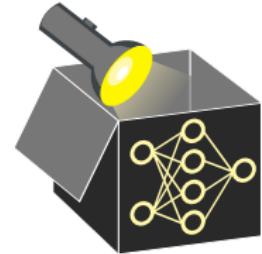
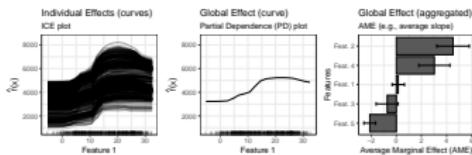


Interpretable Machine Learning



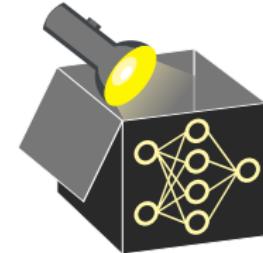
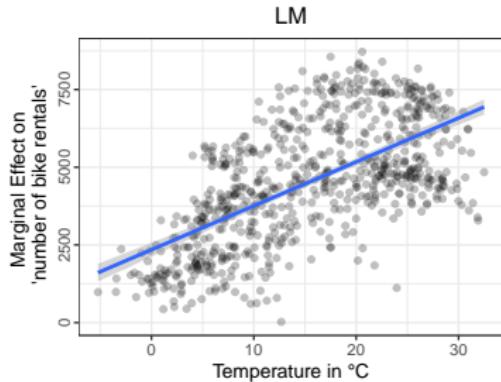
Feature Effects Introduction



Learning goals

- Global Feature Effects
- Local Feature Effects

FEATURE EFFECTS - GLOBAL VIEW



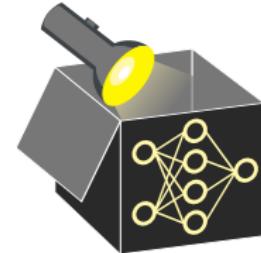
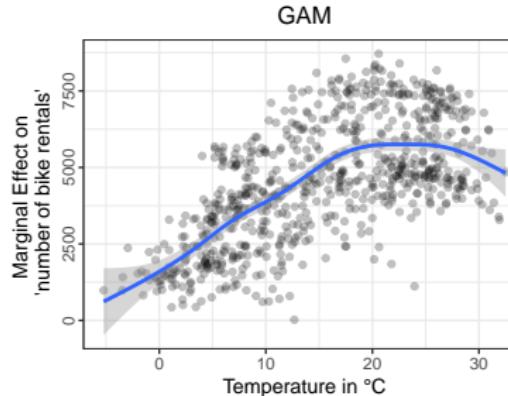
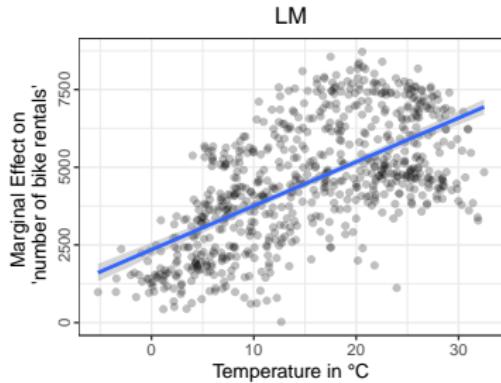
LM without interaction:

$\hat{\theta}_j$ is linear effect of feature x_j

(applies globally to all observations):

- Model equation: $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x}) = \hat{\theta}_0 + x_1 \hat{\theta}_1$
- Scalar $\hat{\theta}_1$ describes global effect

FEATURE EFFECTS - GLOBAL VIEW



LM without interaction:

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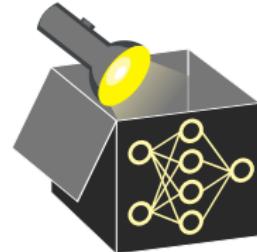
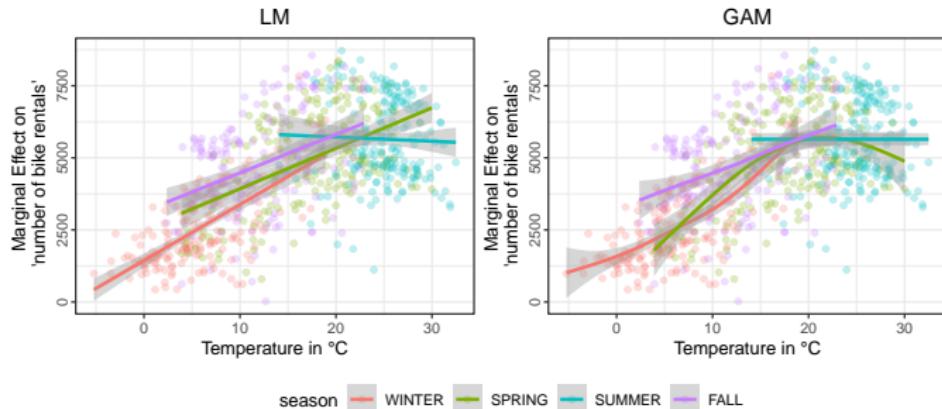
- Model equation: $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x}) = \hat{\theta}_0 + x_1 \hat{\theta}_1$
- Scalar $\hat{\theta}_1$ describes global effect

GAM without interaction:

$\hat{f}_j(x_j)$ is non-lin. effect of feature x_j
(applies globally to all observations):

- Model equation: $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x}) = \hat{\theta}_0 + \hat{f}_1(x_1)$
- Curve \hat{f}_1 describes global effect

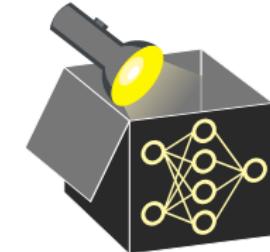
FEATURE EFFECTS - LOCALIZED VIEW



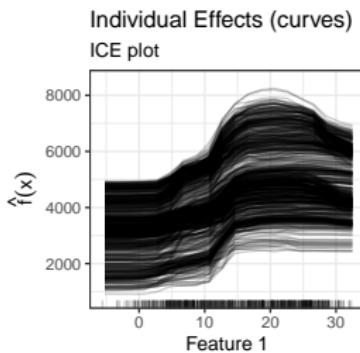
- **Interactions:** Feature effect depends on other features and varies across obs.
 - ⇒ E.g., effect of **temperature** varies across **season**
 - ⇒ Multiple values / curves needed to describe effect
- ML models capture non-linear effects and high-order interactions
 - ⇒ Global view may mislead (single curve may fail to capture complexity)
 - ⇒ Local feat. effect methods needed to estimate effects for individ. obs.
 - ⇒ Global view can be reconstructed by aggregating local effects

FEATURE EFFECTS

Feature effects visualize or quantify how model predictions change as a single feature varies, while all other features are held fixed.



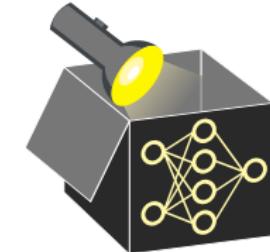
- Analogous to regression coefficients (LMs) or Splines (GAMs)
- Different aggregation levels exist (simplification but information loss)
- Methods: ICE curves (local curves)



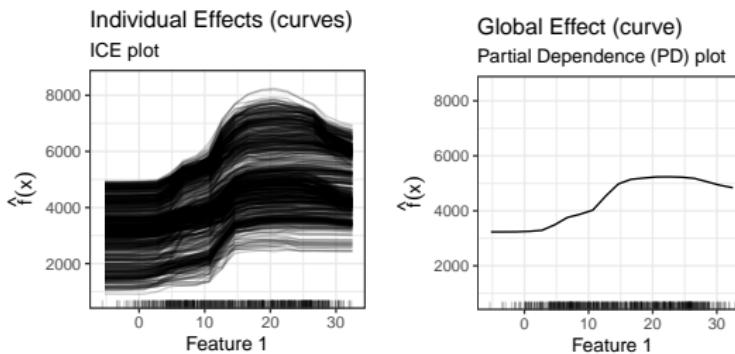
Individual (curves)

FEATURE EFFECTS

Feature effects visualize or quantify how model predictions change as a single feature varies, while all other features are held fixed.



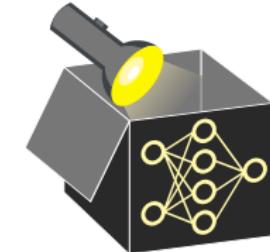
- Analogous to regression coefficients (LMs) or Splines (GAMs)
- Different aggregation levels exist (simplification but information loss)
- Methods: ICE curves (local curves), PD and ALE plots (global curves)



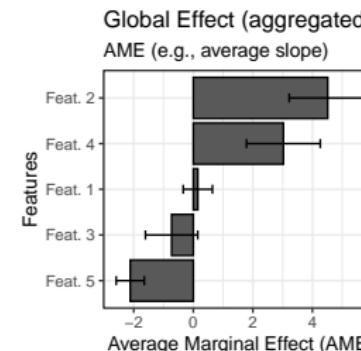
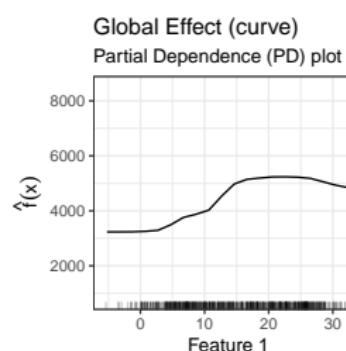
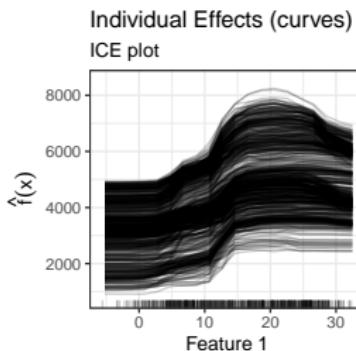
Individual (curves) $\xrightarrow{\text{aggregate curves}}$ Global (single curve)

FEATURE EFFECTS

Feature effects visualize or quantify how model predictions change as a single feature varies, while all other features are held fixed.



- Analogous to regression coefficients (LMs) or Splines (GAMs)
- Different aggregation levels exist (simplification but information loss)
- Methods: ICE curves (local curves), PD and ALE plots (global curves), AME (global value)



Individual (curves) $\xrightarrow{\text{aggregate curves}}$ Global (single curve) $\xrightarrow{\text{aggregate slopes}}$ Global (single value)