

(3) No person who is removed to a hospital or place under sub-rule (1) shall leave, or be removed from, such hospital or place except with the permission of the officer in charge thereof.

36. (1) Where a magistrate, not being a magistrate of the third class, is satisfied on the application of the Medical Officer of Health that the inmate of a public hospital who is suffering from a dangerous disease would not, on leaving the hospital, be provided with lodging or accommodation in which proper precautions could be taken to prevent the spread of the disease by him, the magistrate, may order him to be detained in the hospital at the cost of the Corporation.

Power to order detention in hospital of infected person without proper lodging to return to.

(2) An order made under sub-section (1) may direct detention for a period specified in the order, but the magistrate may extend a period so specified as often as it appears to him to be necessary so to do.

(3) Any person who leaves a hospital contrary to an order under sub-rule (1) may, in addition to any penalty which may be imposed for such contravention, be ordered by the Court to be taken back to the hospital.

(4) An order under this rule may be directed, in the case of an order for a person's detention, to the officer in charge of the hospital and, in the case of an order made under sub-rule (3), to the Medical Officer of Health and the officer in charge of the hospital or institution, and the Medical Officer of Health may do, or authorise, all acts necessary for giving effect to the order.

37. If the Commissioner is of opinion that the cleansing or disinfecting of a building or of a part of a building or of any article therein likely to retain infection, would tend to prevent or check the spread of any dangerous disease, he may cause such building or part thereof article therein to be cleansed or disinfected at the charge of the Municipal Fund and may cause such building to be vacated for such period as he deems necessary for such purpose:

Disinfection of buildings.

Provided that if in the opinion of the Commissioner, the owner or occupier is able effectually to carry out such cleansing or disinfection, the Commissioner may cause the said building or part of the building or article likely to retain infection to be cleansed or disinfected by and at the charge of the owner or occupier thereof.

38. (1) The Commissioner may provide a place, with all necessary apparatus and attendance, for the disinfection of clothing, bedding or other articles which have become infected, and in his discretion may have articles brought to such place for disinfection, disinfected on payment of such fees as he shall from time to time fix, with the approval of the Standing Committee, in this behalf or in any case in which he thinks fit, free of charge.

Place for disinfection may be provided.

(2) The Commissioner may, from time to time, by public notice appoint a place at which clothing, bedding or other articles which have been exposed to infection from any dangerous disease may be washed; and no person shall wash any such articles at any place not so appointed without having previously disinfected the same.

Also for washing infected articles.

39. (1) No person knowing that he is suffering from a dangerous disease shall expose other person to the risk of infection by his presence or conduct in any street, public place, place of entertainments or assembly, school, club, place of religious worship, hotel, inn, *dharmshala*, lodging house, eating house, factory, shop, market or other place of public resort.

Exposure of persons and articles liable to convey dangerous disease prohibited.

(2) No person having the care of a person whom he knows to be suffering from a dangerous disease, shall cause or permit that person to export other persons to the risk of infection by his presence or conduct in any such place as aforesaid.

(3) No person shall give, lend, sell, transmit or expose without previous disinfection any clothing, bedding or rags which he knows to have been exposed to infection from any such disease or any other article which he knows to have been so exposed and which is liable to carry such infection: