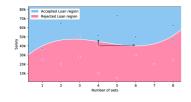
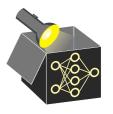
## **Interpretable Machine Learning**

## **Adversarial Examples and Counterfactual Explanations**





- Compare adversarial examples to counterfactual explanations
- See an example where both coincident



## ADE AND COUNTERFACTUAL EXPLANATIONS

It seems as if ADEs and counterfactual explanations (CEs) are defined similarly. Both ADEs and CEs describe inputs close to a given input  $\mathbf{x}$  that gets a different assignment. What are their differences?

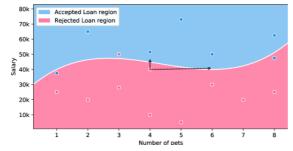
- Counterfactuals do not have to be misclassified.
- Different notions of distance  $\|\cdot\|$  are applied, e.g.,  $p_{2,\infty}$ -norm for ADEs or  $p_{0,1}$ -norm for CEs.
- Informal difference I: ADEs are mostly considered for high-dimensional data, while CEs are mostly considered in the context of low-dimensional data.
- Informal difference II: ADEs hide changes while CEs highlight them.



## SHARED EXAMPLE • Ballet (2019)

• "If you had two more pets, your loan application would have been granted" is an example of both ADEs and CEs.





Decision boundary of a classifier deciding loan applications. ADE via "number of pets"