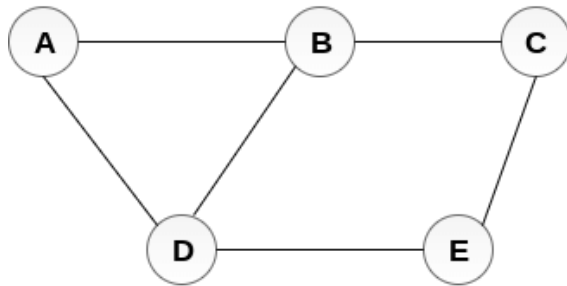


Depth First Search (DFS) and Breadth First Search (BFS)

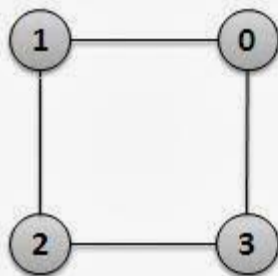
Dr. Rahul Das Gupta



Undirected Graph

	A	B	C	D	E
A	0	1	0	1	0
B	1	0	1	1	0
C	0	1	0	0	1
D	1	1	0	0	1
E	0	0	1	1	0

Adjacency Matrix



	0	1	2	3
0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0
2	0	1	0	1
3	1	0	1	0

Adjacency Matrix Representation of
Undirected Graph

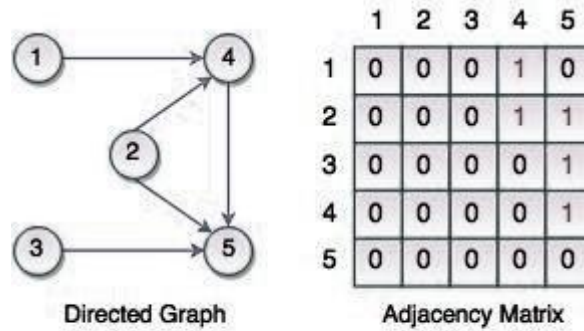
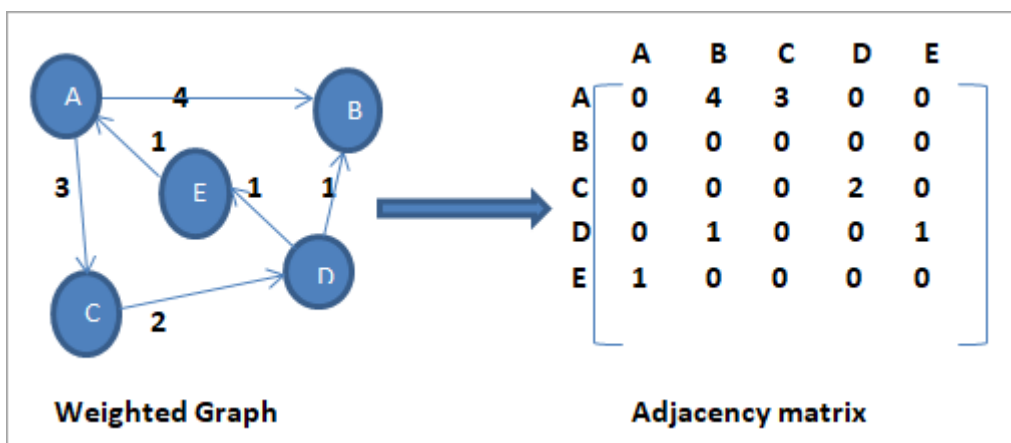


Fig. Adjacency Matrix Representation of Directed Graph



```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define INFINITE 10000
#define EMPTY_ERROR -9999
```

```
typedef struct
{
    int n;
    char *V;
    int **wt;
}GRAPH;
```

```
typedef struct
{
    int top;
```

```
int *vertex;  
}STACK;
```

```
typedef struct  
{  
    int front, rear;  
    int *vertex;  
}QUEUE;
```

```
void input_graph(GRAPH *);  
void initialisation_stack(STACK *, int);  
void initialisation_queue(QUEUE *, int );  
void push(STACK *, int );  
void insert_q(QUEUE *, int );  
int pop(STACK *);  
int delete_q(QUEUE *);  
void DFS(GRAPH , int);  
void BFS(GRAPH , int);  
void free_graph (GRAPH *);
```

```
void input_graph(GRAPH *aG)  
{  
    int i,j;  
    char ans;  
    printf("\n Enter the no. of vertices :");  
    scanf("%d",&aG->n);  
    getchar();  
    aG->V=(char *)malloc(sizeof(char)*aG->n);  
    for(i=0;i<aG->n;i++)  
        aG->V[i]='A'+i;  
    aG->wt=(int **)malloc(sizeof(int *)*aG->n);  
    for(i=0; i<aG->n; i++)  
        aG->wt[i]=(int *)malloc(sizeof(int)*aG->n);  
    /*  
    for(i=0; i<aG->n; i++)  
        for(j=0; j<aG->n; j++)  
        {  
            printf("\n Is any edge between %d and %d? Answer (Y/N):",i+1,j+1);
```

```

scanf("%c",ans);
if(ans=='y' || ans=='Y')
{
printf("\n Enter edge cost between %d and %d :",i+1,j+1);
scanf("%d",&aG->wt[i][j]);
}
else
aG->wt[i][j]=INFINITE;
}
*/
aG->wt[0][0]=0;
aG->wt[0][1]=5;
aG->wt[0][2]=5;
aG->wt[0][3]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[0][4]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[1][0]=5;
aG->wt[1][1]=0;
aG->wt[1][2]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[1][3]=5;
aG->wt[1][4]=5;
aG->wt[2][0]=5;
aG->wt[2][1]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[2][2]=0;
aG->wt[2][3]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[2][4]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[3][0]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[3][1]=5;
aG->wt[3][2]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[3][3]=0;
aG->wt[3][4]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[4][0]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[4][1]=5;
aG->wt[4][2]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[4][3]=INFINITE;
aG->wt[4][4]=0;
}

```

```

void initialisation_stack(STACK *s, int stack_size)
{
s->top=-1;
s->vertex=(int *)malloc(sizeof(int)*stack_size);
}

```

```
void initialisation_queue(Queue *q, int queue_size)
{
    q->front=-1;
    q->rear=-1;
    q->vertex=(int *)malloc(sizeof(int)*queue_size);
}
```

```
void push(Stack *s, int v)
{
    s->vertex[++(s->top)]=v;
}
```

```
void insert_q(Queue *q, int v)
{
    q->vertex[++(q->rear)]=v;
}
```

```
int pop(Stack *s)
{
    if(s->top== -1)
    {
        printf("\n Empty stack...");
        return EMPTY_ERROR;
    }
    return s->vertex[(s->top)--];
}
```

```
int delete_q(Queue *q)
{
    if(q->front==q->rear)
    {
        printf("\n Empty queue...");
        q->front=-1;
        q->rear=-1;
    }
}
```

```

    return EMPTY_ERROR;
}
else
    return q->vertex[++(q->front)];
}

```

```

void DFS(GRAPH G, int v)
{
    STACK stk;
    int *visited;
    int i, p;
    printf("\n");
    initialisation_stack(&stk, G.n); /* Stack Initialisation */
    visited = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int)*G.n);
    for(i=0;i<G.n;i++) /* Mark all the node as unvisited. */
        visited[i]=0;
    visited[v]=1; /* Mark the Starting node as visited. */
    push(&stk,v); /* Insert the starting vertex in Stack.*/
    while(stk.top!=-1) /*Continue until Stack is not empty. */
    {
        p=pop(&stk); /*p : the current node just remove from the Stack.*/
        printf("Visited %c ", G.V[p]);
/*Insert those nodes into Stack which are adjacent to p and not
visited earlier. */
        for (i=0; i<G.n; i++)
            if(G.wt[p][i]!=0 && G.wt[p][i]!=INFINITE && visited[i]==0)
            {
                push(&stk, i);
                visited[i]=1;
            }
    }
    free(visited);
    printf("\n");
}

```

```

void BFS(GRAPH G, int v)
{
    QUEUE queue;
    int *visited;
    int i, p;
    printf("\n");
    initialisation_queue(&queue, G.n); /* Queue Initialisation */
    visited=(int *)malloc(sizeof(int)*G.n);
    for(i=0; i<G.n; i++) /* Mark all the node as unvisited. */
        visited[i]=0;
    visited[v]=1; /* Mark the Starting node as visited. */
    insert_q(&queue, v); /* Insert the starting vertex in Queue.*/
    while(queue.front != queue.rear)
/*Continue until Queue is not empty. */
    {
        p=delete_q(&queue);
/*p : the current node just remove from the Queue.*/
        printf("Visited %c ", G.V[p]);
        //printf("\n %d %d", queue.front, queue.rear);
/*Insert those nodes into Queue which are adjacent to p and not visited earlier. */
        for (i=0; i<G.n; i++)
            if(G.wt[p][i]!=0 && G.wt[p][i]!=INFINITE && visited[i]==0)
            {
                insert_q(&queue,i);
                visited[i]=1;
            }

    }
    free(visited);
    printf("\n");
}

```

```
void free_graph (GRAPH *G)
```

```
{
```

```
int i,j;
```

```
free(G->V);
```

```
for(i=0; i<G->n; i++)
```

```
    free(G->wt[i]);
```

```
free(G->wt);
```

```
}
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
GRAPH G;
```

```
//G=(GRAPH *)malloc(sizeof(GRAPH));
```

```
input_graph(&G);
```

```
DFS(G, 0);
```

```
BFS(G, 0);
```

```
free_graph(&G);
```

```
}
```