

$$\begin{aligned}
P(X_1 = x_1) &= \alpha e^{-\frac{(x_1 - \mu_1)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}} \\
&= \int P(X_1 = x_1 \mid X_0 = x_0) P(X_0 = x_0) dx_0 \\
&= \int \alpha_1 e^{-\frac{(x_1 - x_0)^2}{2\sigma^2}} * \alpha_0 e^{-\frac{(x_0 - \mu_0)^2}{2\sigma_0^2}} dx_0 \\
&= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 \int e^{-\frac{(x_1 - x_0)^2}{2\sigma^2} - \frac{(x_0 - \mu_0)^2}{2\sigma_0^2}} dx_0 \\
&= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 \int e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(x_1 - x_0)^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{(x_0 - \mu_0)^2}{\sigma_0^2} \right)} dx_0 \\
&= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 \int e^{-\frac{1}{2} * \frac{\sigma_0^2 (x_1 - x_0)^2 + \sigma^2 (x_0 - \mu_0)^2}{\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2}} dx_0 \\
&= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 \int e^{-\frac{1}{2} * \frac{\sigma_0^2 x_1^2 - 2\sigma_0^2 x_1 x_0 + \sigma_0^2 x_0^2 + \sigma^2 x_0^2 - 2\sigma^2 x_0 \mu_0 + \sigma^2 \mu_0^2}{\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2}} dx_0 \\
&= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 \int e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2} * ((\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2)x_0^2 - 2(\sigma_0^2 x_1 + \sigma^2 \mu_0)x_0 + \sigma_0^2 x_1^2 + \sigma^2 \mu_0^2)} dx_0 \\
&= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 \int e^{-\frac{\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}{2\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2} x_0^2 + \frac{\sigma_0^2 x_1 + \sigma^2 \mu_0}{\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2} x_0 - \frac{\sigma_0^2 x_1^2 + \sigma^2 \mu_0^2}{2\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2}} dx_0
\end{aligned}$$

According to Guassian Integration: $\int e^{-ax^2 + bx + c} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} e^{\frac{b^2}{4a} + c}$

$$\begin{aligned}
P(X_1 = x_1) &= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 * \sqrt{\frac{2\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2 \pi}{\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}} e^{\frac{(\sigma_0^2 x_1 + \sigma^2 \mu_0)^2}{\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2} * \frac{1}{2(\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2)} - \frac{\sigma_0^2 x_1^2 + \sigma^2 \mu_0^2}{2\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2}} \\
&= \alpha_0 \alpha_1 * \sqrt{\frac{2\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2 \pi}{\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}} e^{\frac{(\sigma_0^2 x_1 + \sigma^2 \mu_0)^2}{\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2} * \frac{1}{2(\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2)} - \frac{\sigma_0^2 x_1^2 + \sigma^2 \mu_0^2}{2\sigma^2 \sigma_0^2}} \\
&= \frac{\alpha_0 \alpha_1 \sigma \sigma_0 \sqrt{2\pi}}{\sqrt{\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x_1 - \mu_0)^2}{2(\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2)}} \\
\rightarrow \alpha &= \frac{\alpha_0 \alpha_1 \sigma \sigma_0 \sqrt{2\pi}}{\sqrt{\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}}, \mu_1 = \mu_0, \sigma_1 = \sqrt{\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}
\end{aligned}$$