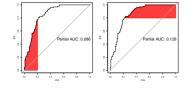
## **Introduction to Machine Learning**

# **Evaluation Partial AUC**





#### Learning goals

- Understand that entire AUC is not always relevant
- Learn about partial AUC

#### **PARTIAL AUC**

- TPR and FPR often treated asymmetrically in biomed contexts
- TPR = disease detection, is crucial
- But low FPR needed to avoid unnecessary treatments
- Common solution: Fix either TPR or FPR to a required value and optimize the other, but not easy to select exact point

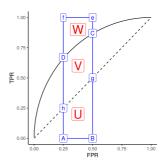


### **CORRECTED PARTIAL AUC**

- Range of pAUC depends on cut-off values
- Normalize to [0, 1]:

$$\text{pAUC}_{\text{corrected}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{\text{pAUC} - \text{pAUC}_{\text{min}}}{\text{pAUC}_{\text{max}} - \text{pAUC}_{\text{min}}} \right),$$

- pAUC is V+U = "A-B-C-D"
- pAUC<sub>min</sub> is pAUC of random classifier, so U = "A-B-g-h"
- pAUC<sub>max</sub> is U+V+W = "A-B-e-f"
- Compute percentage of V in V+W
- Rescale so random=0.5; optimal=1





#### **2WAY PARTIAL AUC**

- Can also limit both TPR and FPR
- 2way pAUC = compute area under 2way limited segment

