be final, then so much of the proceedings of such Committee as relates to such powers or duties shall not be subject to confirmation by the Corporation, if such decision is supported by at least half the total number of members of such Committee:

Provided further that any Special Committee may by a resolution supported by at least half the whole number of members direct that action be taken in accordance with the decision of such Committee without waiting for confirmation of its proceedings by the Corporation, where such confirmation is required, if such Committee considers that serious inconvenience would result from delay in taking such action; but if the Corporation does not subsequently confirm, the proceedings of such Committee such steps as may still be practicable shall be taken without delay to carry out the orders of the Corporation.

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(8) The constitution of Special Committees and the conduct of business at meetings of such Committees, the keeping of minutes and the submission of reports and other matters before such Committees shall be regulated by rules.

Appointment of Ad hoc Committees.

**31.** (1) The Corporation may from time to time appoint out of its own body such ad hoc Committees consisting of such number of councillors as it shall think fit, and may refer to such Committees for inquiry and report or for opinion, such special subjects relating to the purposes of this Act as it shall think fit, and direct that the report of any such committee shall be submitted through the Standing Committee or a Special Committee constituted under section 30.

(2)An ad hoc Committee appointed under sub-section (1) may, with the previous sanction of the Corporation, co-opt not more than two persons who are not councillors but who in the opinion of the Committee possess special qualifications for serving thereon.

## Joint committees.

Joint transactions with other local authories.

**32.** (1) The Corporation may from time to time join with a local authority or with a combination of local authorities—

(a)in appointing a joint committee out of their respective bodies for any purpose in which they are jointly interested, and in appointing a chairman of such committee;

(b)in delegating to any such committee power to frame terms binding on each such body as to the construction and future maintenance of any joint work, and any power which might be exercised by any of such bodies; and

(c)in framing and modifying rules for regulating the proceedings of any such committee in respect of the purpose for which the committee is appointed.

(2)Where the Corporation has requested the concurrence of any other local authority under the provisions of sub-section (1) in respect of any matter and such other local authority has refused to concur, the <sup>2</sup>[State] Government may pass such orders as it deems fit reqiring the concurrence of such other local authority, not being a cantonment authority, in the matter aforesaid and such other local authority shall comply with such orders.

(3)If any difference of opinion arises between the Corporation and any other local authority which has joined the Corporation under this section, the matter shall be referred to the <sup>2</sup>[State] Government whose decision thereupon shall be final and binding:

Provided that, if the local authority concerned is a cantonment authority, any such decision shall not be binding unless it is confirmed by the Central Government.

<sup>1.</sup> Sub-section (7) was deleted by Guj. 15 of 2015, s. 6 (2).

<sup>2.</sup> This word was substituted for the word "Provincial" by the Adaptation of Laws Order, 1950.