$.

3. $f(x) = x_1^2 + 10x_2^2 + 30x_3^2 + 50x_4^2 + 90x_5^2 + 100x_6^2$. $x^* = (0, 0, 0, 0, 0)$. $x^0 = (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1)$. $h_k = h = 1, \alpha_k = \alpha = 2$. 100 - \vdots
 $x_1 = -1.42 \cdot 10^{-5}, x_2 = -2.48 \cdot 10^{-6}, x_3 = 3.23 \cdot 10^{-7}, x_4 = 2.34 \cdot 10^{-6}, x_5 = -5.8 \cdot 10^{-8}, x_6 = 1.08 \cdot 10^{-6}$.

$$h_k = \frac{2f(x_k)}{\|\eta_k\|}.$$

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$$x_1 = 0$$
, $x_2 = 0$, $x_3 = 1$.

$$\varphi = \max_{i} S_{i}^{2}, i=1,2,3.$$

$$x_{1}^{0} = 0.2, x_{2}^{0} = 0.2, x_{3} = 0.5.$$

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h_k = h = 3.5, \ \alpha_k = \alpha = 2.
                                                                                   42
      : x_1 = 3.45 \cdot 10^{-6}, x_2 = -8.62 \cdot 10^{-6}, x_3 = 1.000005.
f(x^*)
         h_{k}, k=1,2,..., ...
                          h_k = \frac{\gamma \left[ f(x_k) - f(x^*) \right]}{\|\eta\|},
                                                                                                     (1)
                                                                                ), f(x_k)-
                                                  x_k, \eta-h_k = h = {\rm const.}
                            X_k,
       h_k = h = \text{const},
              [2]
                          h_k = \frac{\gamma [f(x_k) - m_k]}{\|\eta\|},
                                                                                                     (2)
                       m_k, k = 1, 2, ...,
                  , \qquad m_k \xrightarrow[k \to \infty]{} m^* = f(x^*). \quad [3]
                                                                                 m^*
```

(2),