A 17) i) 
$$Sn := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^5}{5^n}$$
  $a_n := \frac{n^5}{5^n}$ 

ii) 
$$S_n := \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \sqrt{n+1}$$

$$A_n := (-1)^{n+1} \sqrt{n+1}$$

Se: bn:= 1(n+1)

$$\frac{\sqrt{n+1}}{n} > \frac{1}{n} = \frac{\sqrt{n+1}}{\sqrt{n+1}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \right) \right)$$

Da lan 1 \le Bn und \geq bn konvergent = > Sn absolut konvergent

$$\frac{2n}{n} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{(3n)^n n!}$$

$$Da \left| \frac{2}{3} \right| < 1 = > \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^n$$
 Konvergiert (geometrische Reihe)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Da & \left|\frac{(2n)!}{|\beta_n|^n n!}\right| \leq \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n = > & \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{|\beta_n|^n n!} & \text{ist absolut konvergent} \end{array}$$

$$iV) Sn := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \left(-1\right)^n\right)^n \left(\frac{n+3}{4n}\right)^n$$

Sci 
$$a_n := (1+(-1)^n)^n \left(\frac{n+3}{4n}\right)^n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2^n \left(\frac{n+3}{4n}\right)^n$$
, n gerade
$$= \left(\frac{n+3}{4n}\right)^n \quad \text{n gerade}$$

A 19)

$$2\sqrt{|a_{2n}|} = 2\sqrt{\frac{2n}{u_n}} \cdot (\frac{n+3}{u_n})^{2n} = 2 \cdot \frac{n+3}{u_n} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2n} \xrightarrow{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Also H(C_n) = \{0, \frac{1}{2}\} = \} \lim_{n \to \infty} \sup_{n \to \infty} C_n = \frac{1}{2} < 1$$