Data 605 HW 7

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HW 7

Question 1

Let X1, X2, . . . , Xn be n mutually independent random variables, each of which is uniformly distributed on the integers from 1 to k. Let Y denote the minimum of the Xi's. Find the distribution of Y

Step One

First, I set n = 10 and k = 30, meaning that there will be 10 random variables per trial and 30 is the maximum value. I will be simulating this scenario 30,000 times.

```
set.seed(10092023)

# Number of random variables
n = 10

# Range of each random variable (1 to k)
k = 30

# Number of simulations
sims = 30000
```

Step 2

Here, we generate 10 random variables from 1 to 30 using the sample function and allowing for repeating values. We then find the minimum value among the 10 random variables and add it to min_val.

```
min_val = numeric(sims)

# perform trials

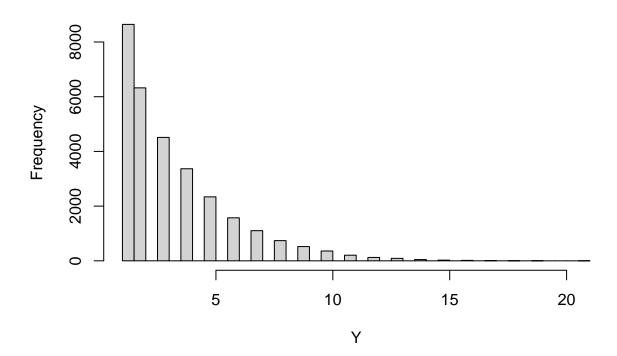
for (i in 1:sims) {
    x = sample(1:k, n, replace = TRUE)
    min_val[i] = min(x)
}
```

Distribution of Y

This is a histogram that shows the distribution of the minimum values we collected, which is an estimation of the distribution of Y.

```
# plotting the distribution of y
hist(min_val, breaks = k, main = "Distribution of Y", xlab = "Y", ylab = "Frequency")
```





Question 2

Your organization owns a copier (future lawyers, etc.) or MRI (future doctors). This machine has a manufacturer's expected lifetime of 10 years. This means that we expect one failure every ten years. (Include the probability statements and R Code for each part.).

Part A

Geometric

Question

What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as a geometric. (Hint: the probability is equivalent to not failing during the first 8 years..)

$$P(X > 8) = 1 - P(X \le 8)$$

```
E[X] = \frac{1}{p}
\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{1-p}{p^2}}
#prob of failing any year
p_LL_a = 1 / 10
# prob machine will fail after 8 yrs
prob_Lafter_8a = 1 - pgeom(8, prob = p_La)
#expected val
exp_val_a=1/p_La
std_dev_a=sqrt((1-p_La)/p_La^1)
cat("The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is ",prob_Lafter_8a,"or ",prob_Lafter_8_"
## The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is 0.3874205 or 38.74205 %
<math display="block">cat("The expected number of failures in 8 years is ",exp_val_a,"failures \n")
## The expected number of failures in 8 years is 10 failures
cat("The standard deviation is +/-",std_dev_a,"failures \n")
```

The standard deviation is +/- 3 failures

Part B

Exponential

Question

What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as an exponential.

$$P(X > 8) = e^{-\lambda \times 8}$$

$$E[X] = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

```
# rate of failure per year
lambda_L_b = 1 / 10

# Probability that the machine will fail after 8 years
prob_L_after_8_b = exp(-lambda_L_b * 8)

# expected value

exp_val_b = 1 / lambda_L_b
```

```
# standard deviation
std_dev_b = 1 / lambda_L_b
cat("The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is",prob_L_after_8_b,"or",prob_L_after_8_"
## The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is 0.449329 or 44.9329 %
cat("The expected number of failures in 8 years is",exp_val_b,"failures \n")
## The expected number of failures in 8 years is 10 failures
cat("The standard deviation is +/-",std_dev_b,"failures \n")
```

The standard deviation is +/- 10 failures

Part C

Binomial

Question

What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as a binomial. (Hint: 0 success in 8 years)

$$P(X = 0) = {8 \choose 0} \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^0 \left(1 - \frac{1}{10}\right)^8$$

$$E[X] = n \times p$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{n \times p \times (1 - p)}$$

```
#n years
n_yrs=8
#prob fail any year

p_L_c=1/10
#prob machine not fail in first 8 yrs
prob_w_first_8_c = dbinom(0, size = n_yrs, prob = p_L_c)
#prob will after 1st 8 yrs
prob_L_after_8_c = 1 - prob_w_first_8_c
# exp val
exp_val_c = n_yrs * p_L_c
# stdev
std_dev_c = sqrt(n_yrs* p_L_c * (1 - p_L_c))
cat("The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is",prob_w_first_8_c,"or",prob_w_first_8_
```

The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is 0.4304672 or 43.04672 %

```
cat("The expected number of failures in 8 years is",exp_val_c,"failures \n")
```

The expected number of failures in 8 years is 0.8 failures

```
cat("The standard deviation is +/-",std_dev_c,"failures \n")
```

The standard deviation is +/- 0.8485281 failures

Part D

Poisson

Question

What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as a Poisson.

$$P(X = 0) = \frac{\lambda^0 \times e^{-\lambda}}{0!}$$
$$E[X] = \lambda$$
$$\sigma = \sqrt{\lambda}$$

avg rate of failure in 8 ysr

```
lambda_L_d = 8 / 10

# Prob that machine will not fail in the first 8 yrs

prob_w_first_8_d= dpois(0, lambda_L_d)
prob_L_after_8_d = 1 - prob_w_first_8_d

#expected
exp_val_d=lambda_L_d

#std dev
std_dev_d=sqrt(lambda_L_d)

cat("The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is",prob_L_after_8_d,"or",prob_L_after_8_e
```

The probability that the machine will fail after 8 years is 0.550671 or 55.0671 %

```
cat("The expected number of failures in 8 years is",exp_val_d,"failures \n")
```

The expected number of failures in 8 years is 0.8 failures

```
cat("The standard deviation is +/-",std_dev_d,"failures \n")
```

The standard deviation is +/- 0.8944272 failures