(5) The provision as aforesaid made under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall not Bom. LVIL be deemed to be a permanent structure for the prupose of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Bombay Rents, Hotel and Lodging Houses Rates Control Act, 1947.]

other accommodation in buildings newly erected or re-erected.

- Water-closets and 179. (1) It shall not be lawful to erect or to re-erect or convert within the meaning of section 253 any building for, or intended for, human habitation, or at or in which laboureres or workmen are to be employed, without such water-closet or privy accommodation and such urinal accommodation and accommodation for bathing or for the washing of clothes and domestic utensils of such building as the Commissioner may prescribe.
 - (2) In prescribing any such accommodation the Commissioner may determine in each case —
 - (a) Whether such building or work shall be served by the water-closet or by the privy system, or partly by one and partly by the other;
 - (b) what shall be the site or position of each water-closet, privy, urinal or bathing or washing place and their number.
 - (3) In determining the accommodation to be required under sub-section (2) the Commissioner shall have regard to the necessity of providing adequate and suitable water closets or privies and bathing places for domestic servants employed by the occupants of the building.

Public necessaries.

180. The Commissioner shall provide and maintain in proper and convenient situations waterclosets, latrines, privies and urinals and other similar conveniences for public accommodation.

Inspection.

Drains etc. not belonging to Corporation to be subject to inspection and examination.

- **181.** (1) All drains, ventilation-shafts and pipes, cess-pools, house-gullies, waterclosets, privies, latrines and urinals and bathing and washing places which do not belong to the Corporation, or which have been constructed, erected or set up at the charge of the Municipal Fund on premises not belonging to the Corporation, for the use or benefit of the owner or occupier of the said premises, shall be open to inspection and examination by the
- (2) The Commissioner may, in the course of an insepction or examination under subsection (1), obtain and take away a sample of any trade effluent which is passing from the premises inspected or examined into a municipal drain. The analysis of such sample shall be made in the manner prescribed by the rules.
- (3) The results of any analysis of a sample taken under sub-section (2) shall be admissible as evidence in any legal proceedings under this Act.
- **182.** For the purpose of such inspection and examination, the Commissioner may cause the ground or any portion of any drain or other work exterior to a building, or any portion of a building, which he shall think fit, to be opened, broken up or removed.

Power to open ground, etc. for of purposes inspection and examination.

Expenses of inspection and examination.

- **183.**(1) If upon any such inspection and examination as aforesaid, it shall be found that the drain, ventilation-shaft or pipe, cess-pool, house-gully, water-closet, privy, latrine or urinal or bathing or washing place examined is in proper order and condition, and that none of the provisions of this Act or of the rules or by-laws or any other enactment for the time being in force has been contravened in respect of the construction or maintenance thereof, and that no encroachment has been made thereupon, the ground or portion of any building, drain or other work, if any, opened, broken up or removed for the purpose of such inspection and examination shall be filled in, reinstated and made good by the Commissioner.
- (2) If it shall be found that any drain, ventilation-shaft or pipe, cess-pool, house-gully, water-closet, privy, latrine or urinal or bathing or washing place so examined is not in good order or condition, or has been repaired, changed, altered or encroached upon, or, except when the same has been constructed by or under the order of the Commissioner, if it has been constructed in contravention of any of the provisions of this Act or the rules or by-laws or of any enactment for the time being in force the expenses of the inspection and examination, shall be paid by the owner of the premises, and the said owner shall fill in, reinstate and make good the ground, or portion of any building, drain or other work opened, broken up or removed for the purpose of such inspection and examiation, at his own cost.