Setze
$$x_y = t$$

=> $x_3 + x_y = 0 = > x_3 = -t$

$$X_2 + \frac{3}{2}X_4 = 0 =)X_2 = -\frac{3}{2}t$$

$$x_1 - x_2 = 0 = > x_1 = t$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -\frac{3}{2}t \\ -t \end{pmatrix} = t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{3}{2}t \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t \\ -\frac{3}{2}t \\ -t \end{pmatrix} = t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3/2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ is } t \text{ eine Basis von } U_1 \cap U_2 = 0$$

$$\dim(U_1 \cap U_2) = 1$$

Sei $u \in U_1 + U_2 => U = u_1 + u_2$ $=> U = X_1 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + X_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + X_3 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + X_4 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$
$=>U=X_1[y]+X_2[y]+X_3[y]+X_4[z]$

Sci
$$B_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & |0| & |0| \\ 0 & |1| & |0| \\ 1 & |1| & |0| \end{pmatrix}$$

$$=> b_{2n} = \mathcal{Q}(\binom{6}{1}) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\beta_{2,2} = 4(4) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= 3 B_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A3$$
 a) ZZ . $V_1, ..., V_n \in V \setminus \{0\}$ lin. $v_n ab$.

 $Z = \sum L \mu(v_1) + ... + L \mu(v_n)$ is $dirext$

Seien
$$W = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \mathcal{C}_{j}V_{j}$$

$$\widetilde{W} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \beta_{j}V_{j}$$

$$\widetilde{W} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \beta_{j}V_{j}$$

mit
$$w = \widetilde{w} = > w - \widetilde{w} = 6$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{n} \mathcal{L}_{j} V_{j} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \beta_{j} V_{j} = 0$$

Da
$$V_1,...,v_n$$
 lin. unabh. = $\lambda \cdot \beta_j = 0$

Annahme: Lu(v,)+...+ Lu(vn) ist direct
mit v,,..., vn EV 1 {0} $\forall W \in LH(v_1) + ... + LH(v_n) : W = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \kappa_j v_j$